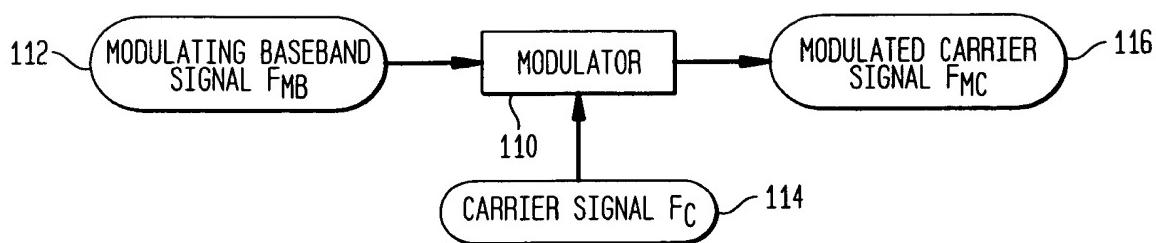
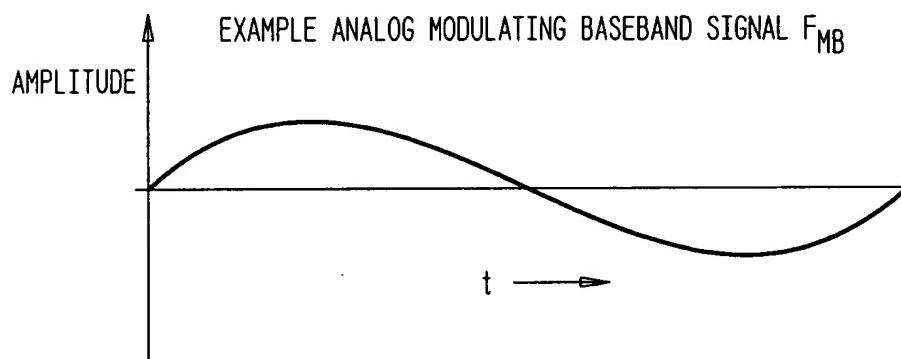


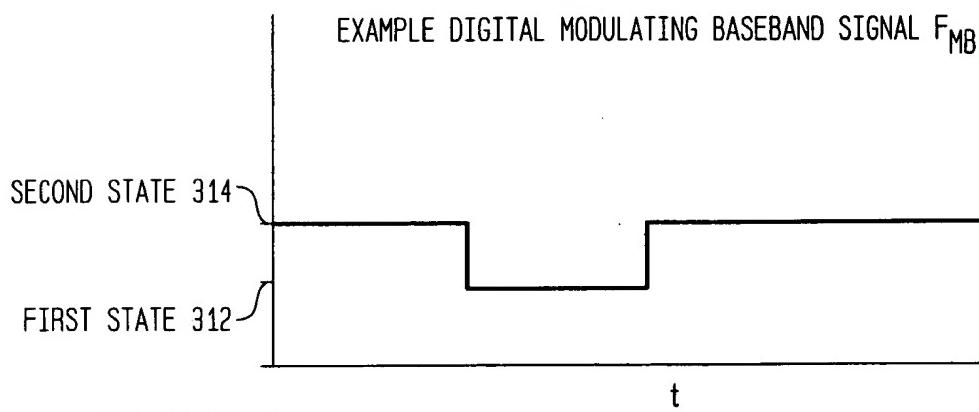
**FIG. 1**



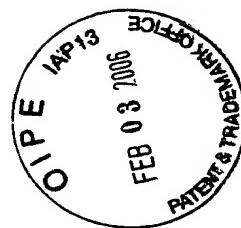
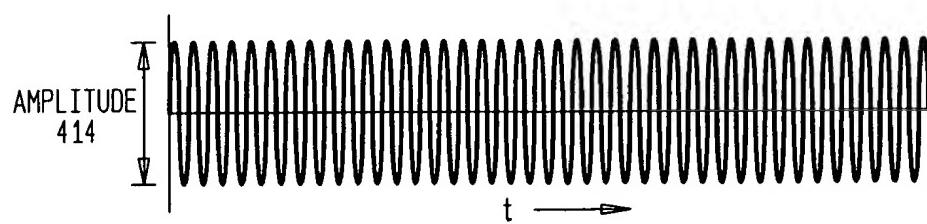
**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 3**

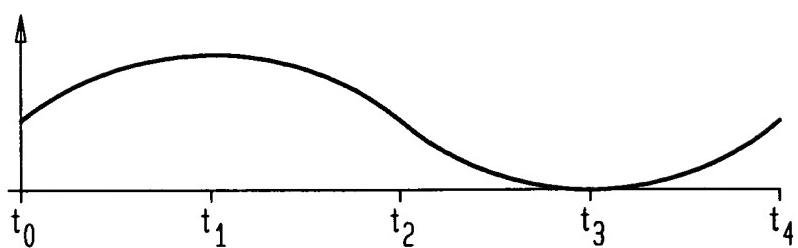


**FIG. 4**



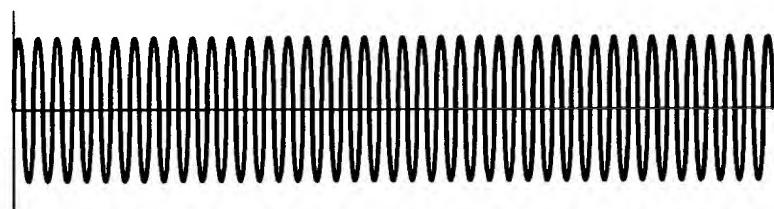
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

FIG. 5A



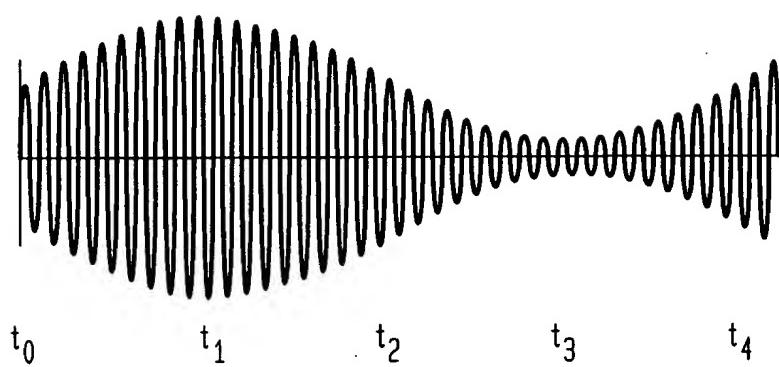
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 5B



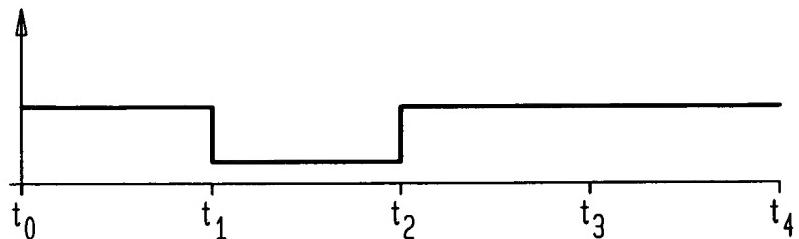
AM CARRIER  
SIGNAL  
516

FIG. 5C



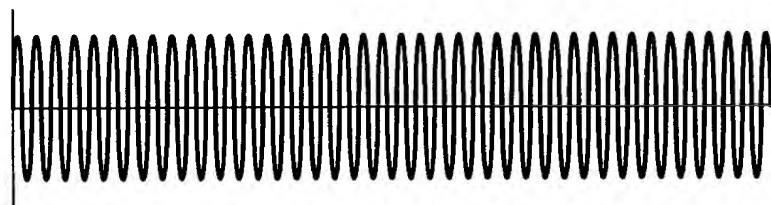
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

FIG. 6A



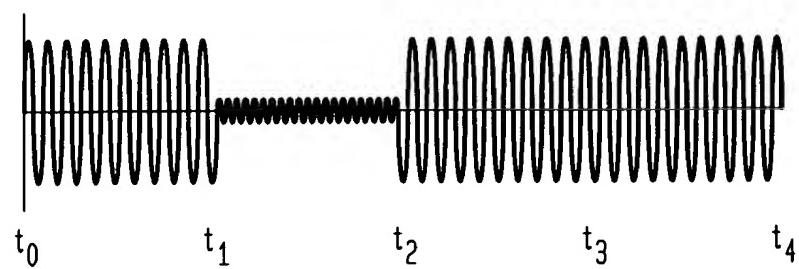
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 6B



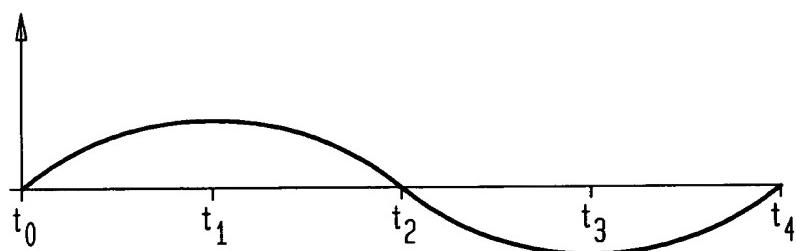
AM CARRIER SIGNAL  
616

FIG. 6C



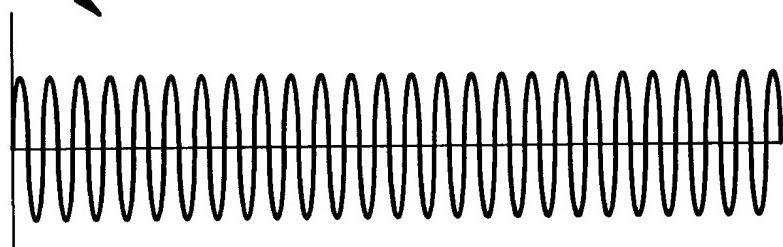
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

FIG. 7A



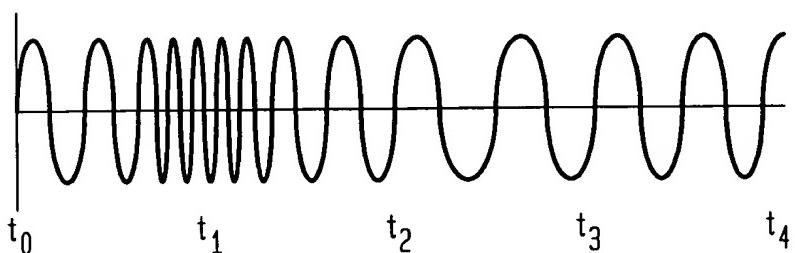
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 7B



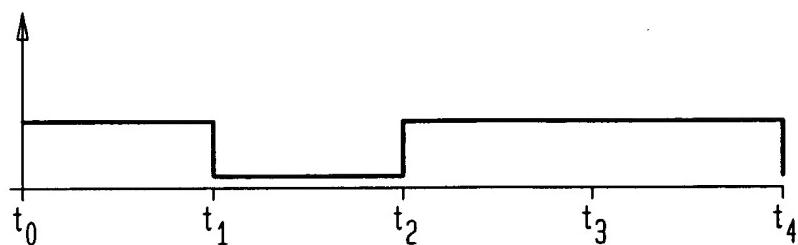
FM CARRIER SIGNAL  
716

FIG. 7C



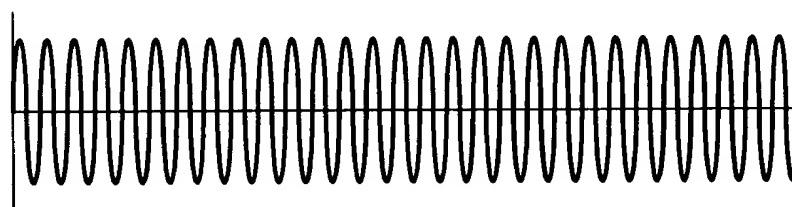
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

FIG. 8A



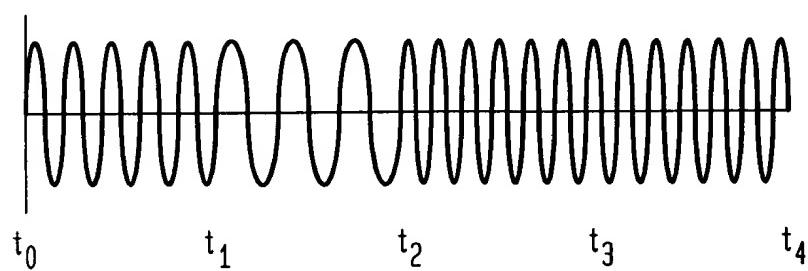
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 8B



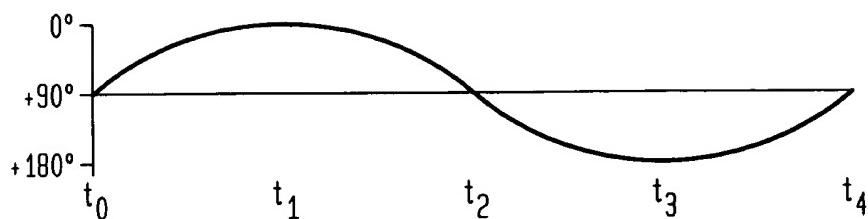
FM CARRIER SIGNAL  
816

FIG. 8C



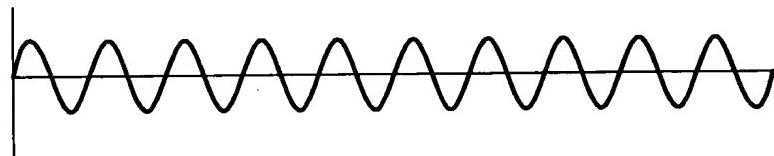
ANALOG  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
210

FIG. 9A



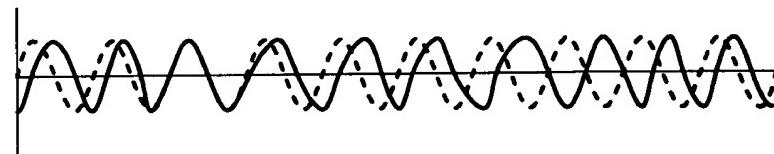
CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 9B



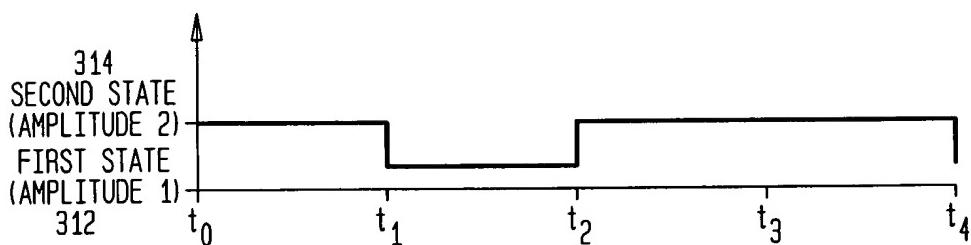
PHASE MODULATED  
CARRIER SIGNAL  
916

FIG. 9C



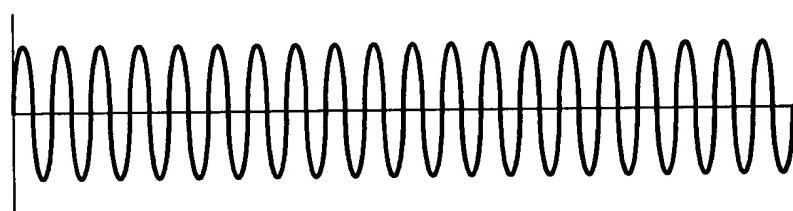
DIGITAL  
BASEBAND SIGNAL  
310

FIG. 10A



CARRIER SIGNAL  
410

FIG. 10B



PHASE MODULATED  
CARRIER SIGNAL  
1016

FIG. 10C

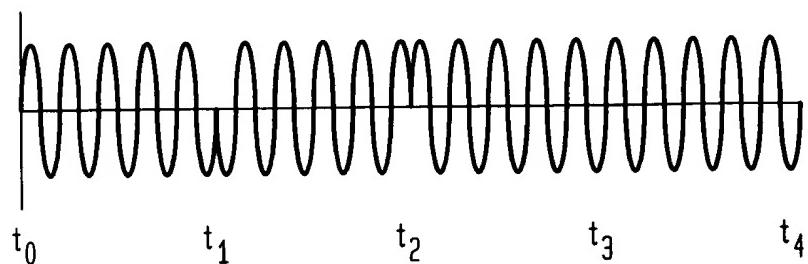


FIG. 11

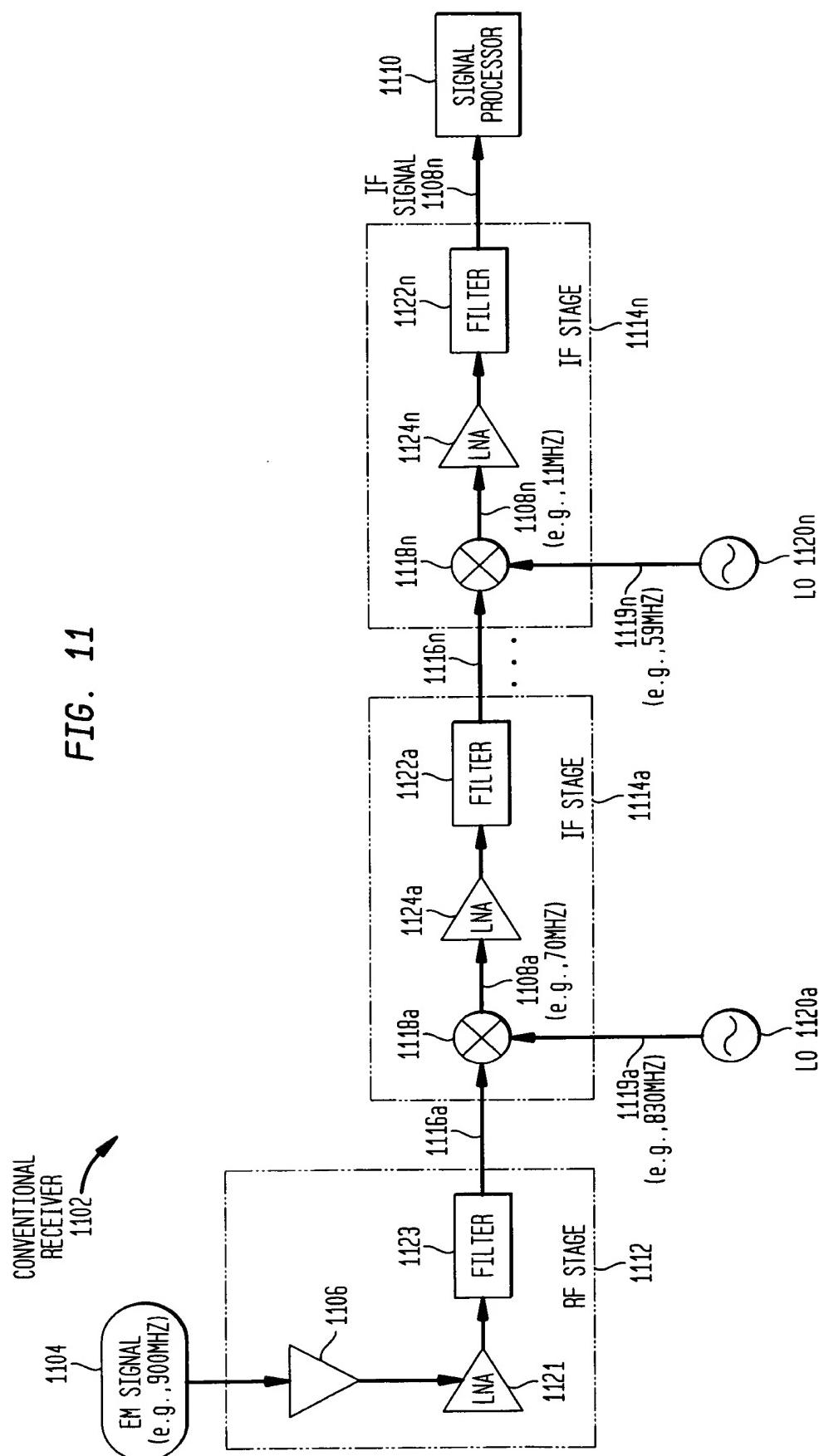


FIG. 12A

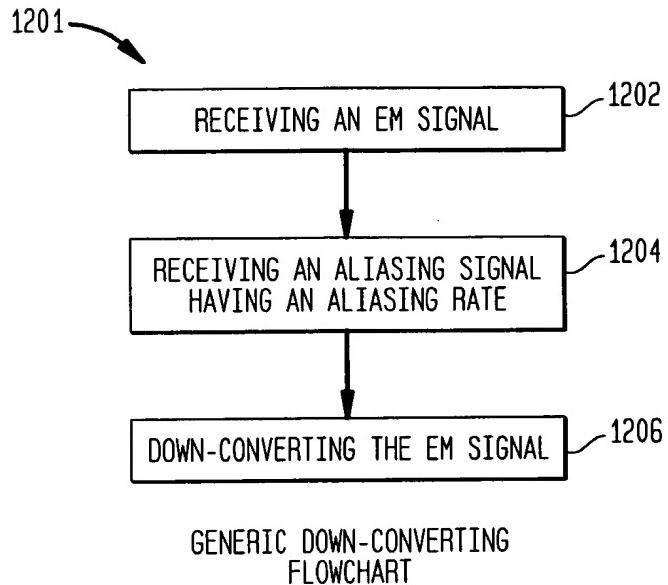


FIG. 12B

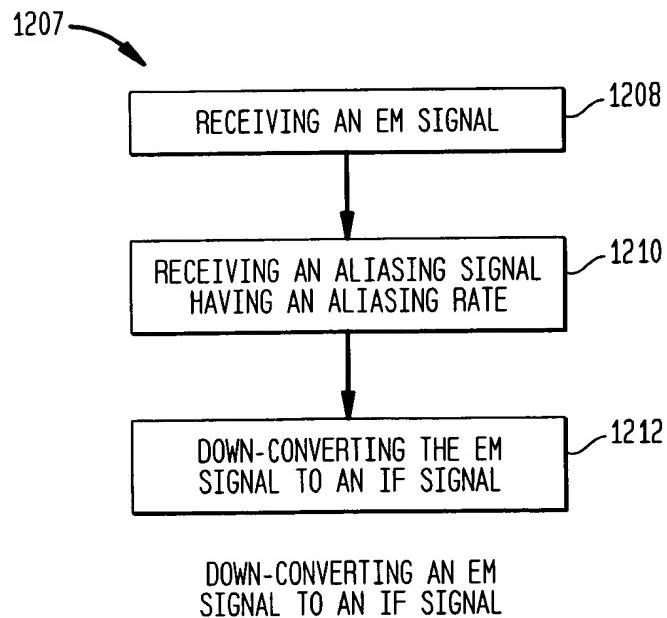
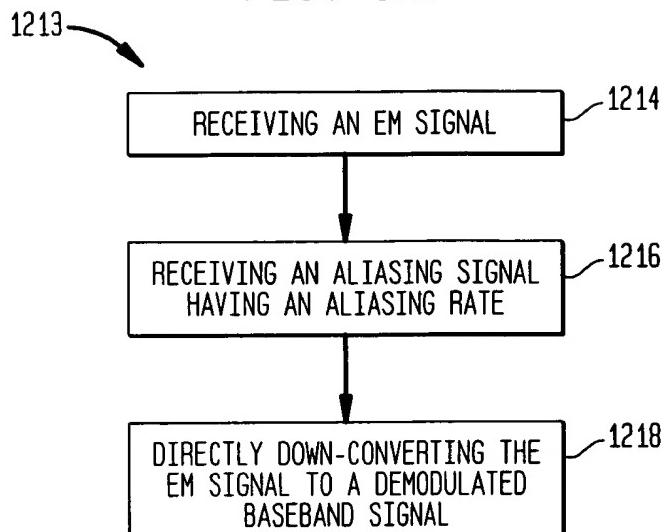
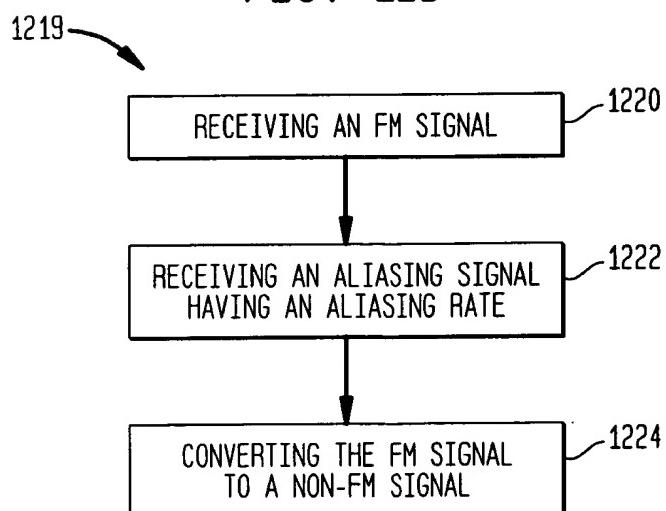


FIG. 12C



DIRECTLY DOWN-CONVERTING AN EM  
SIGNAL TO A DEMODULATED BASEBAND SIGNAL

FIG. 12D



MODULATION CONVERSION

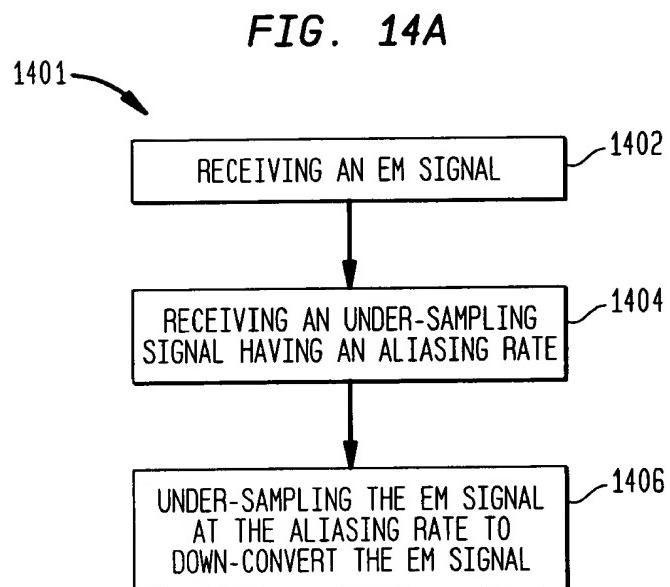
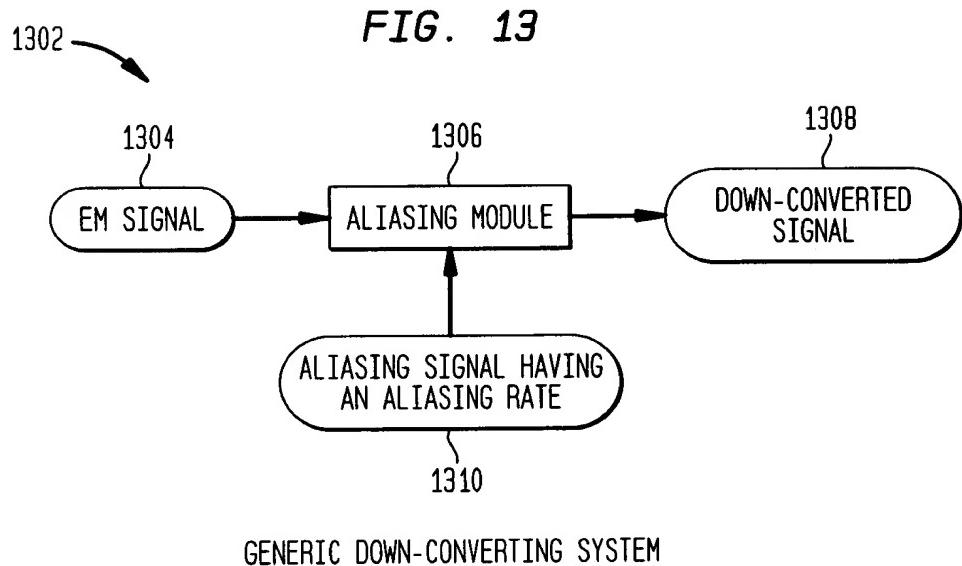


FIG. 14B

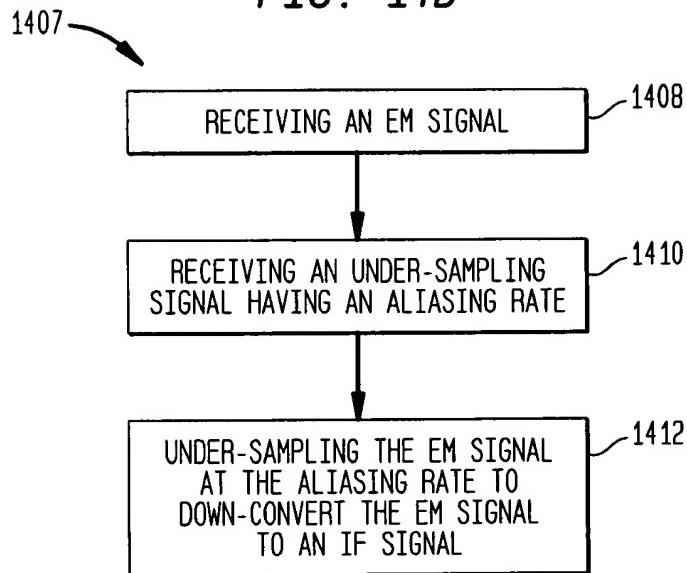
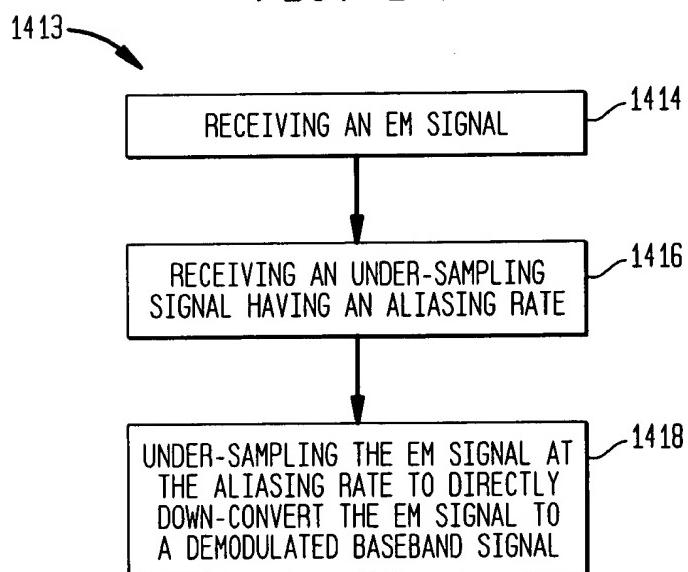


FIG. 14C



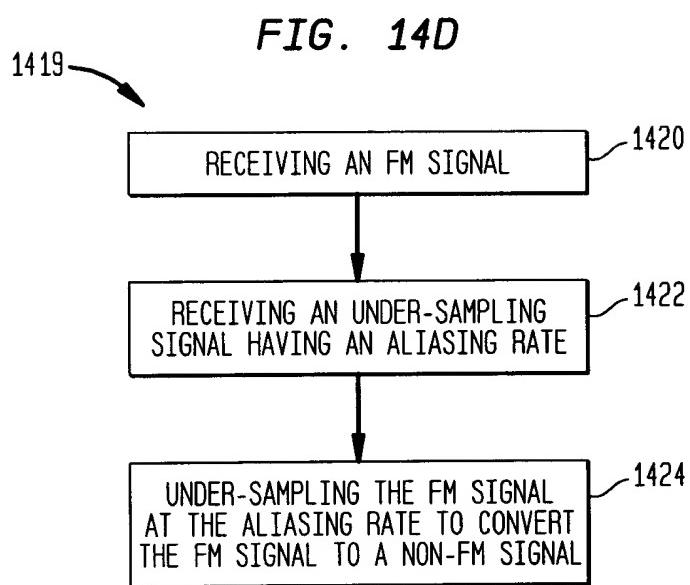


FIG. 15E

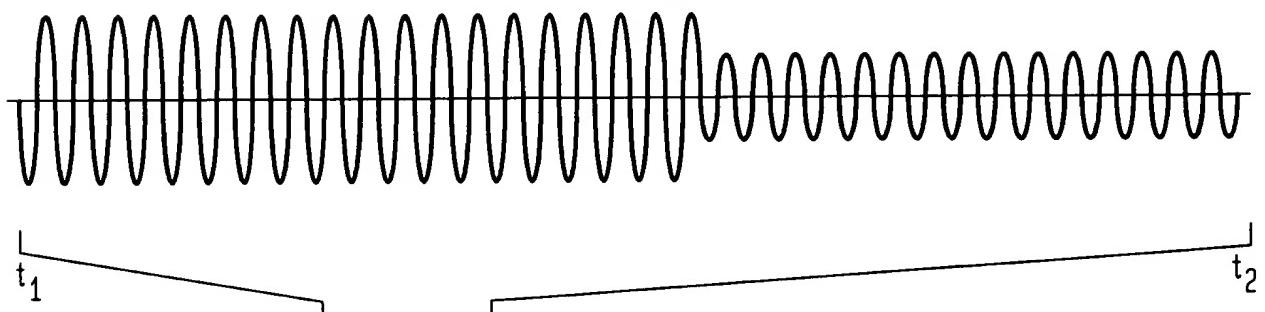


FIG. 15A

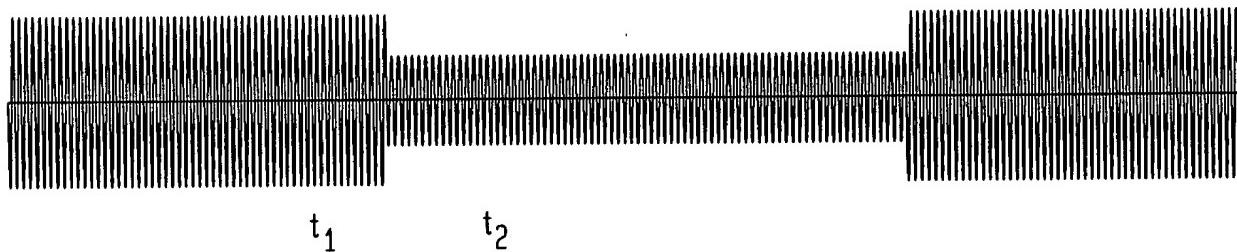


FIG. 15B

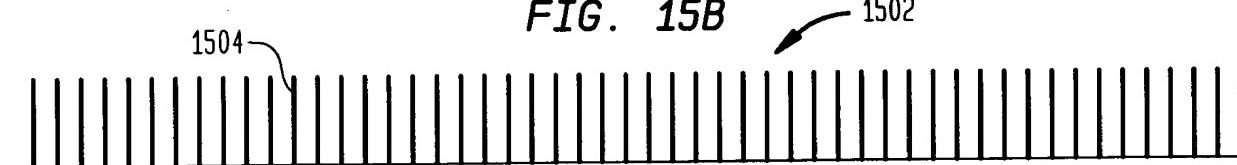


FIG. 15C

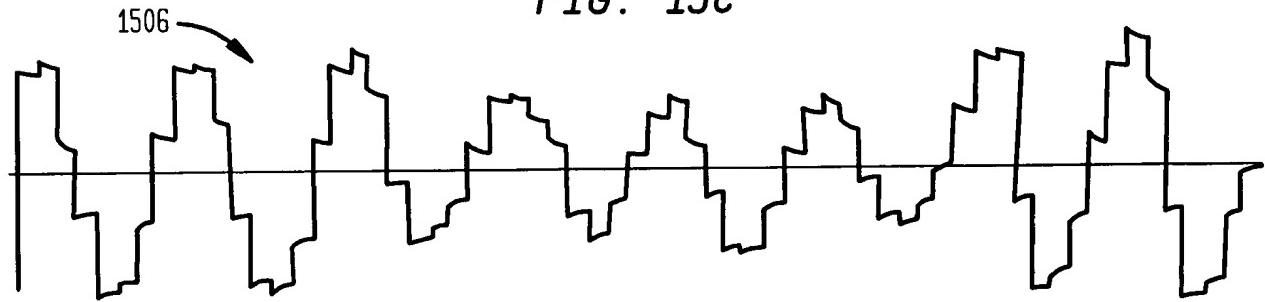
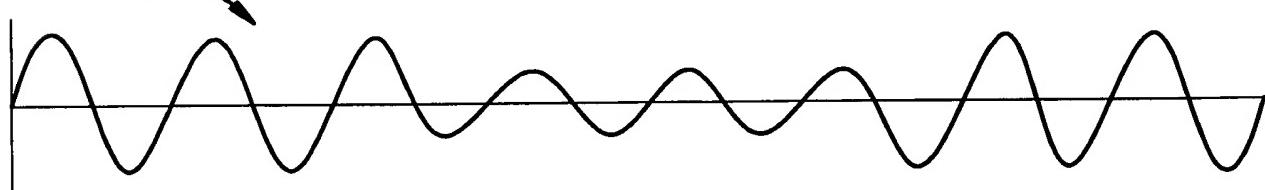
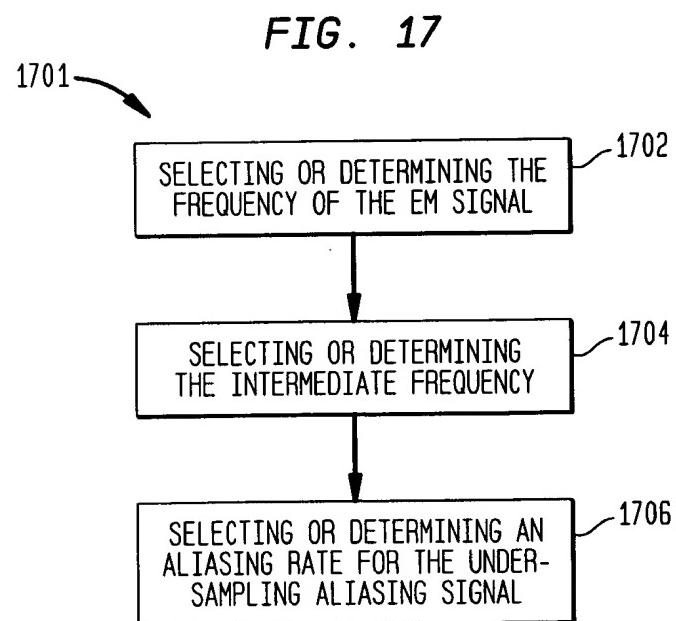
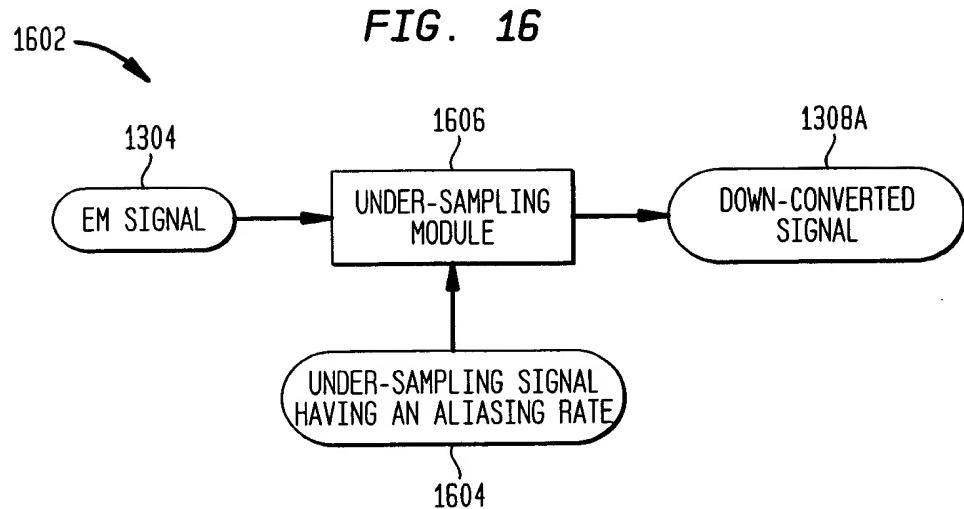


FIG. 15D





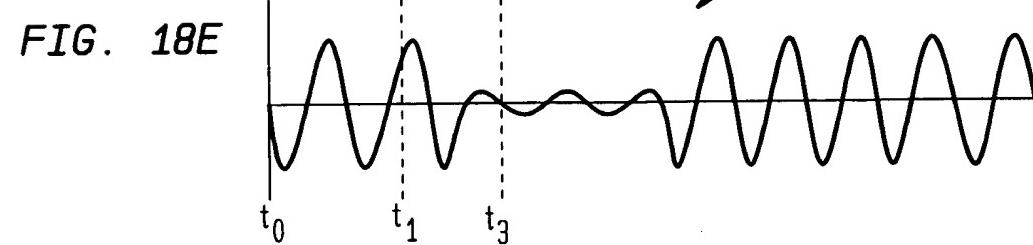
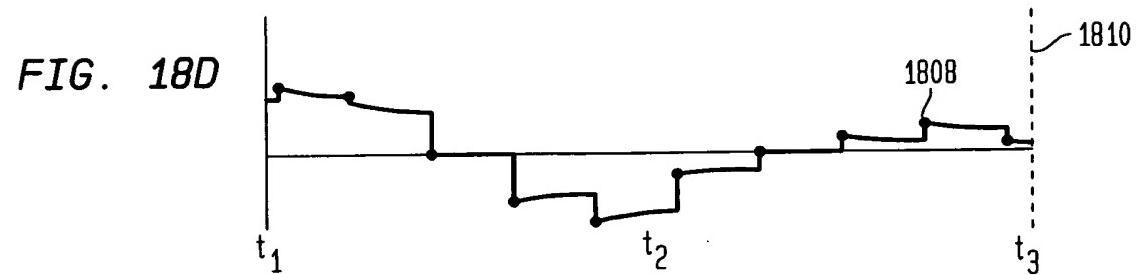
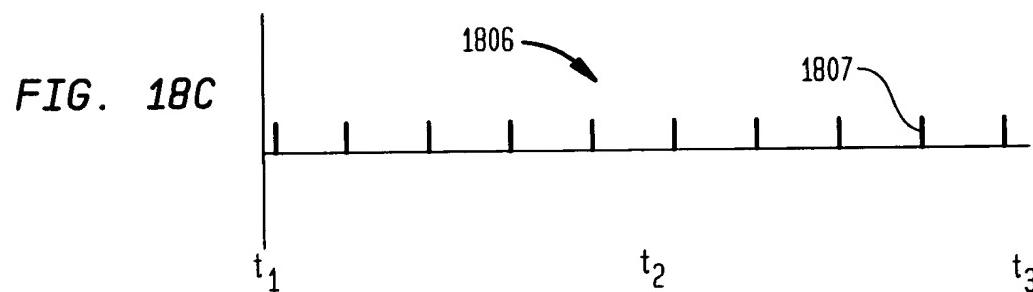
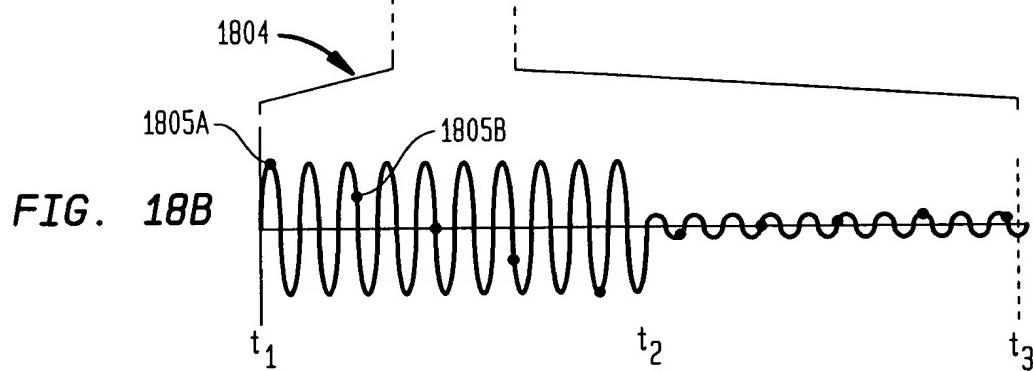
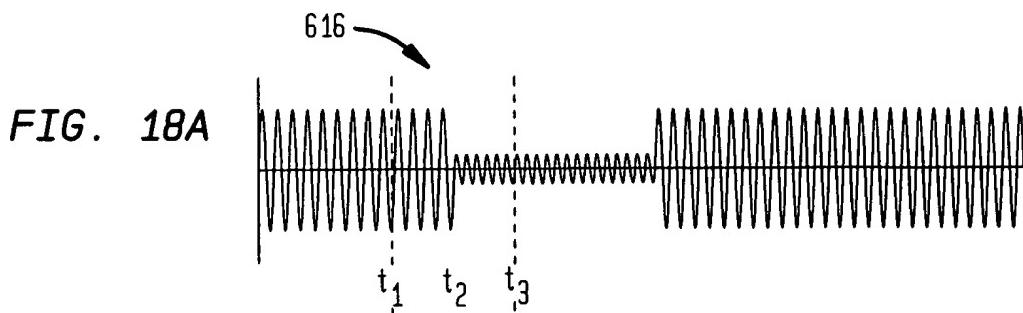


FIG. 19A

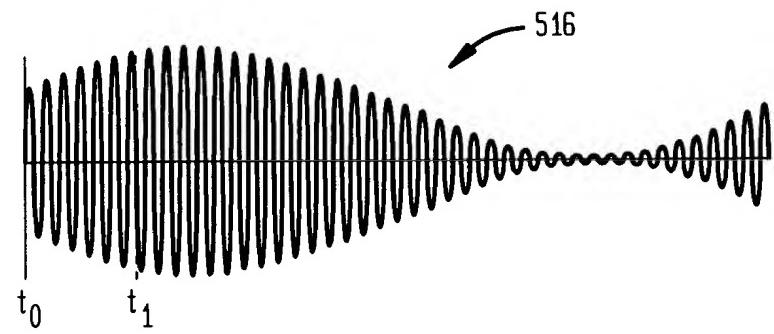


FIG. 19B

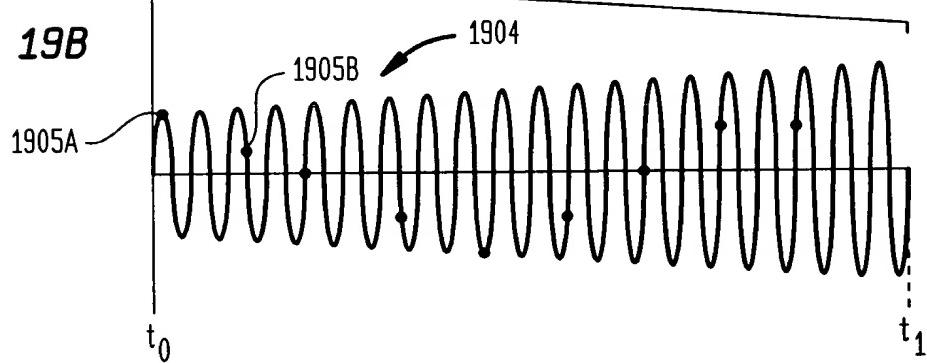


FIG. 19C

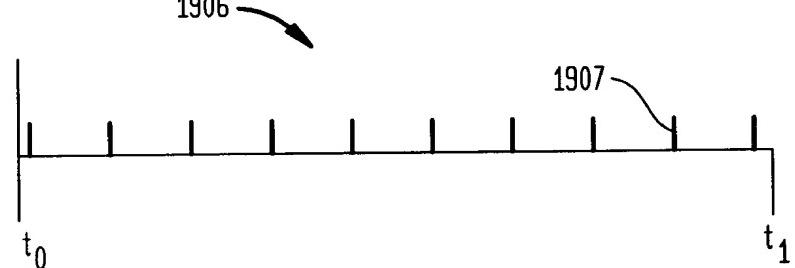


FIG. 19D

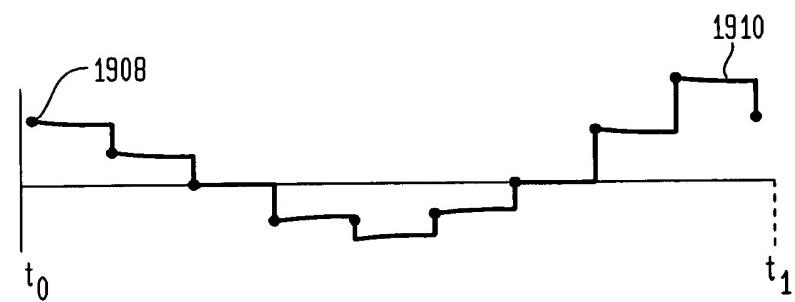
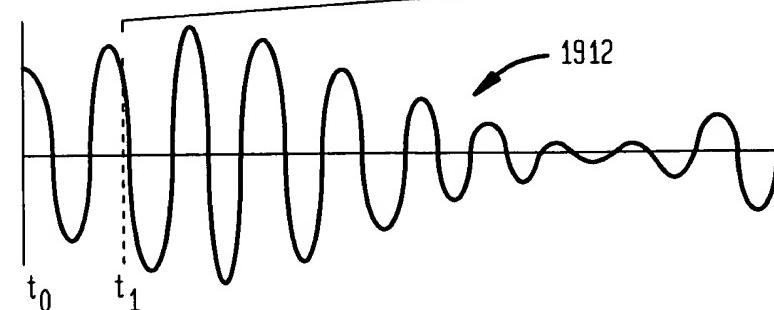


FIG. 19E



716

FIG. 20A

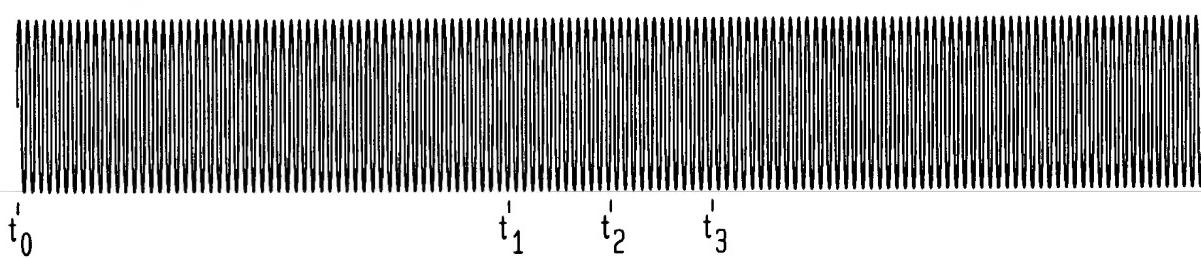
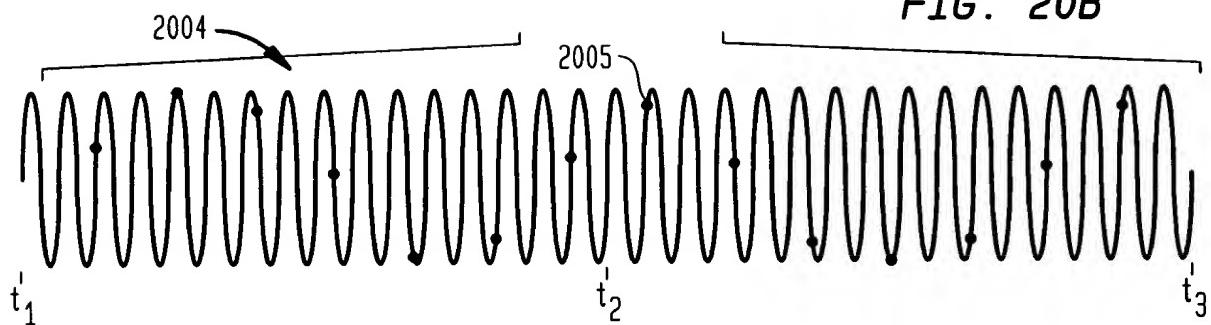


FIG. 20B



2006

FIG. 20C

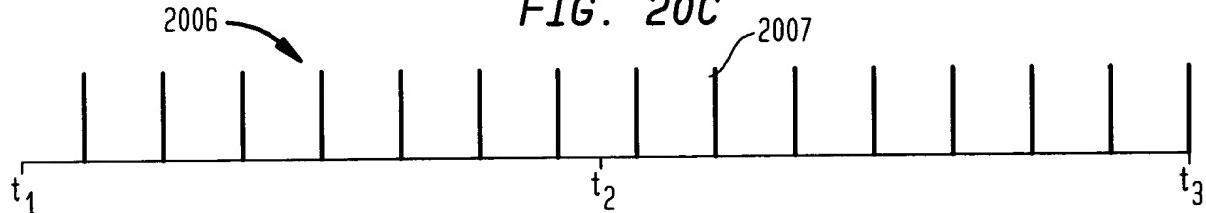


FIG. 20D

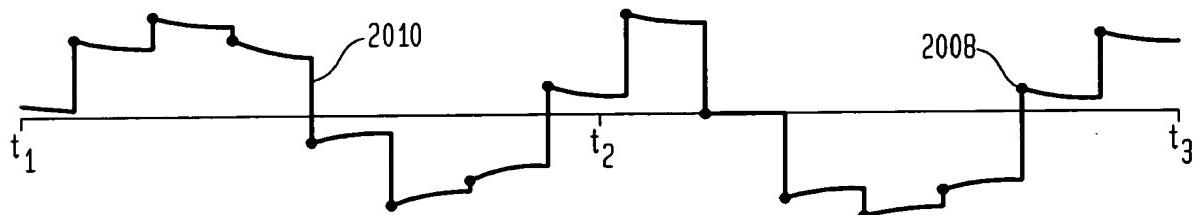


FIG. 20E

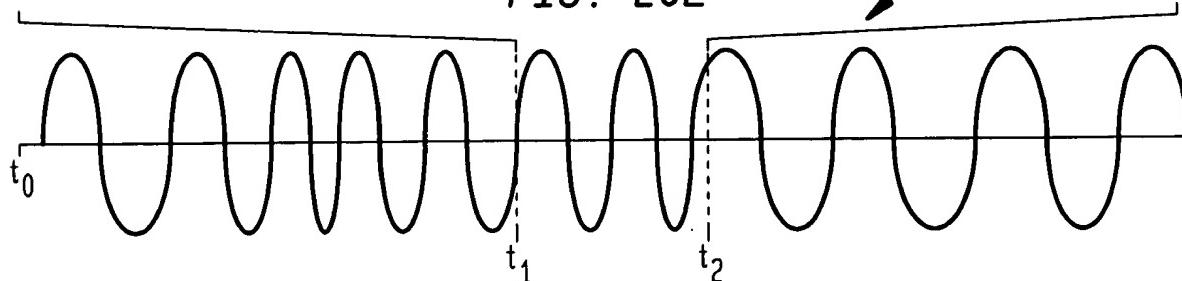


FIG. 21A

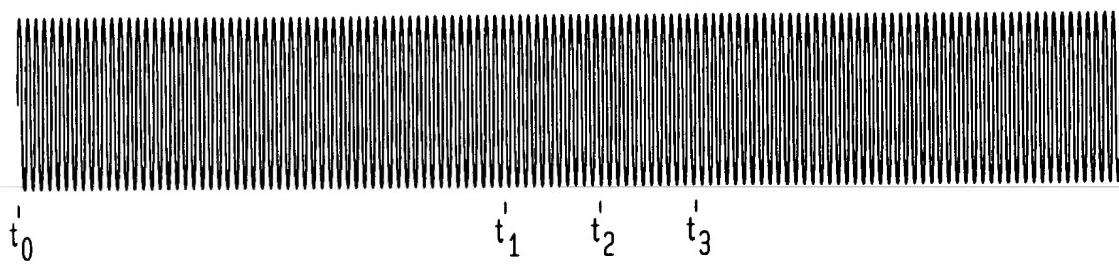


FIG. 21B

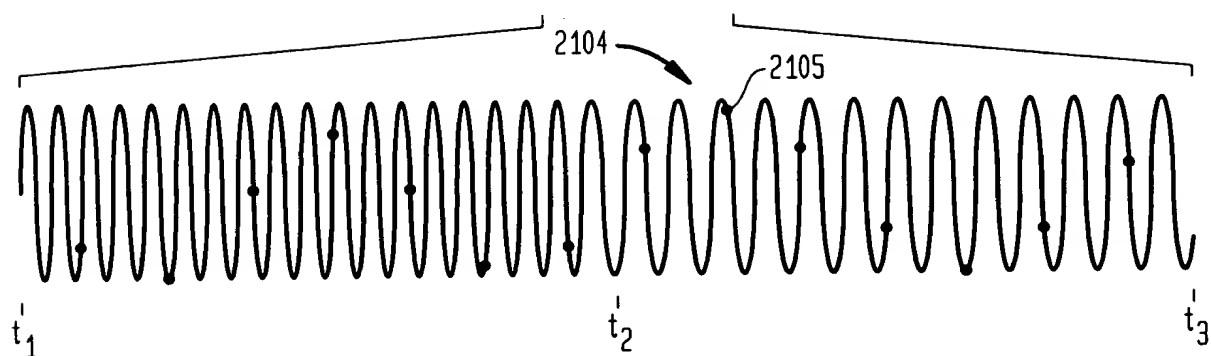


FIG. 21C

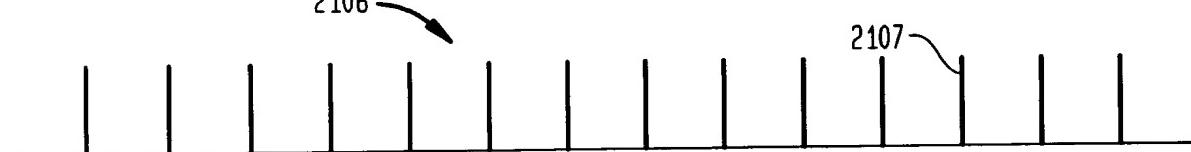


FIG. 21D

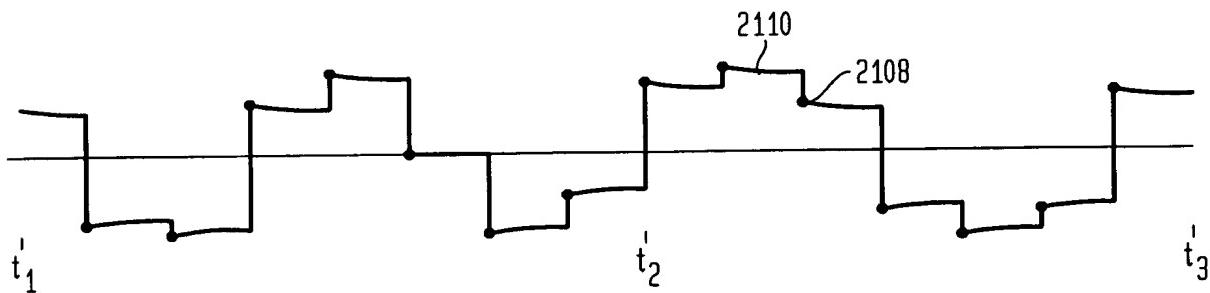


FIG. 21E

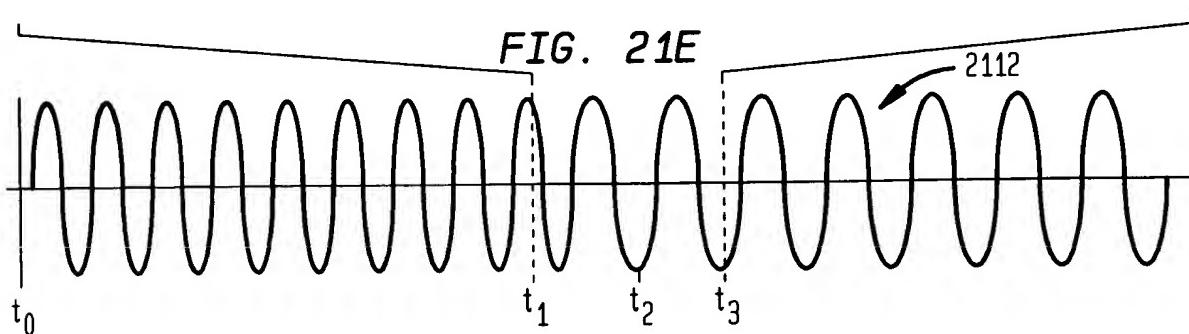
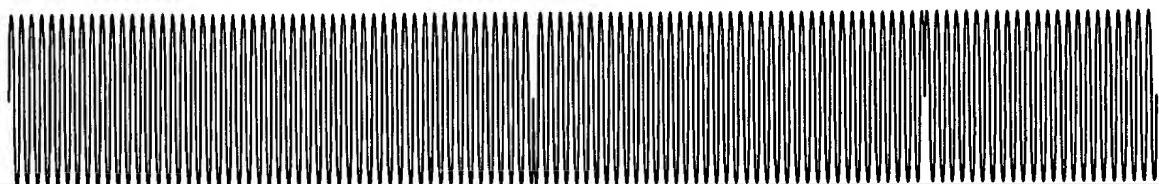


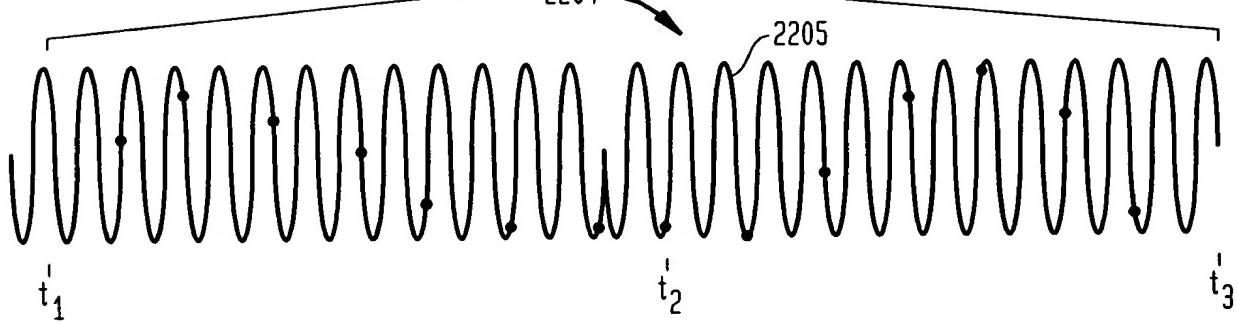
FIG. 22A



$t_0$        $t_1$        $t_2$        $t_3$

FIG. 22B

2204

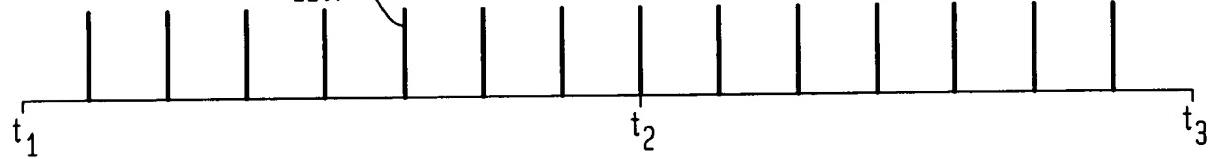


$t_1$        $t_2$        $t_3$

FIG. 22C

2206

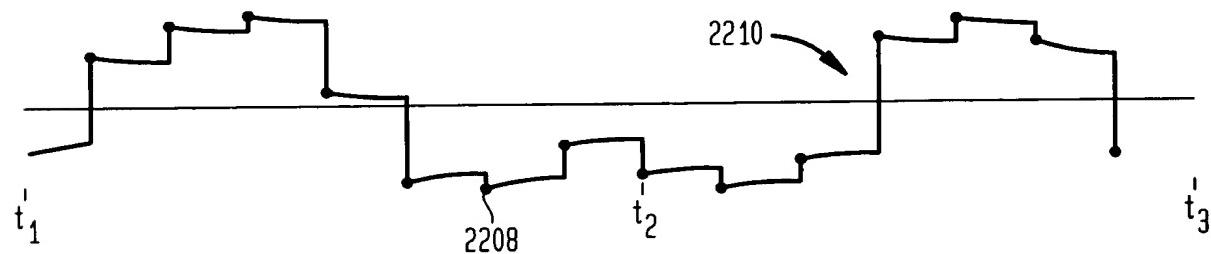
2207



$t_1$        $t_2$        $t_3$

FIG. 22D

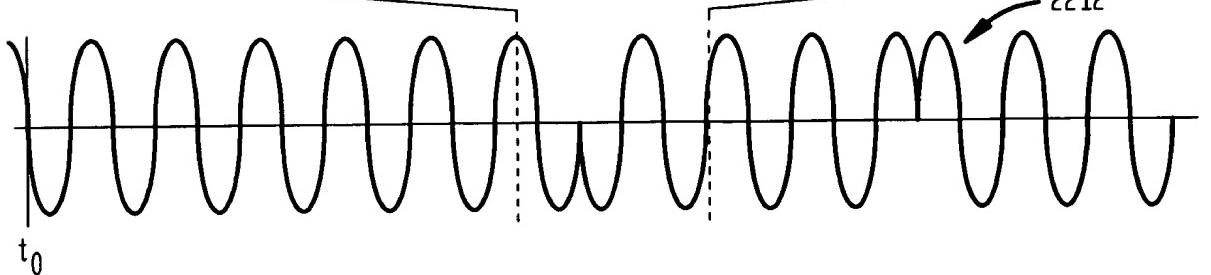
2210



$t_1$        $t_2$        $t_3$

FIG. 22E

2212



$t_0$

FIG. 23A

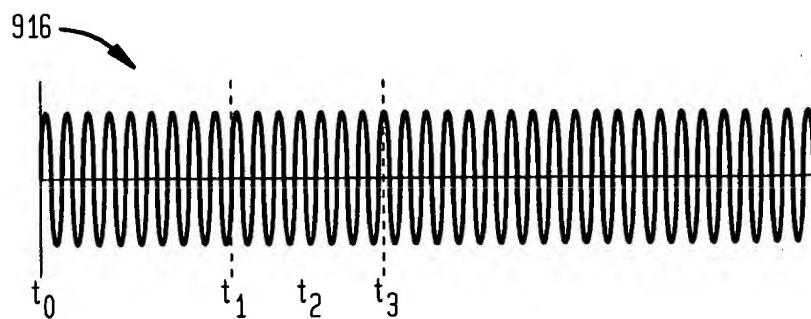


FIG. 23B

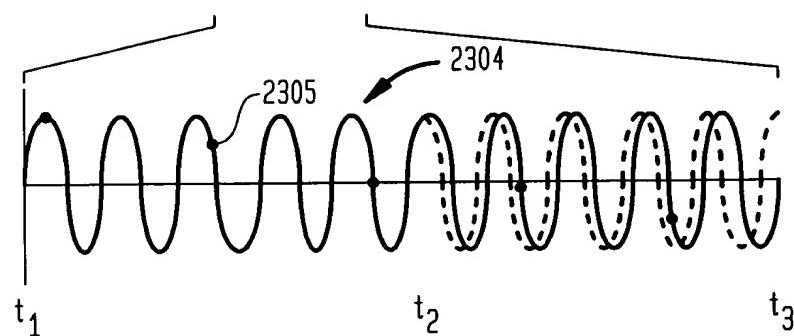


FIG. 23C

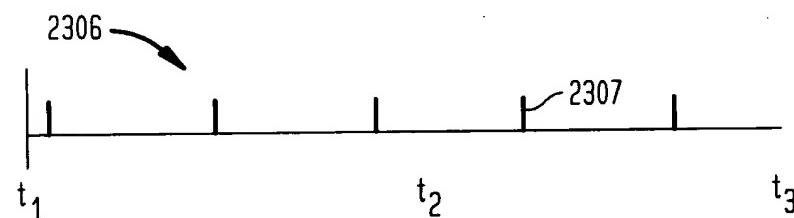


FIG. 23D

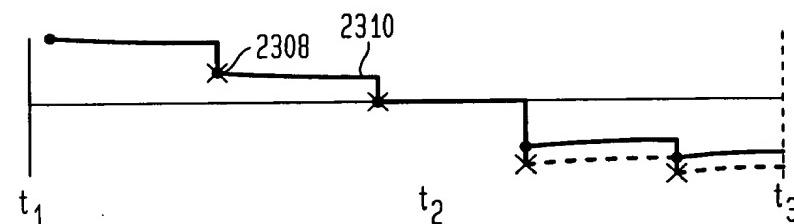


FIG. 23E

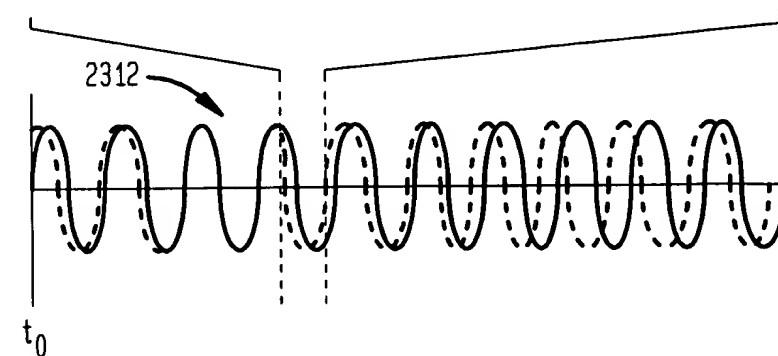


FIG. 24A

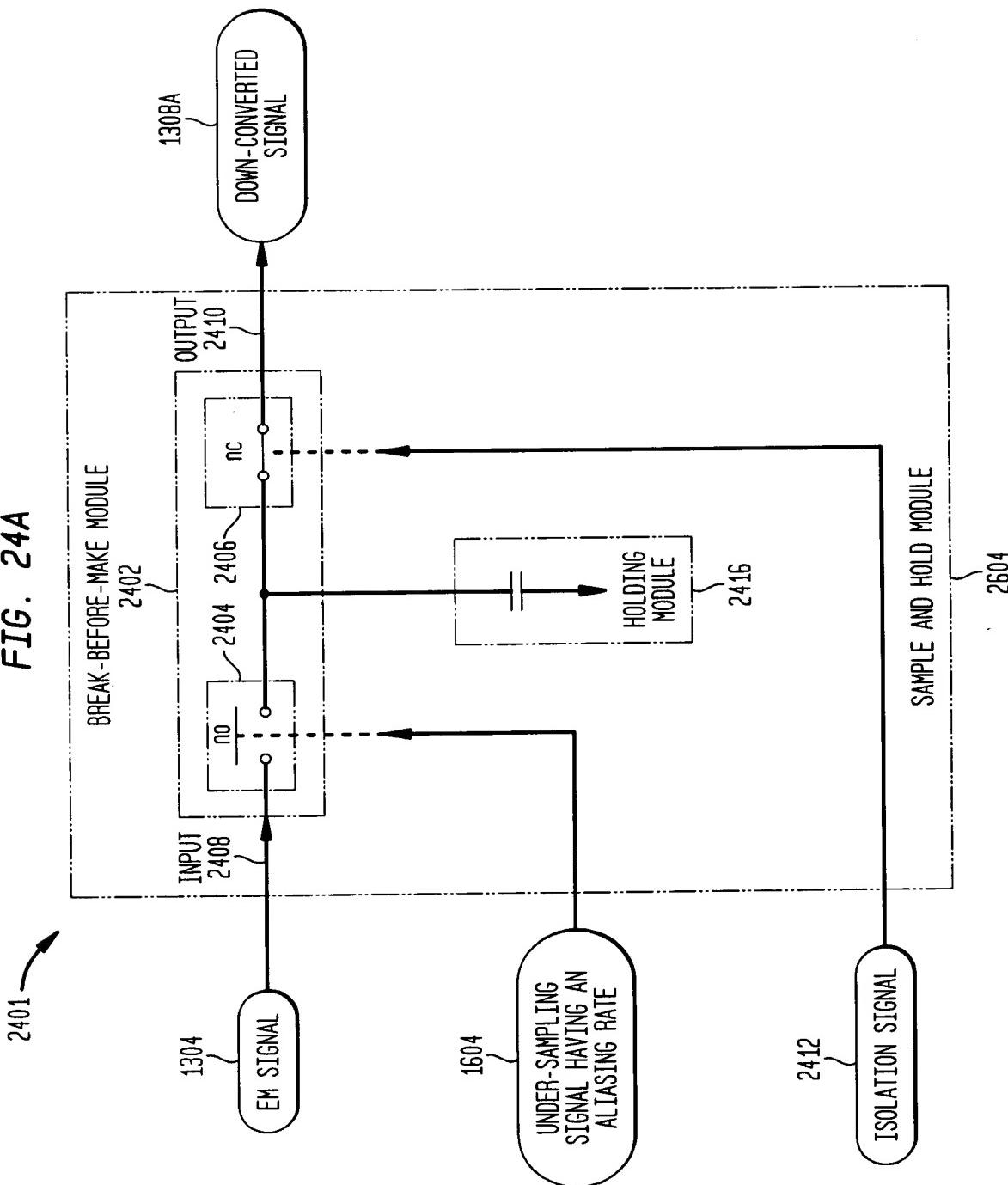


FIG. 24B

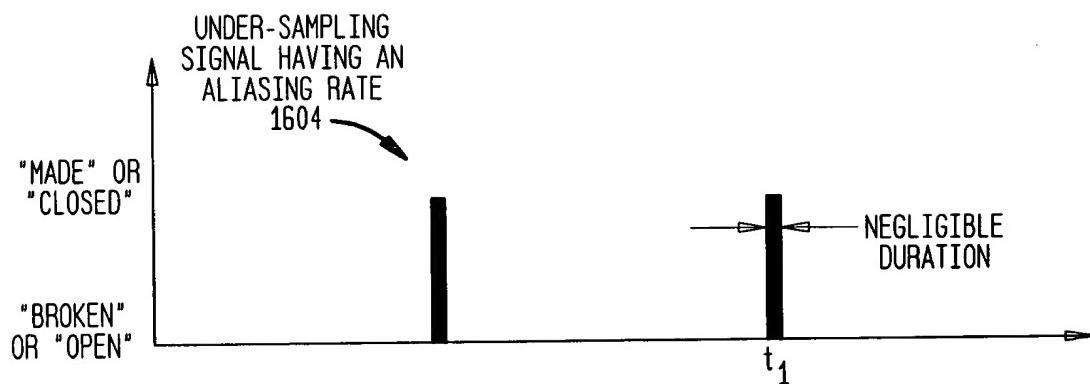
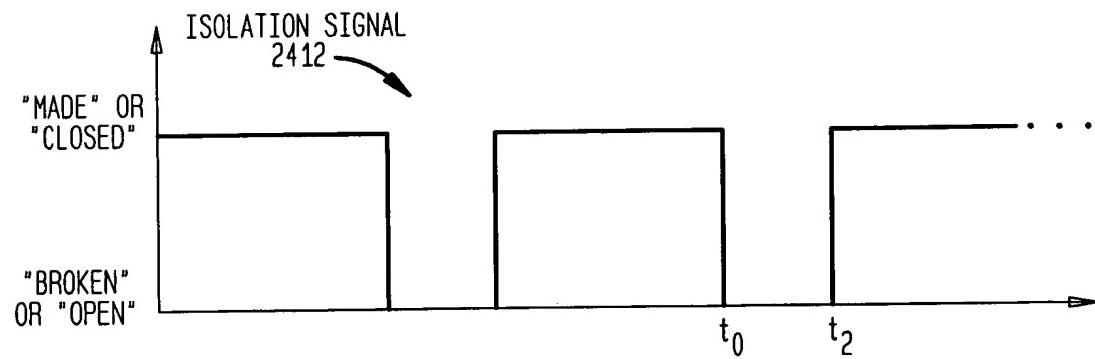
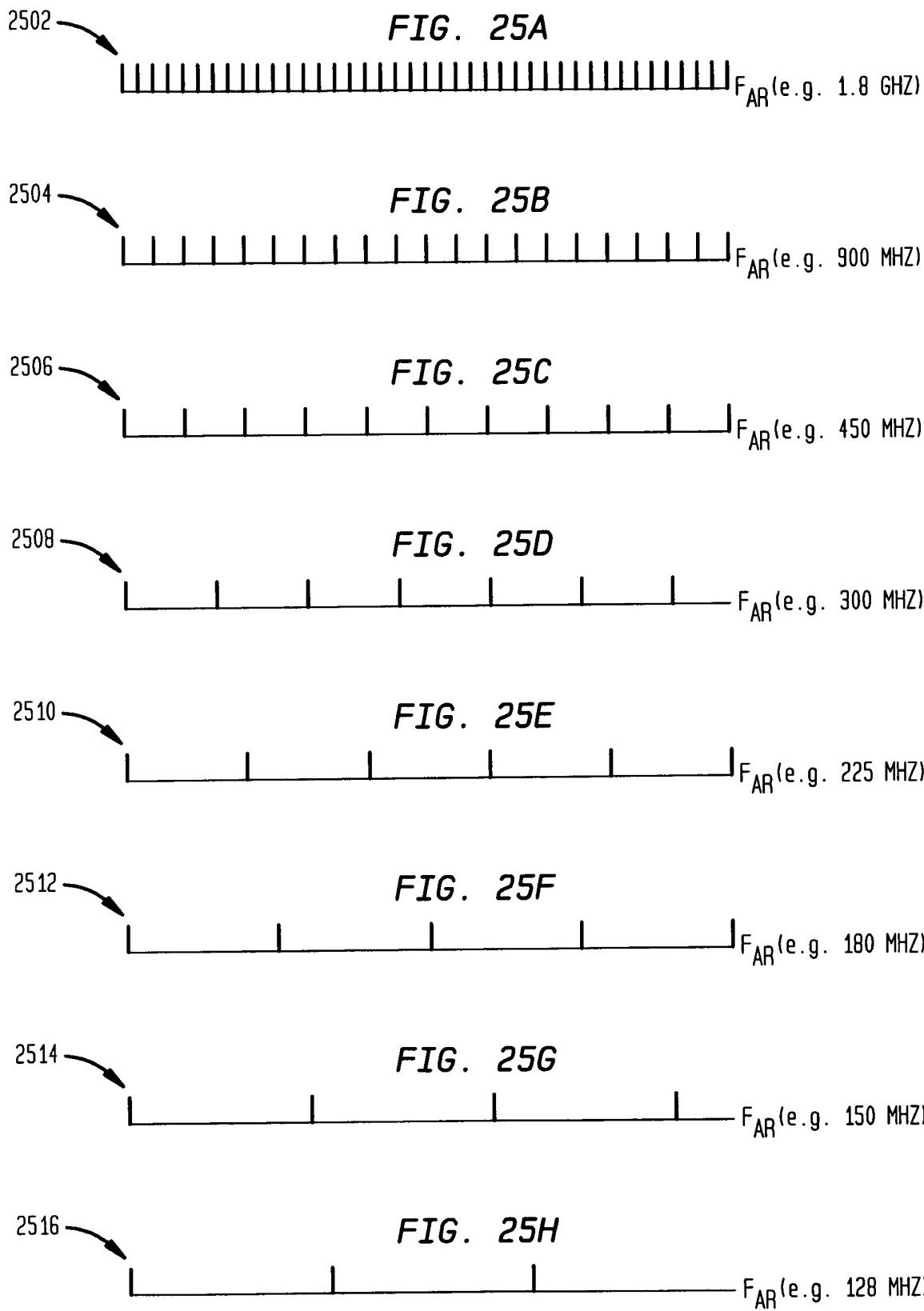


FIG. 24C





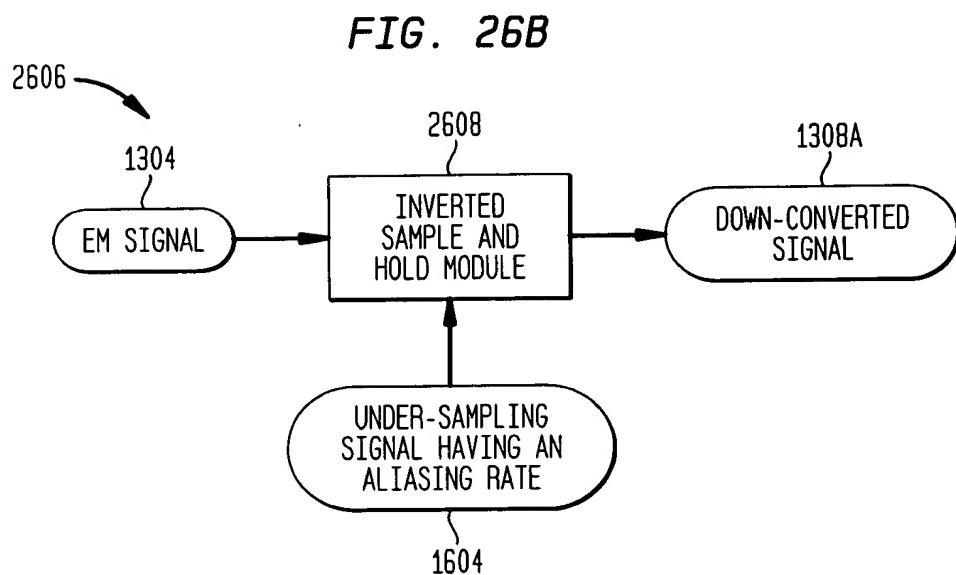
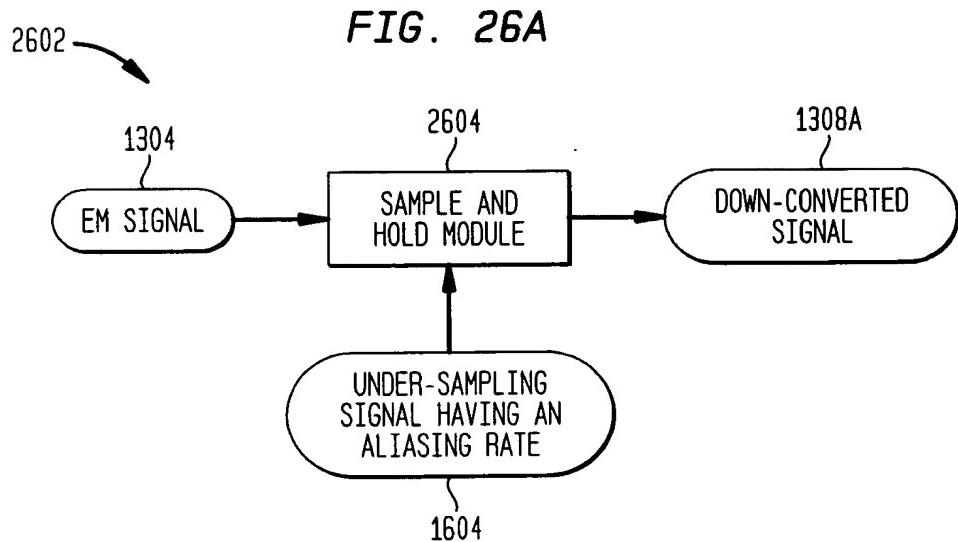


FIG. 27

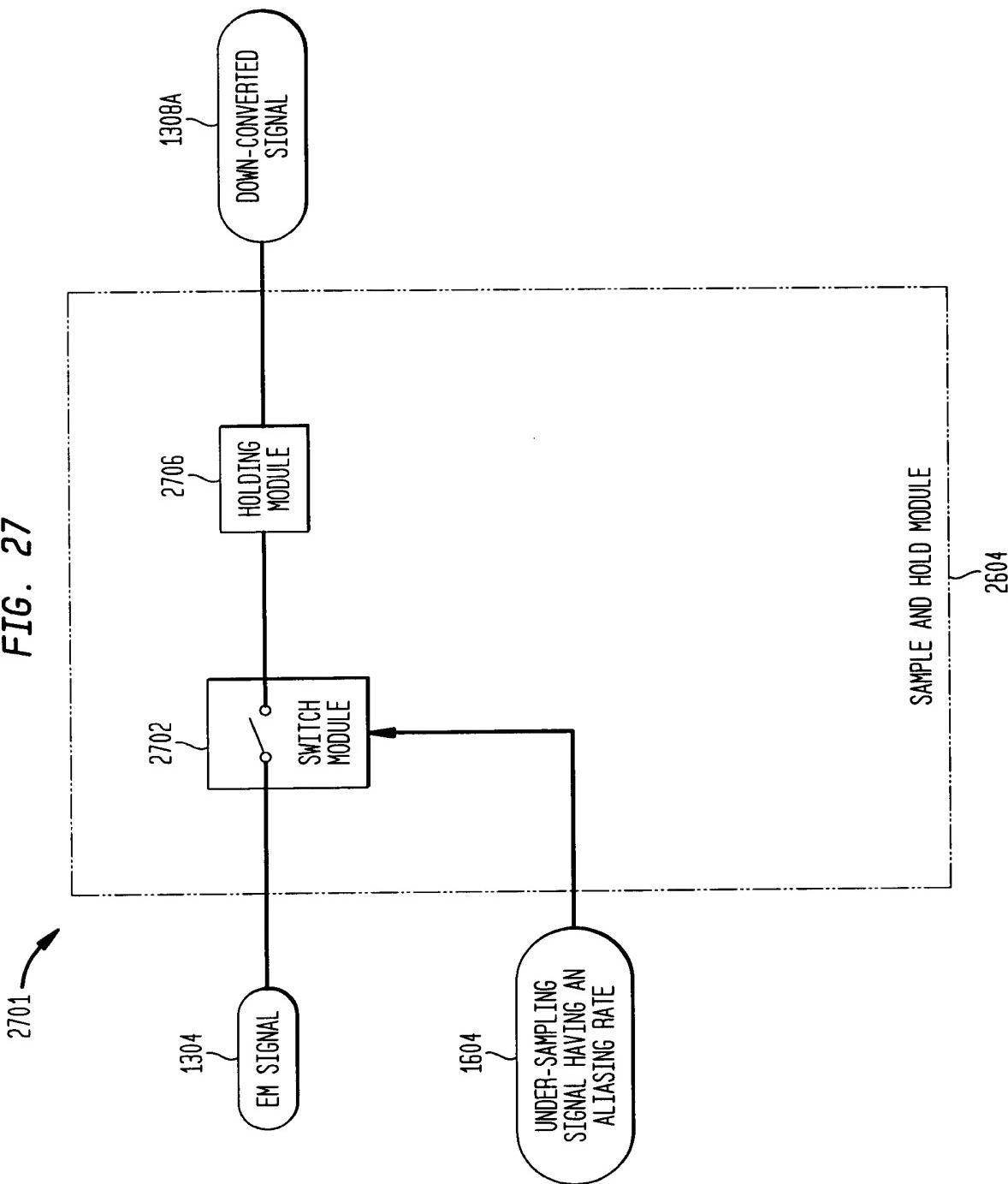


FIG. 28A

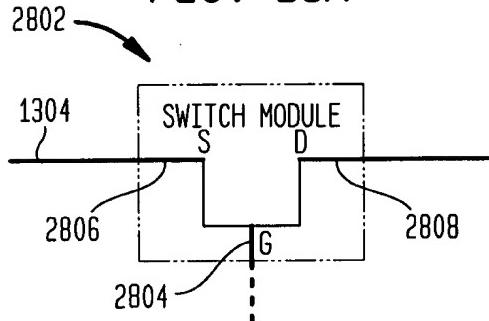


FIG. 28B

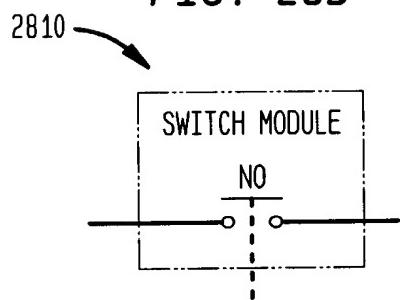


FIG. 28C

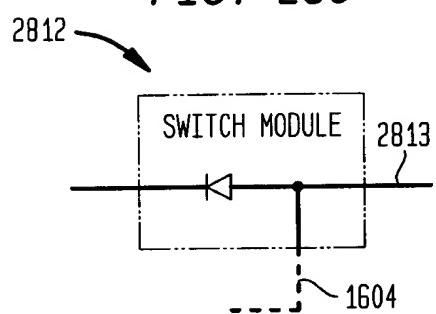
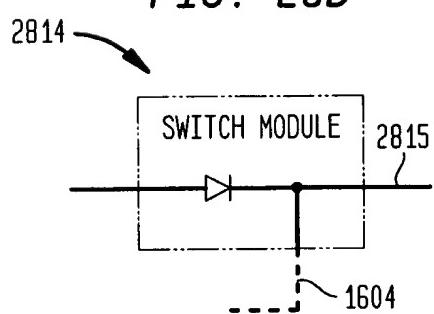
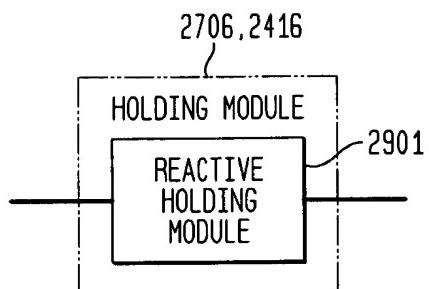


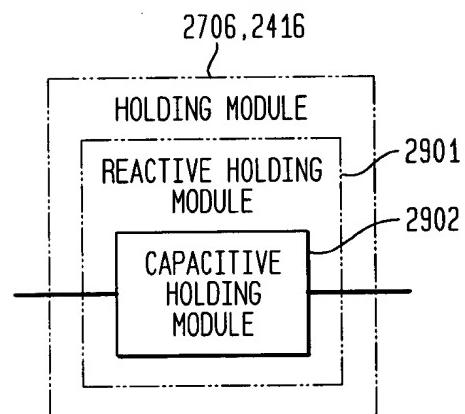
FIG. 28D



**FIG. 29A**



**FIG. 29B**



**FIG. 29C**

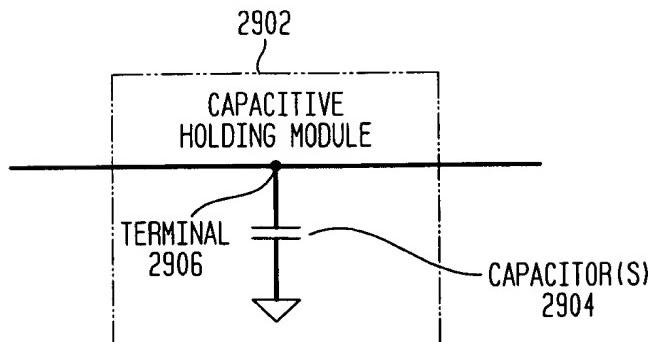


FIG. 29D

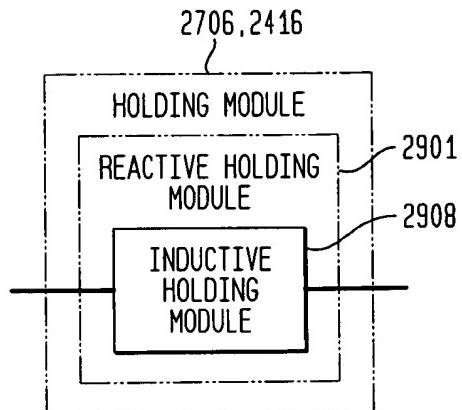


FIG. 29E

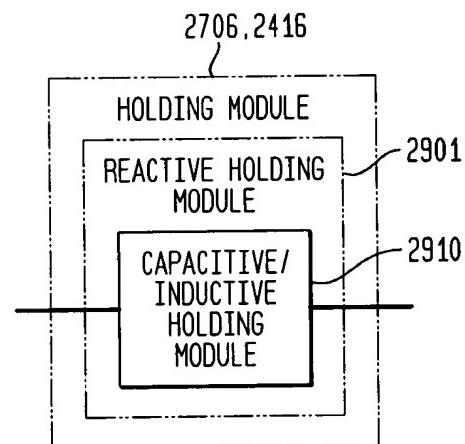


FIG. 29F

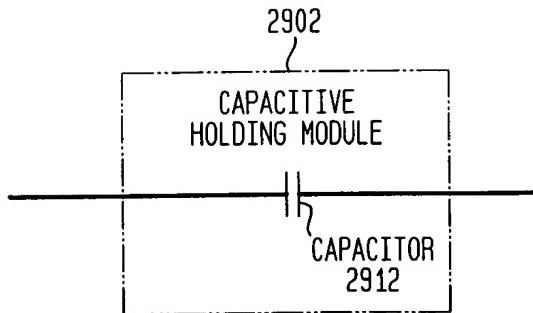


FIG. 29G

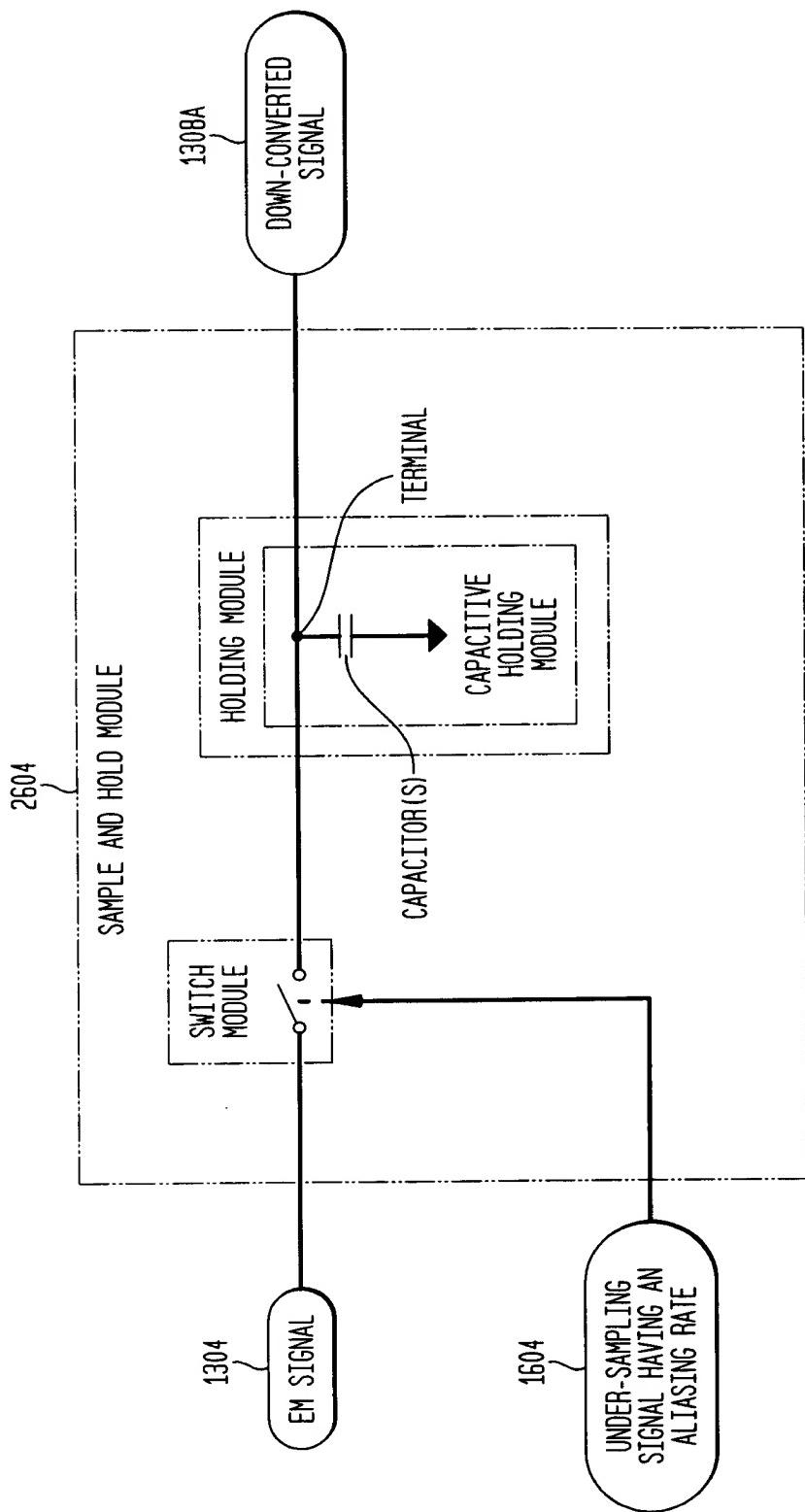
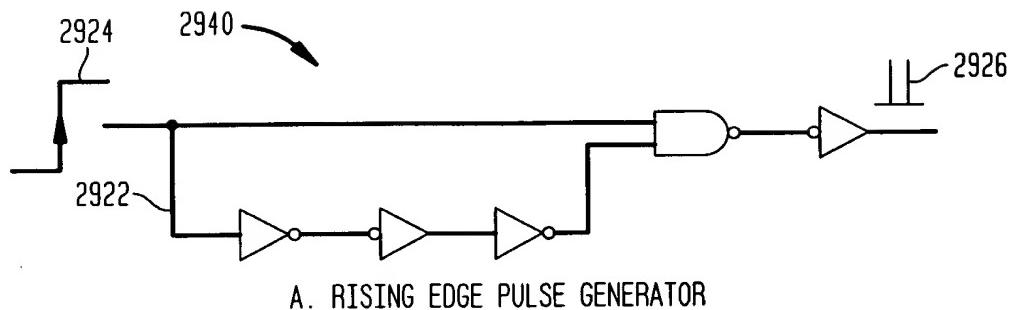
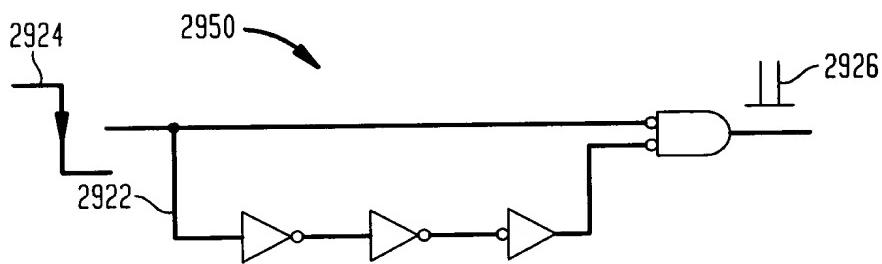


FIG. 29H



A. RISING EDGE PULSE GENERATOR

FIG. 29I



B. FALLING-EDGE PULSE GENERATOR

FIG. 29J

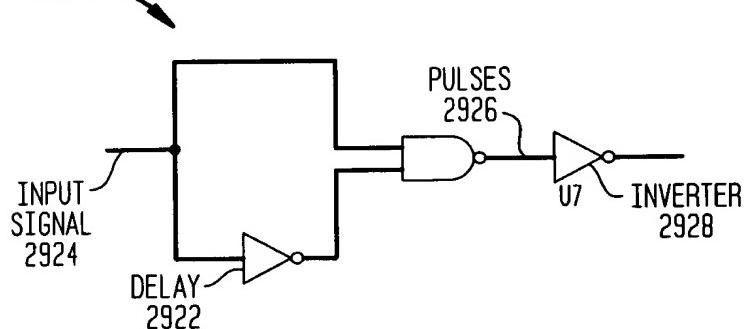


FIG. 29K

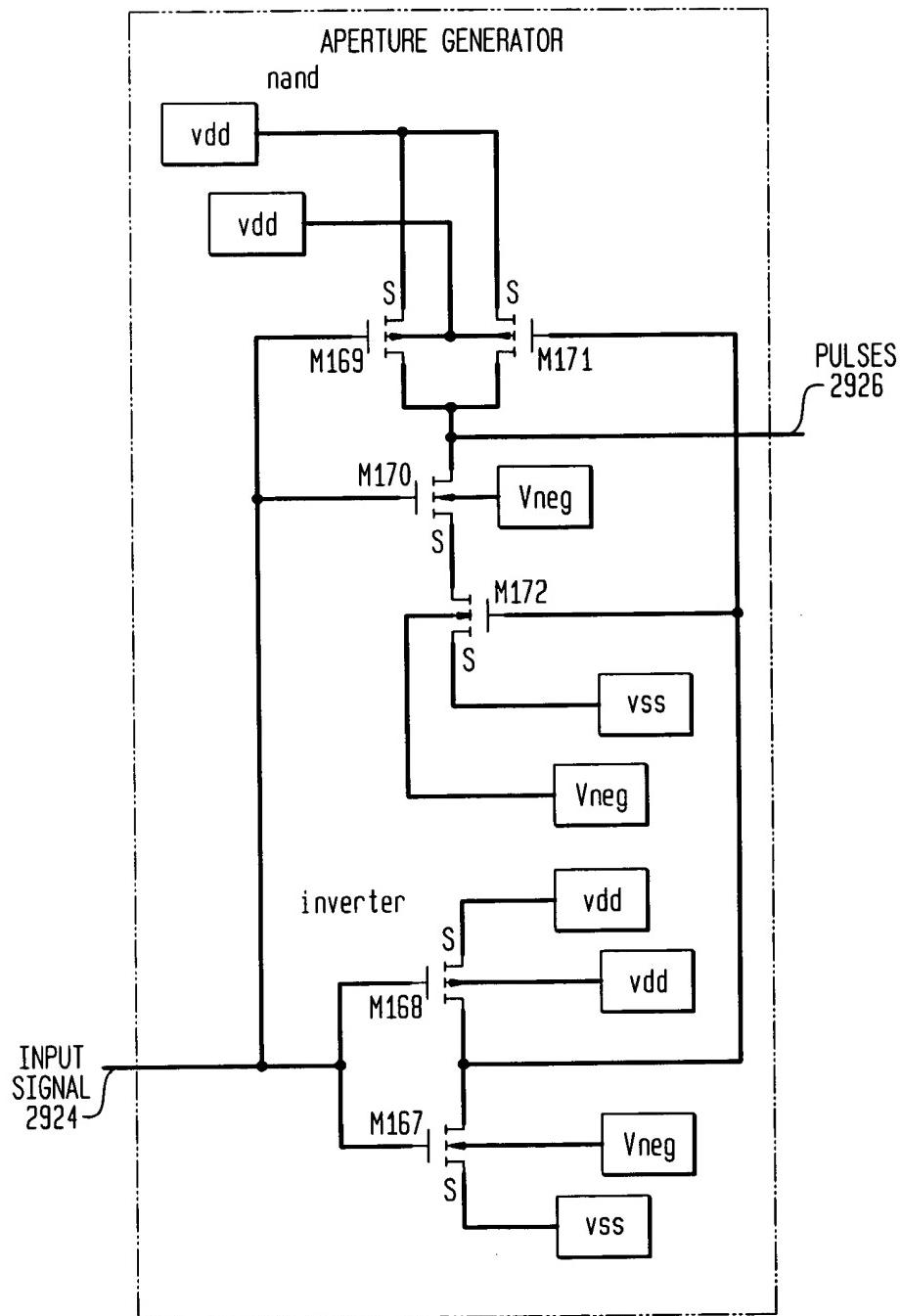


FIG. 29L

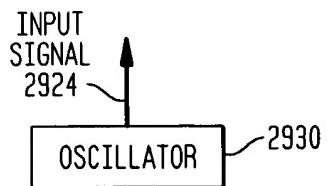


FIG. 30

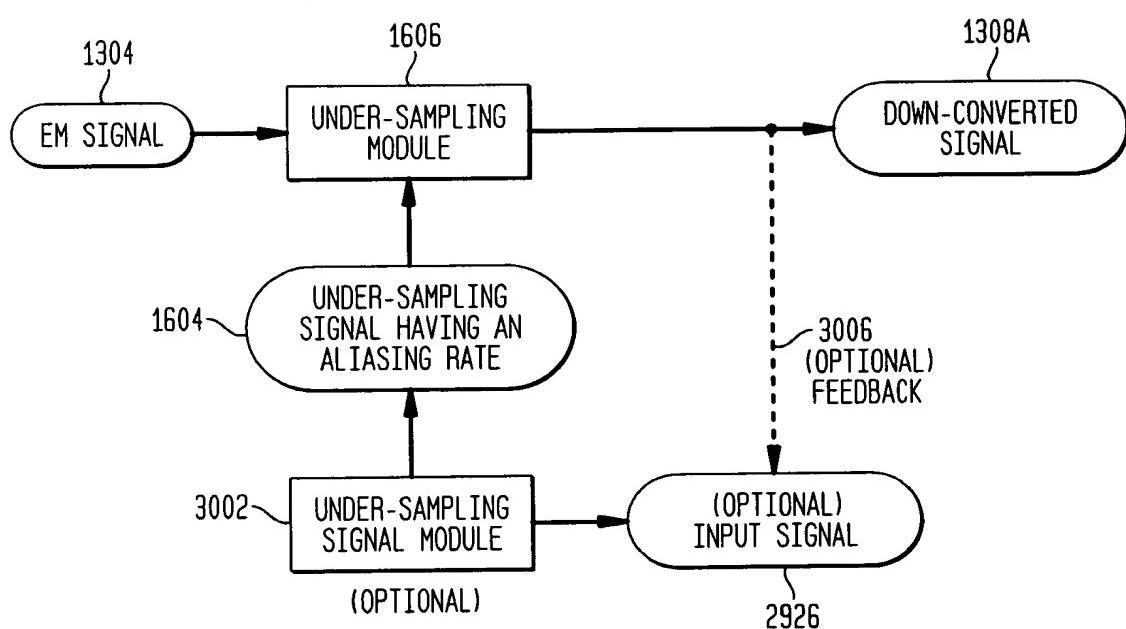


FIG. 31A

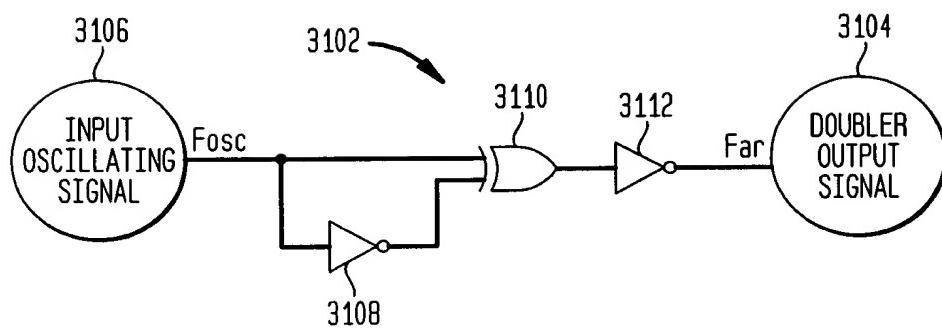


FIG. 31B

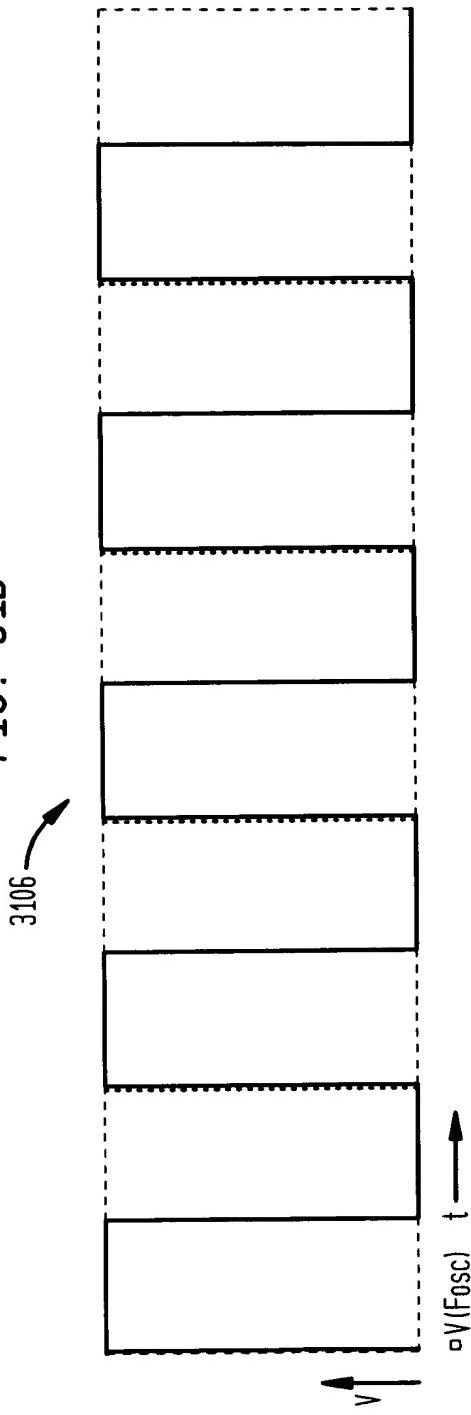


FIG. 31C

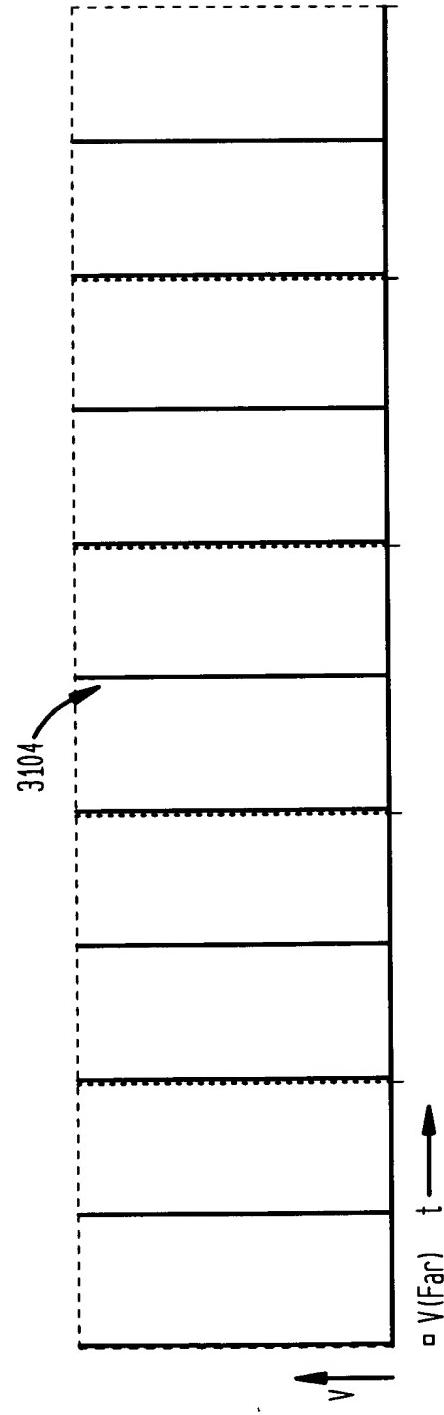


FIG. 32A

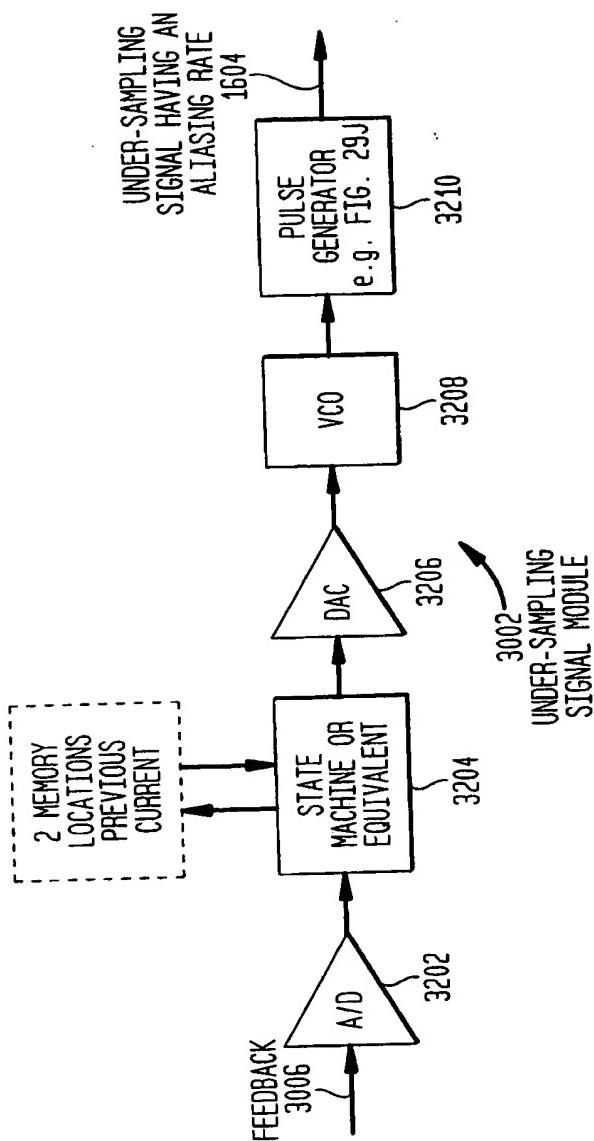
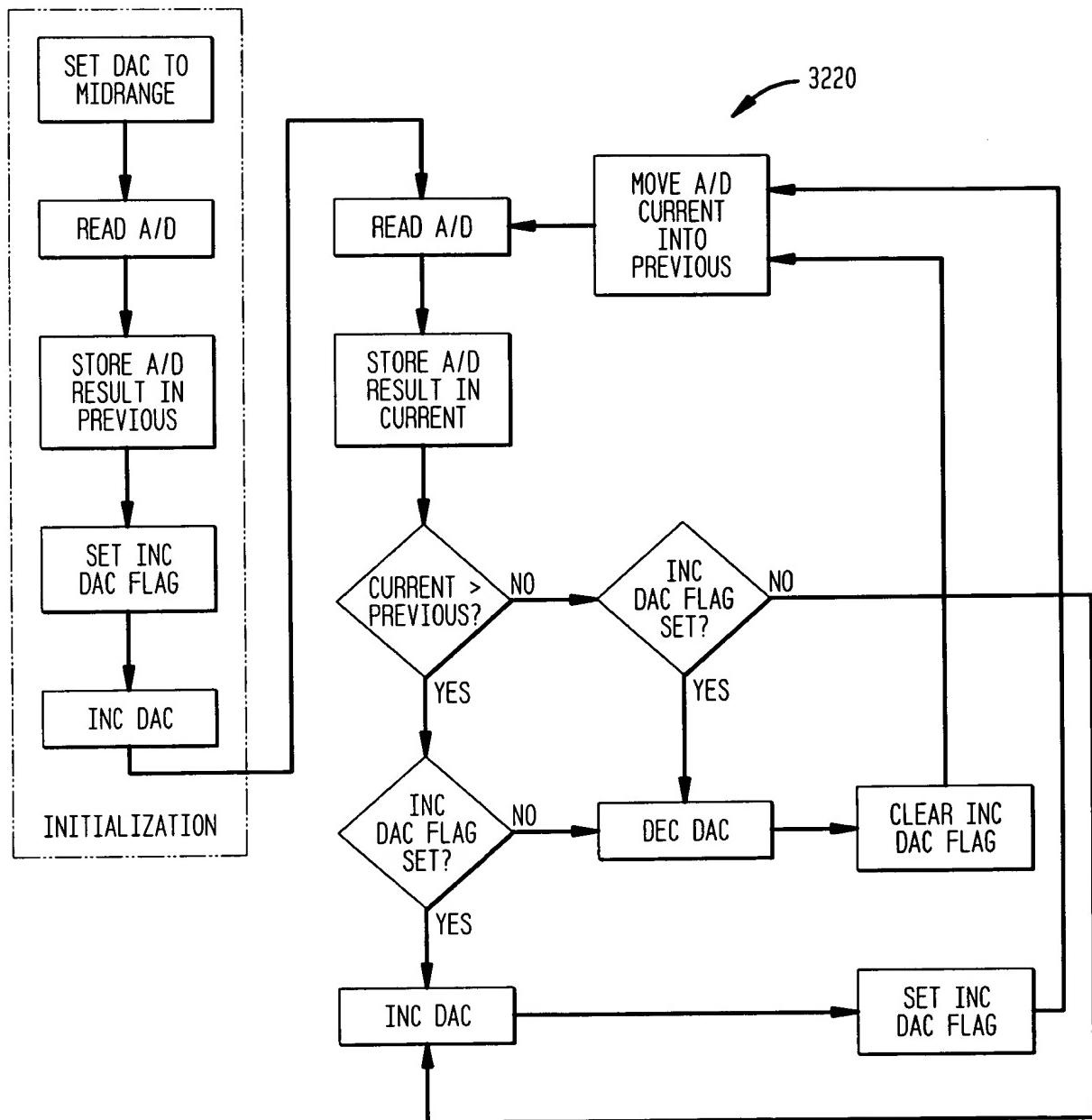
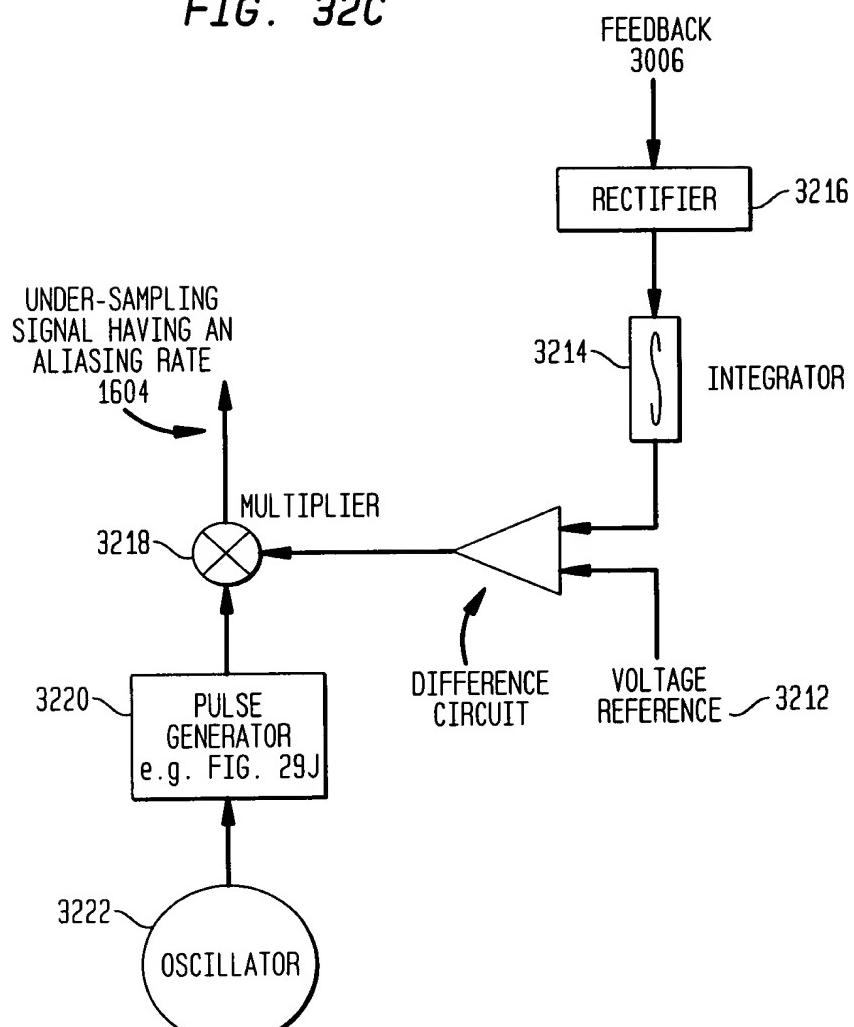


FIG. 32B



STATE MACHINE FLOWCHART

FIG. 32C



ENERGY TRANSFER SIGNAL MODULE 3002

FIG. 33A

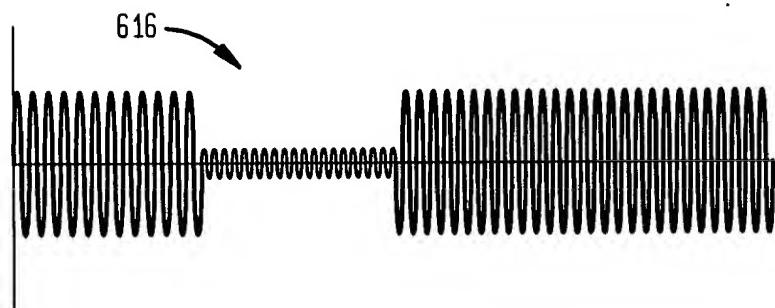


FIG. 33B

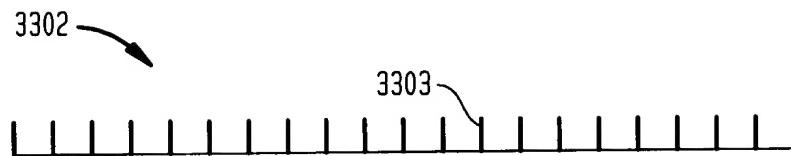


FIG. 33C

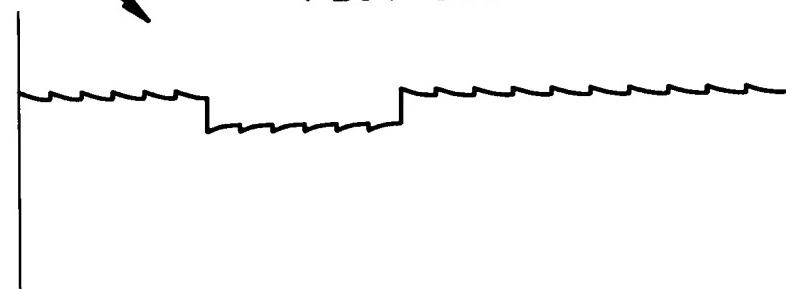


FIG. 33D

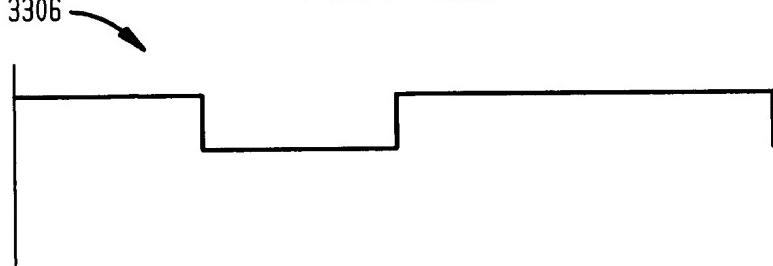


FIG. 34A

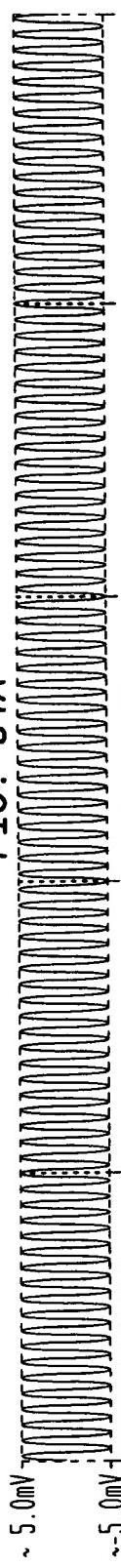


FIG. 34B



FIG. 34C

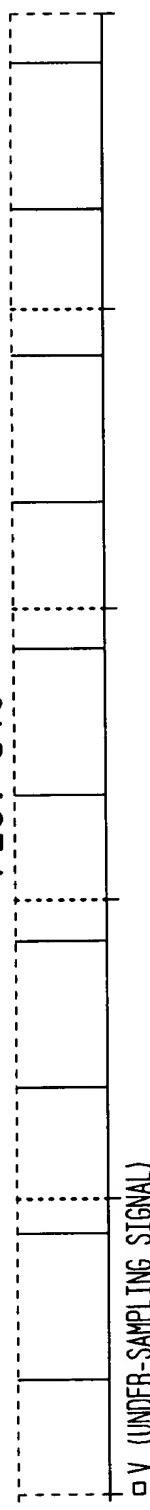


FIG. 34D

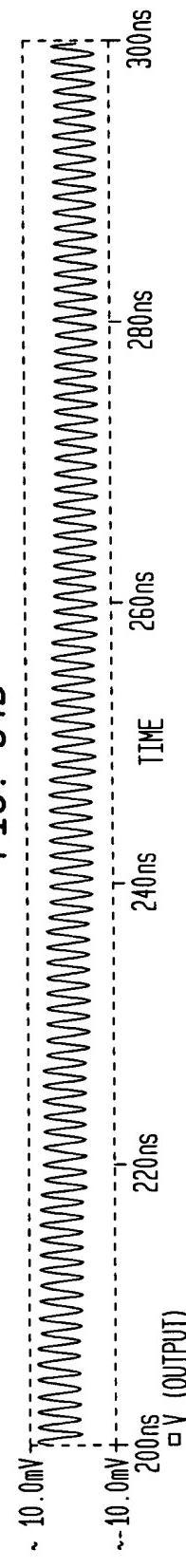


FIG. 34E

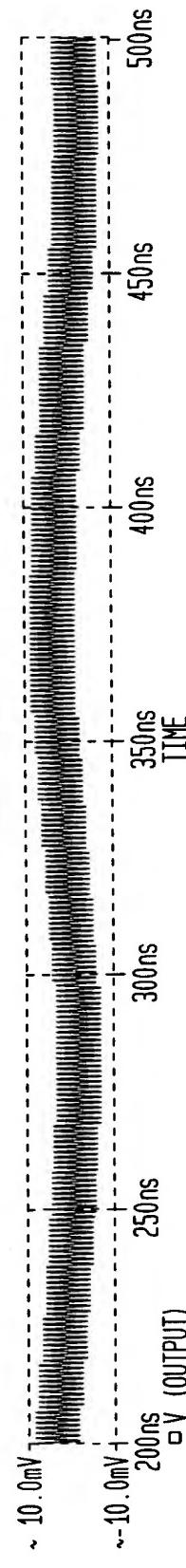


FIG. 34F

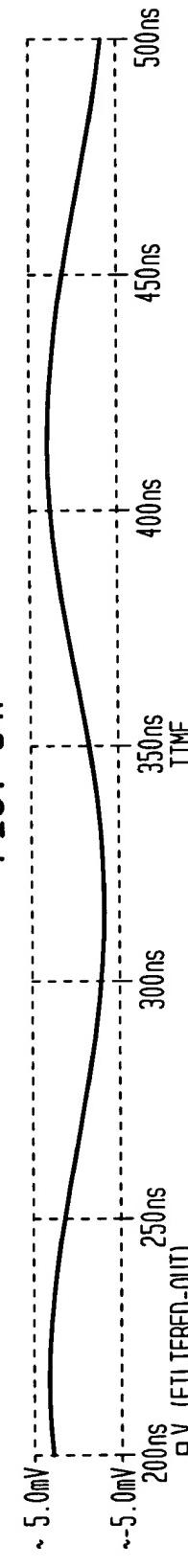


FIG. 35A

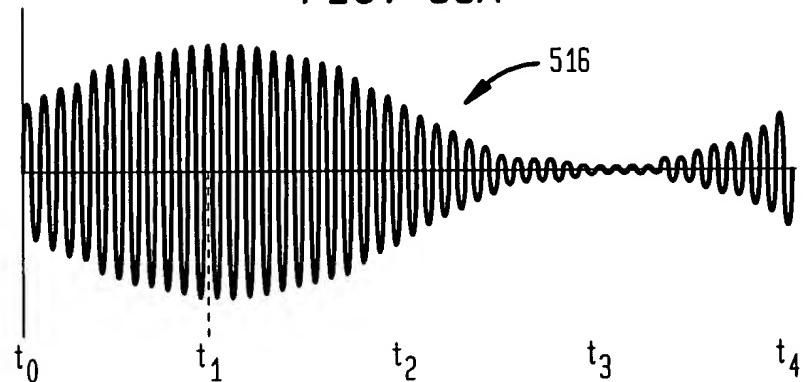


FIG. 35B

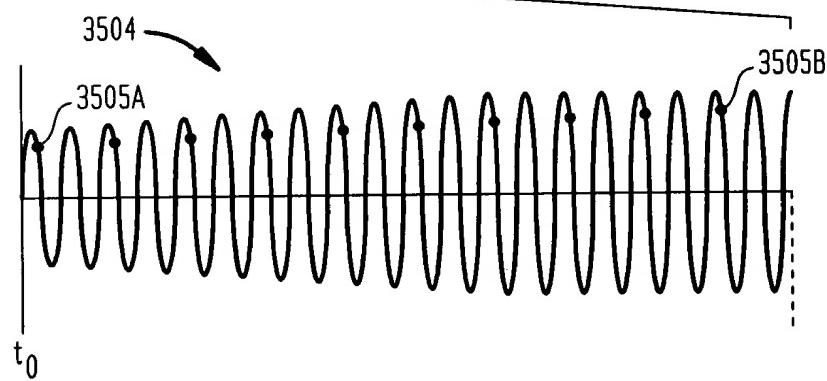


FIG. 35C

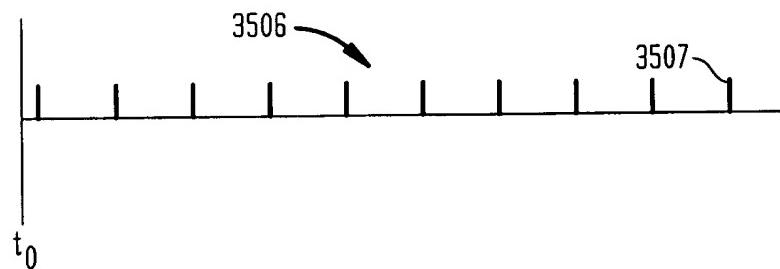


FIG. 35D

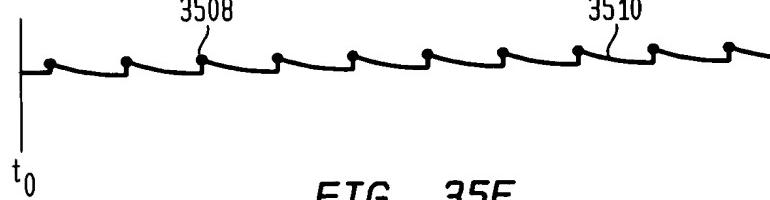


FIG. 35E

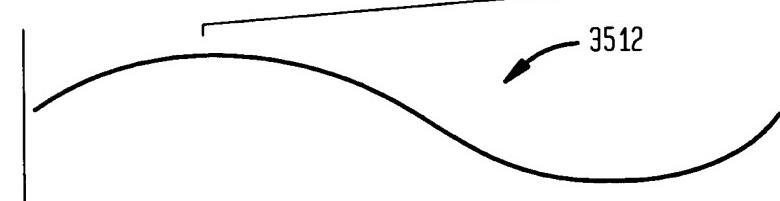


FIG. 36A

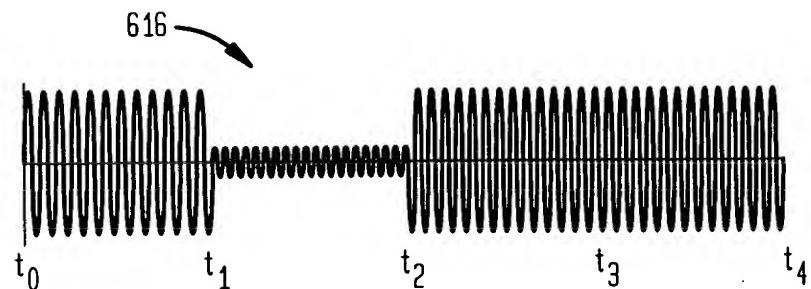


FIG. 36B

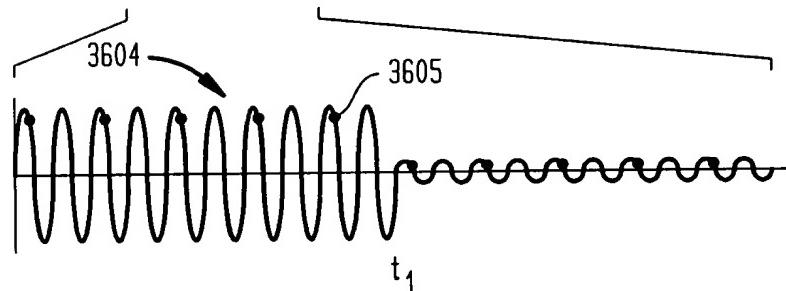


FIG. 36C

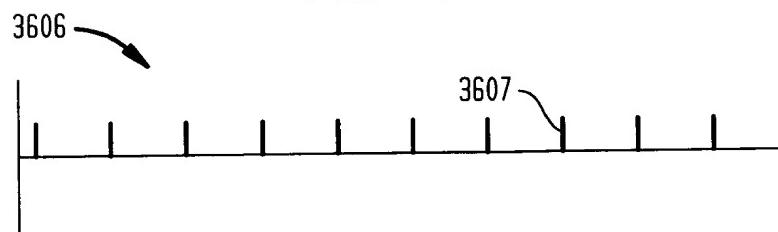


FIG. 36D

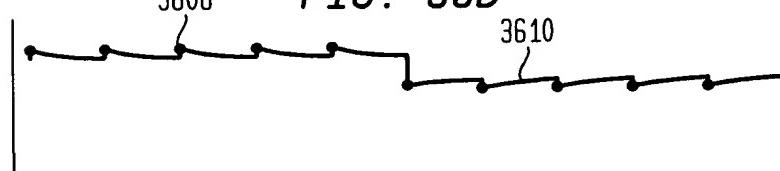


FIG. 36E

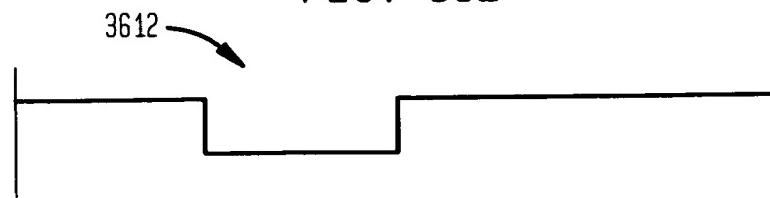


FIG. 37A

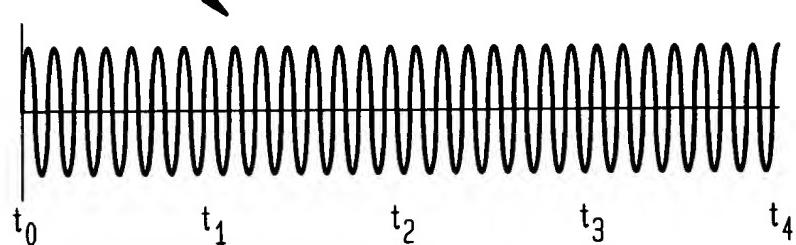


FIG. 37B

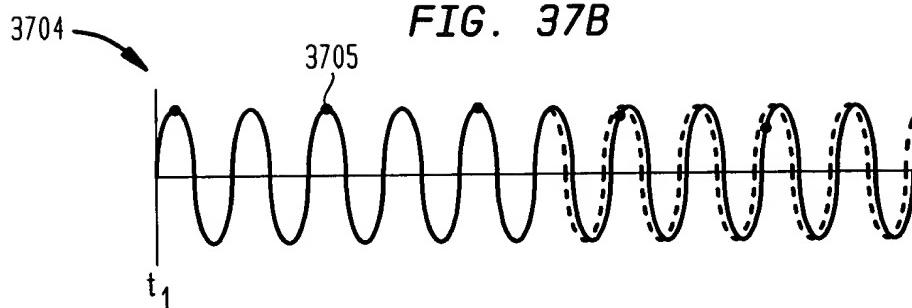


FIG. 37C

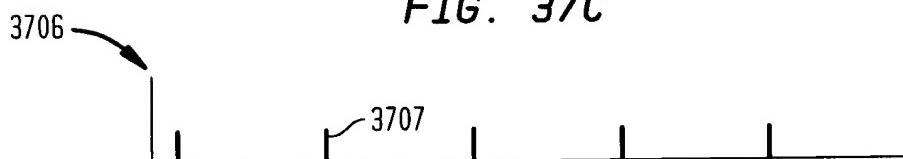


FIG. 37D

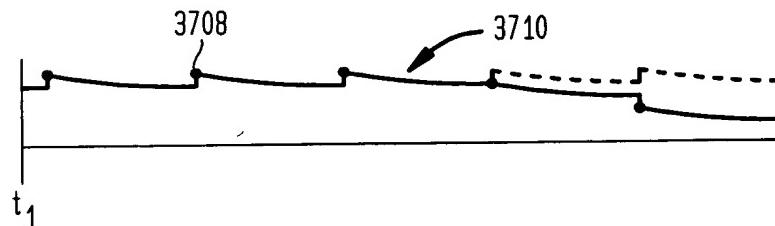
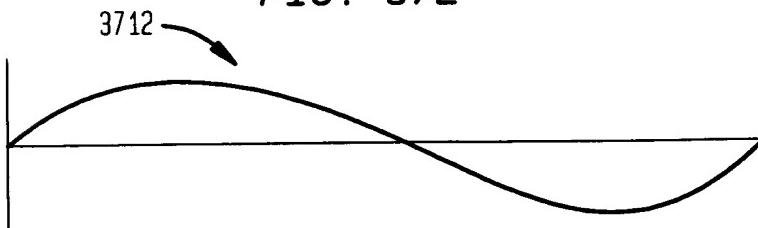
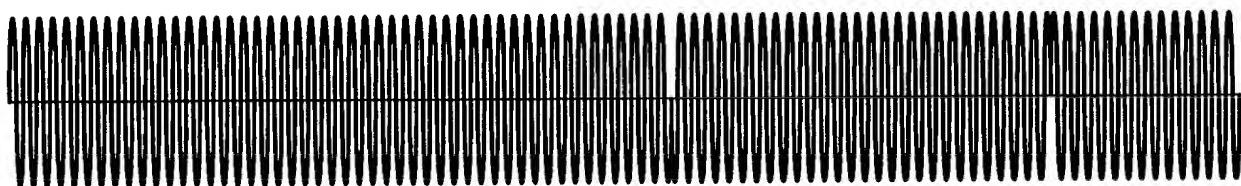


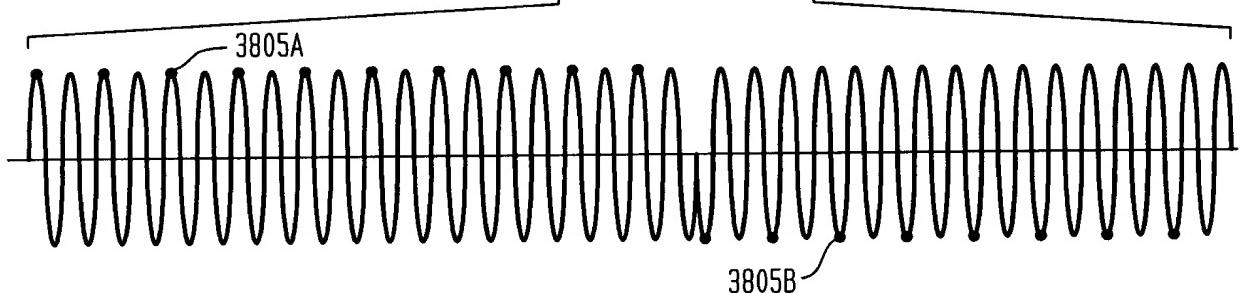
FIG. 37E



1016 → FIG. 38A



3804 → FIG. 38B



3806 → FIG. 38C

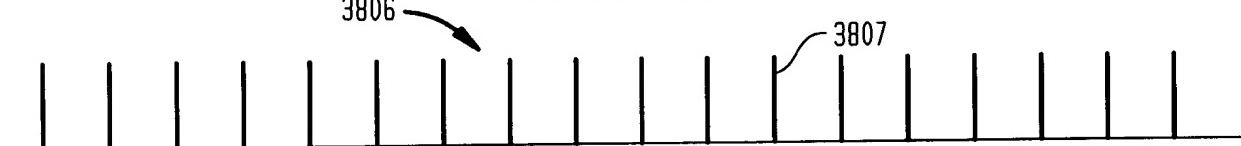


FIG. 38D

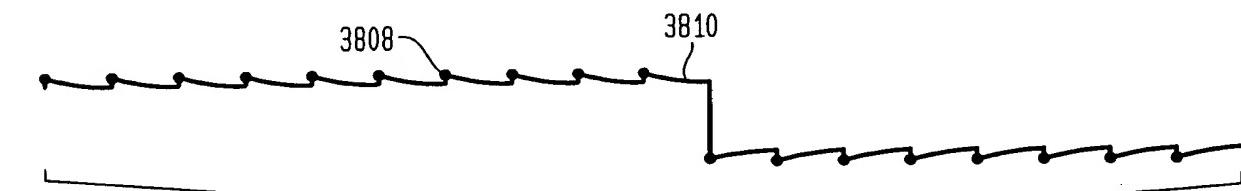


FIG. 38E

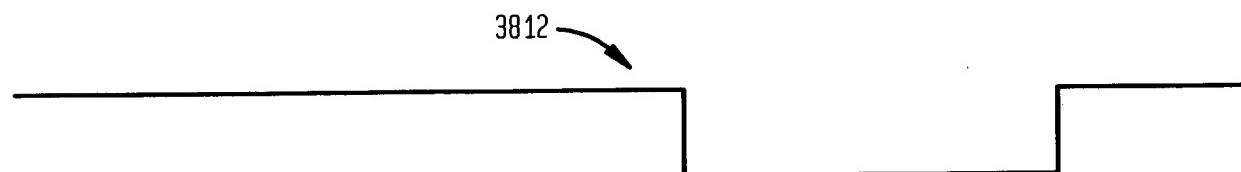


FIG. 39A

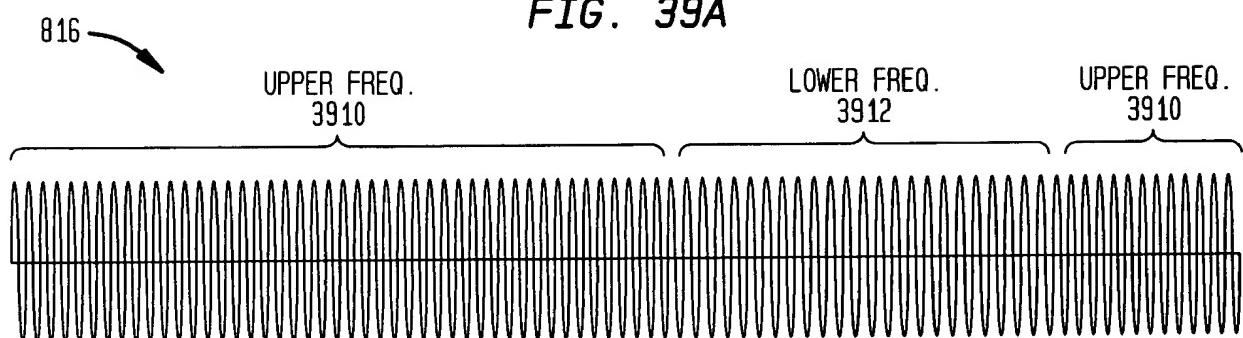


FIG. 39B

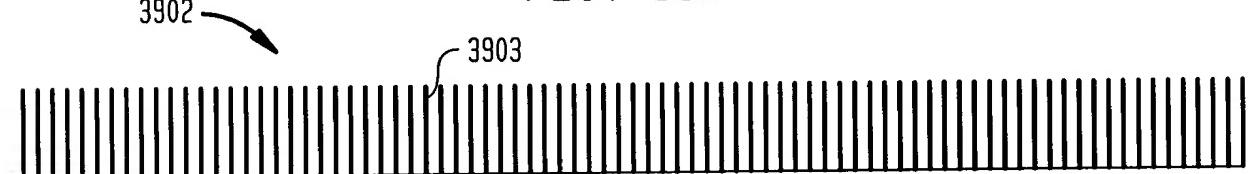


FIG. 39C

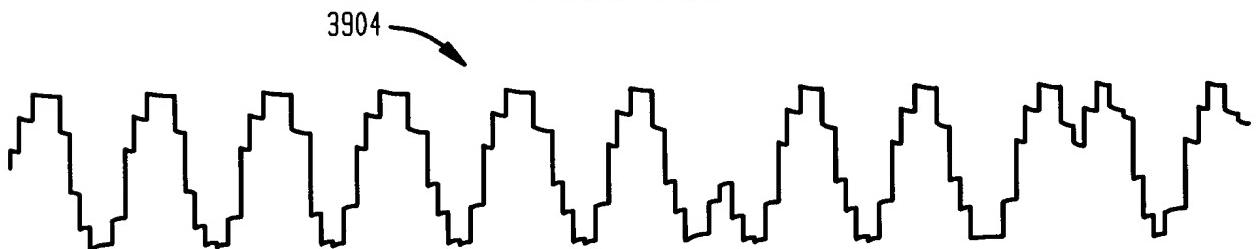
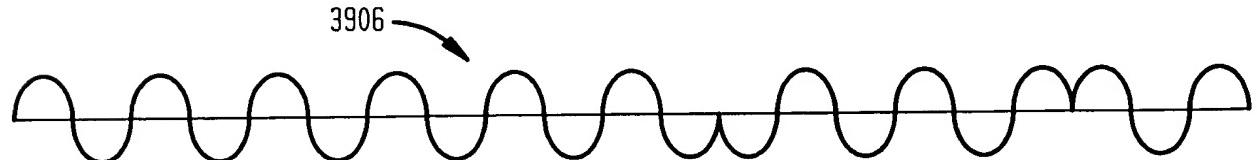
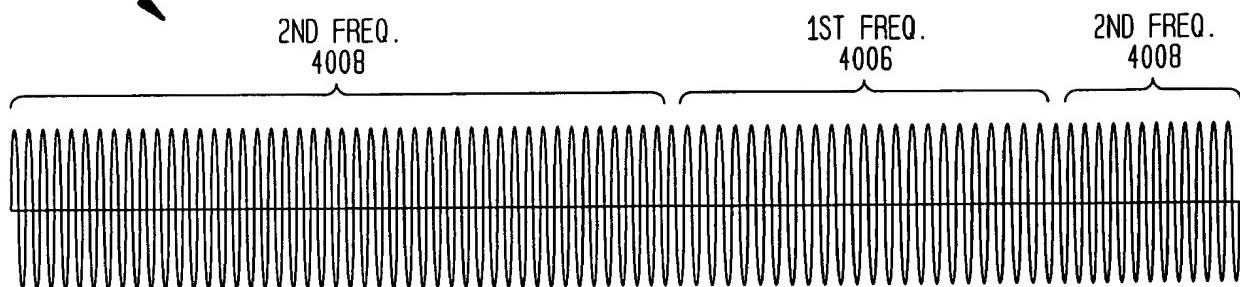


FIG. 39D



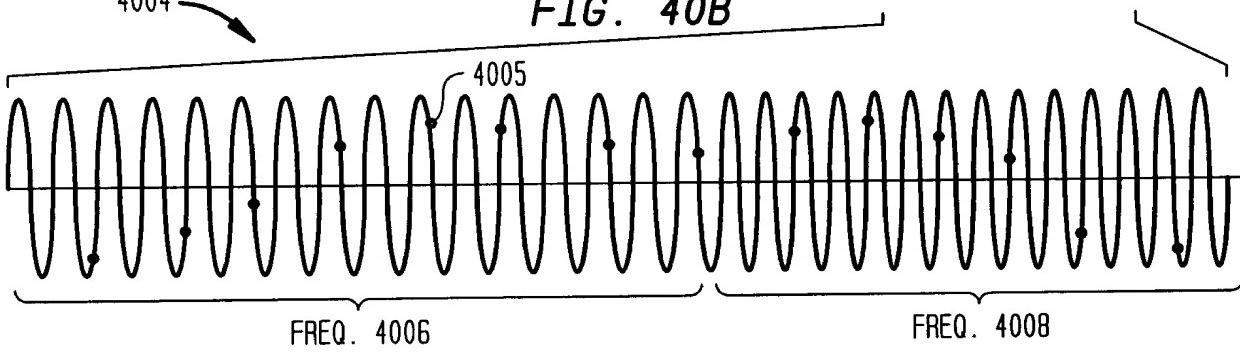
816

FIG. 40A



4004

FIG. 40B

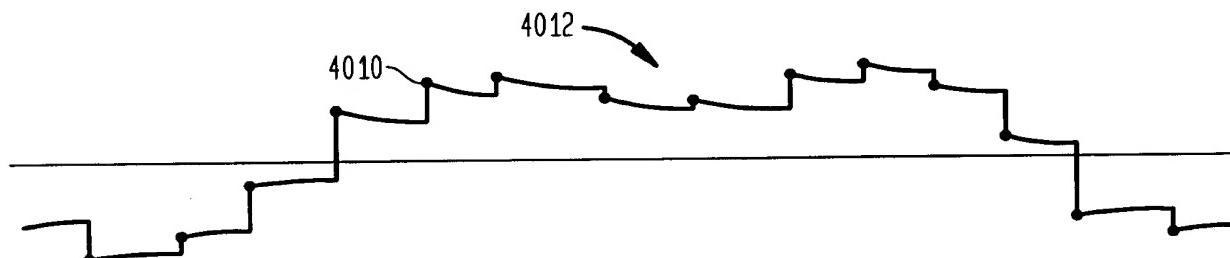


4007

FIG. 40C

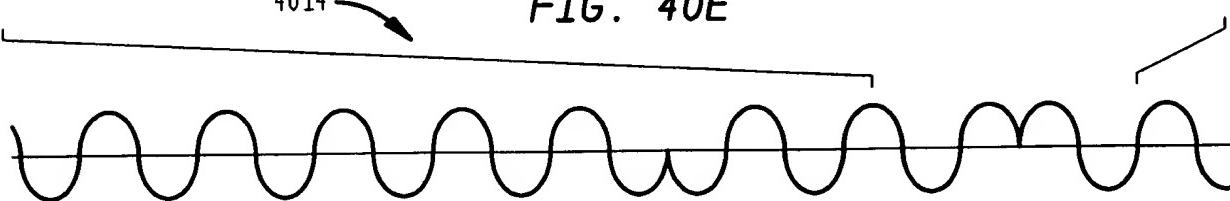


FIG. 40D



4014

FIG. 40E



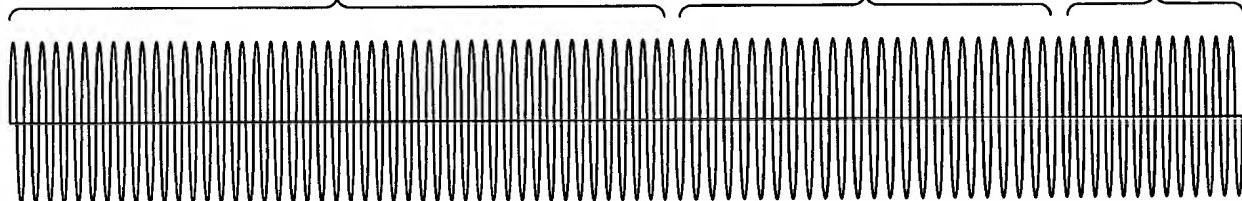
816

2ND FREQ.  
4108

FIG. 41A

1ST FREQ.  
4106

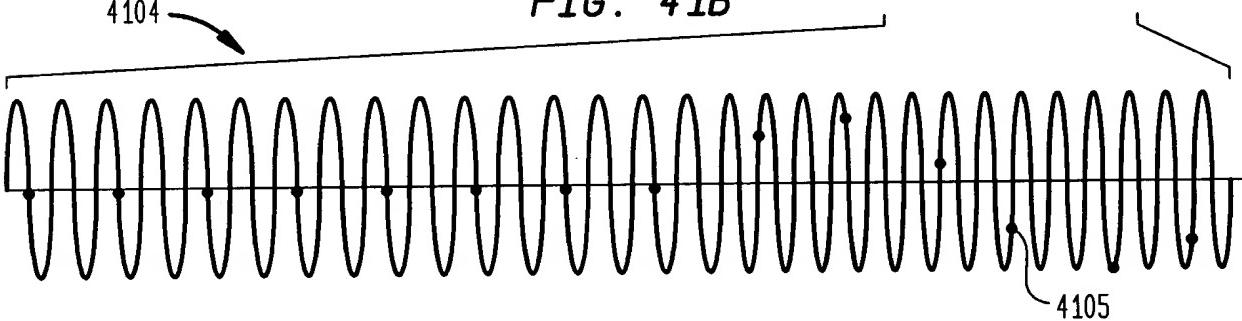
2ND FREQ.  
4108



4104

FIG. 41B

4105



4107

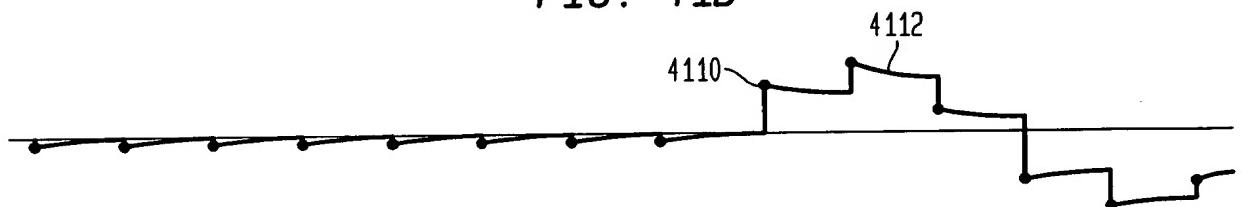
FIG. 41C

4109



FIG. 41D

4110 4112



4114

FIG. 41E

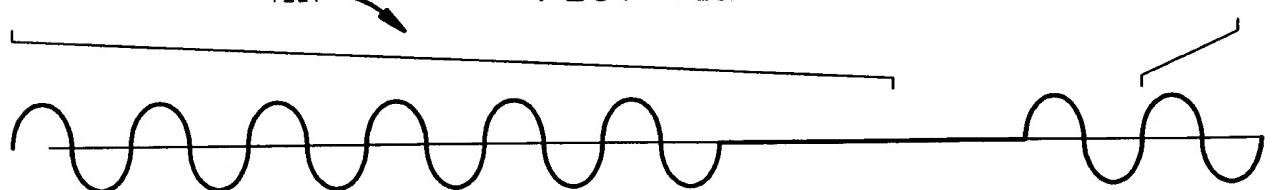
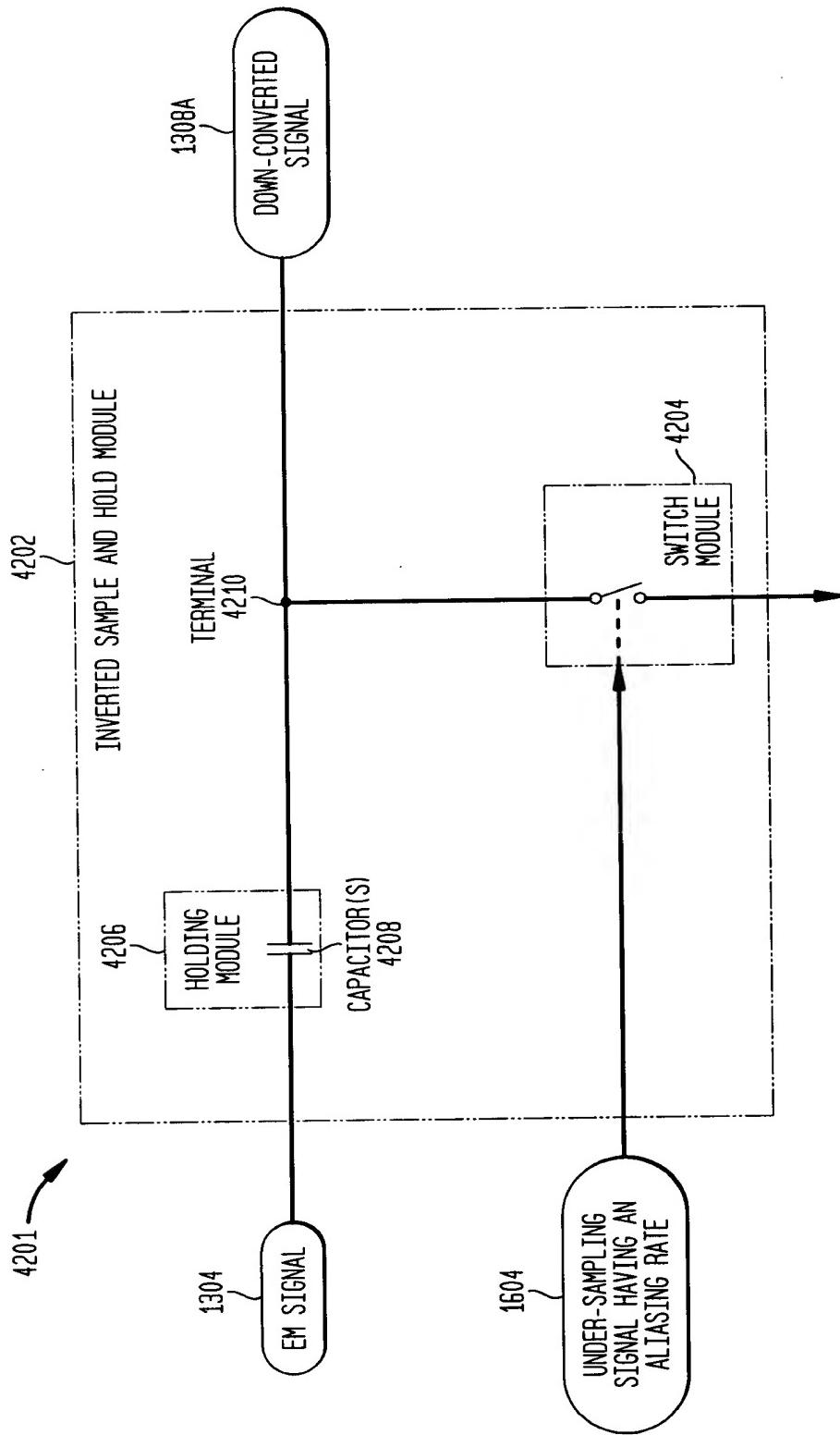


FIG. 42



**FIG. 43**

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right)$$

FIG. 44A

DIFFERENTIAL CONFIGURATION

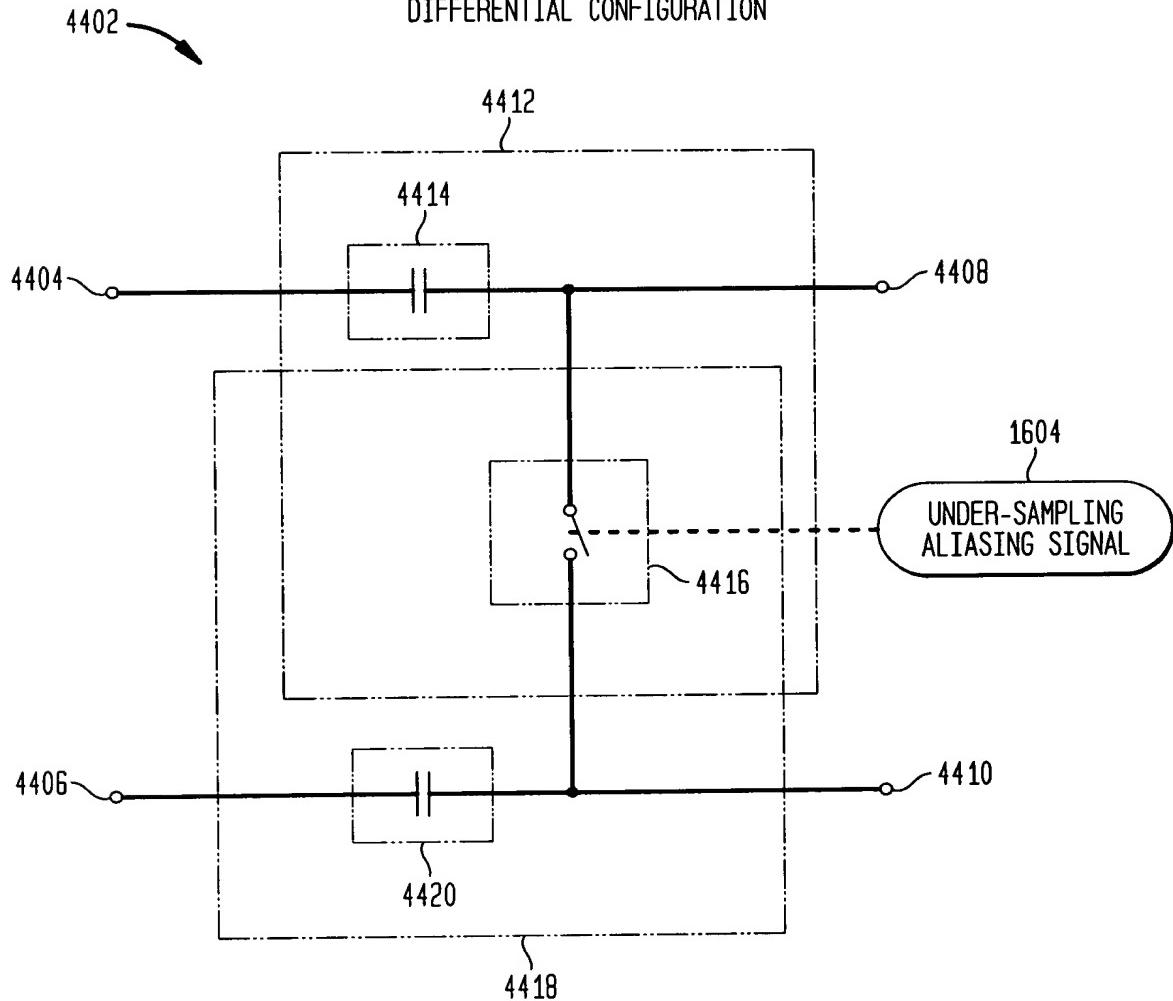


FIG. 44B  
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT

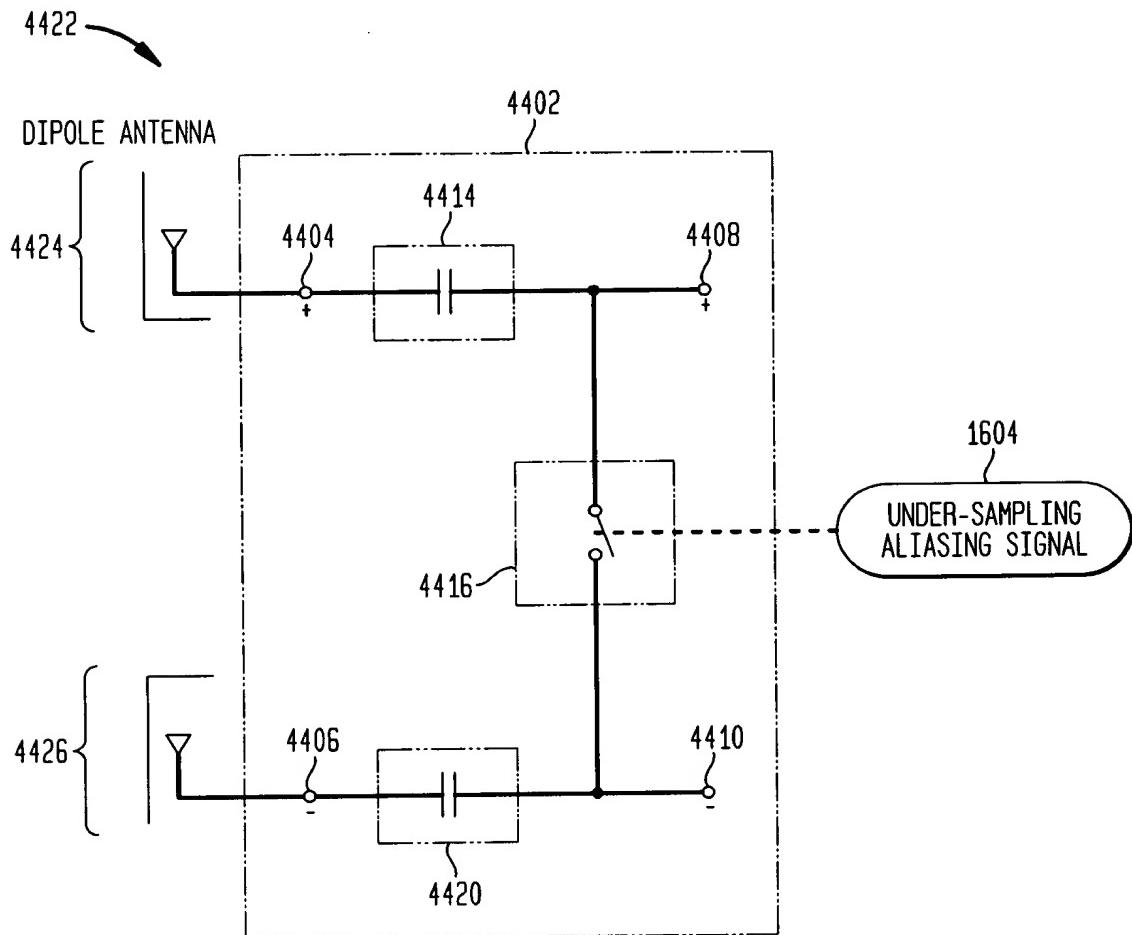


FIG. 44C  
SINGLE INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT

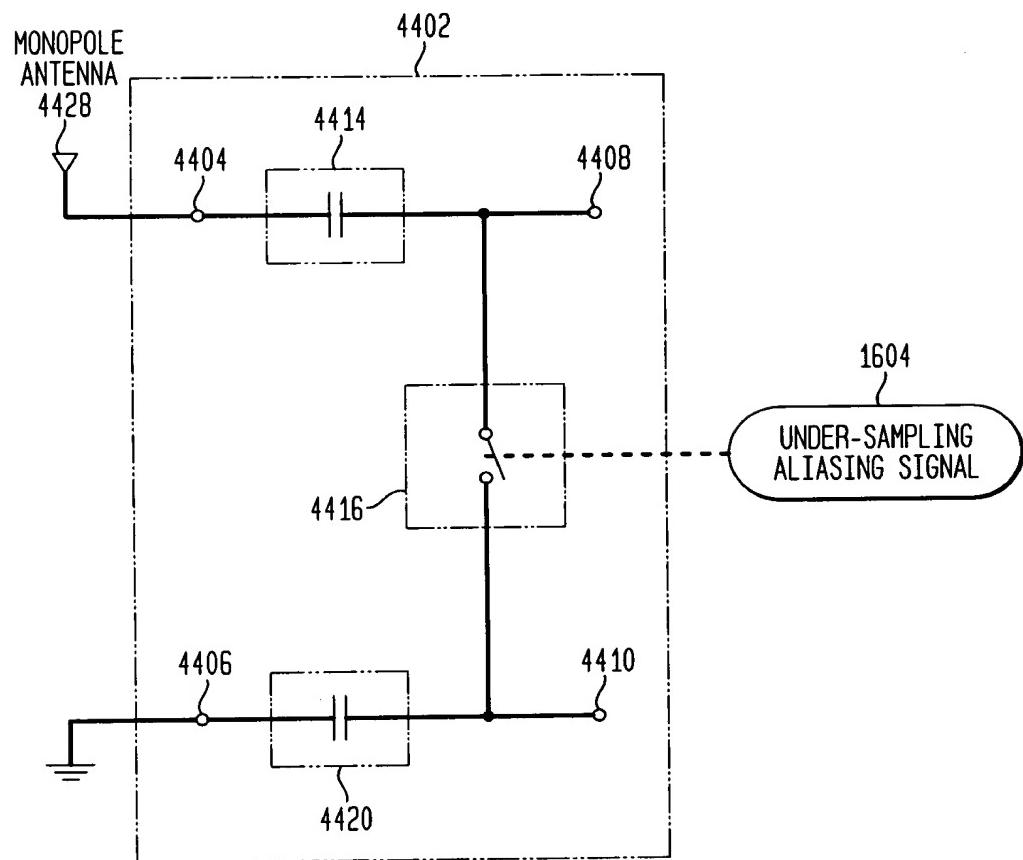


FIG. 44D  
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO SINGLE OUTPUT

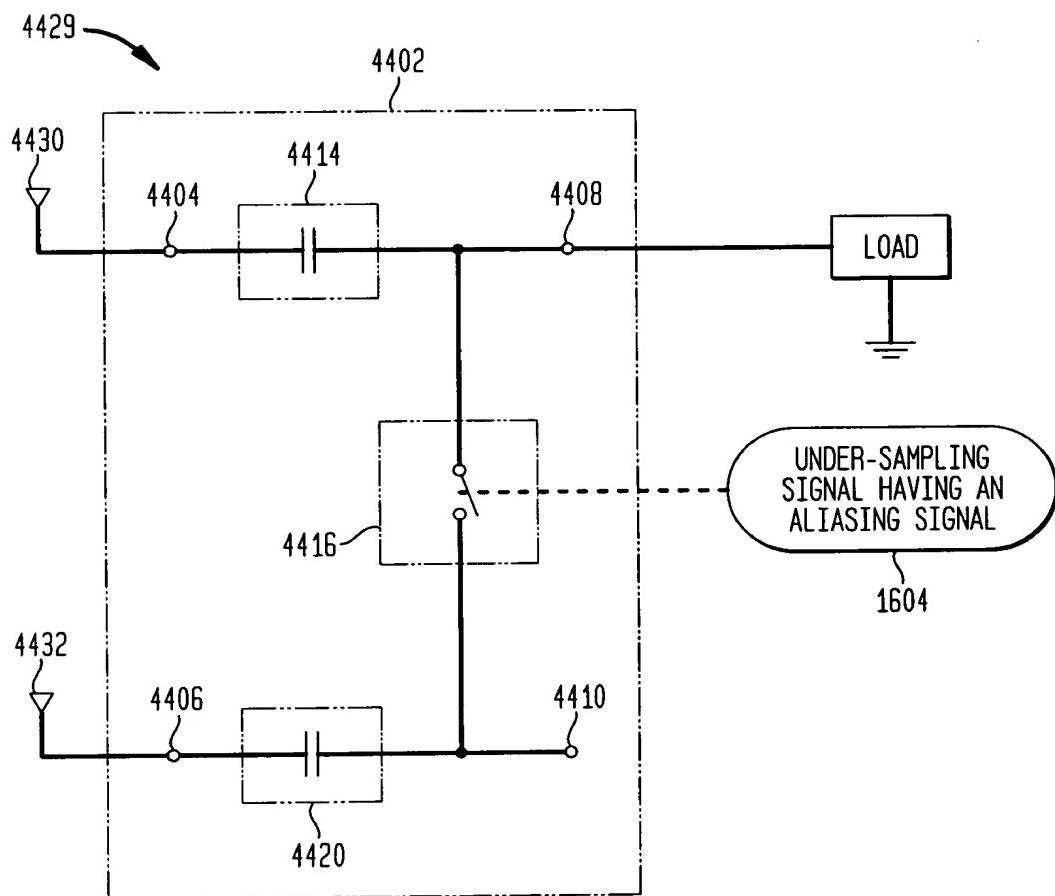


FIG. 44E  
EXAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUITRY

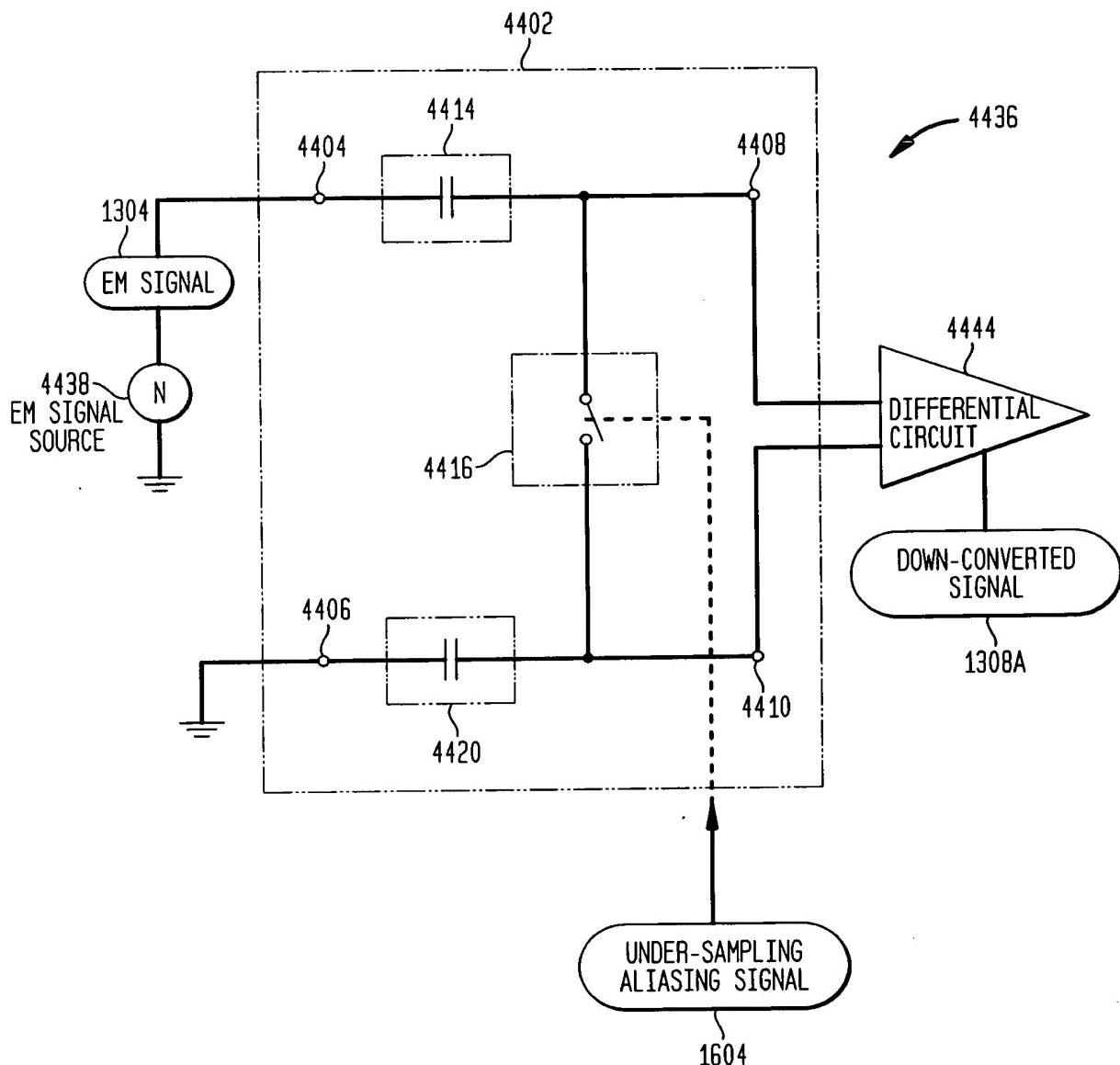


FIG. 45A

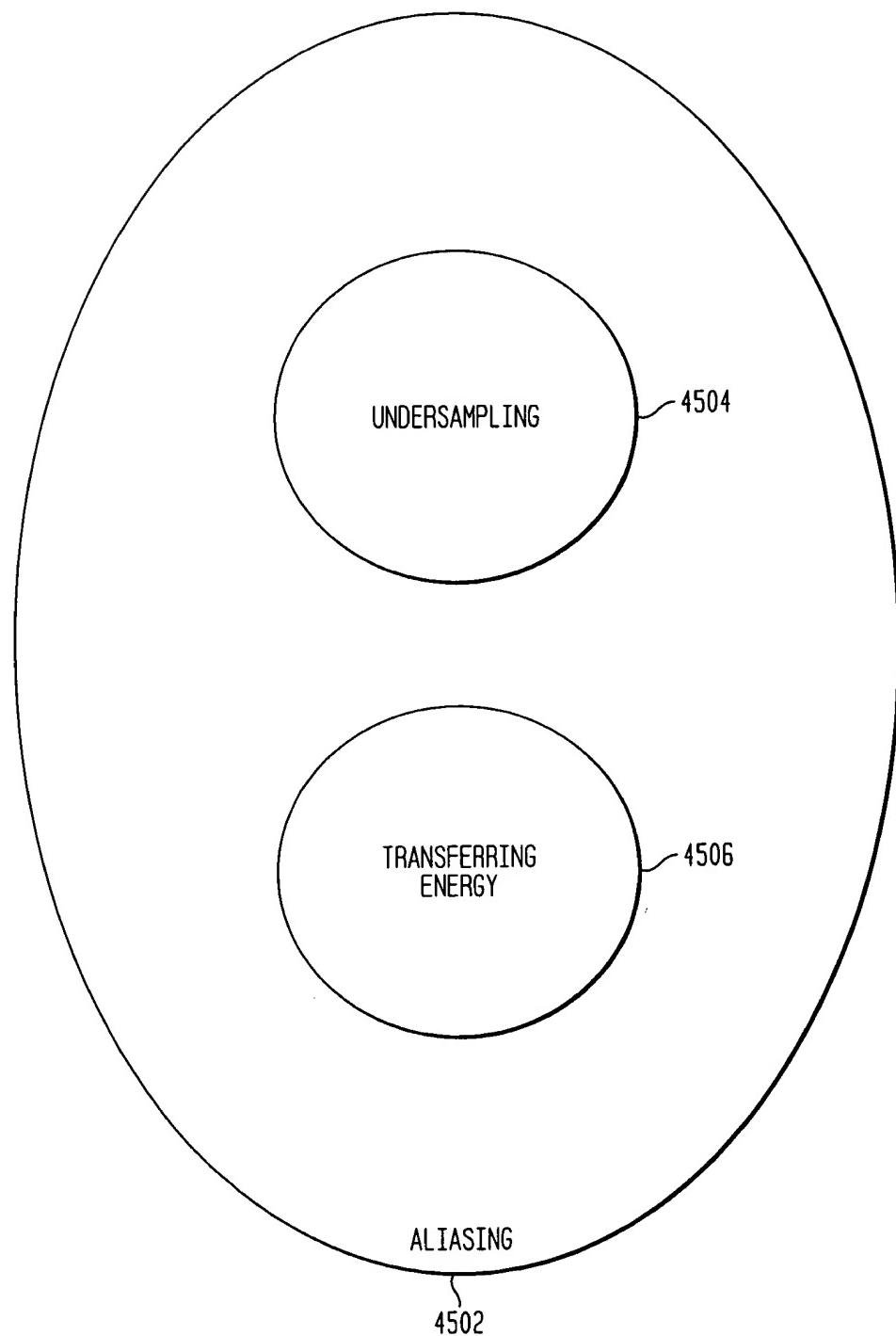


FIG. 45B

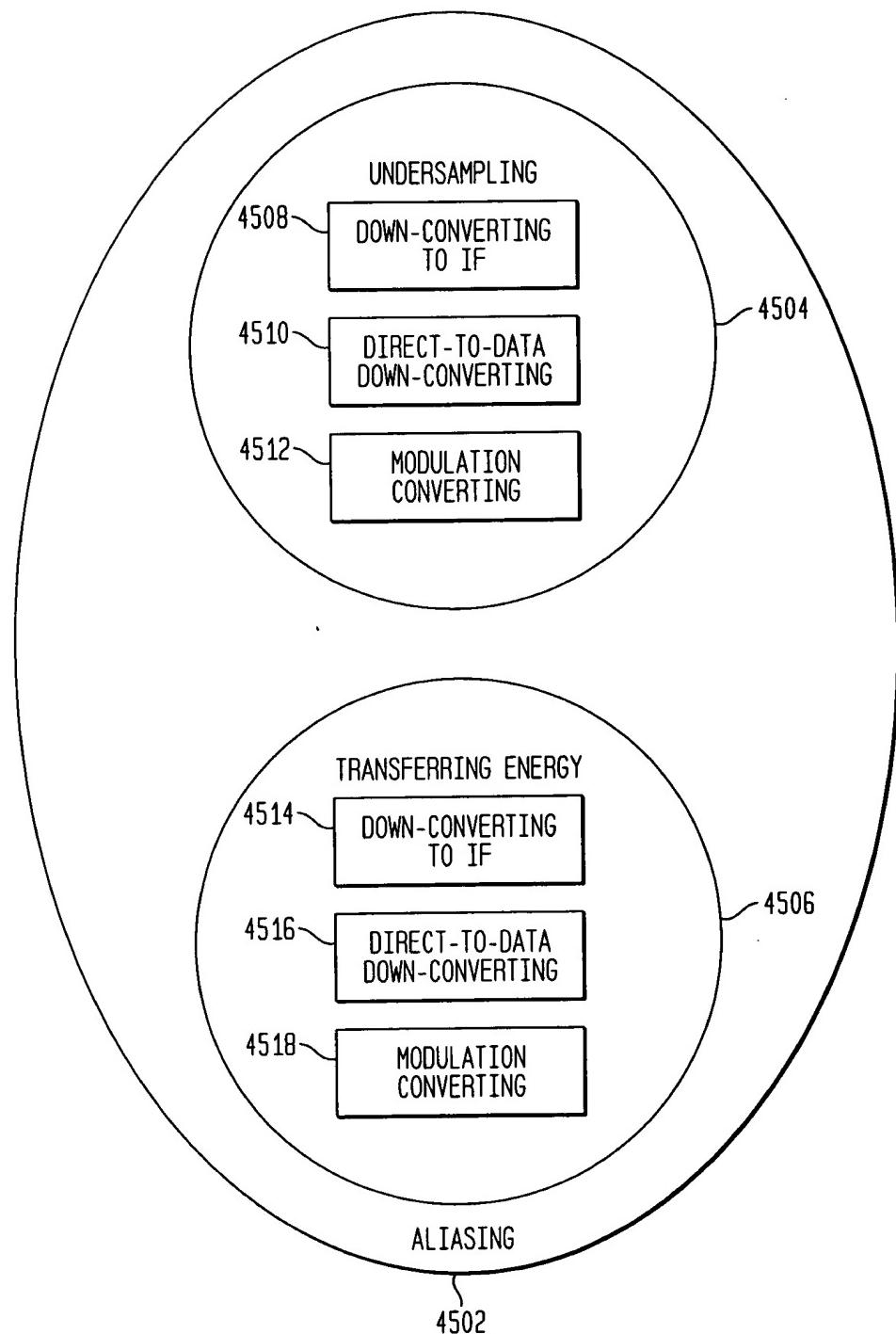


FIG. 46A

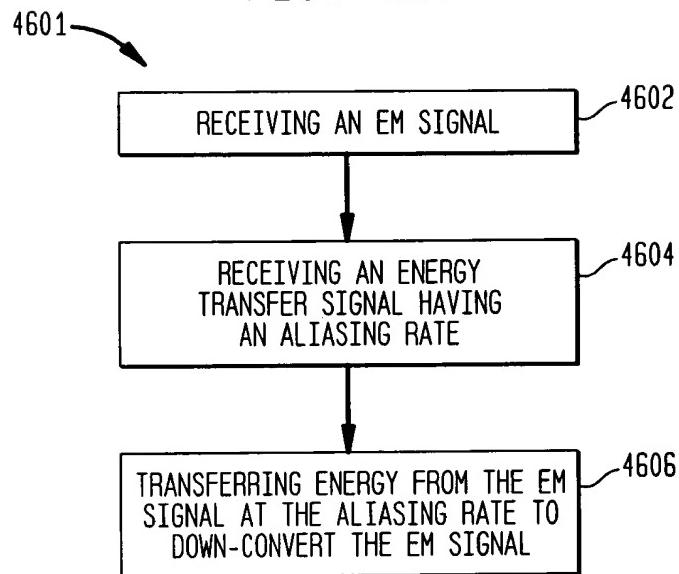


FIG. 46B

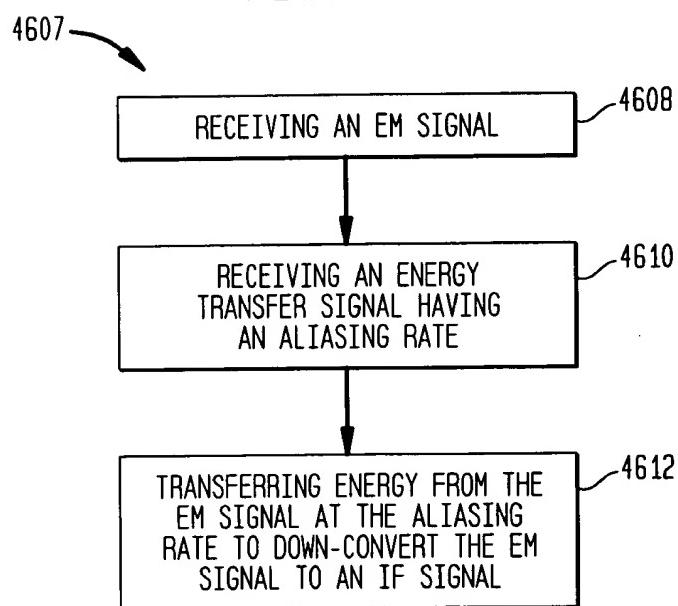


FIG. 46C

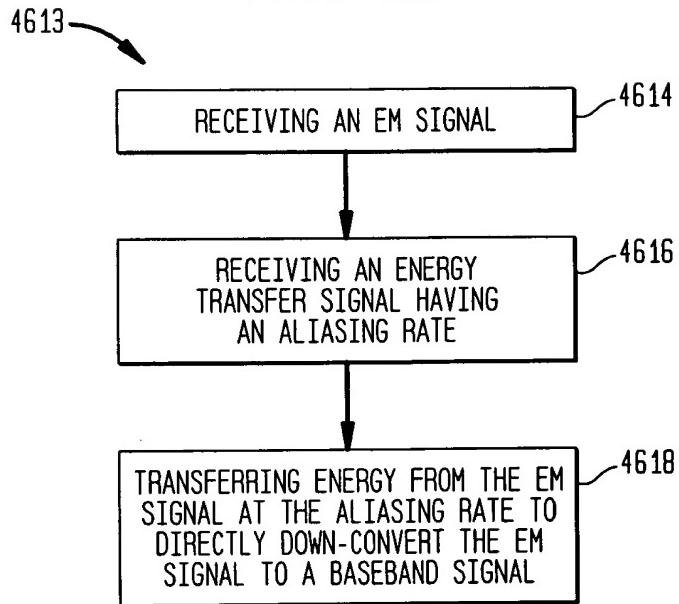


FIG. 46D

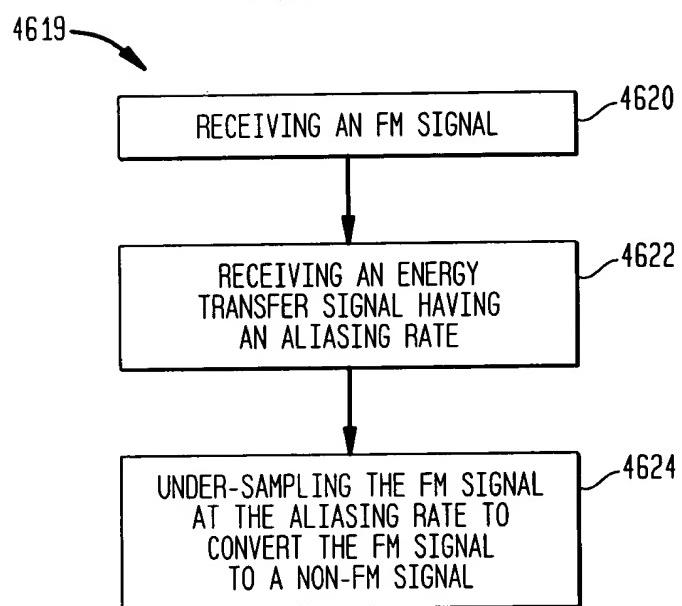


FIG. 47E

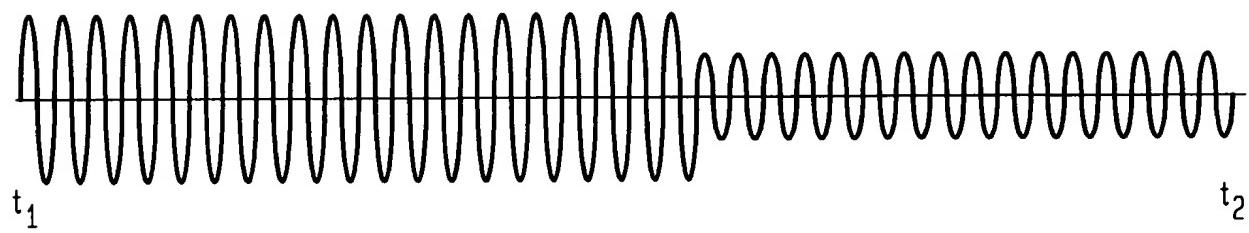


FIG. 47A

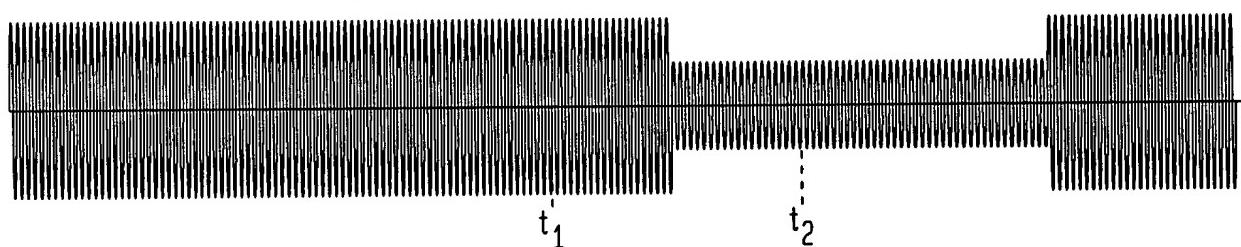


FIG. 47B



FIG. 47C

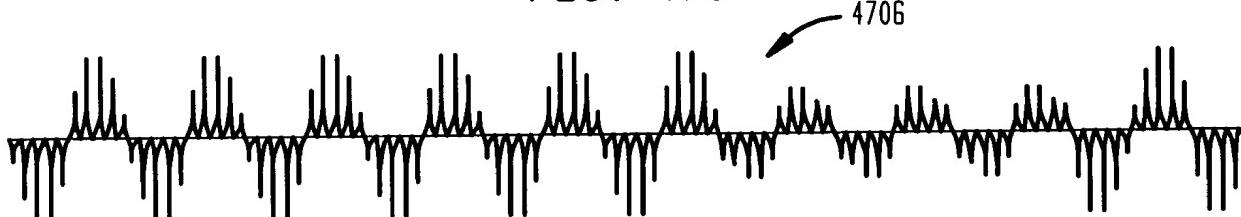


FIG. 47D

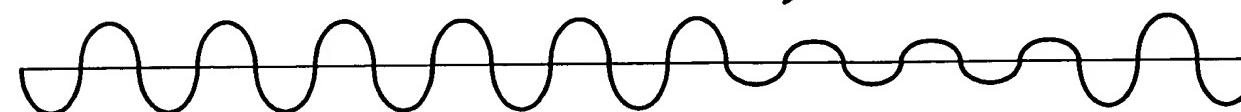
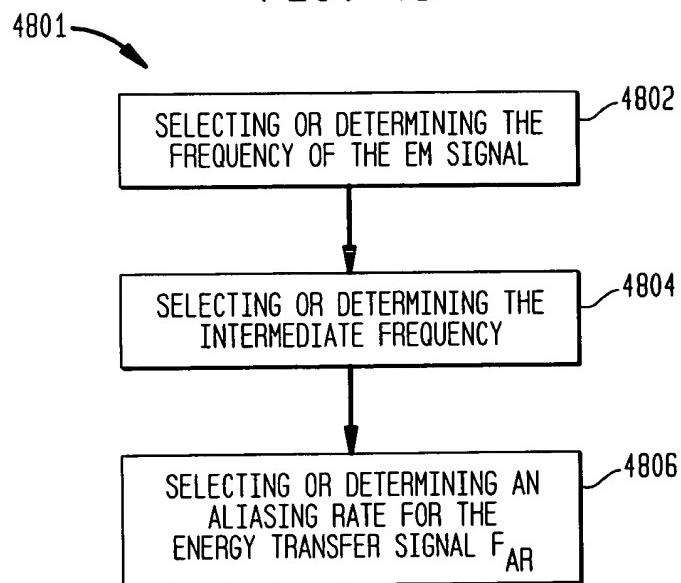


FIG. 48



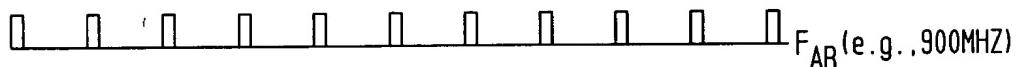
4902

**FIG. 49A**



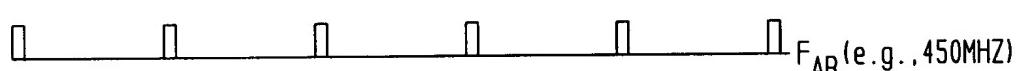
4904

**FIG. 49B**



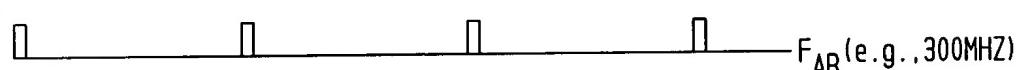
4906

**FIG. 49C**



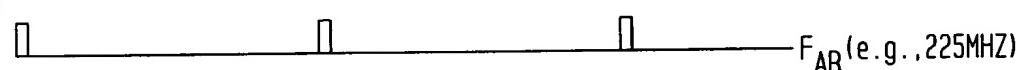
4908

**FIG. 49D**



4910

**FIG. 49E**



4912

**FIG. 49F**



4914

**FIG. 49G**



4916

**FIG. 49H**



516  
(e.g., 901MHz)

FIG. 50A

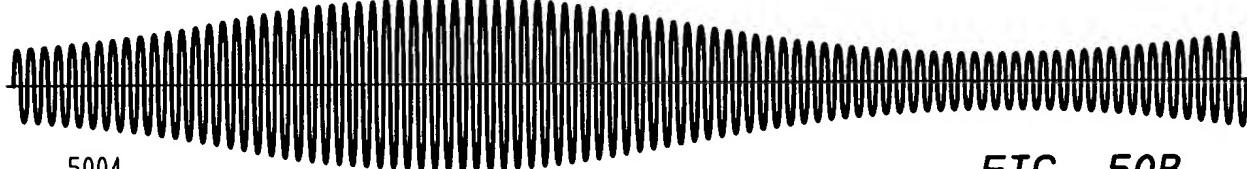


FIG. 50B

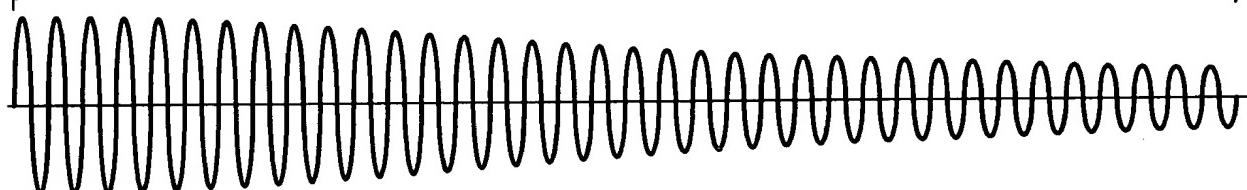


FIG. 50D

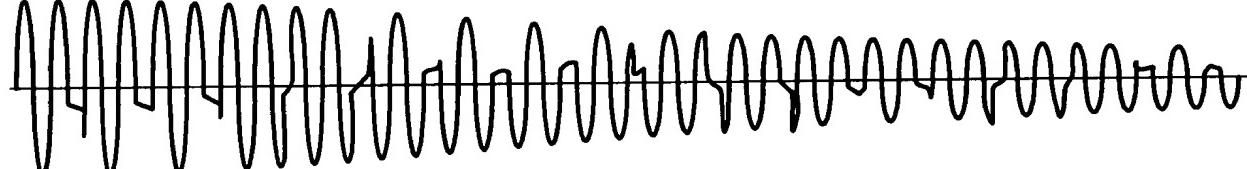


FIG. 50C

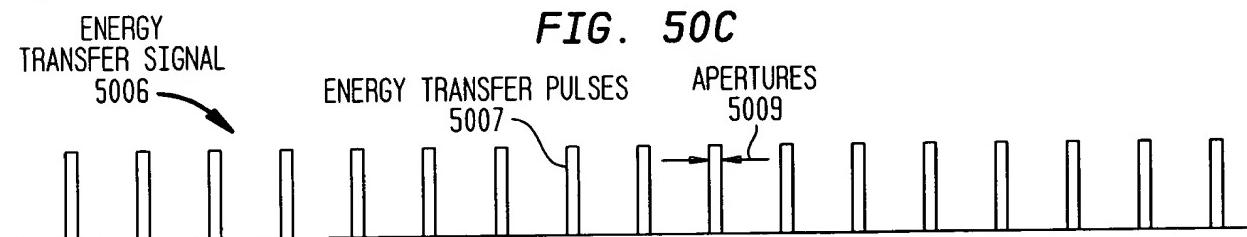


FIG. 50E

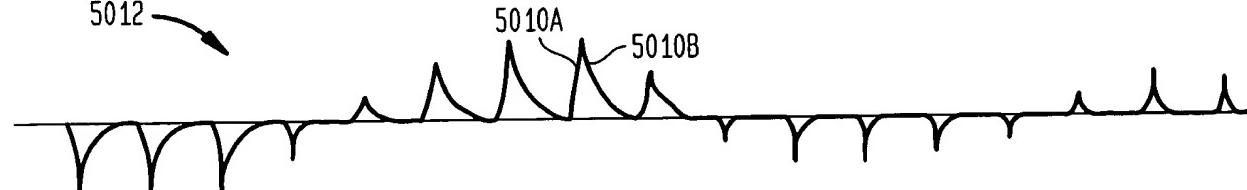


FIG. 50F

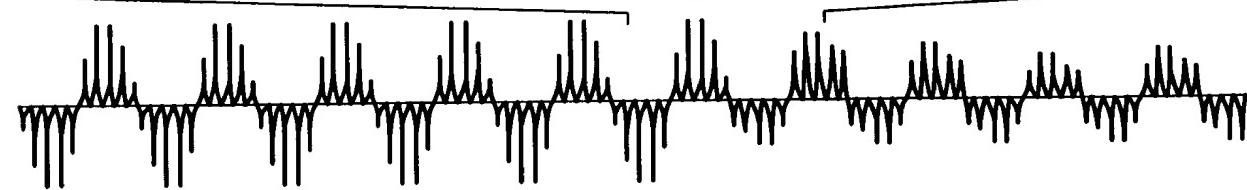
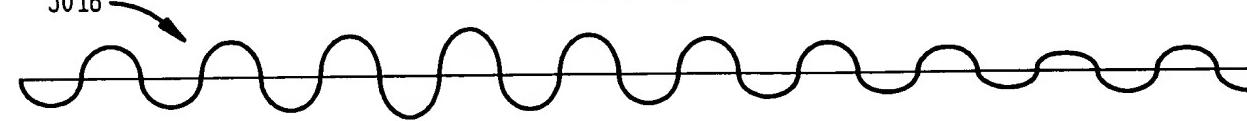
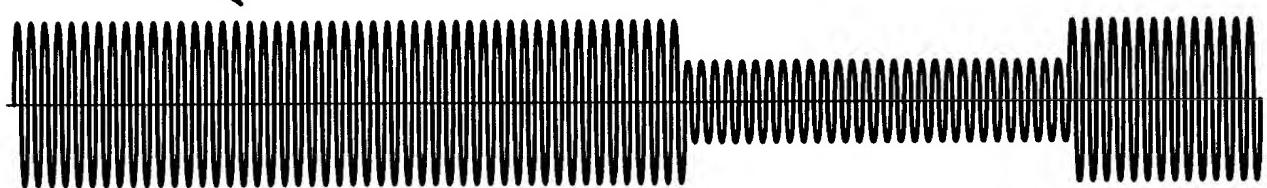


FIG. 50G



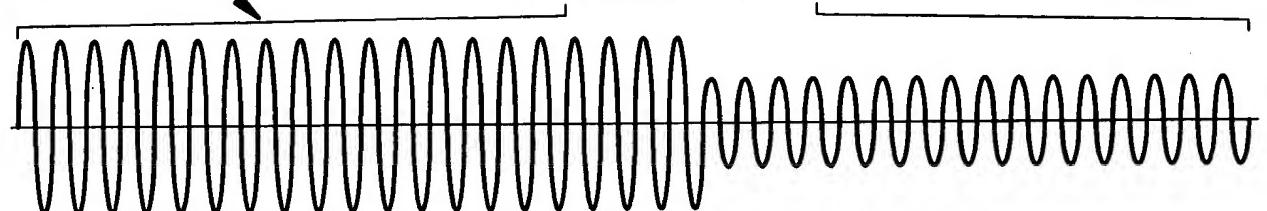
616

FIG. 51A



5104

FIG. 51B



5108

FIG. 51D

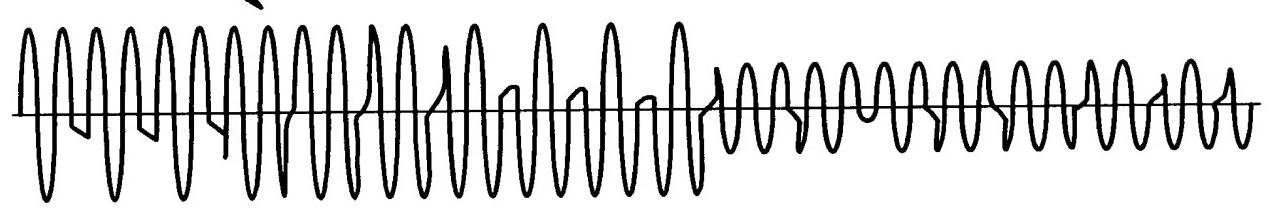
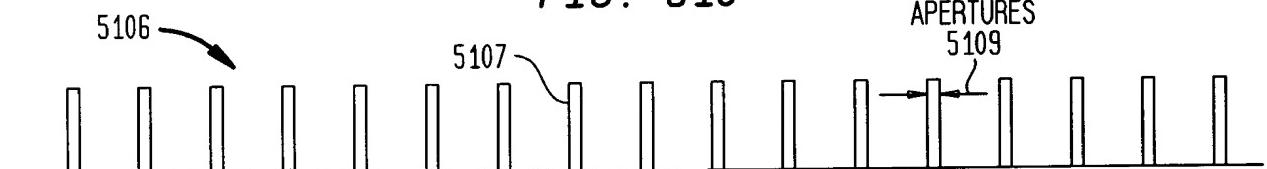


FIG. 51C



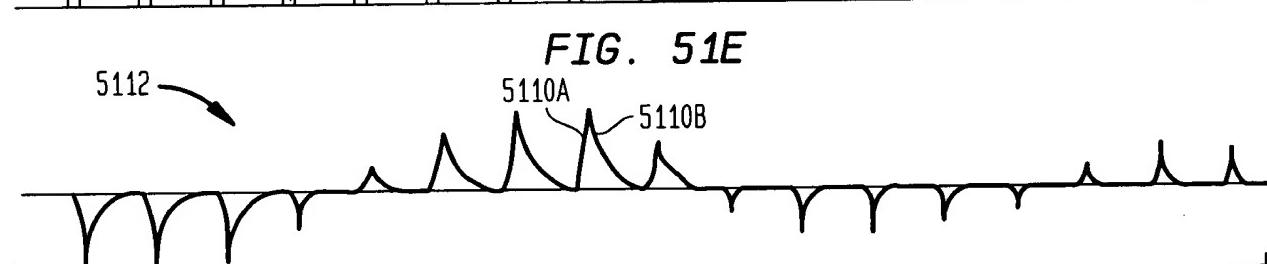
5106

5107

APERTURES

5109

FIG. 51E

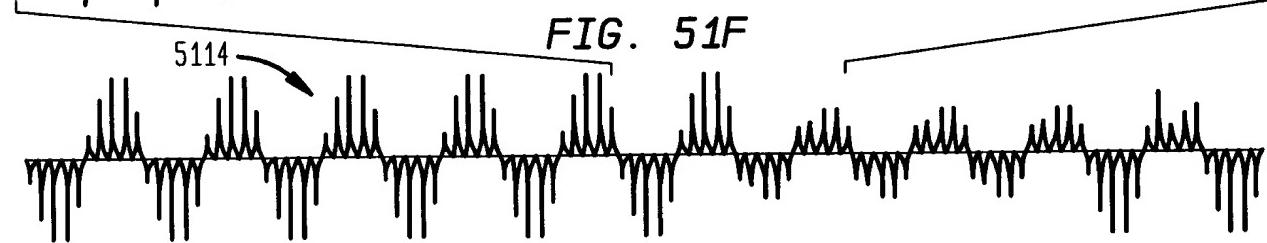


5112

5110A

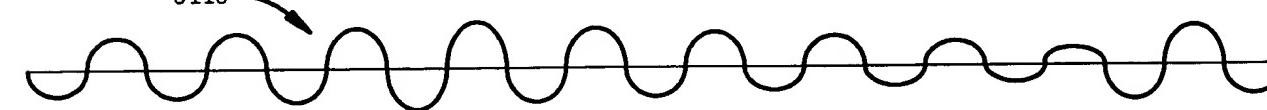
5110B

FIG. 51F



5114

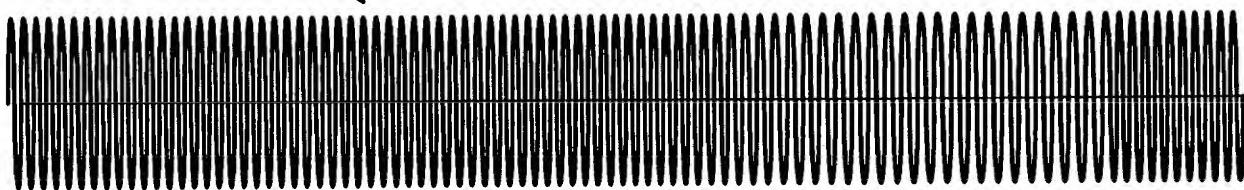
FIG. 51G



5116

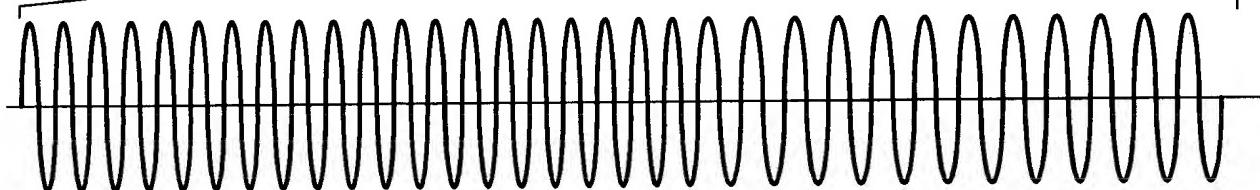
716

FIG. 52A



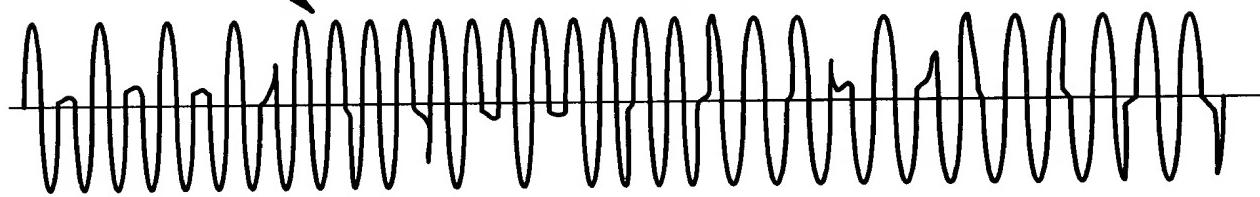
5204

FIG. 52B



5208

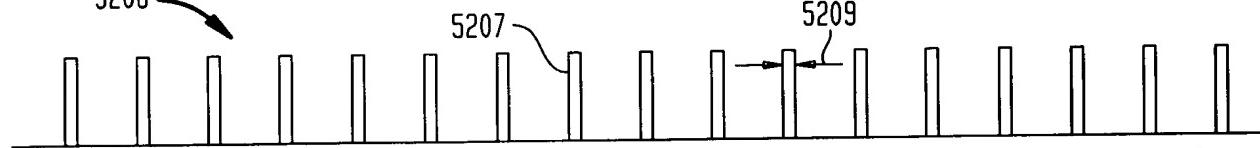
FIG. 52D



5206

FIG. 52C APERTURES  
5209

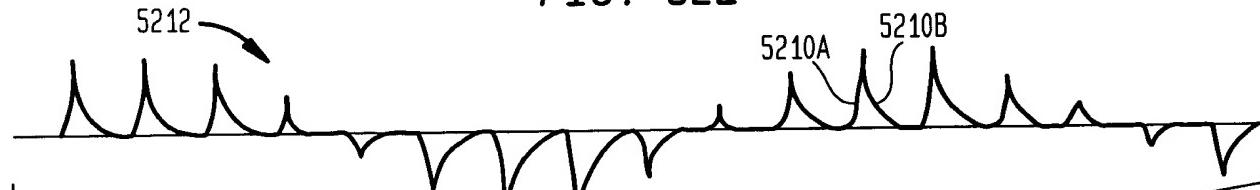
5207



5212

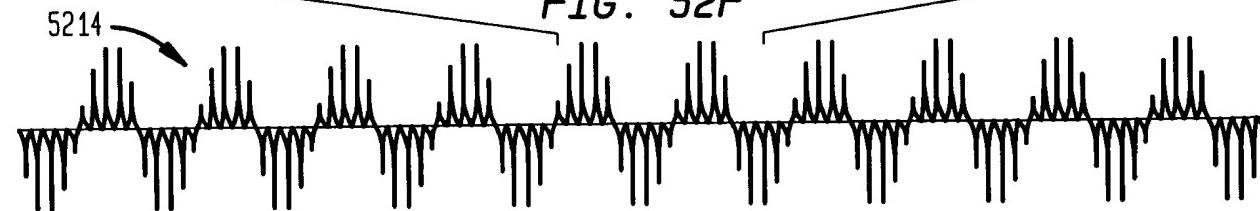
FIG. 52E

5210A 5210B



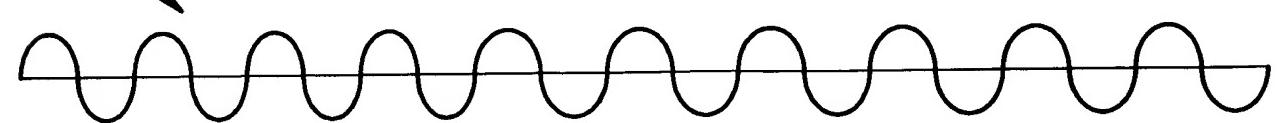
5214

FIG. 52F



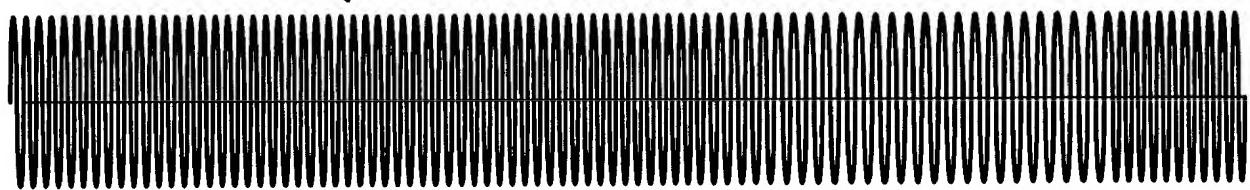
5216

FIG. 52G



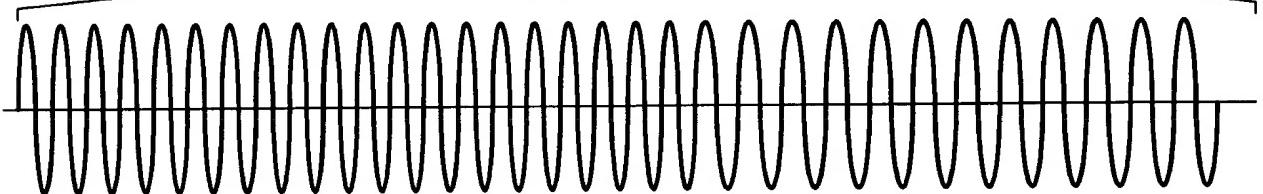
816

FIG. 53A



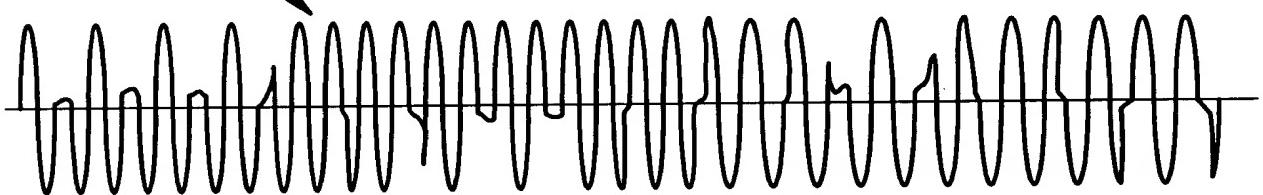
5304

FIG. 53B



5208

FIG. 53D



5306

FIG. 53C APERTURES

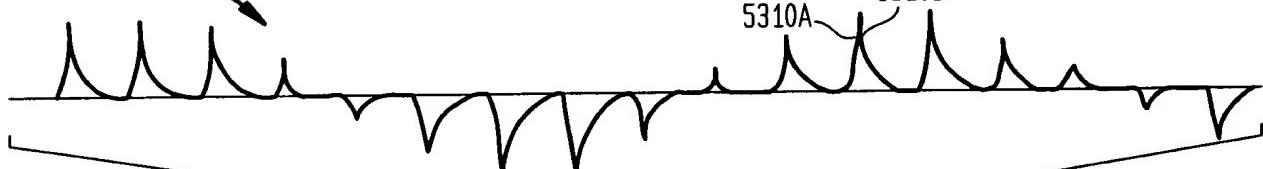
5307 5309



5312

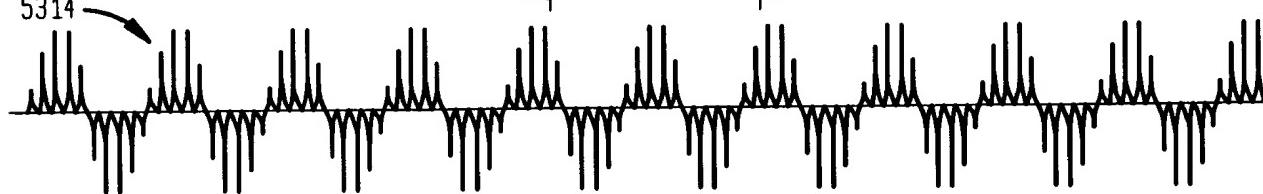
FIG. 53E

5310A 5310B



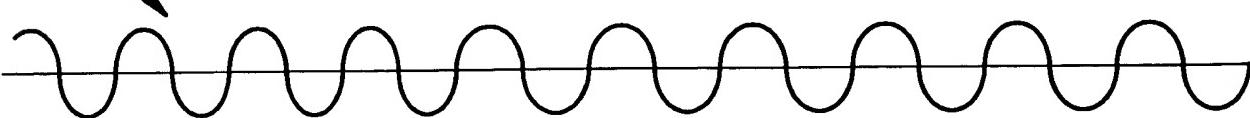
5314

FIG. 53F



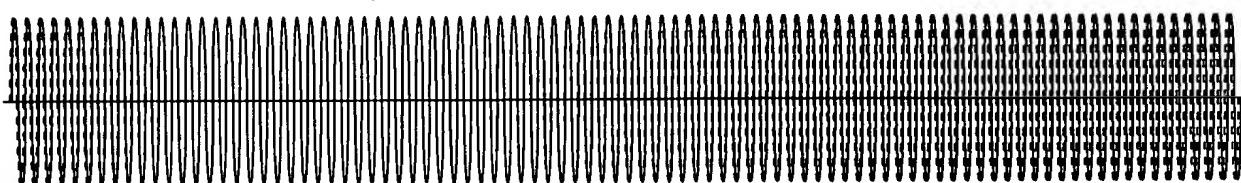
5316

FIG. 53G



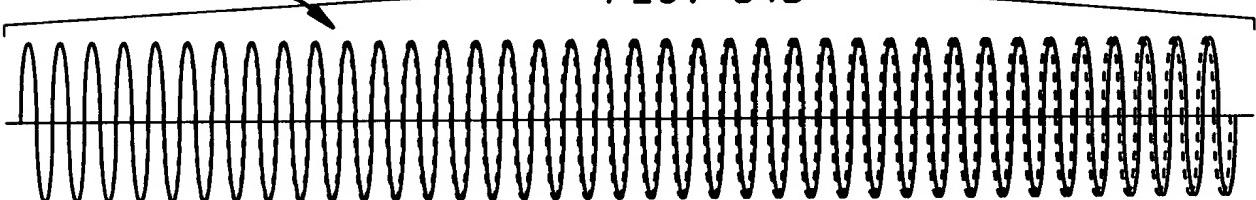
916

FIG. 54A



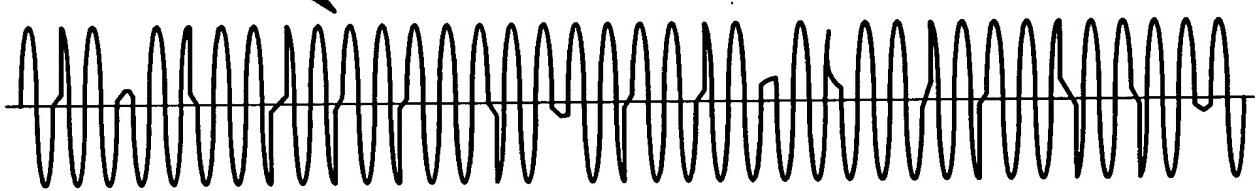
5404

FIG. 54B



5408

FIG. 54D

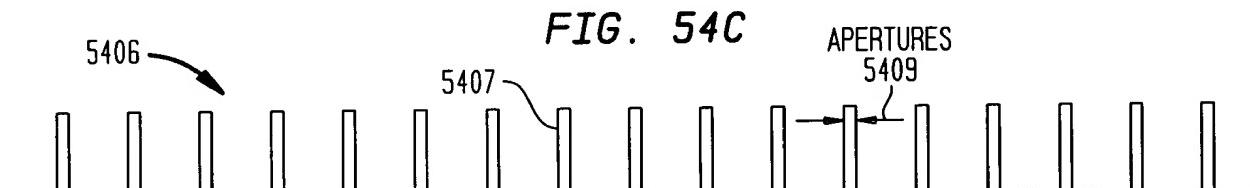


5406

FIG. 54C

5407

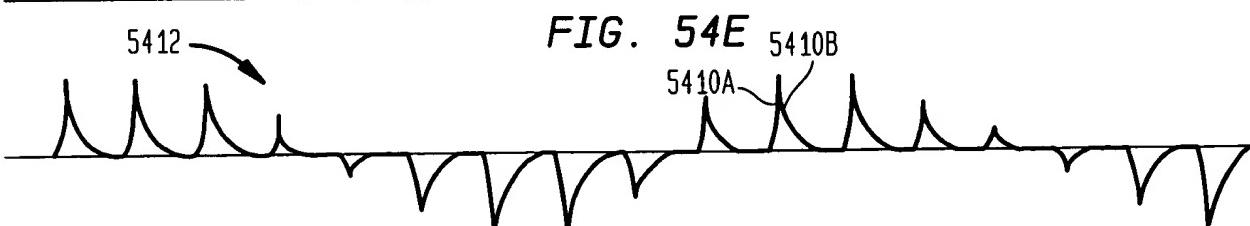
APERTURES  
5409



5412

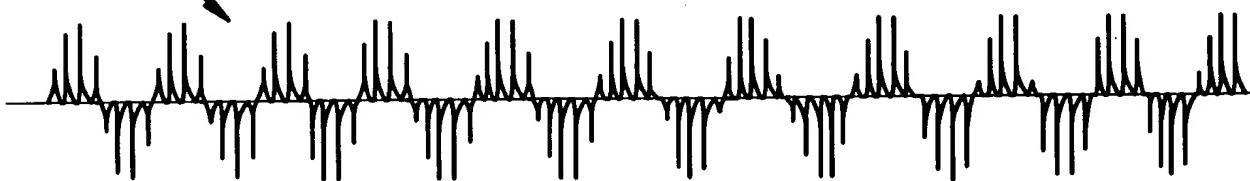
FIG. 54E

5410B  
5410A



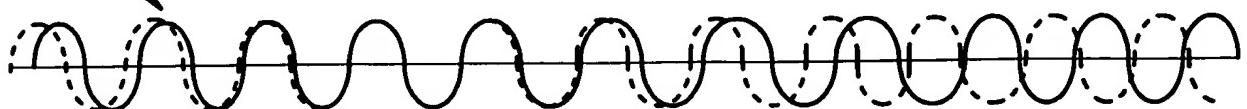
5414

FIG. 54F



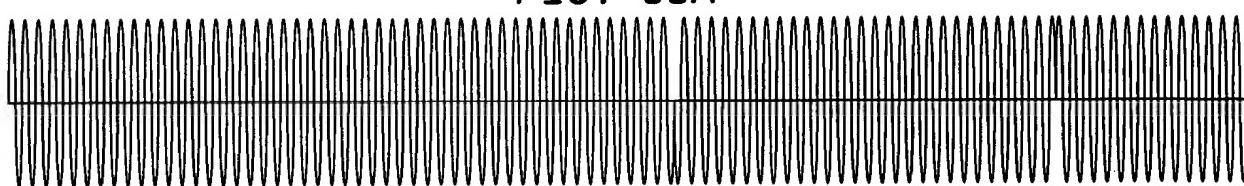
5416

FIG. 54G



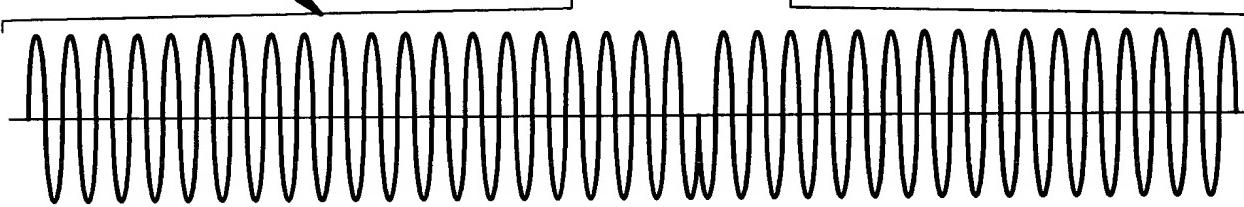
1016

FIG. 55A



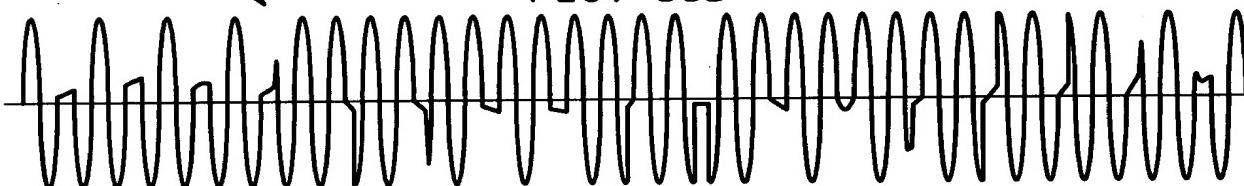
5504

FIG. 55B



5508

FIG. 55D

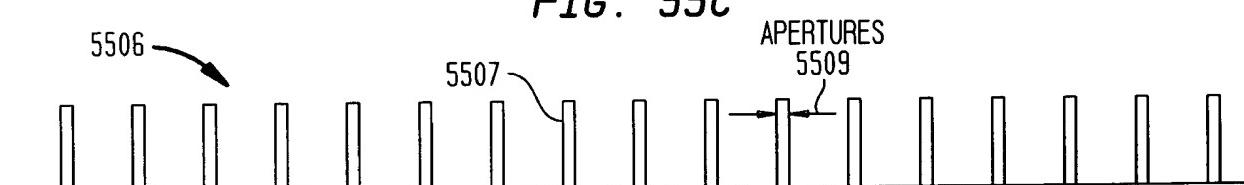


5506

FIG. 55C

5507

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5509



5512

FIG. 55E

5510A

5510B

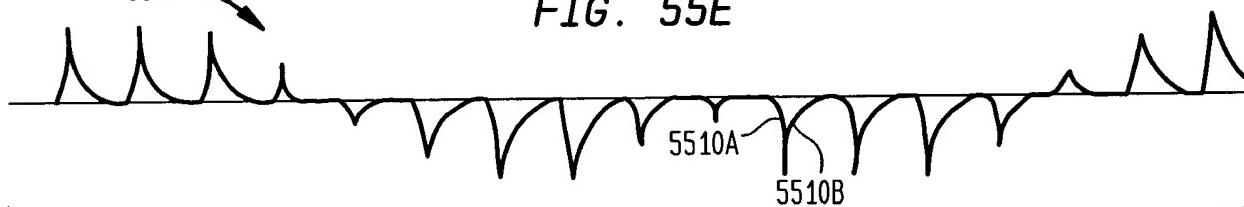
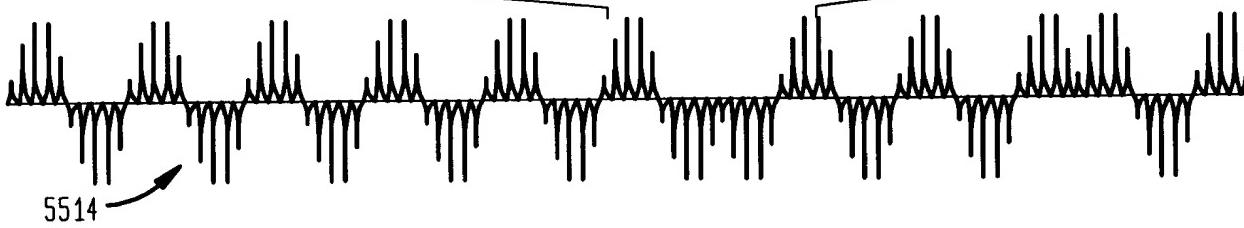


FIG. 55F



5516

FIG. 55G

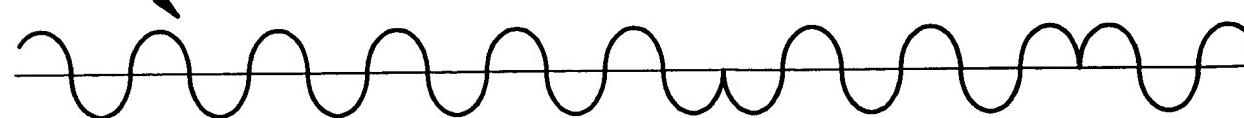


FIG. 56A

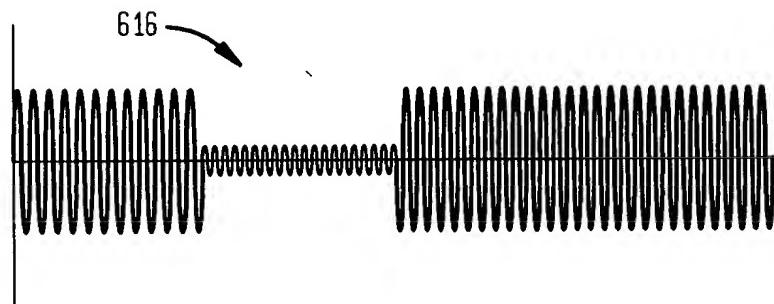


FIG. 56B

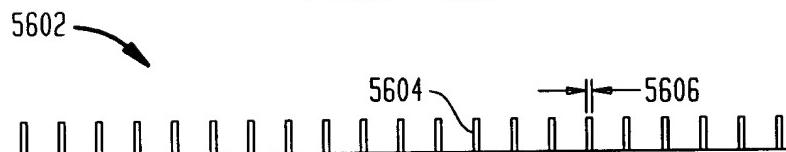


FIG. 56C



FIG. 56D

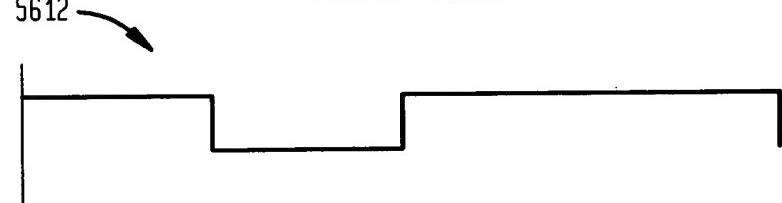


FIG. 57A

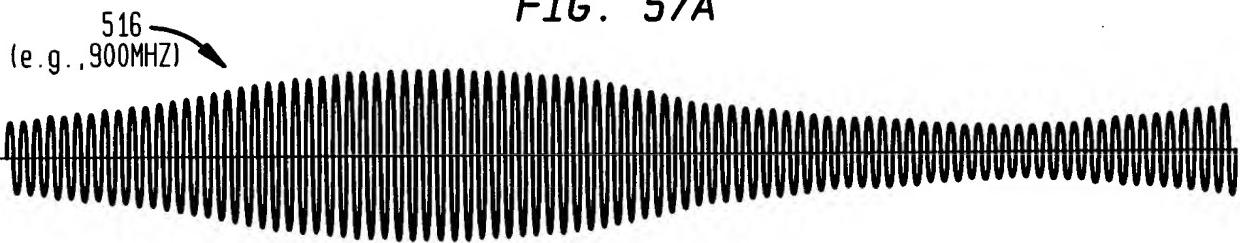


FIG. 57B

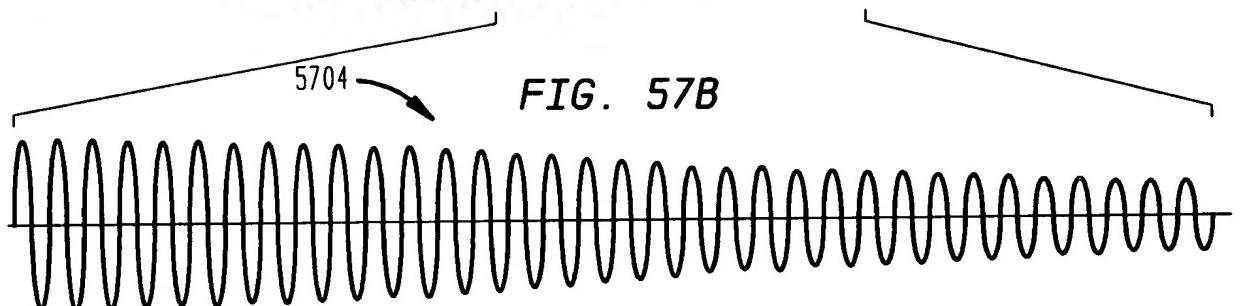


FIG. 57D

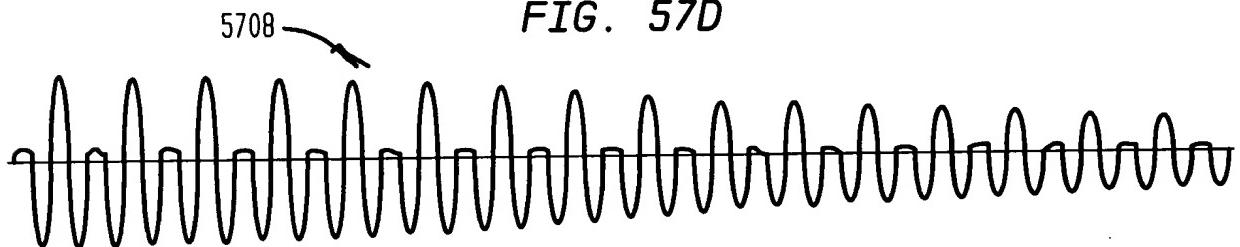


FIG. 57C

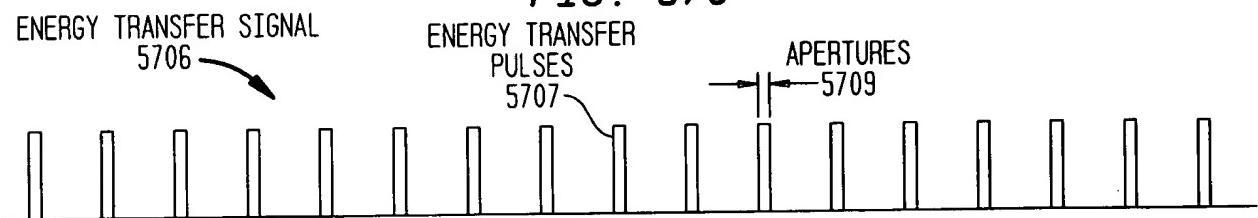


FIG. 57E



FIG. 57F

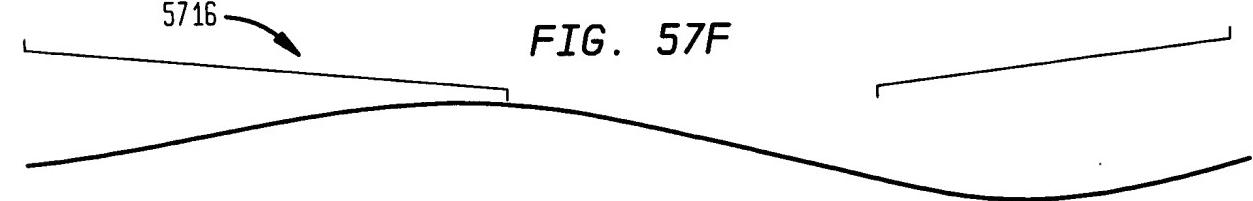


FIG. 58A

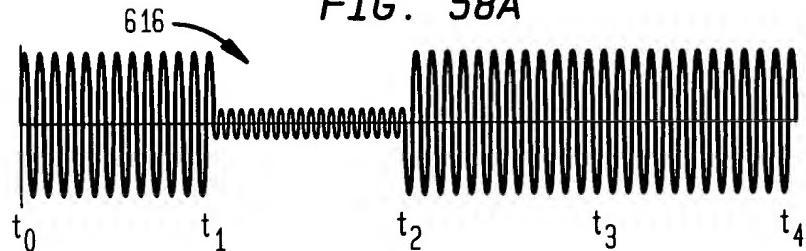


FIG. 58B

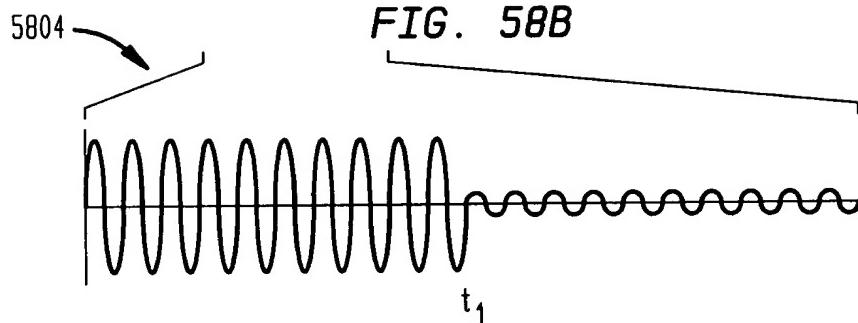


FIG. 58D

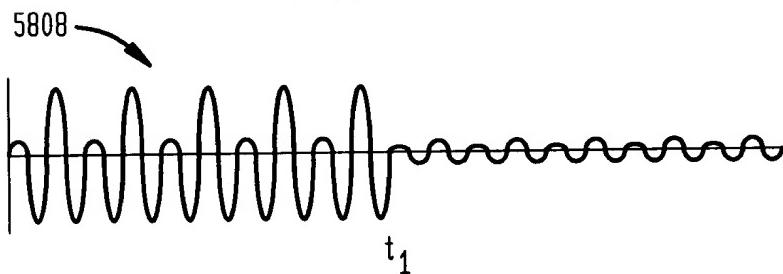


FIG. 58C

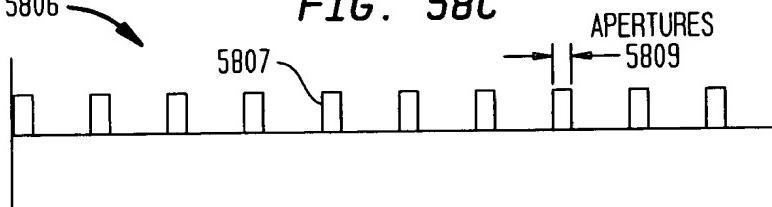


FIG. 58E

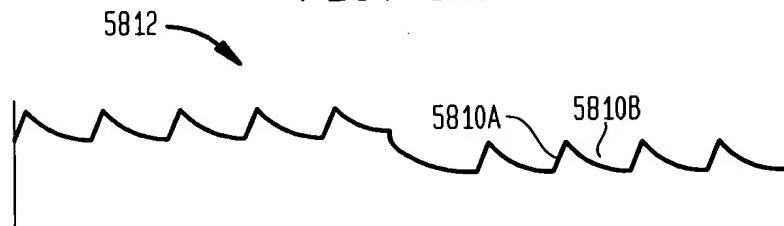


FIG. 58F

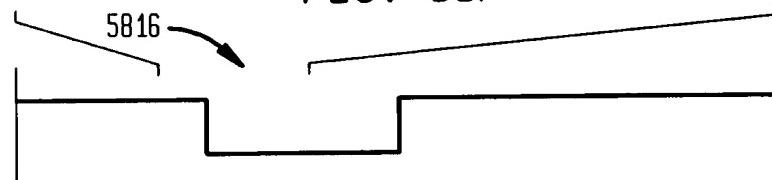


FIG. 59A

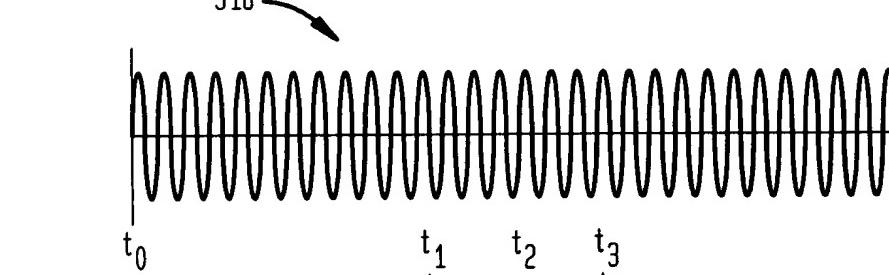


FIG. 59B

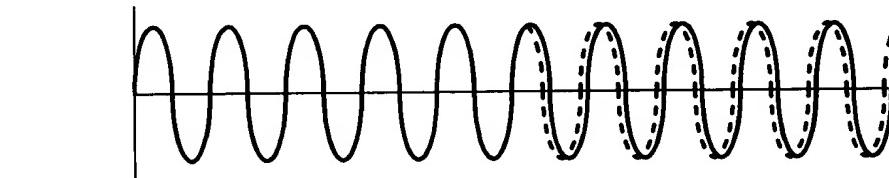


FIG. 59D

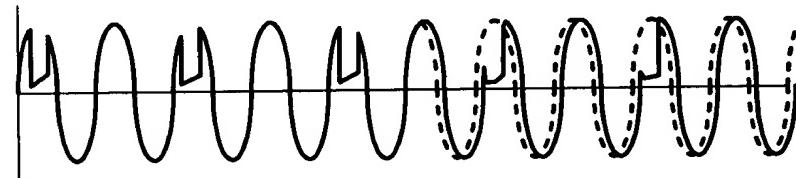


FIG. 59C

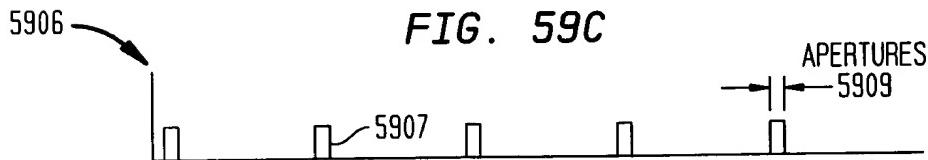


FIG. 59E

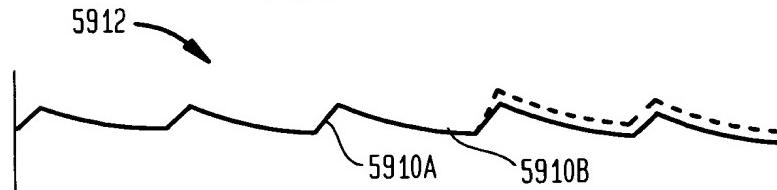
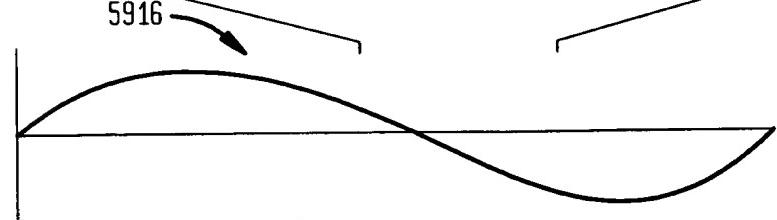
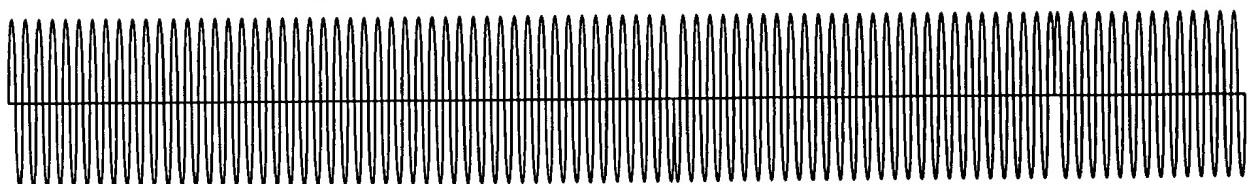


FIG. 59F



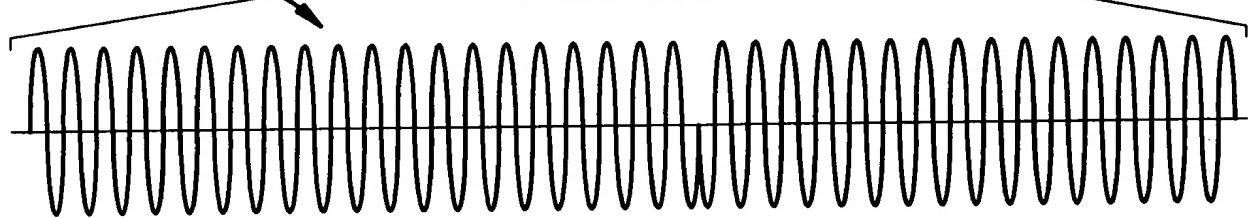
1016

FIG. 60A



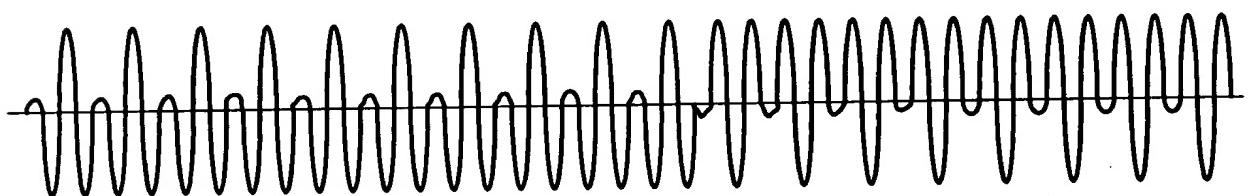
6004

FIG. 60B



6008

FIG. 60D

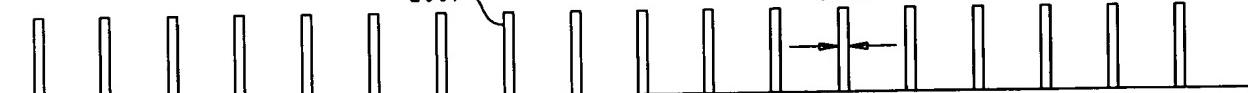


6006

FIG. 60C

6007

APERTURES  
6009



6012

FIG. 60E

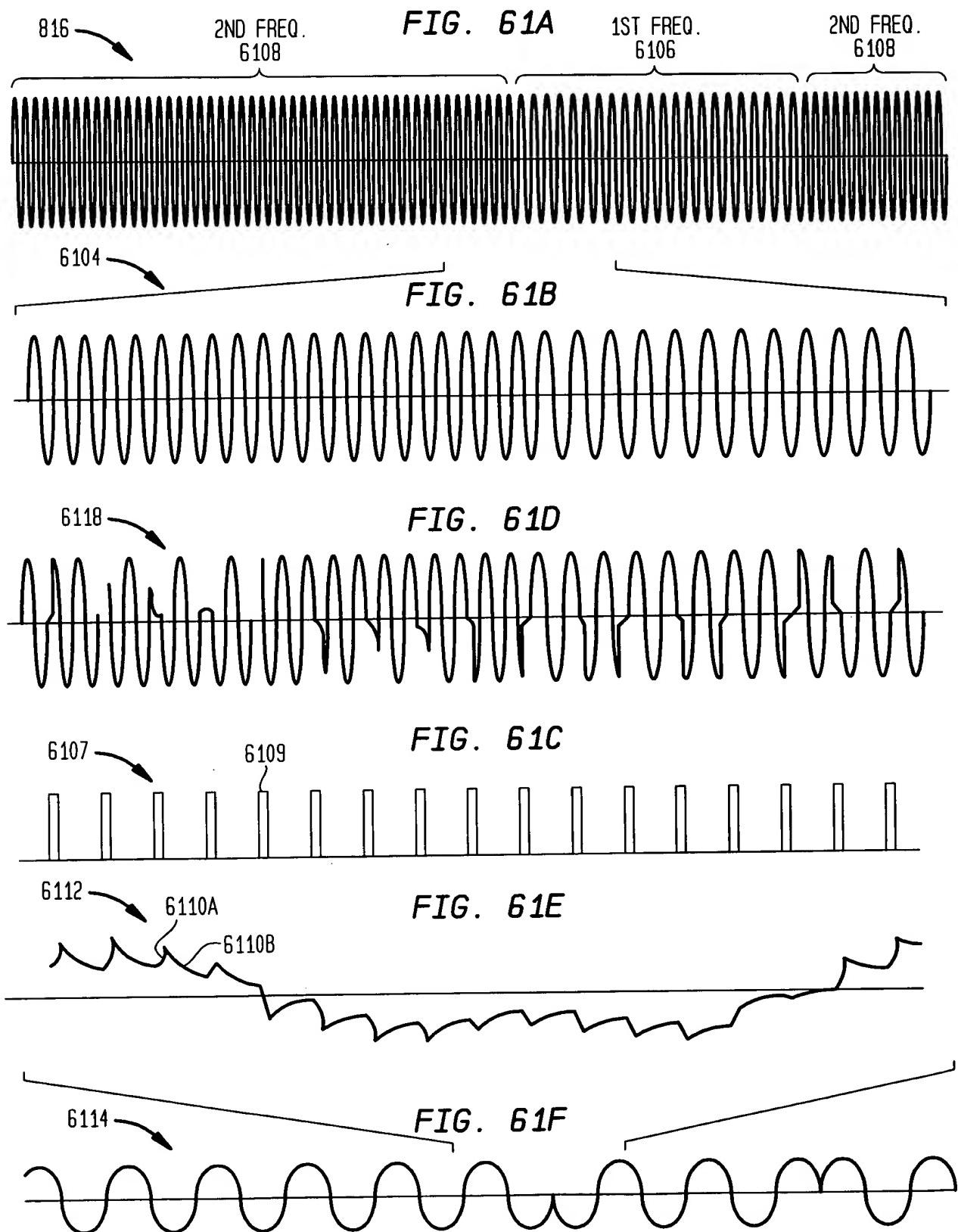
6010A 6010B

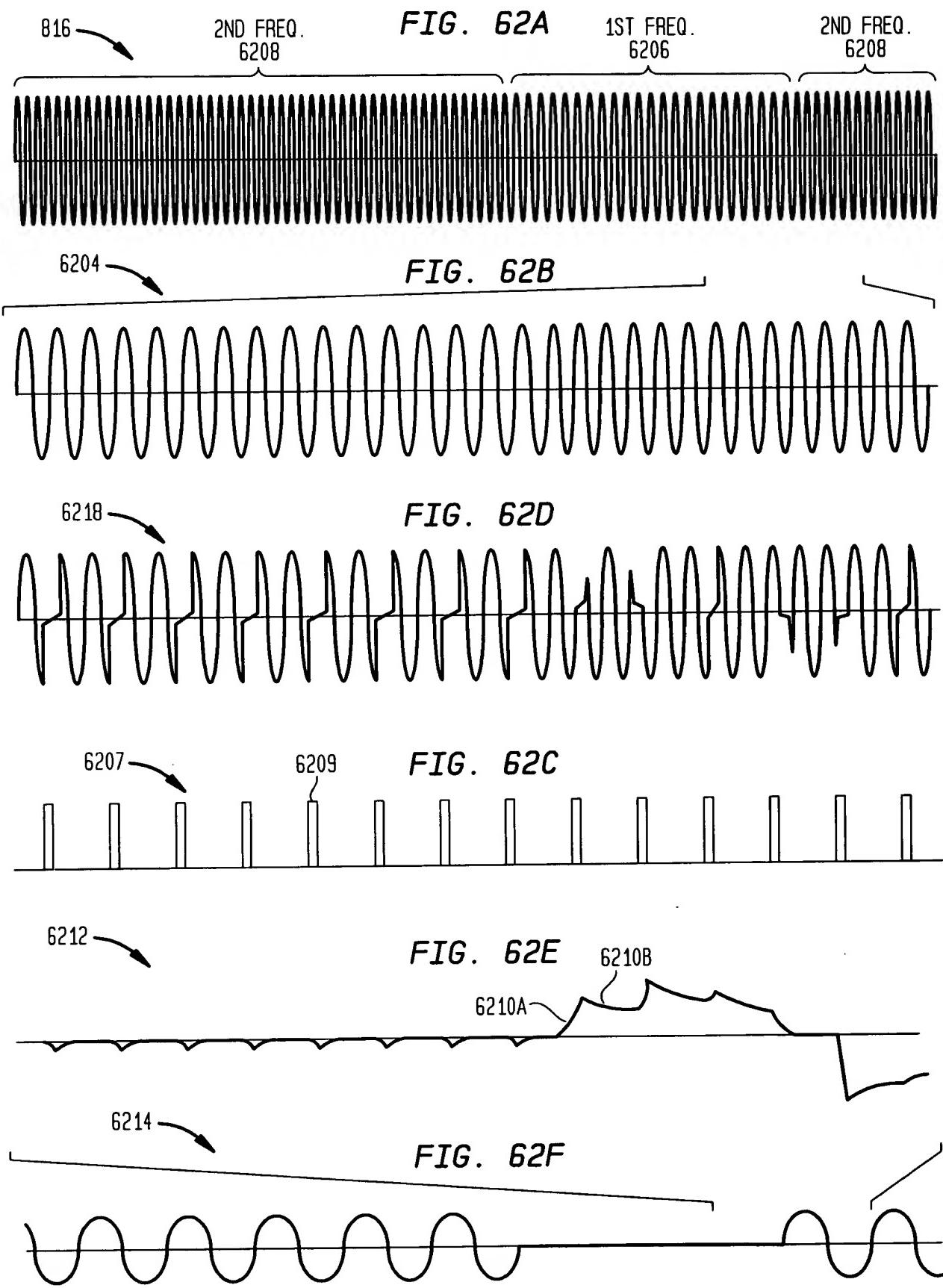


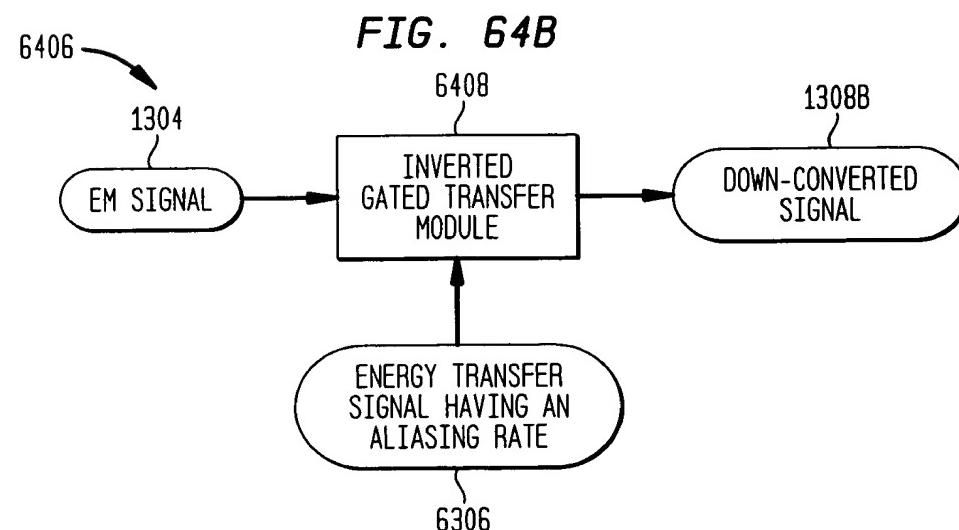
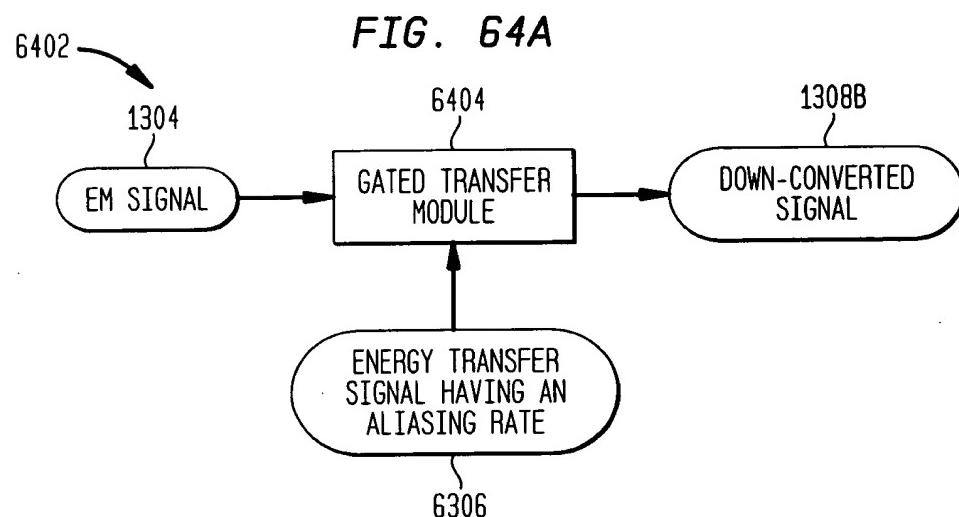
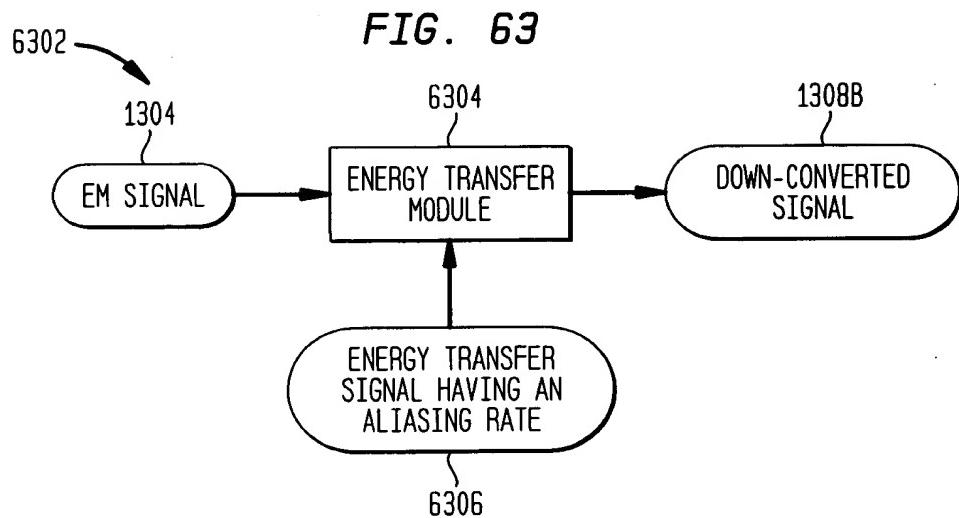
6016

FIG. 60F

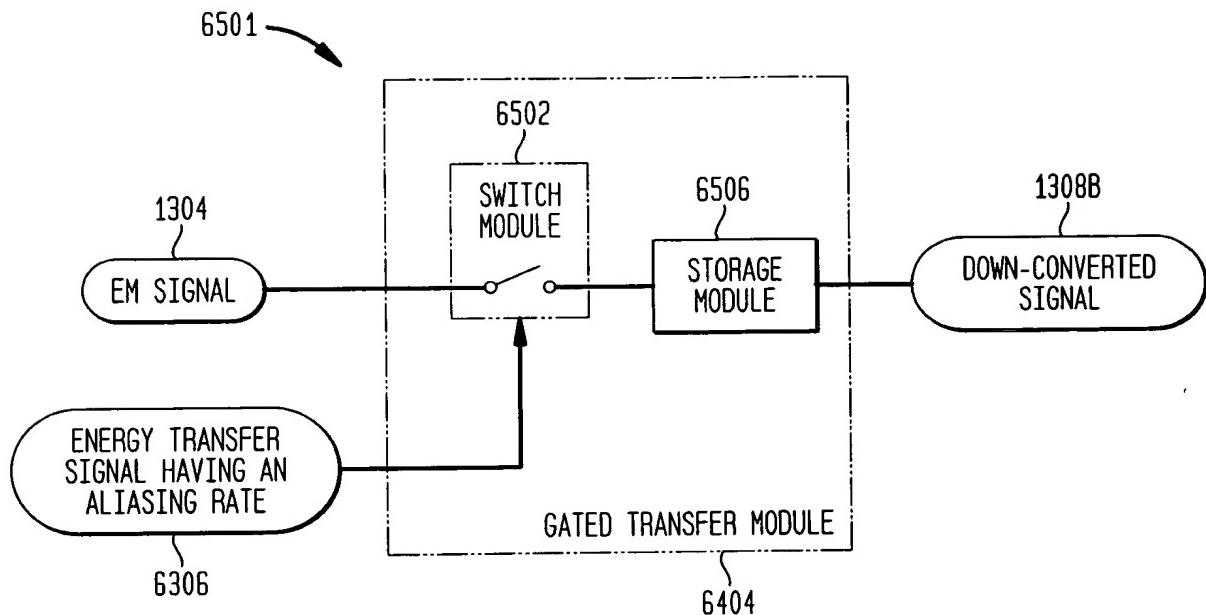




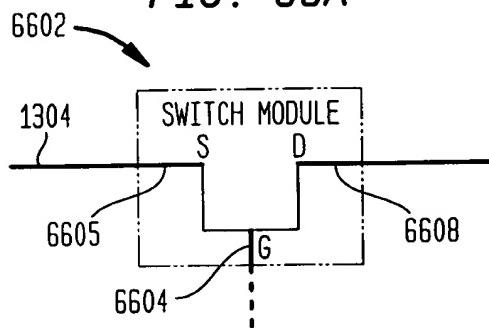




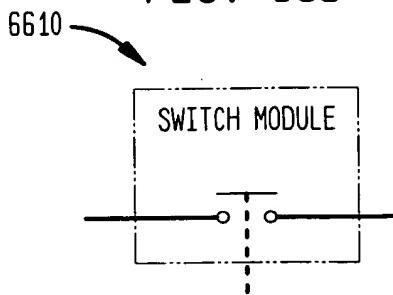
**FIG. 65**

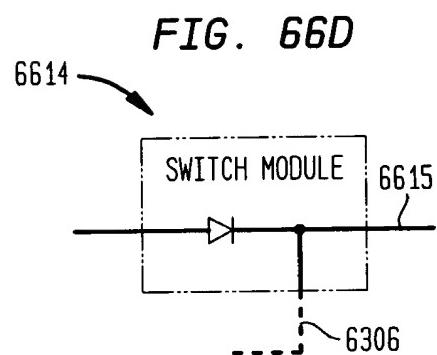
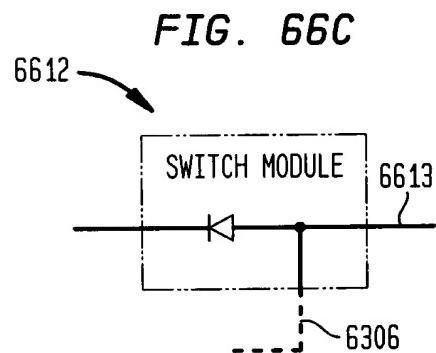


**FIG. 66A**



**FIG. 66B**





**FIG. 67A**

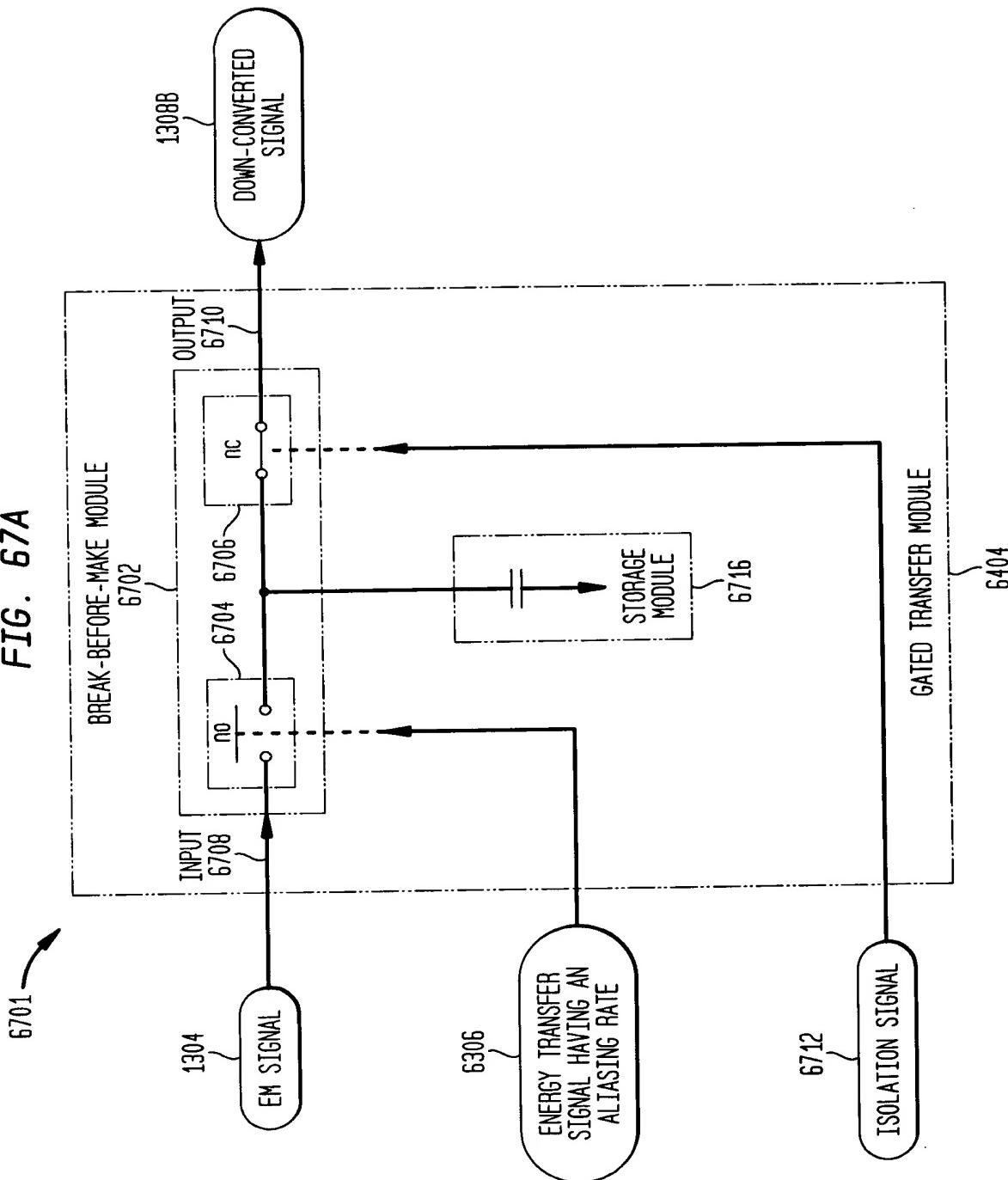


FIG. 67B

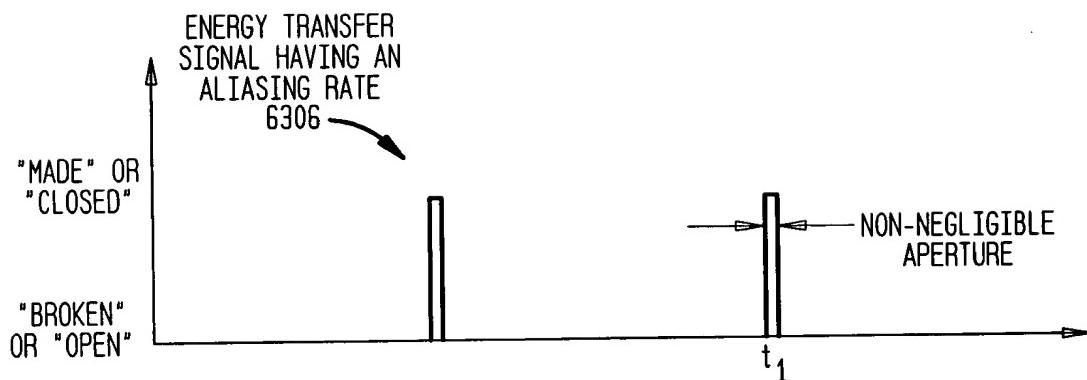


FIG. 67C

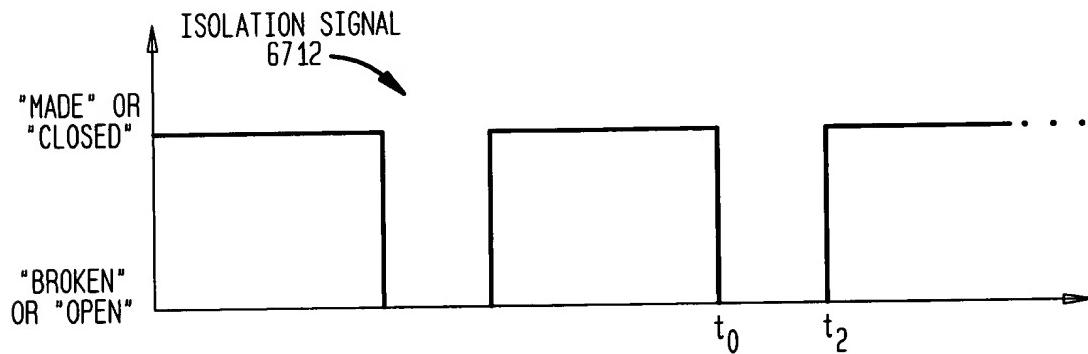


FIG. 68A

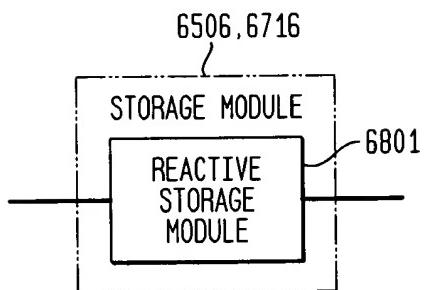


FIG. 68B

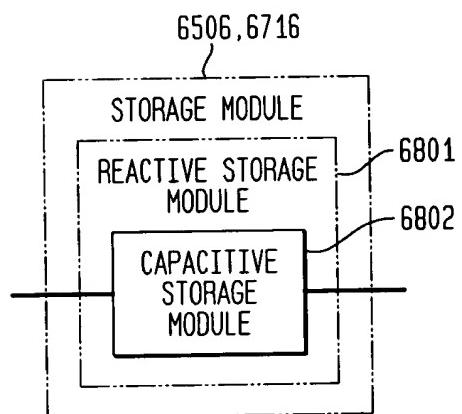
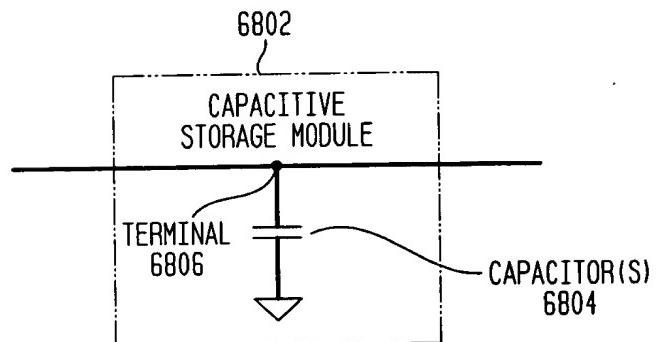
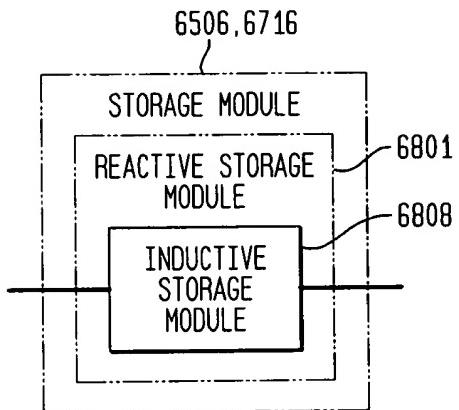


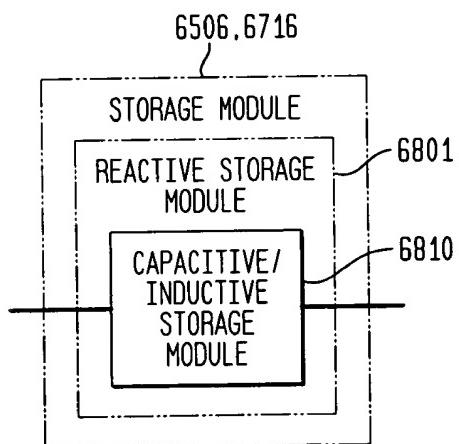
FIG. 68C



**FIG. 68D**



**FIG. 68E**



**FIG. 68F**

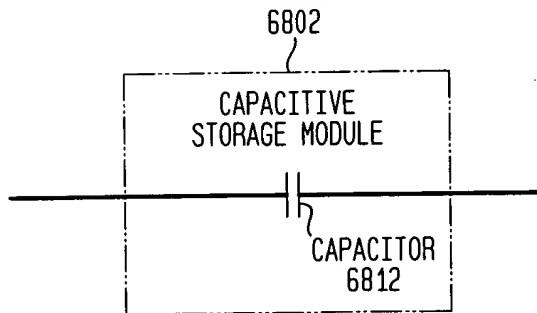


FIG. 68G

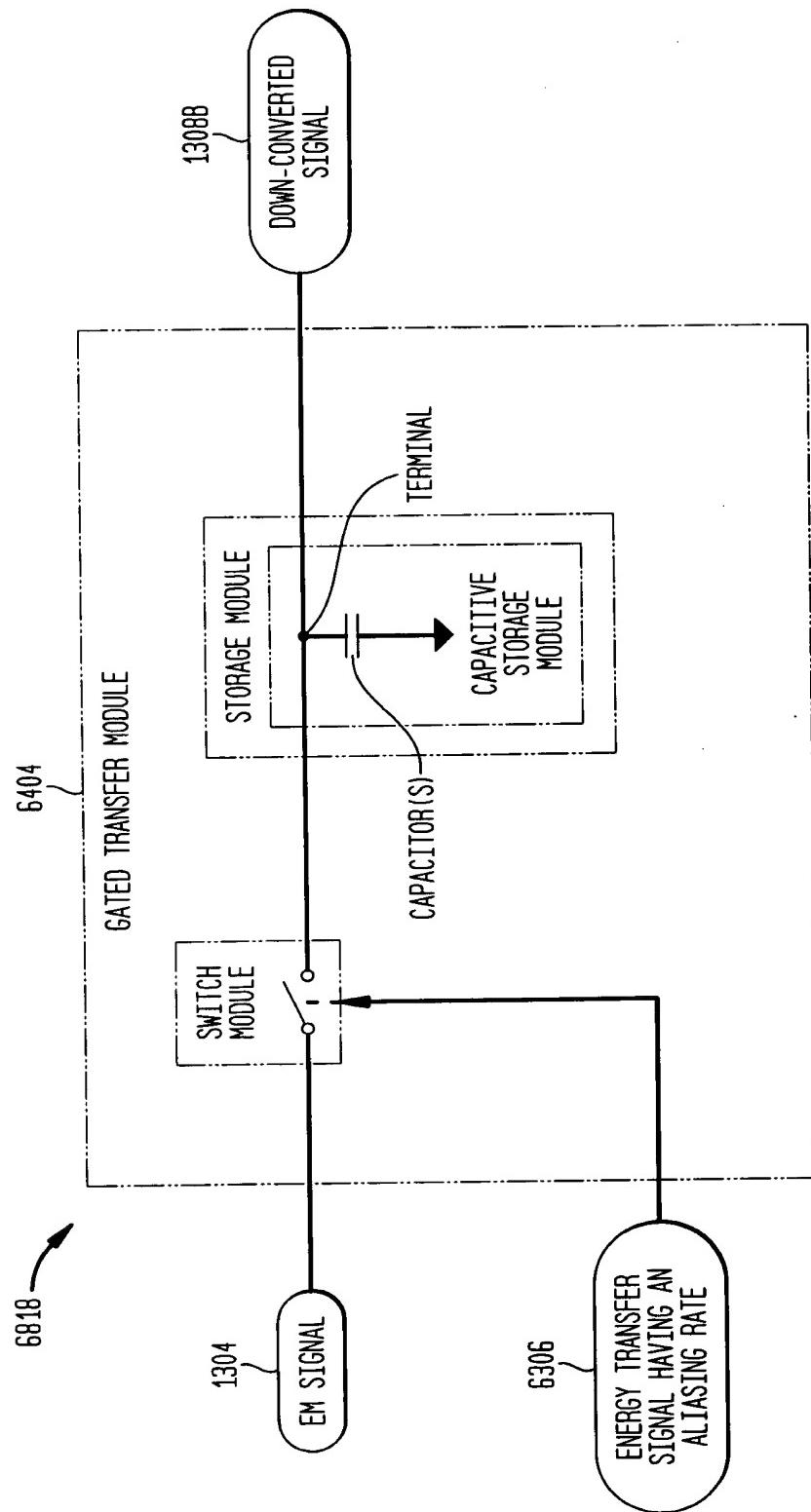
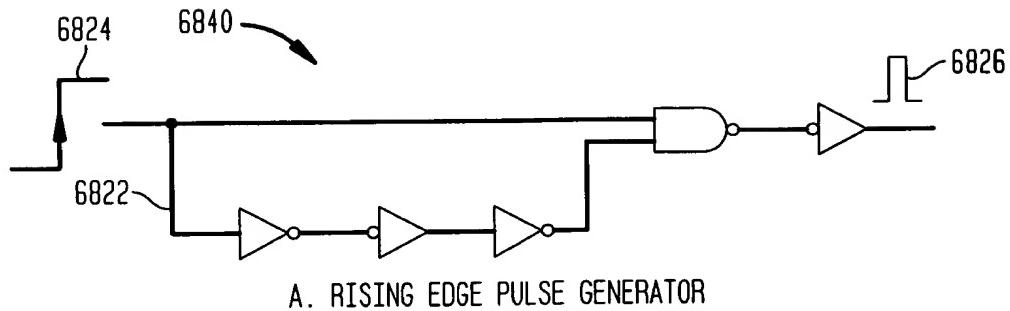
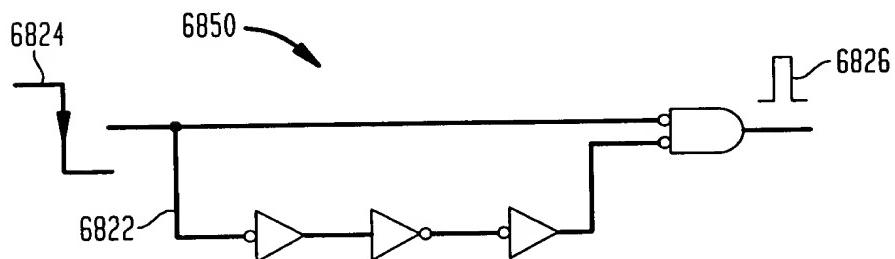


FIG. 68H



A. RISING EDGE PULSE GENERATOR

FIG. 68I



B. FALLING-EDGE PULSE GENERATOR

FIG. 68J

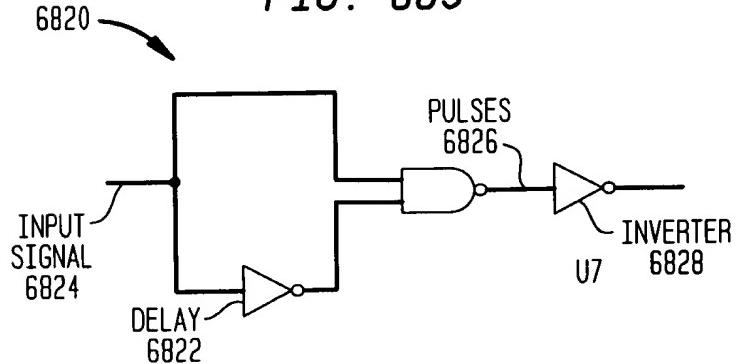


FIG. 68K

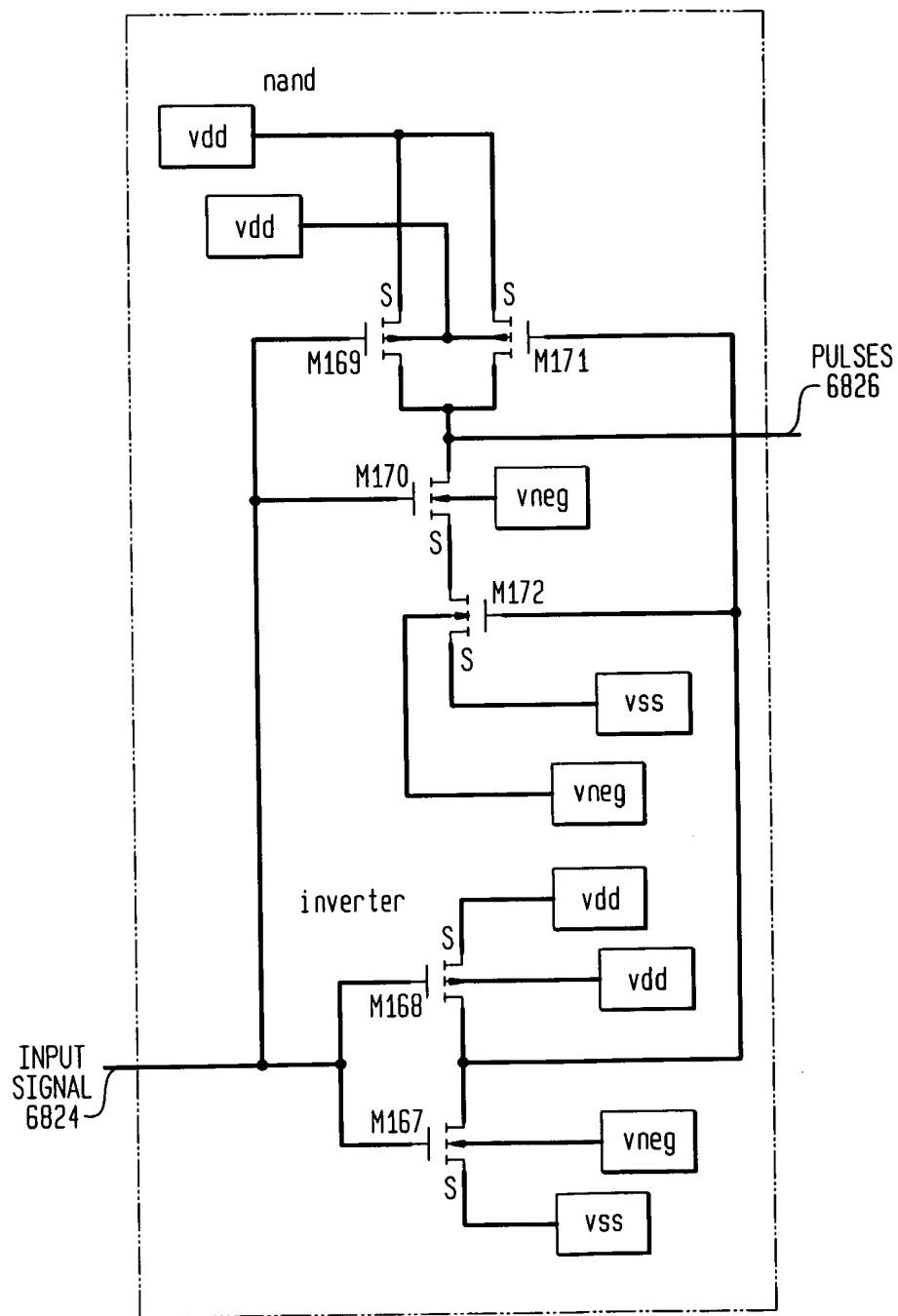


FIG. 68L

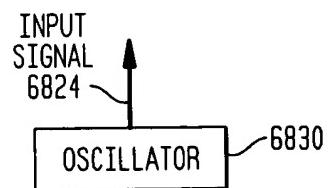
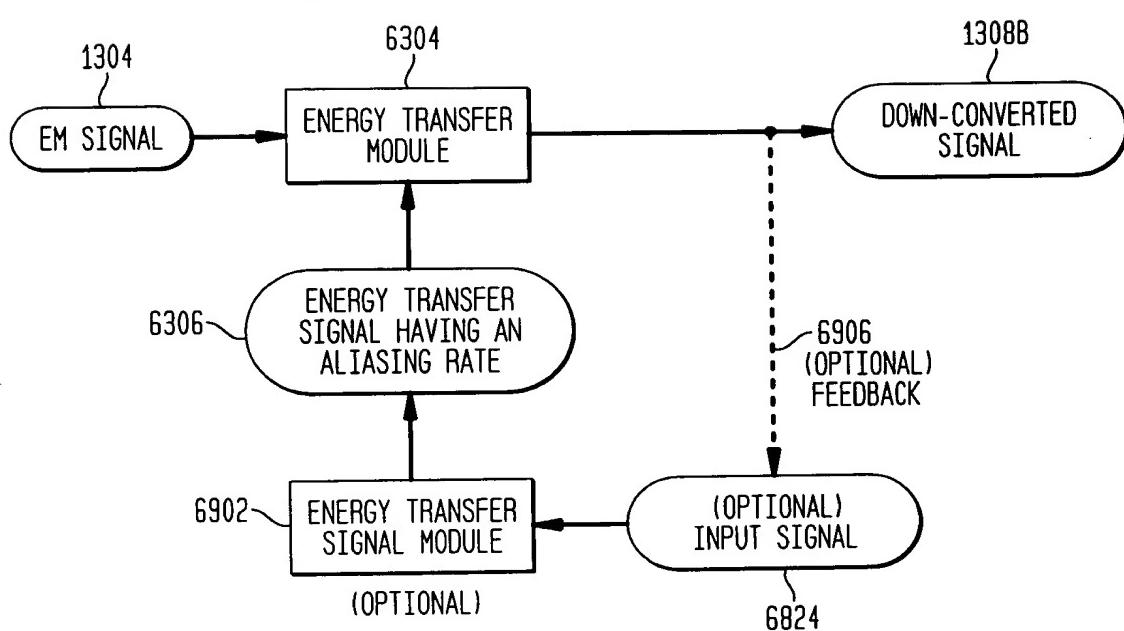
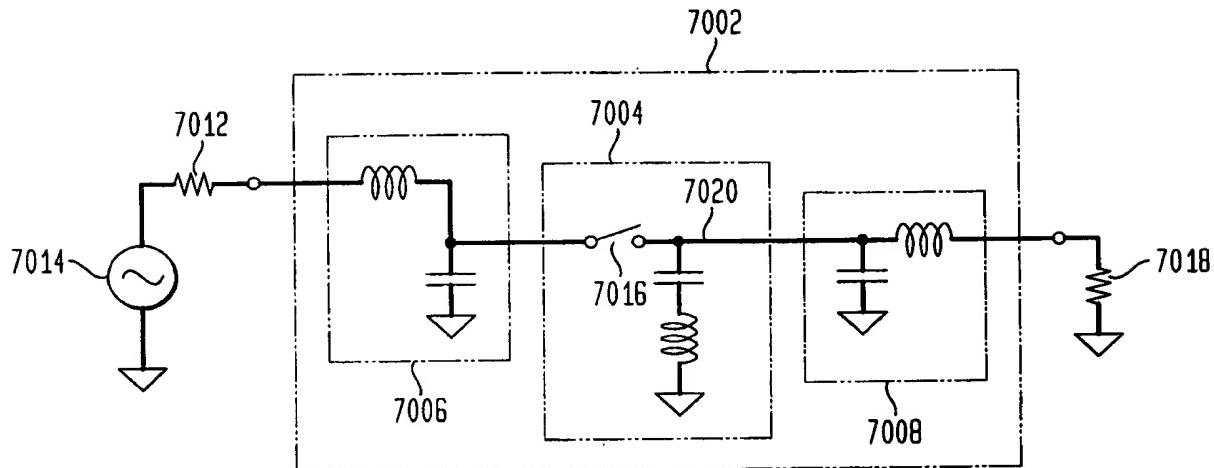


FIG. 69



**FIG. 70**  
**IMPEDANCE MATCHED ALIASING MODULE**



**FIG. 71A**

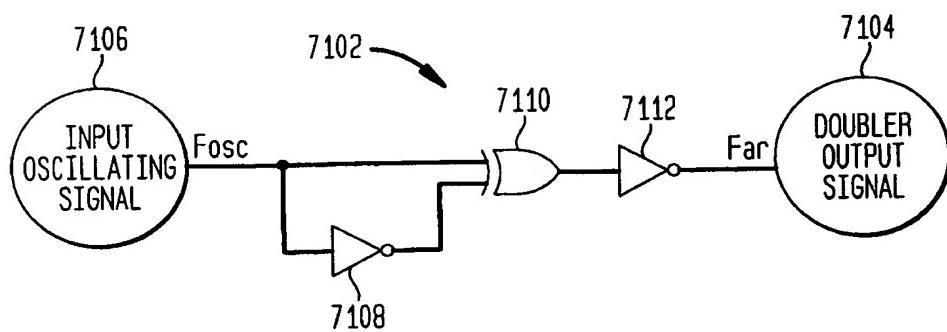


FIG. 71B

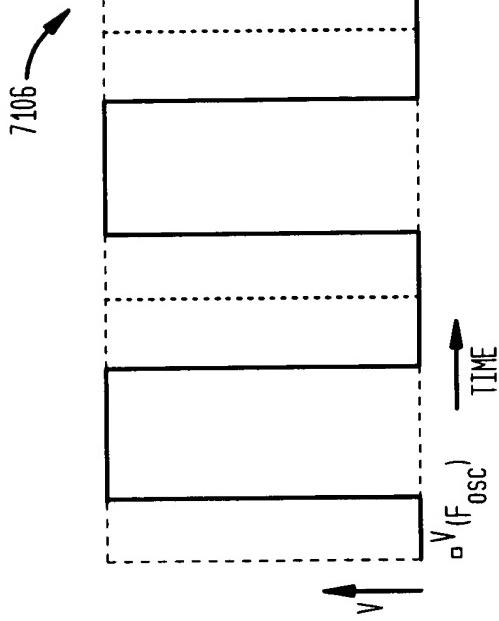


FIG. 71C

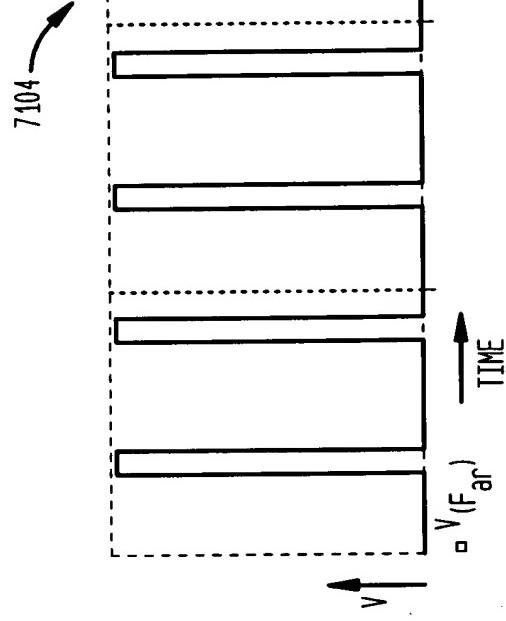


FIG. 72

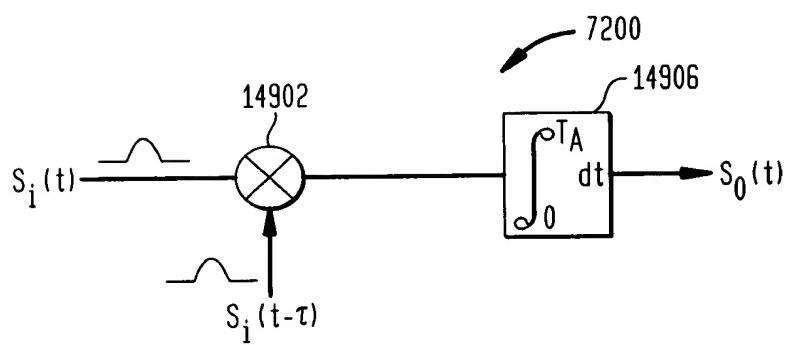


FIG. 73

ALIASING MODULE

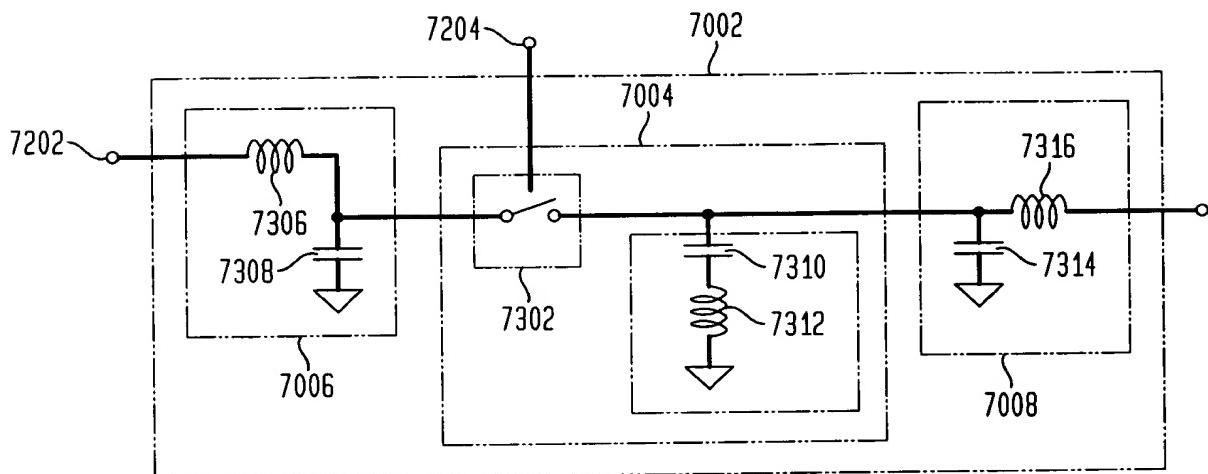


FIG. 74

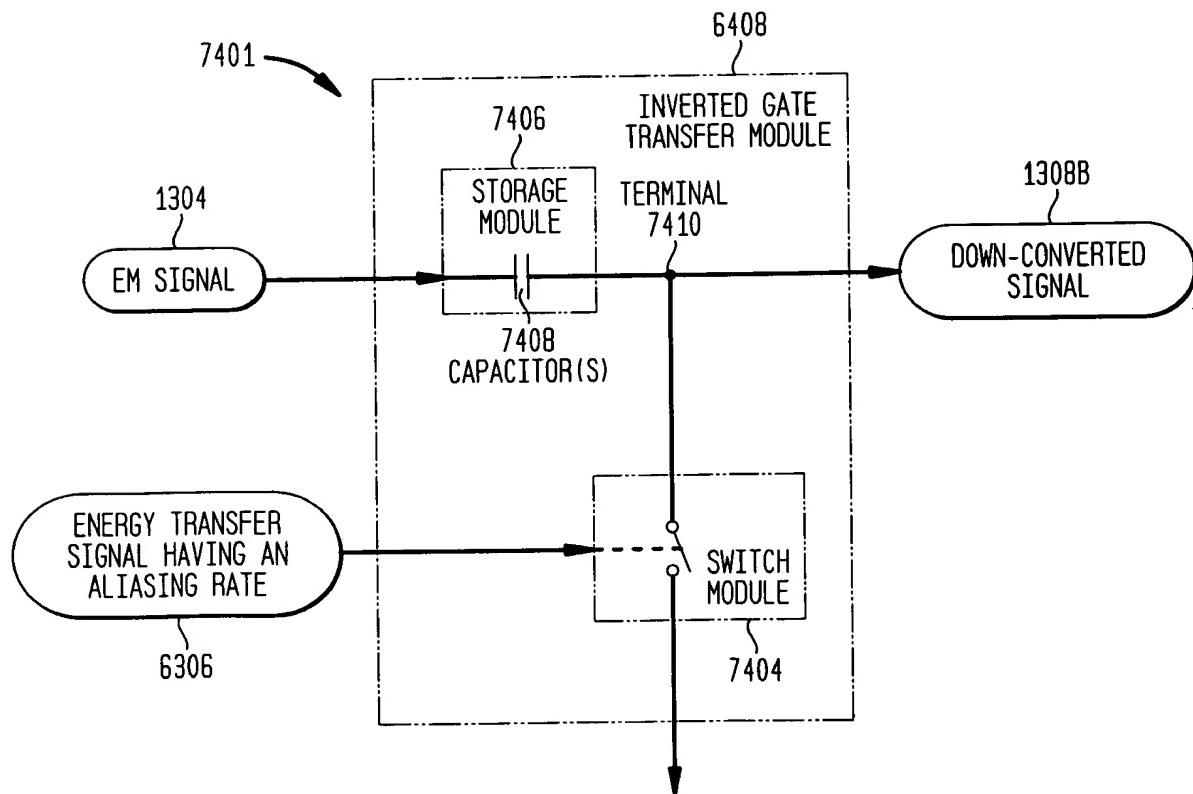


FIG. 75A

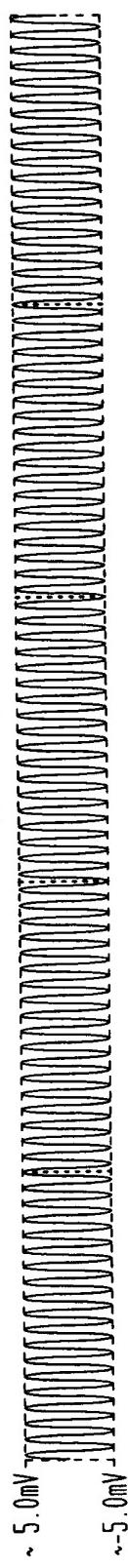


FIG. 75B

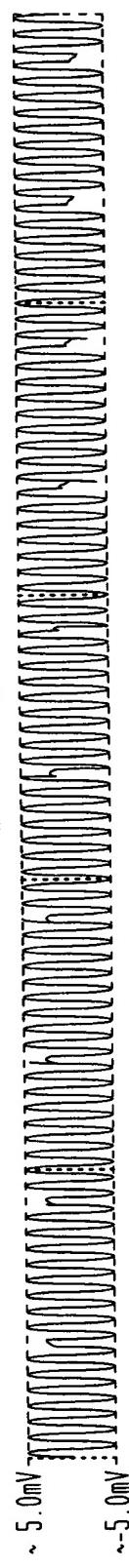


FIG. 75C

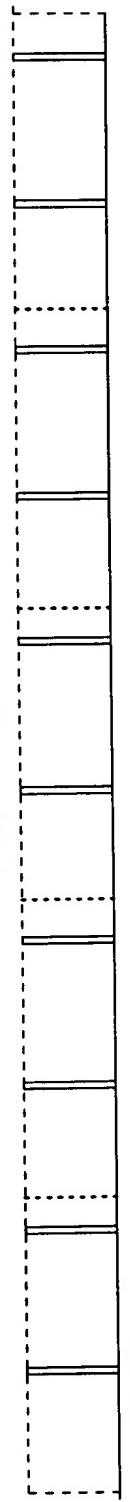


FIG. 75D

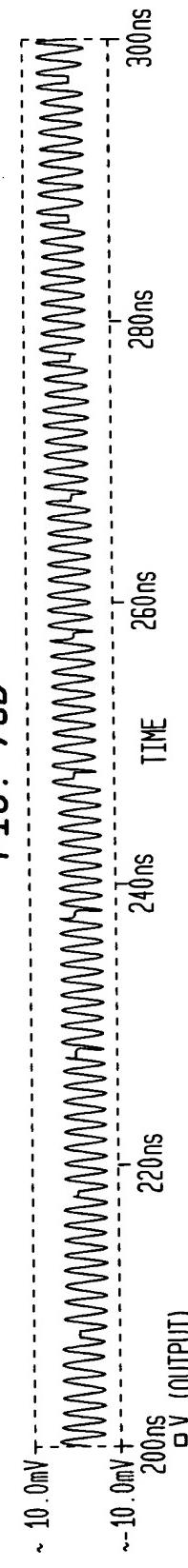


FIG. 75E



FIG. 75F

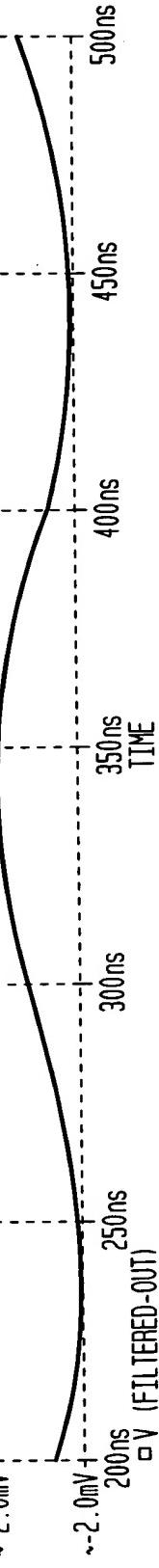
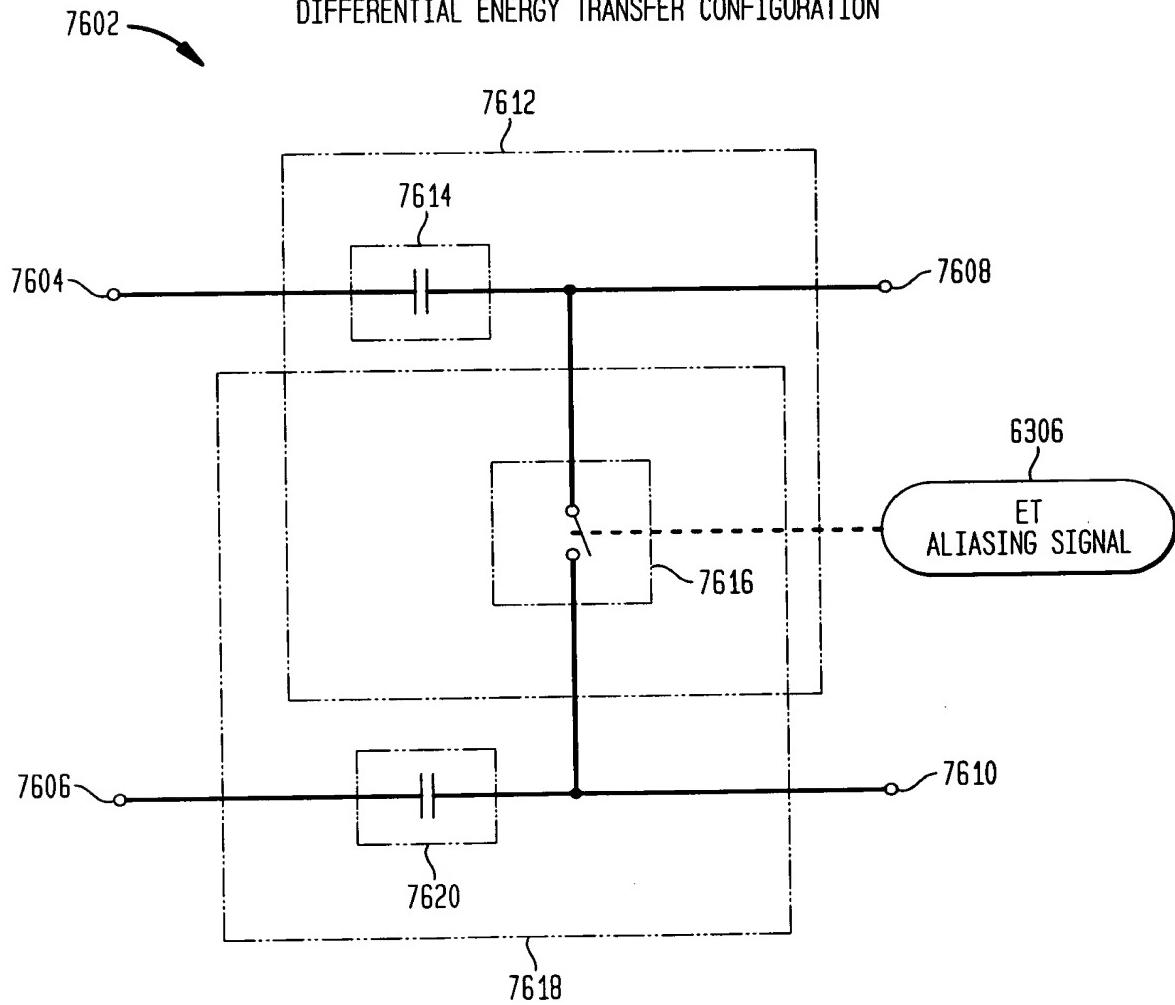


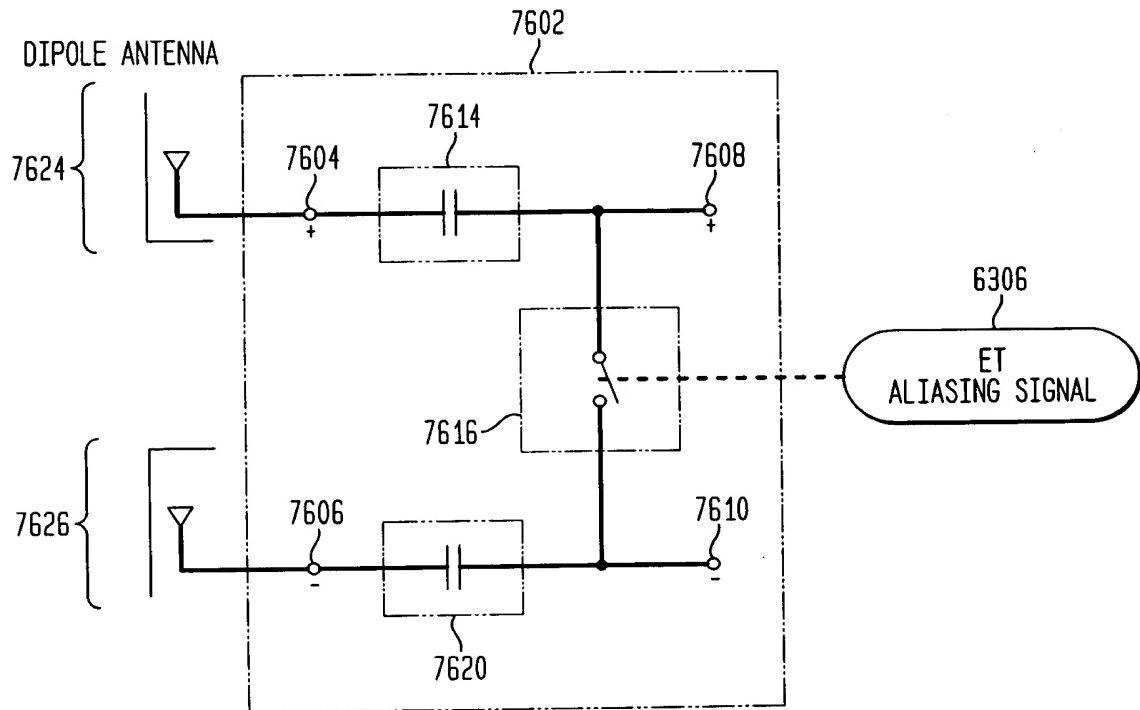
FIG. 76A

DIFFERENTIAL ENERGY TRANSFER CONFIGURATION



**FIG. 76B**

DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT



**FIG. 76C**

SINGLE INPUT TO DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT

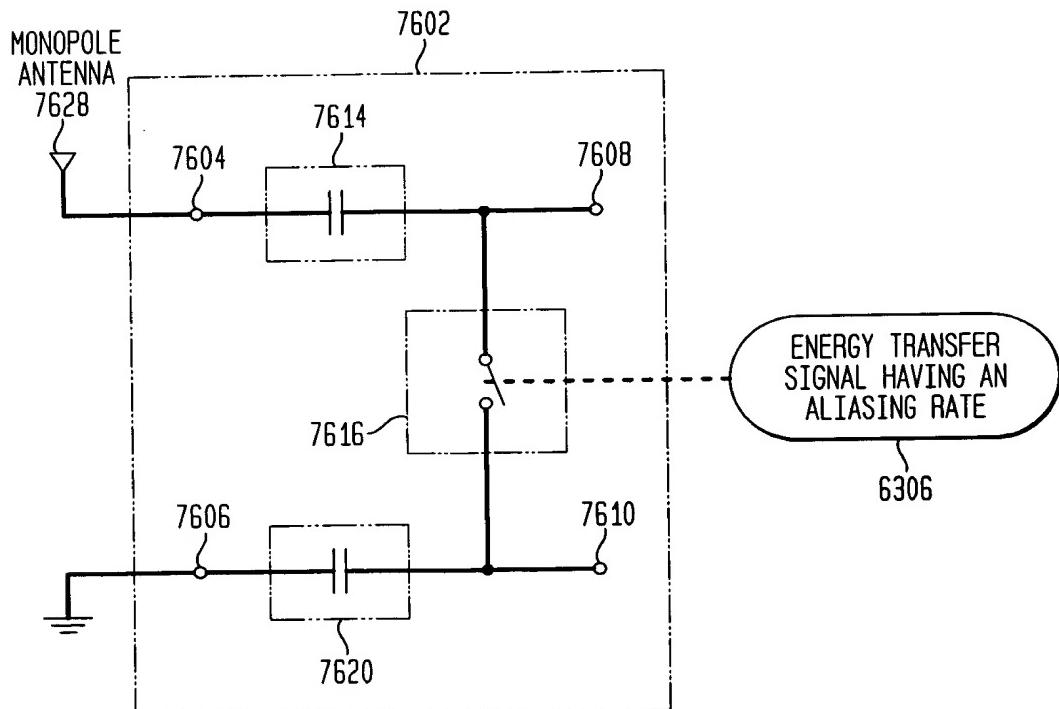


FIG. 76D  
DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO SINGLE OUTPUT

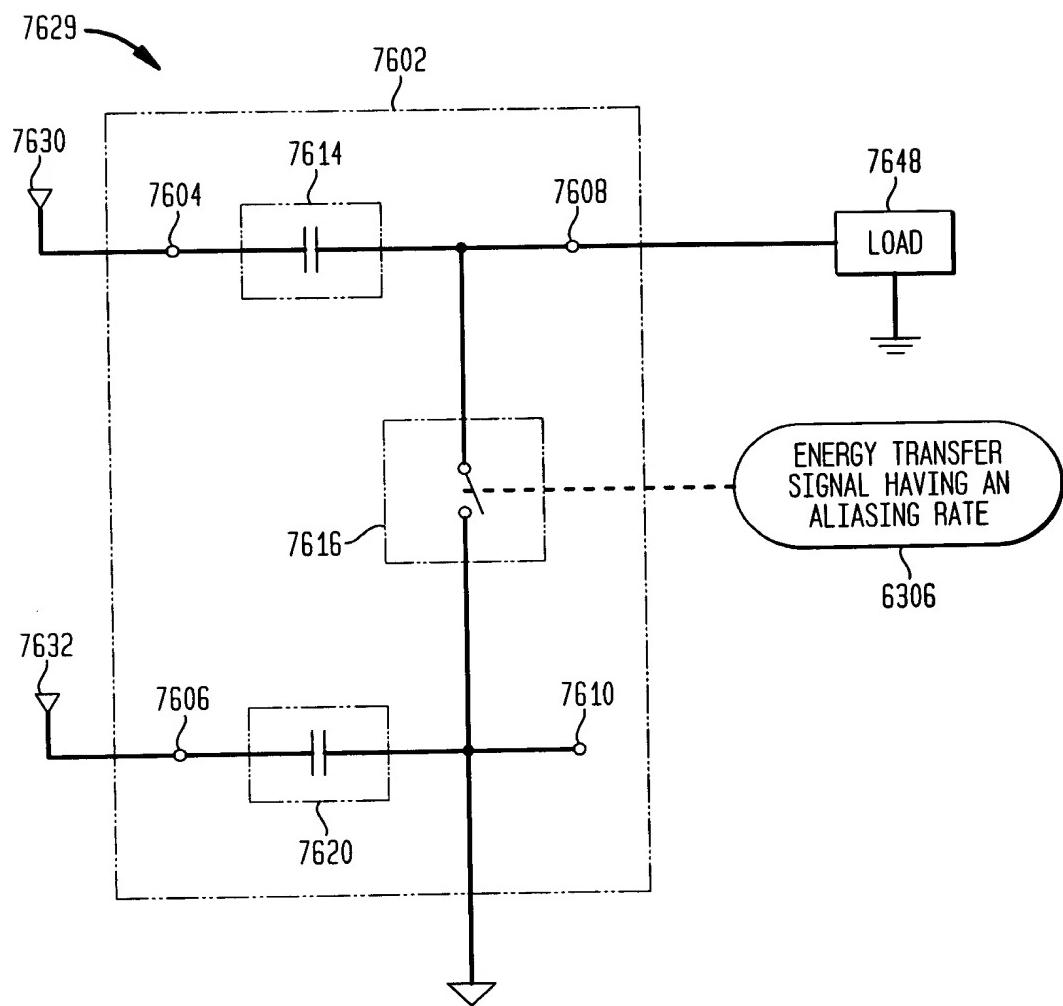


FIG. 76E  
EXAMPLE INPUT/OUTPUT CIRCUITRY

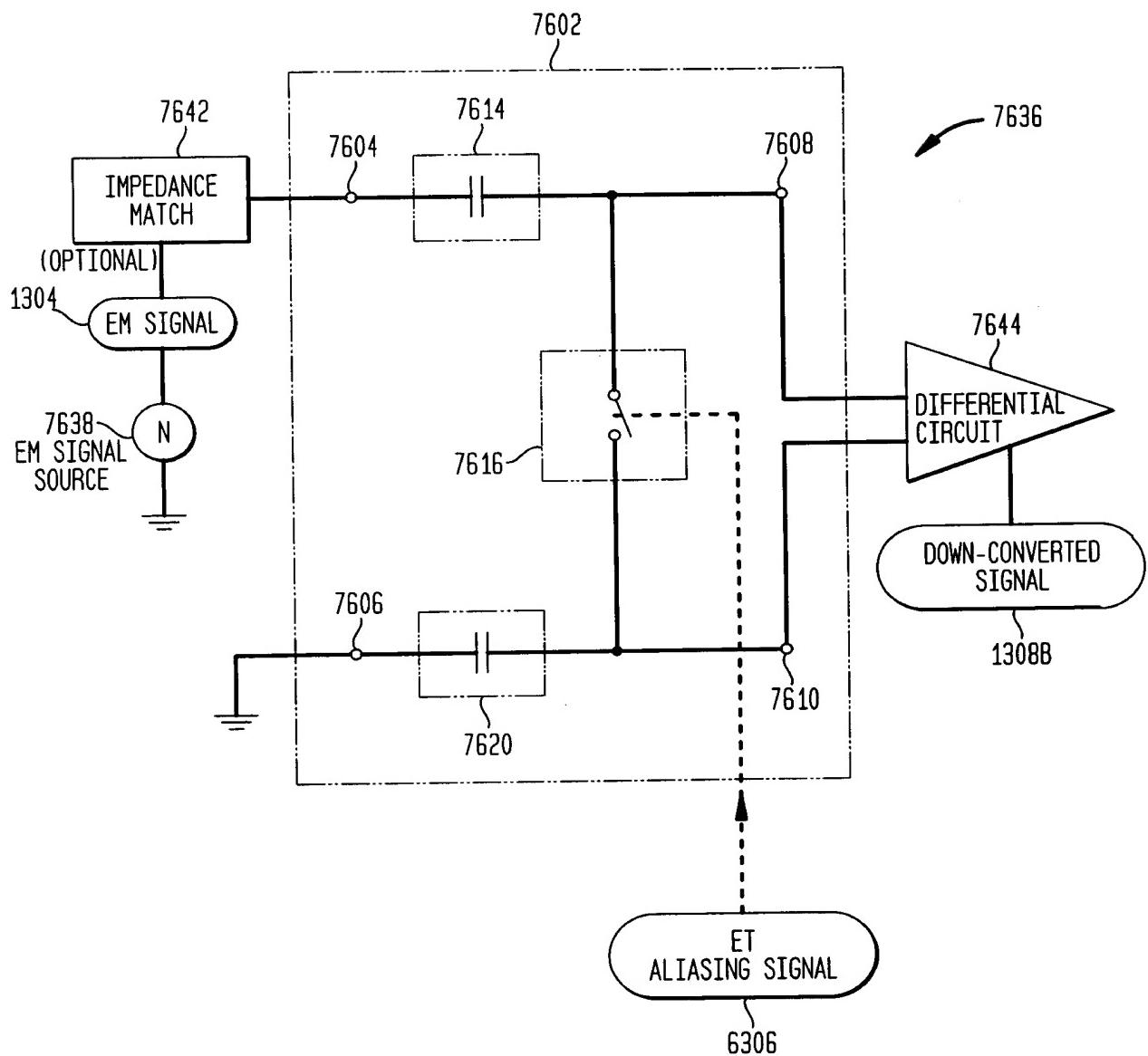


FIG. 77A

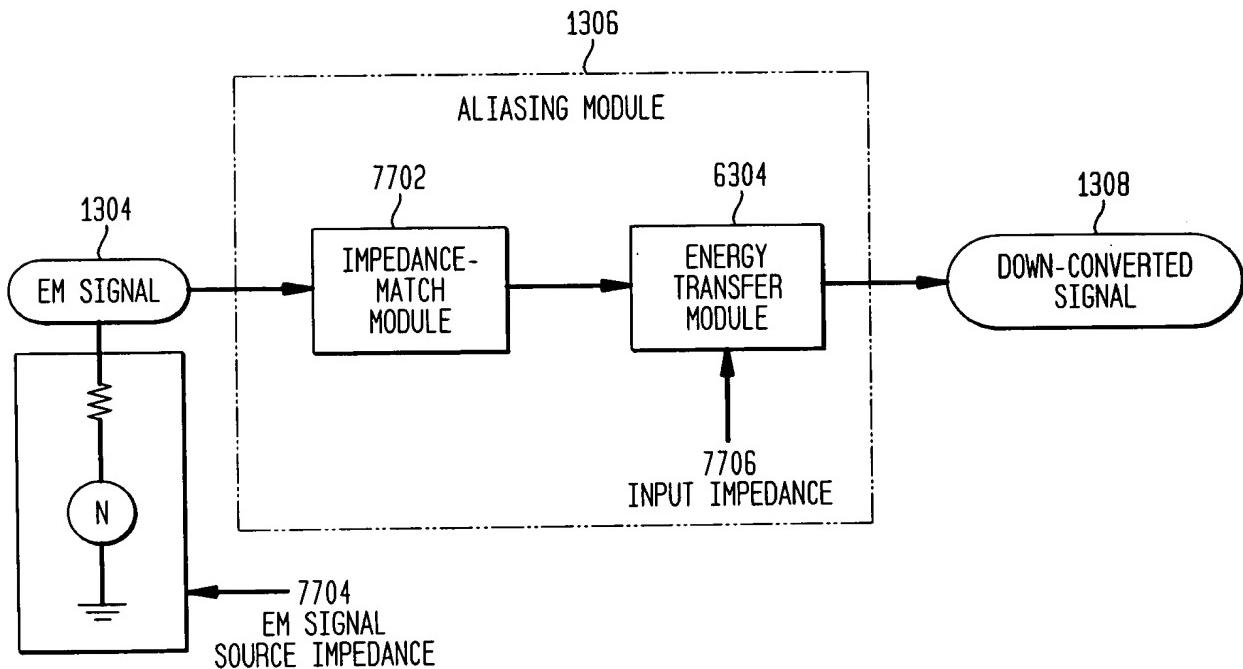


FIG. 77B

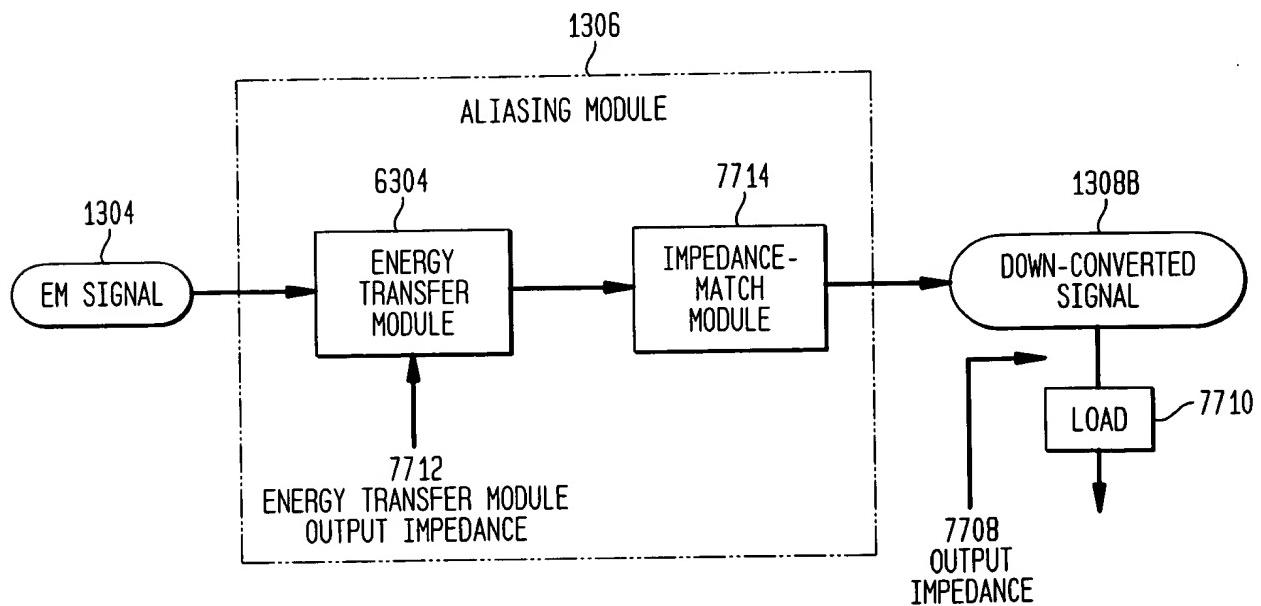


FIG. 77C

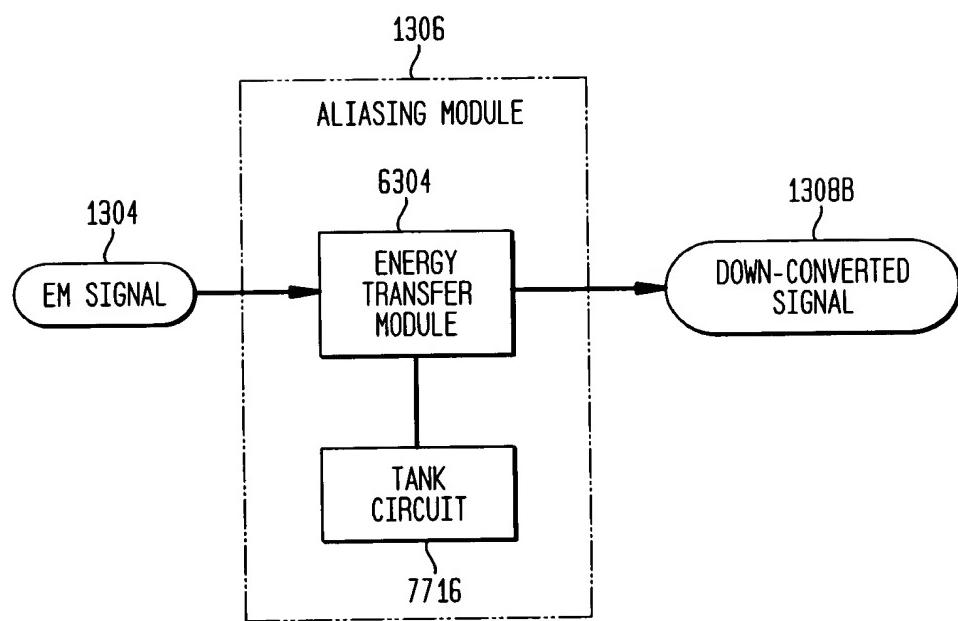


FIG. 78A

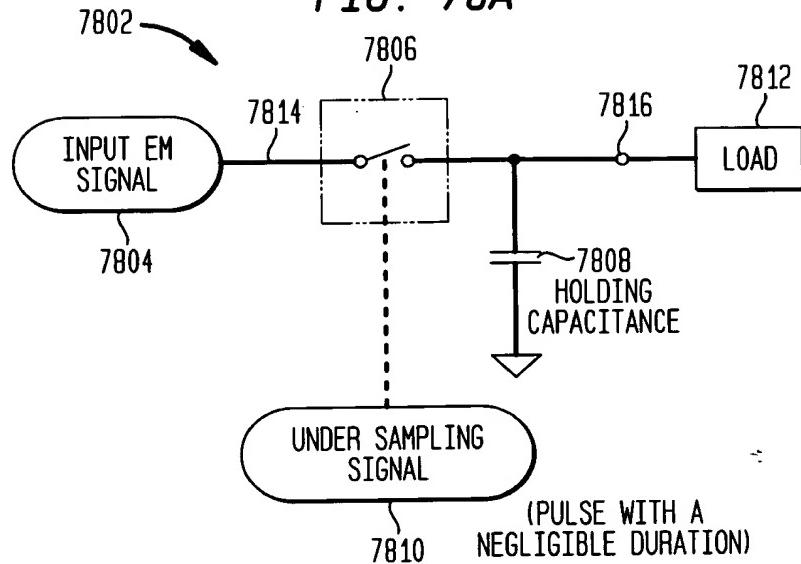
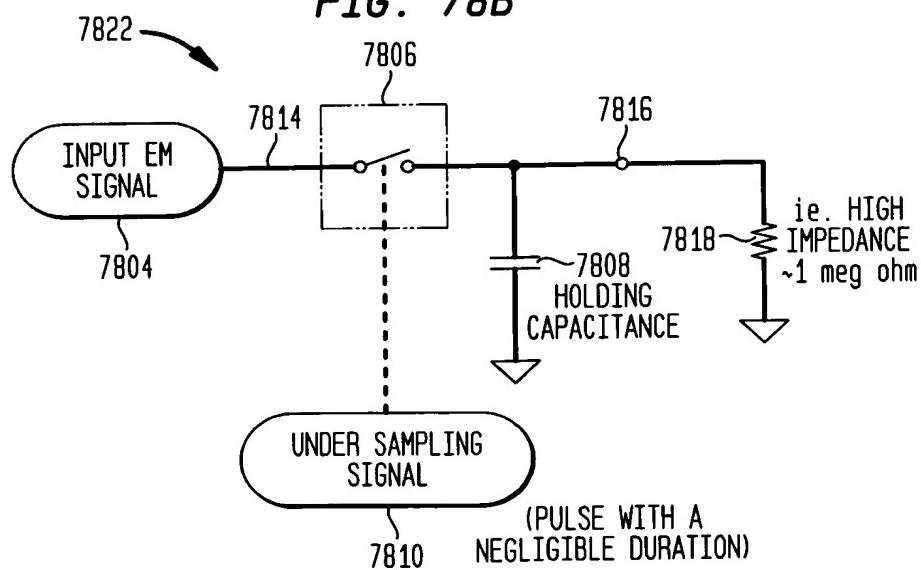


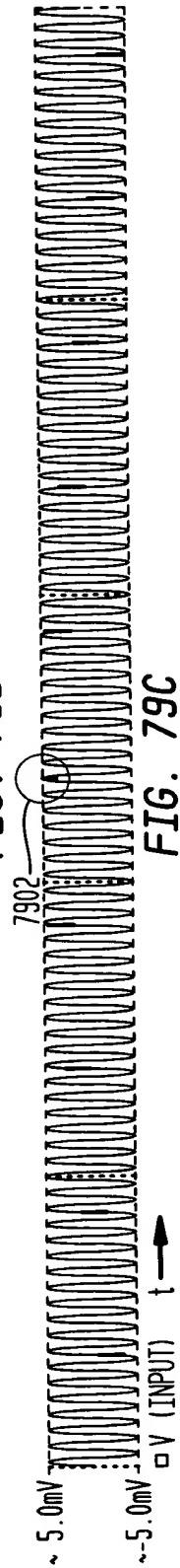
FIG. 78B



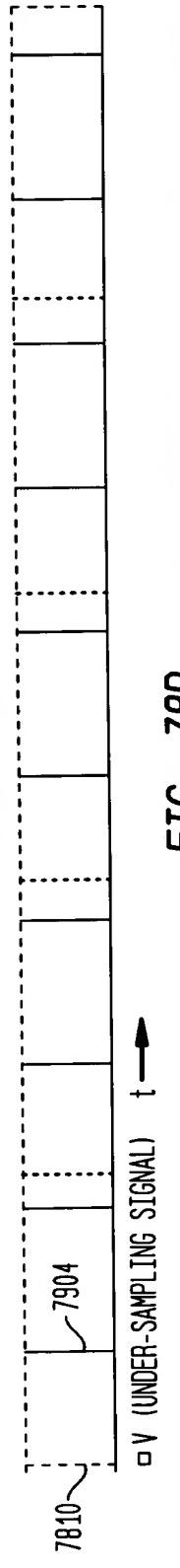
**FIG. 79A**



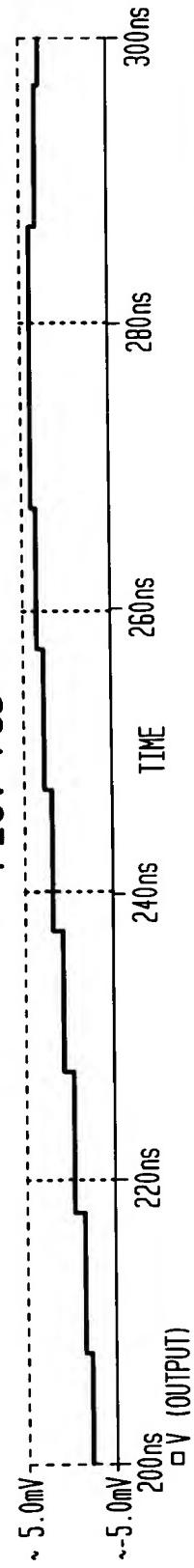
**FIG. 79B**



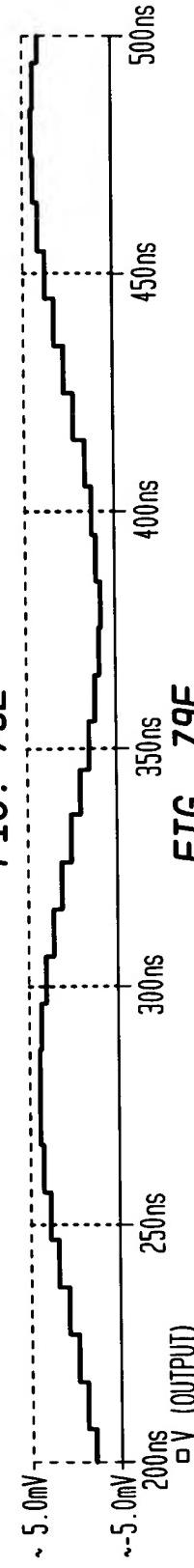
**FIG. 79C**



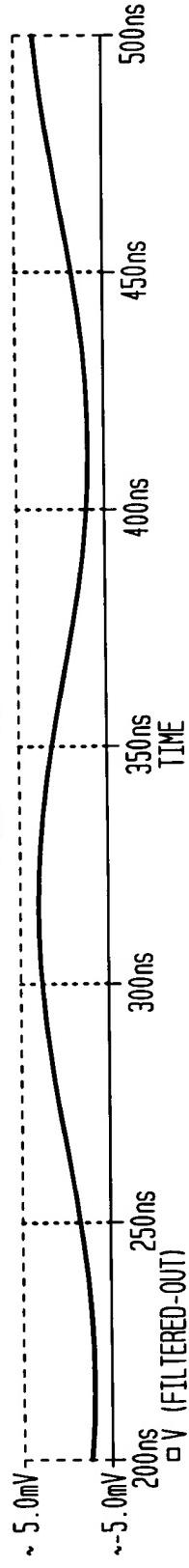
**FIG. 79D**



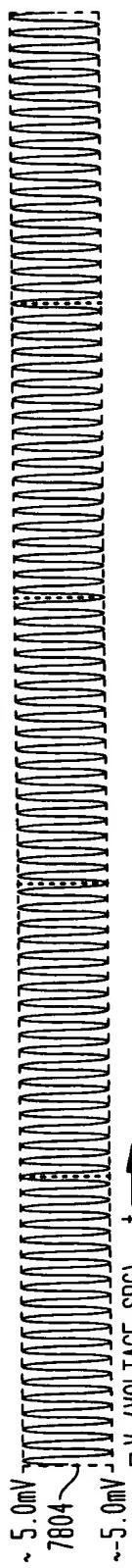
**FIG. 79E**



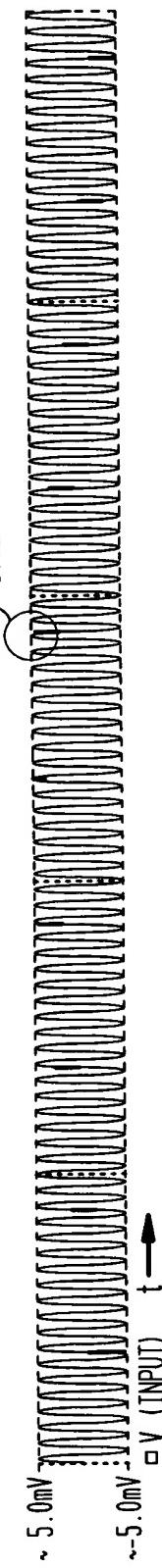
**FIG. 79F**



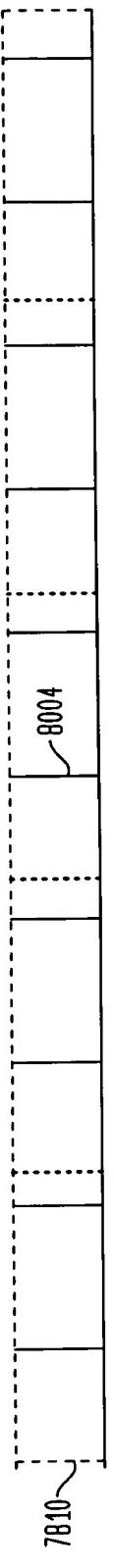
**FIG. 80A**



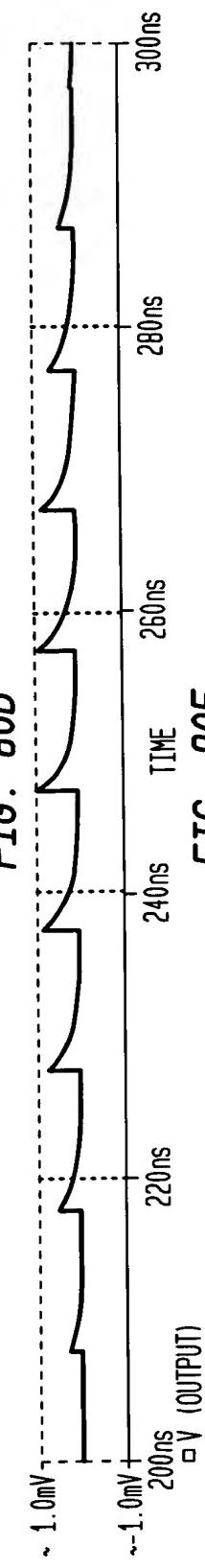
**FIG. 80B**



**FIG. 80C**



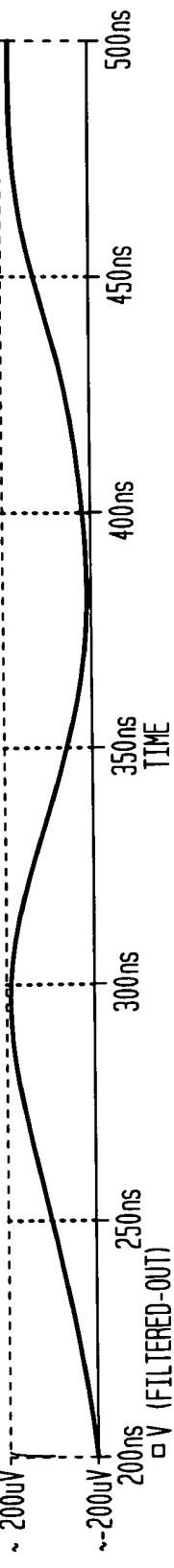
**FIG. 80D**



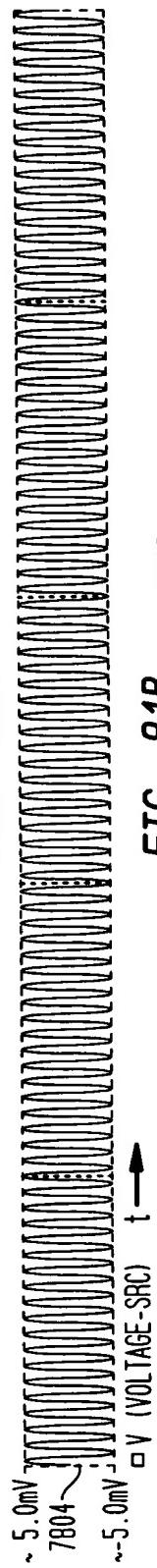
**FIG. 80E**



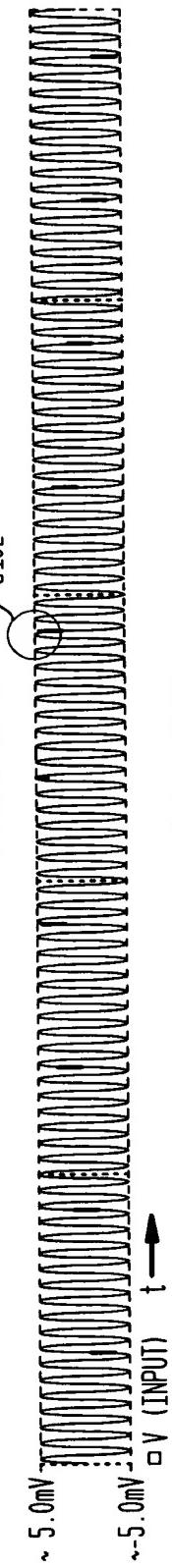
**FIG. 80F**



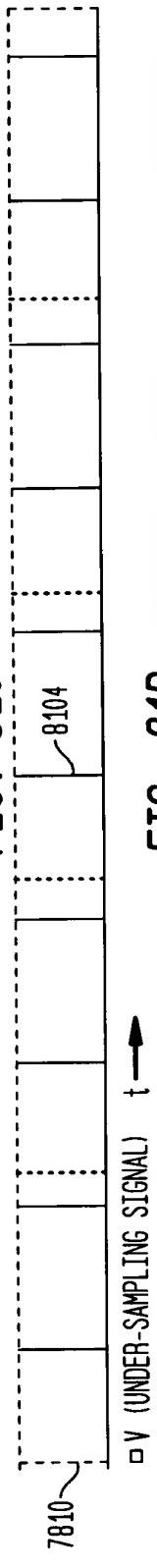
**FIG. 81A**



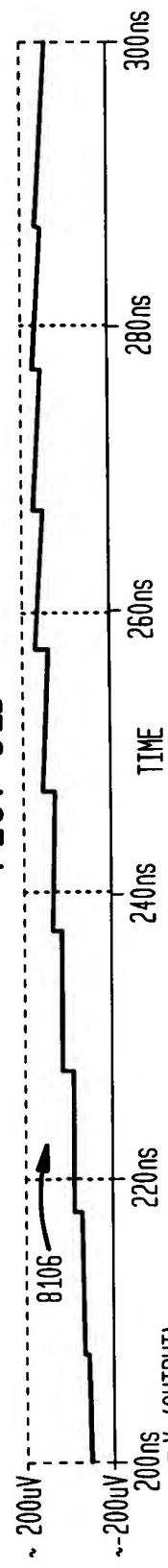
**FIG. 81B**



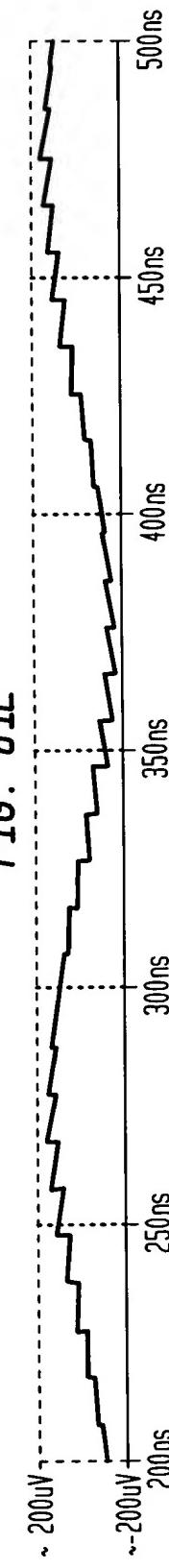
**FIG. 81C**



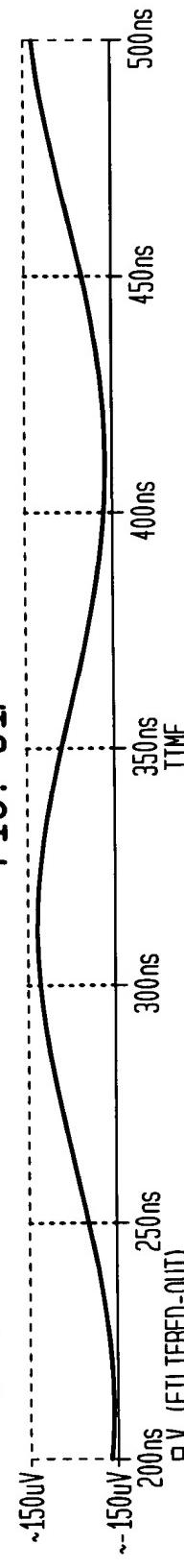
**FIG. 81D**



**FIG. 81E**



**FIG. 81F**



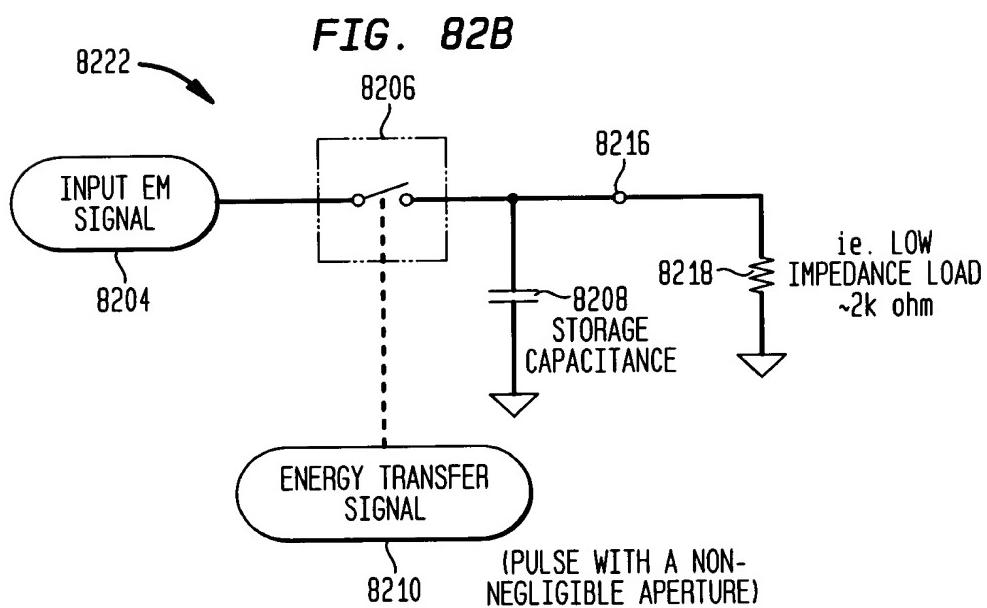
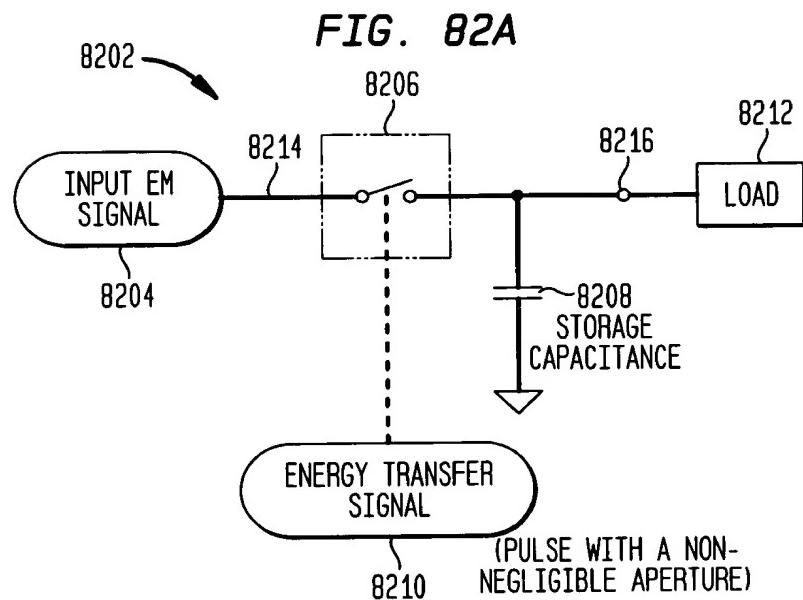


FIG. 83A



FIG. 83B

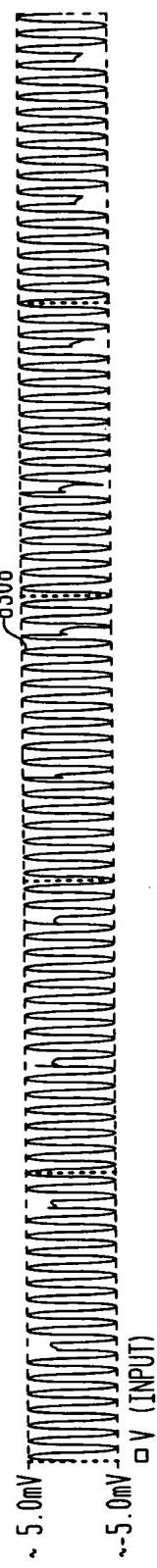


FIG. 83C

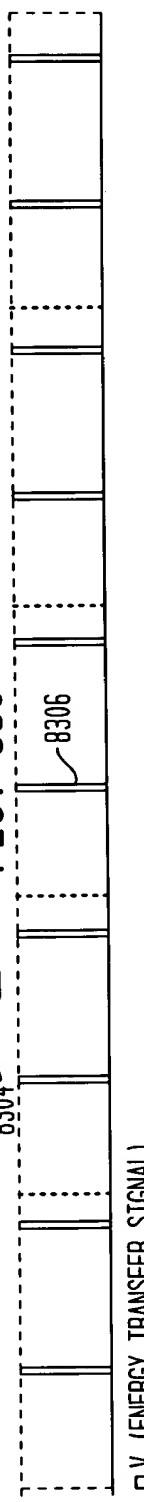


FIG. 83D

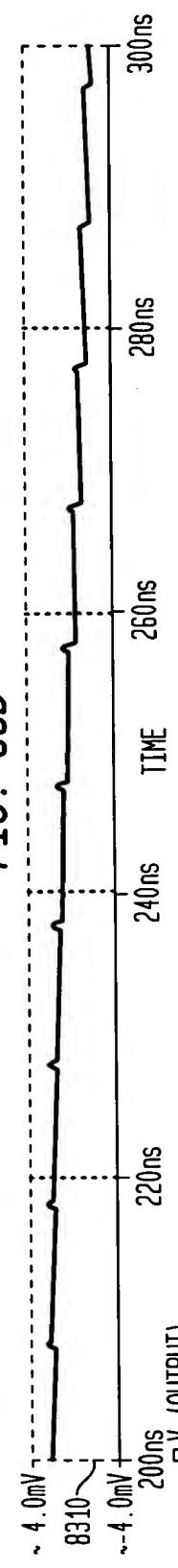


FIG. 83E

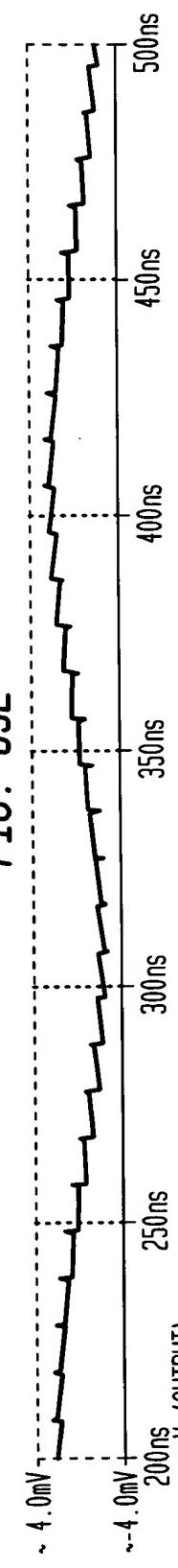


FIG. 83F

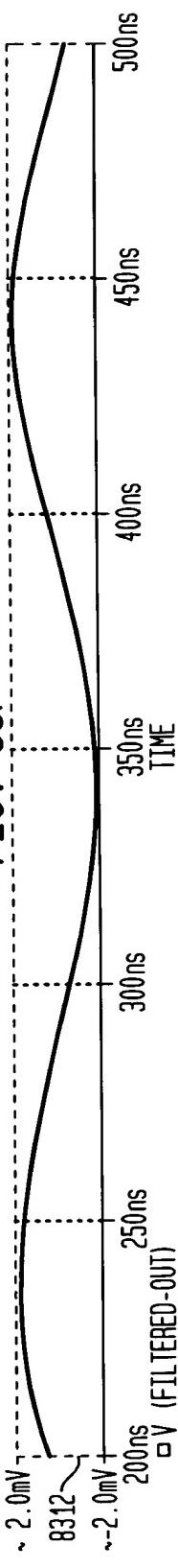


FIG. 84A

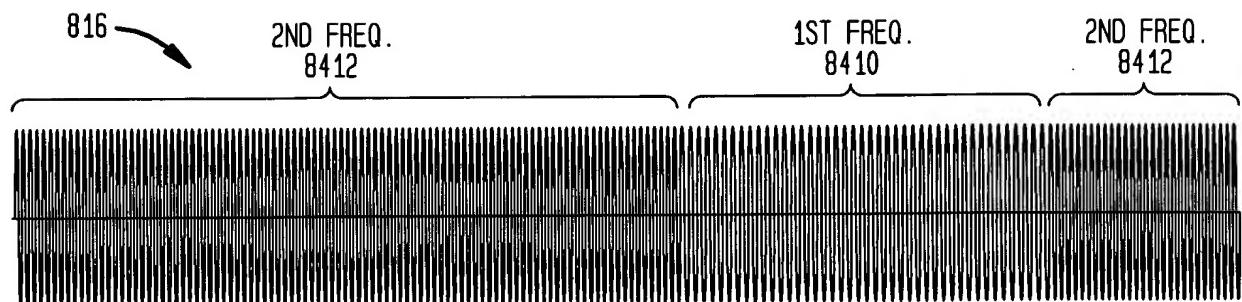
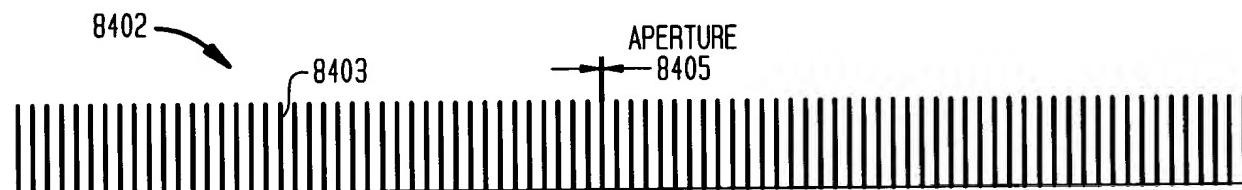


FIG. 84B



8404

FIG. 84C



8406

FIG. 84D

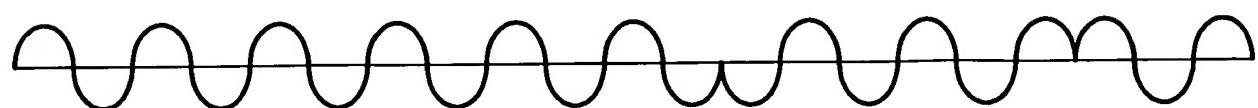


FIG. 85A

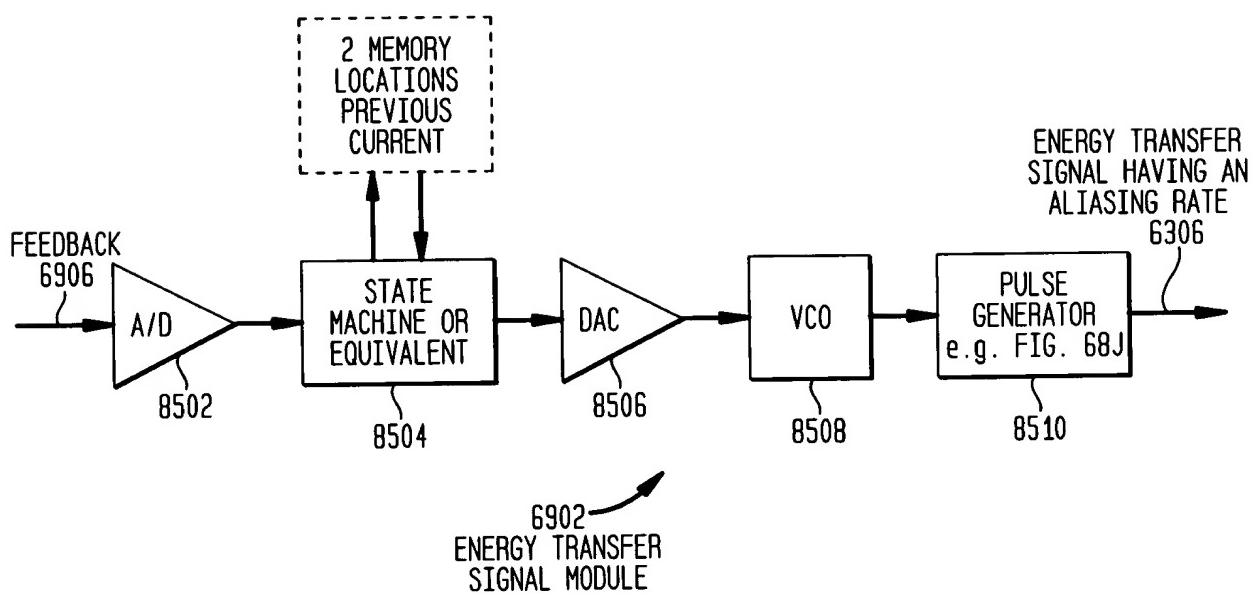
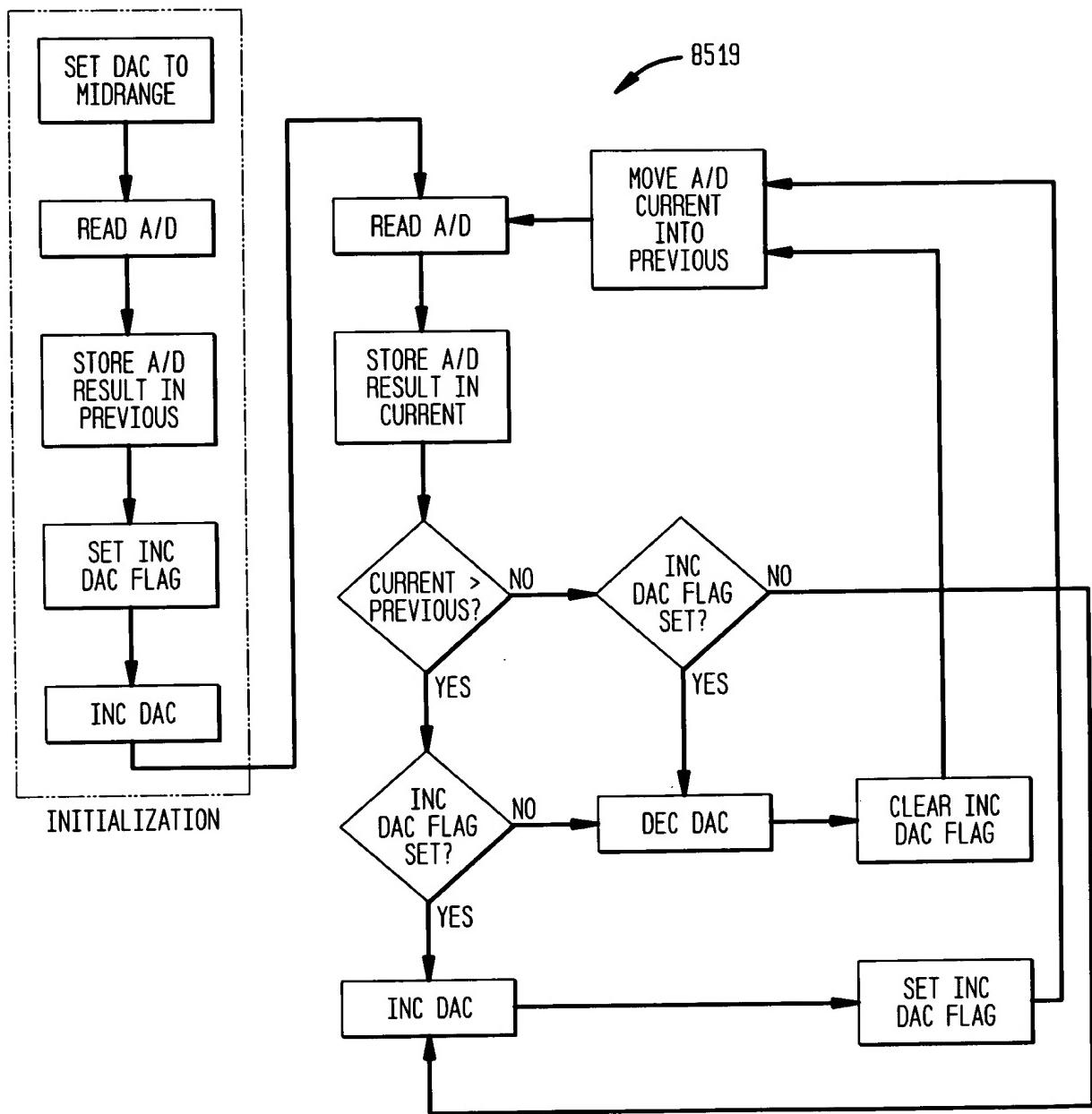
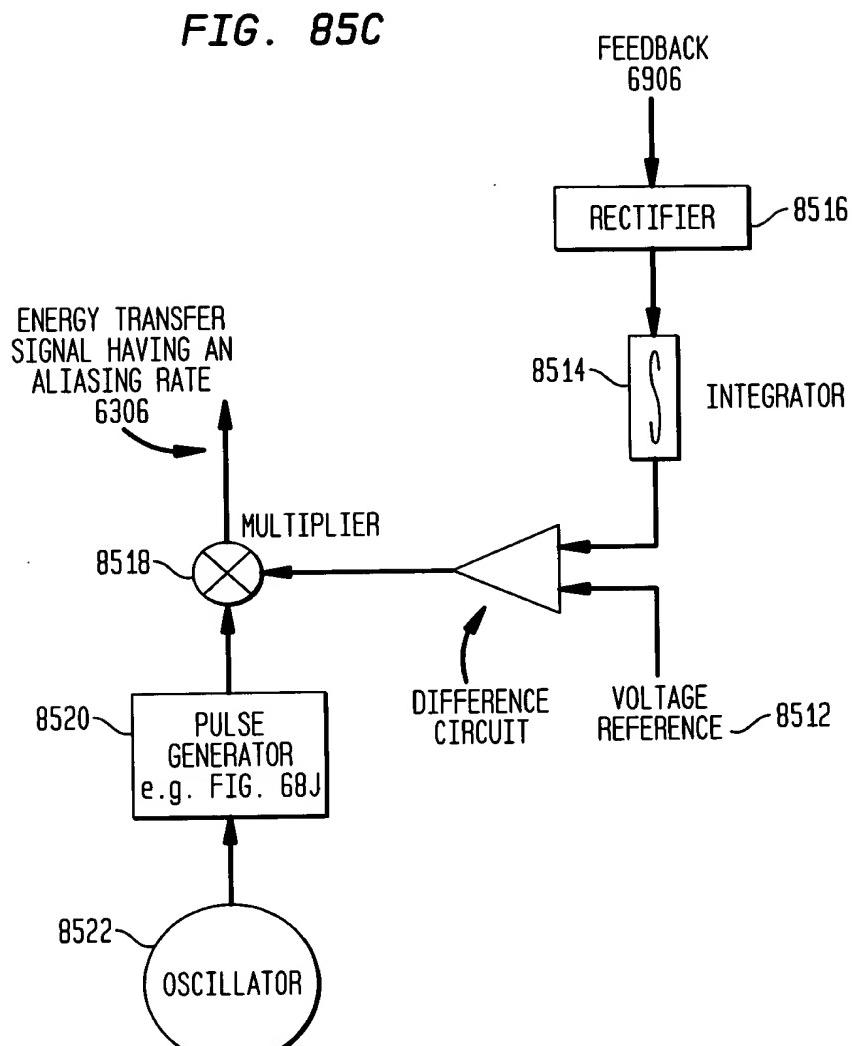


FIG. 85B



STATE MACHINE FLOWCHART



ENERGY TRANSFER SIGNAL MODULE 6902

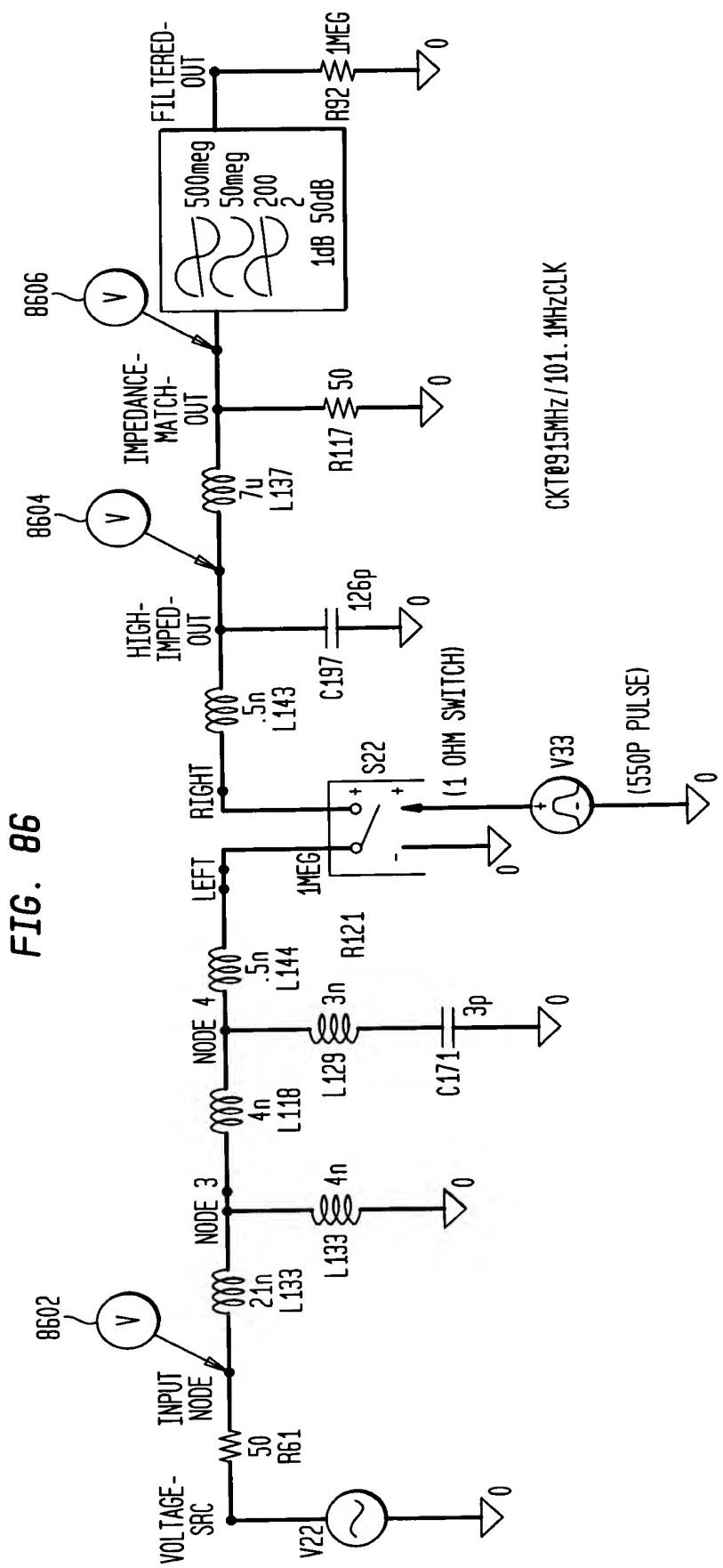
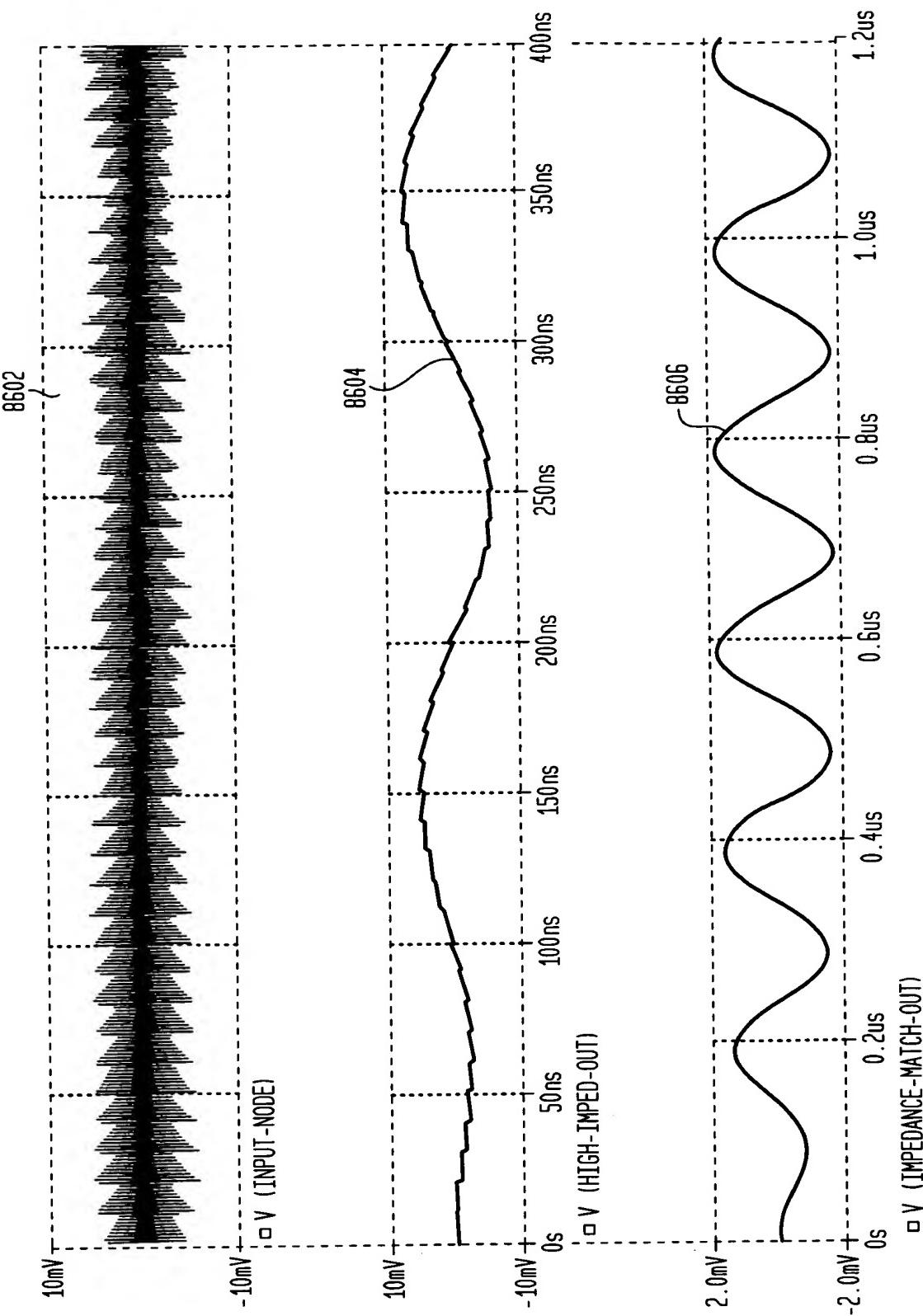


FIG. 87



**FIG. 88**

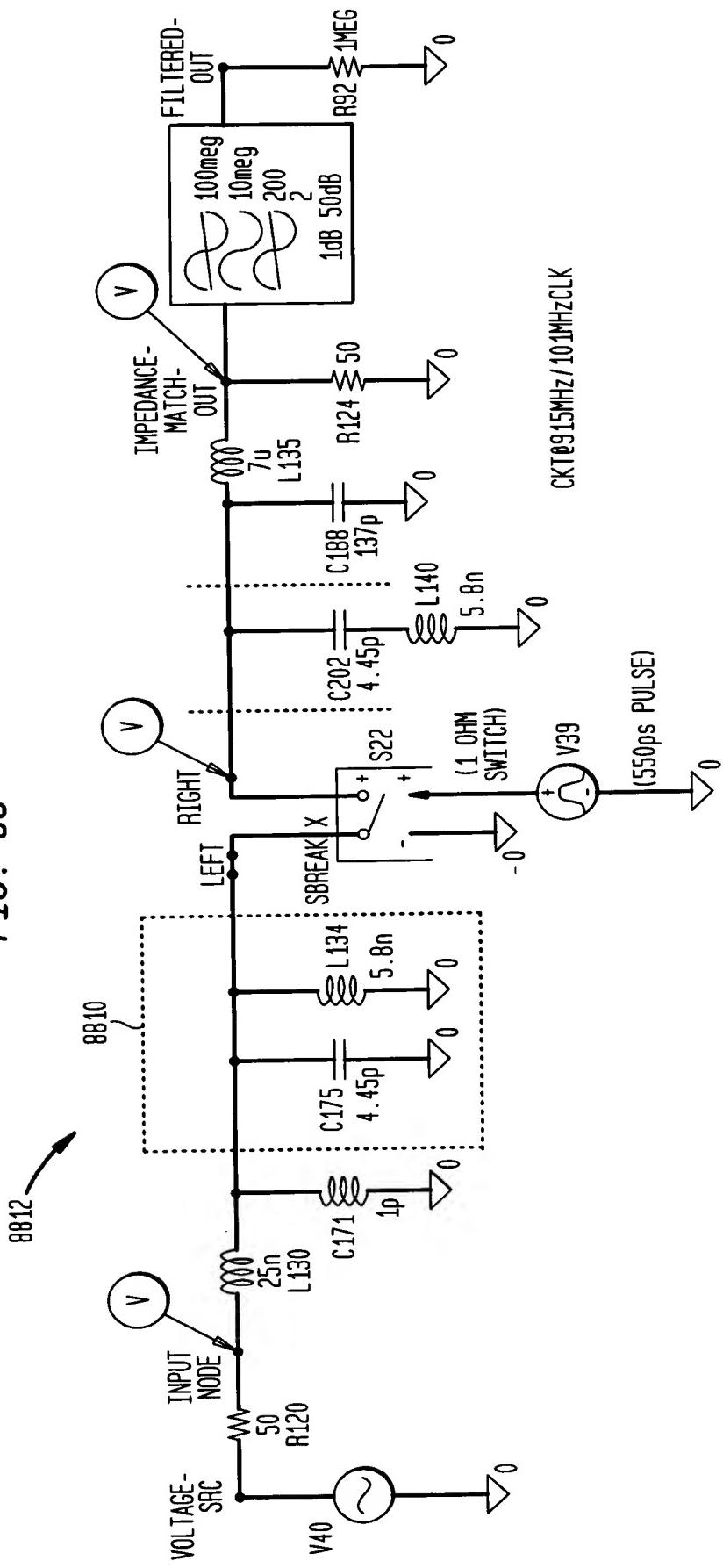


FIG. 89

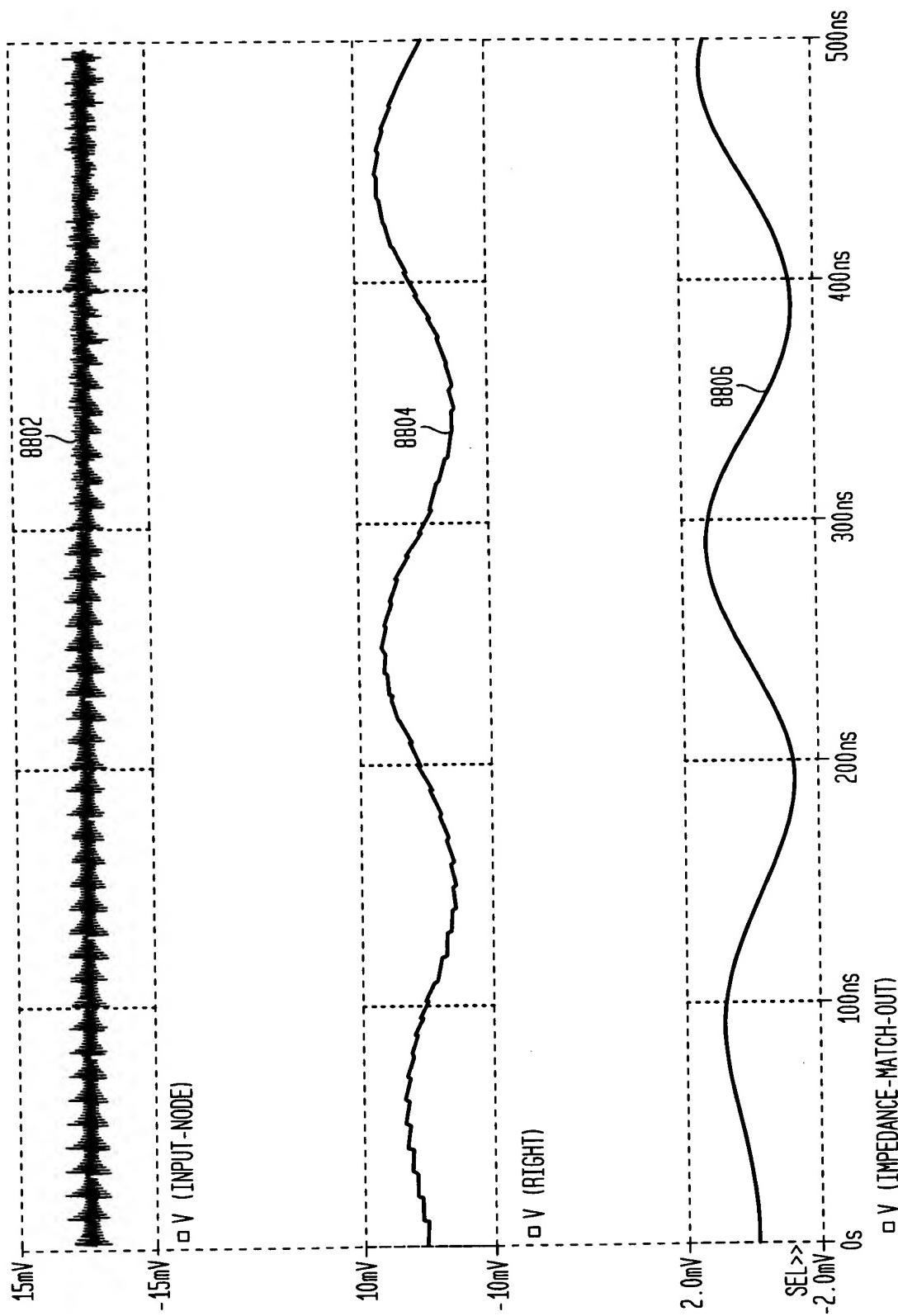


FIG. 90

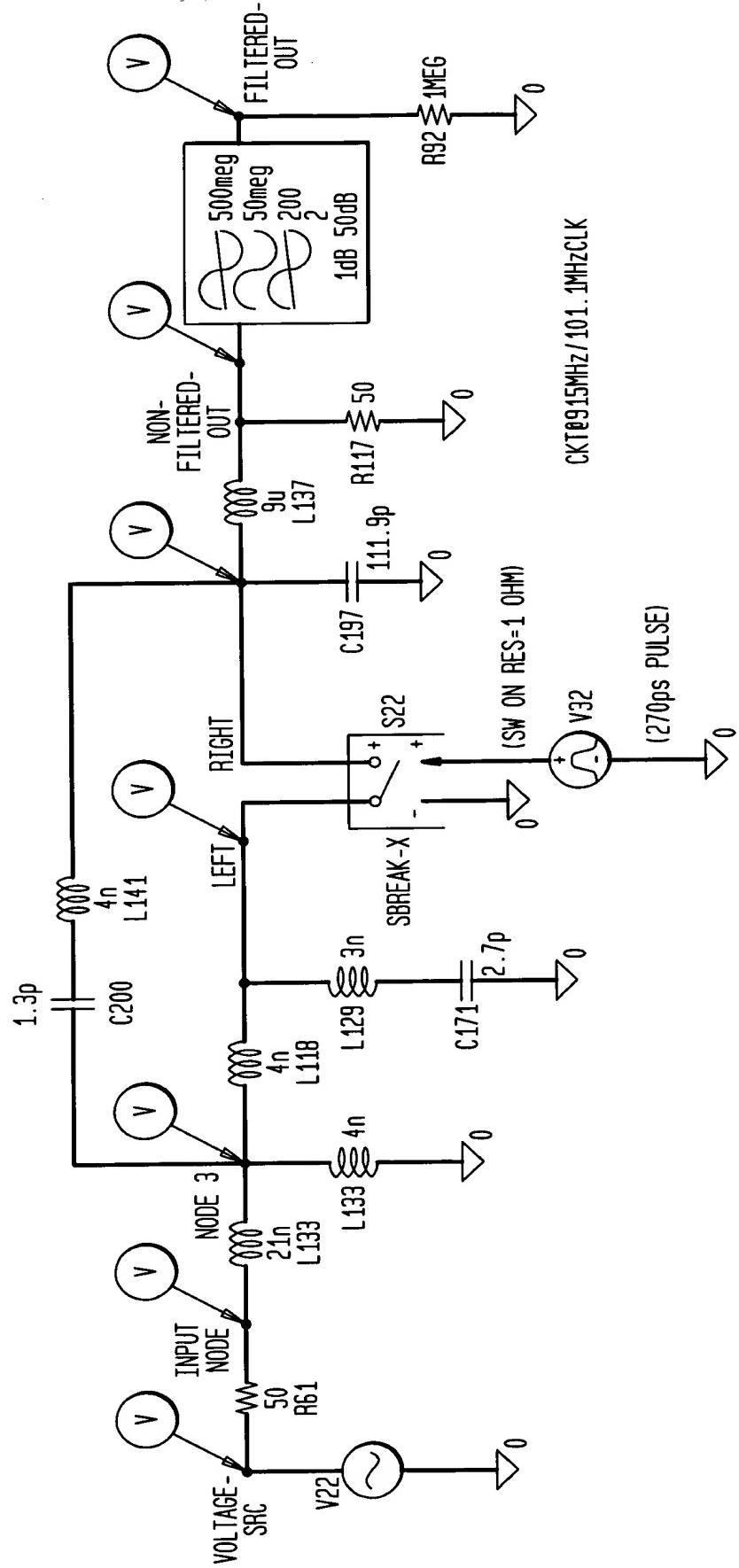


FIG. 91

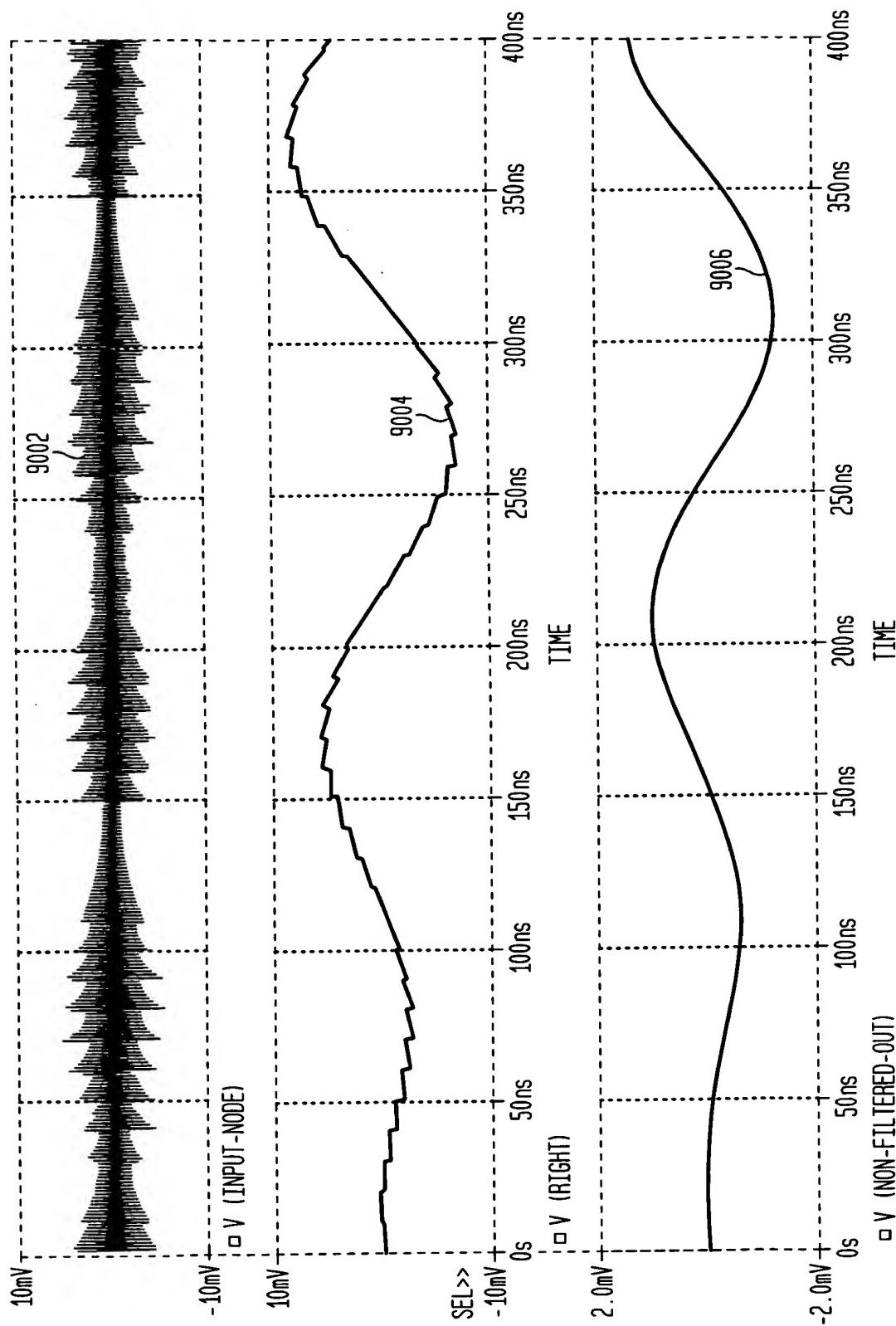


FIG. 92

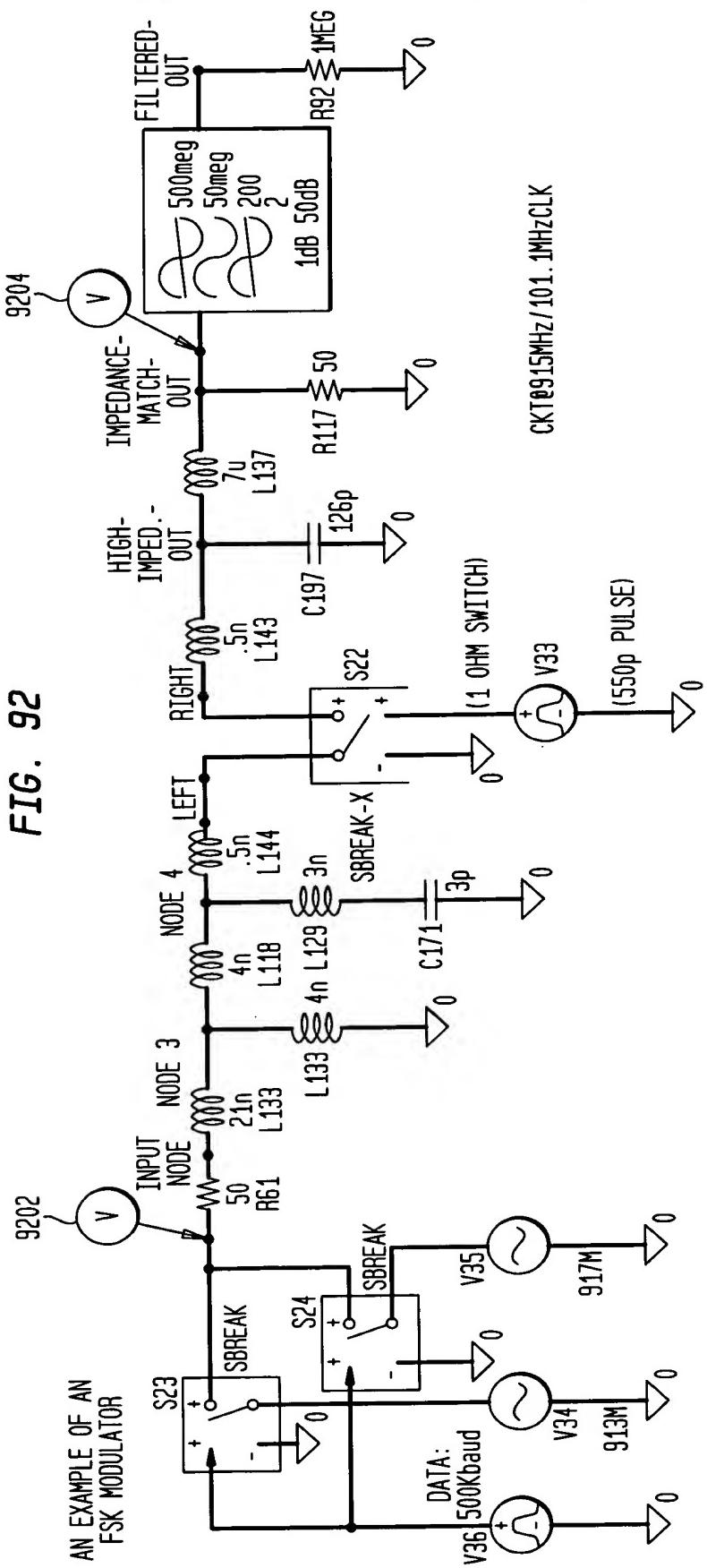
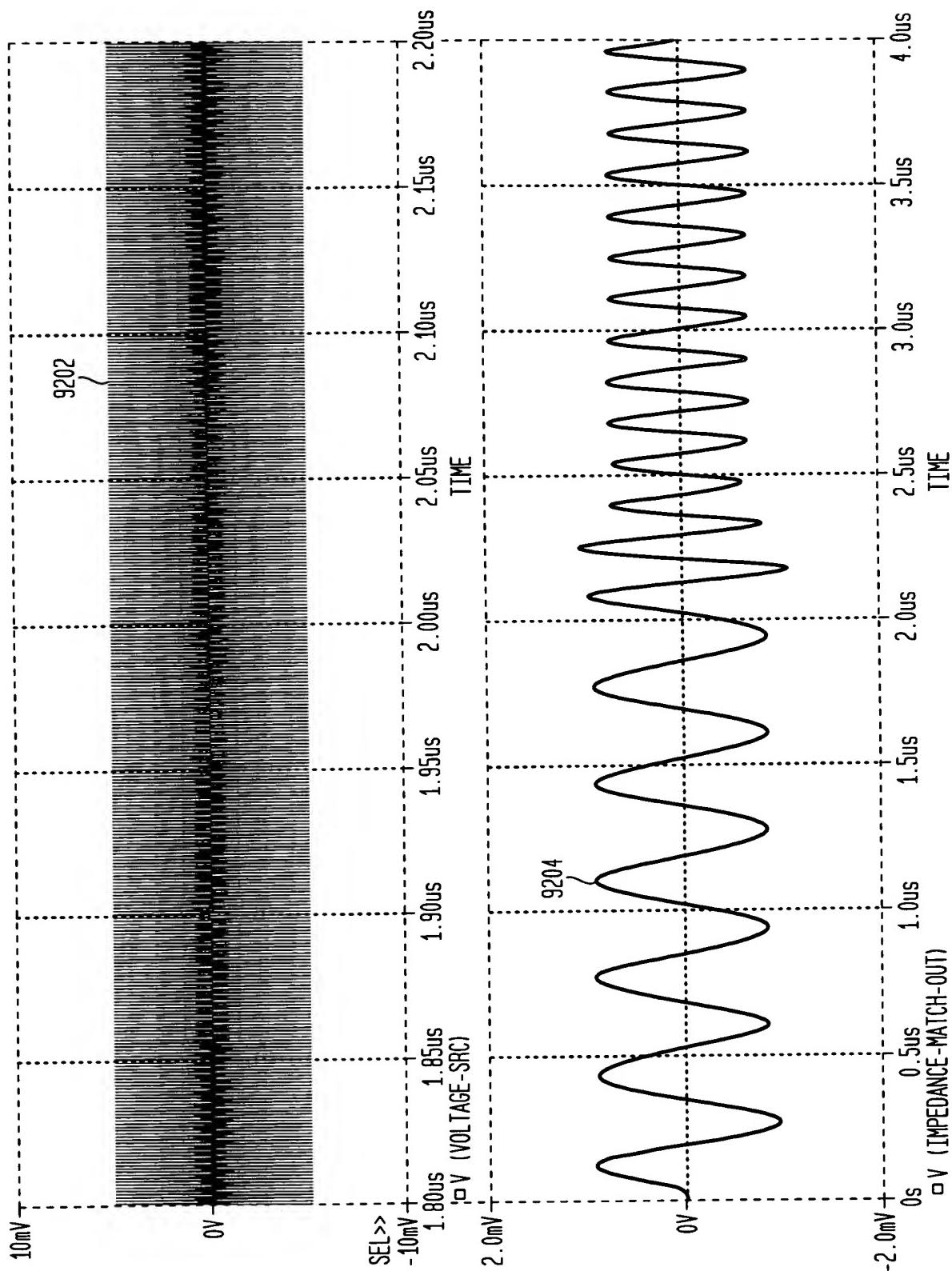


FIG. 93



**FIG. 94A**

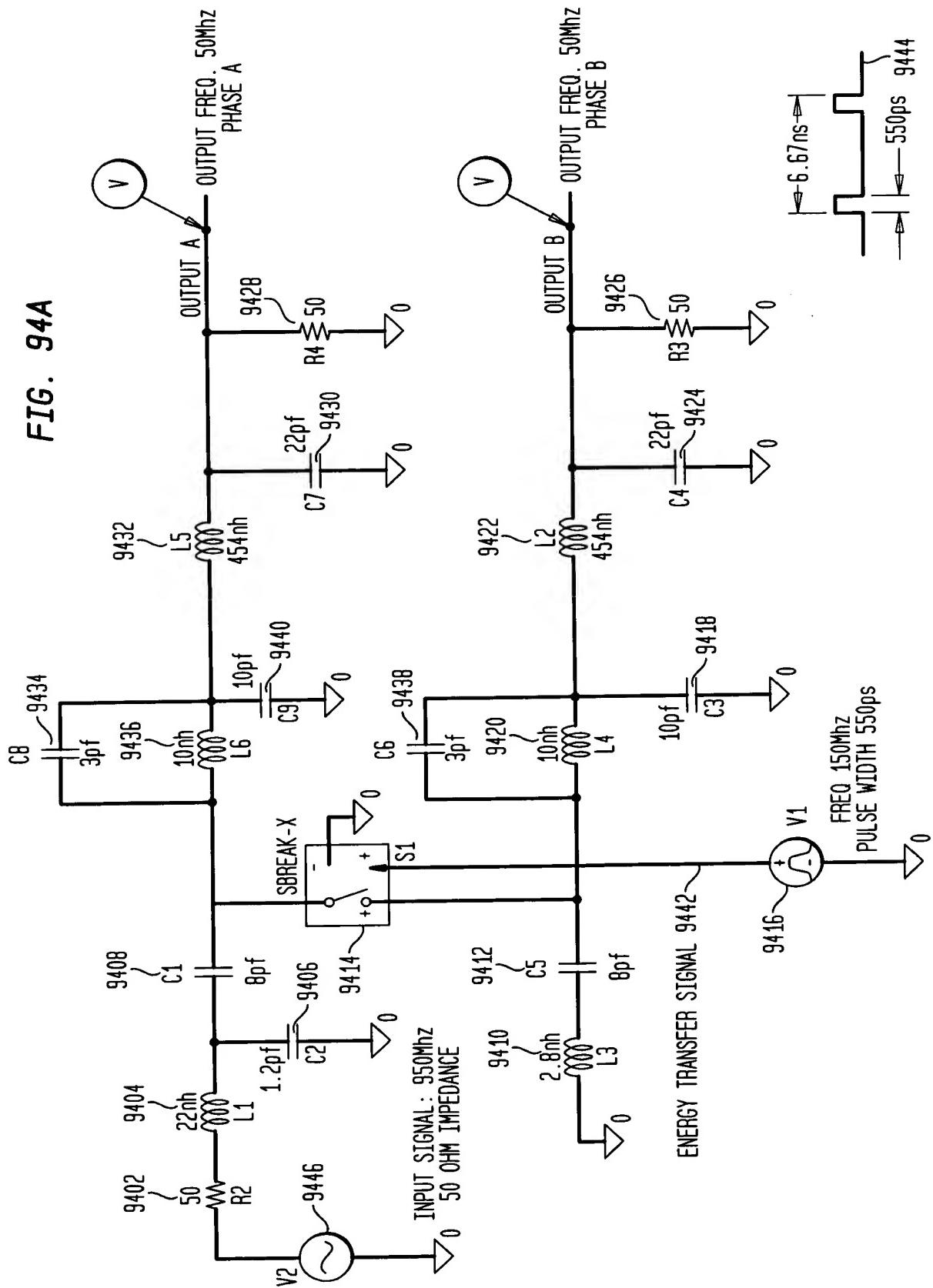


FIG. 94B

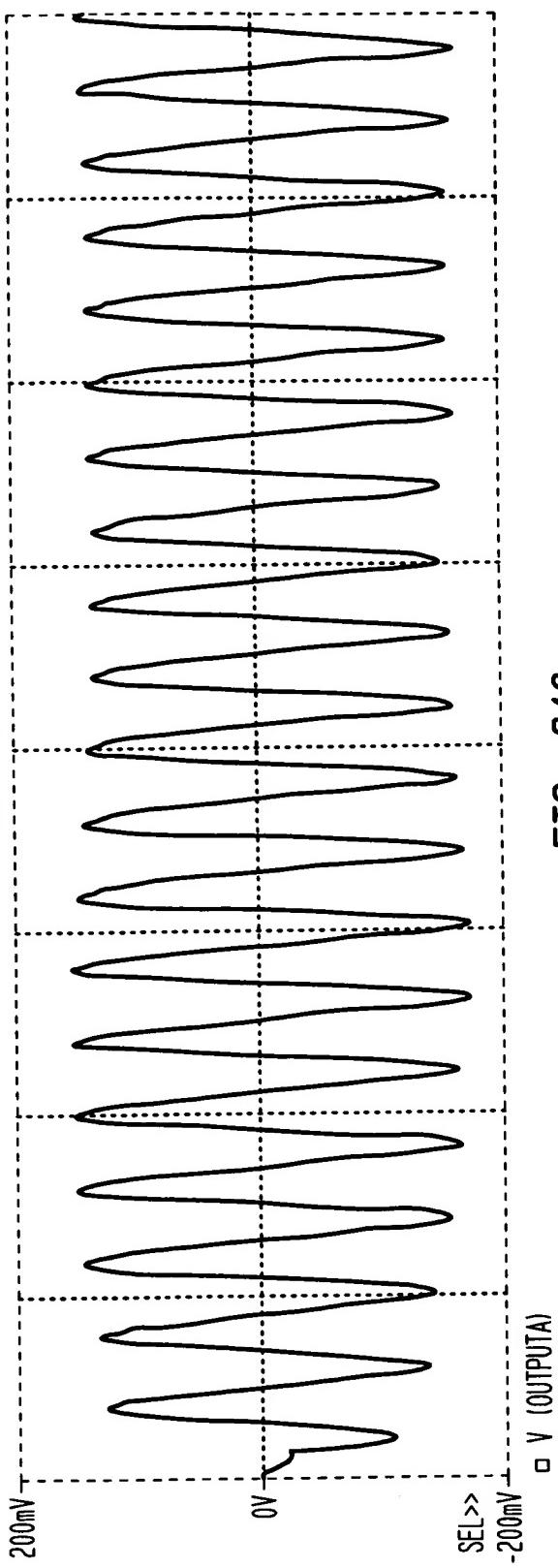


FIG. 94C

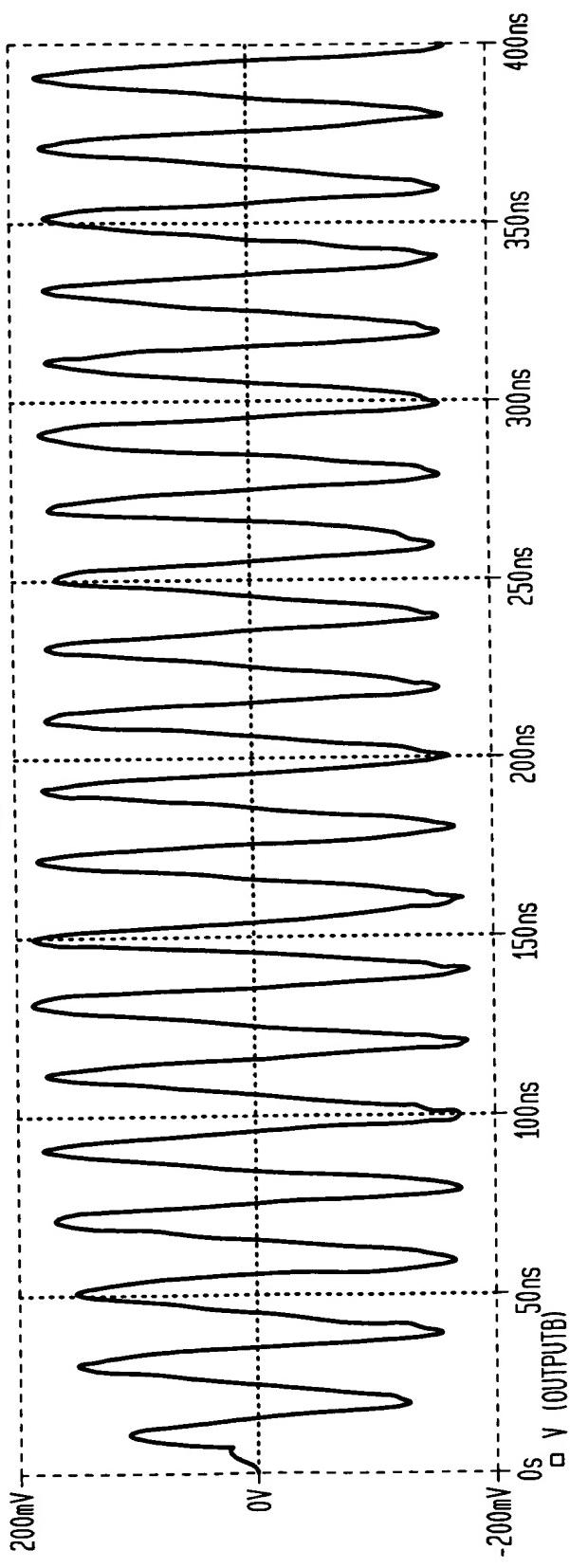
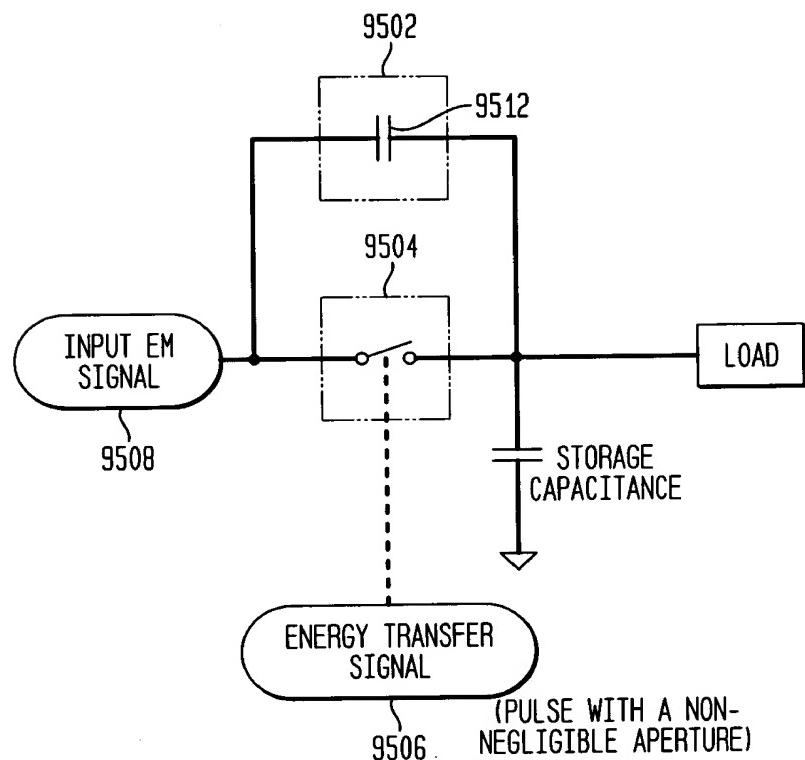


FIG. 95



**FIG. 96**

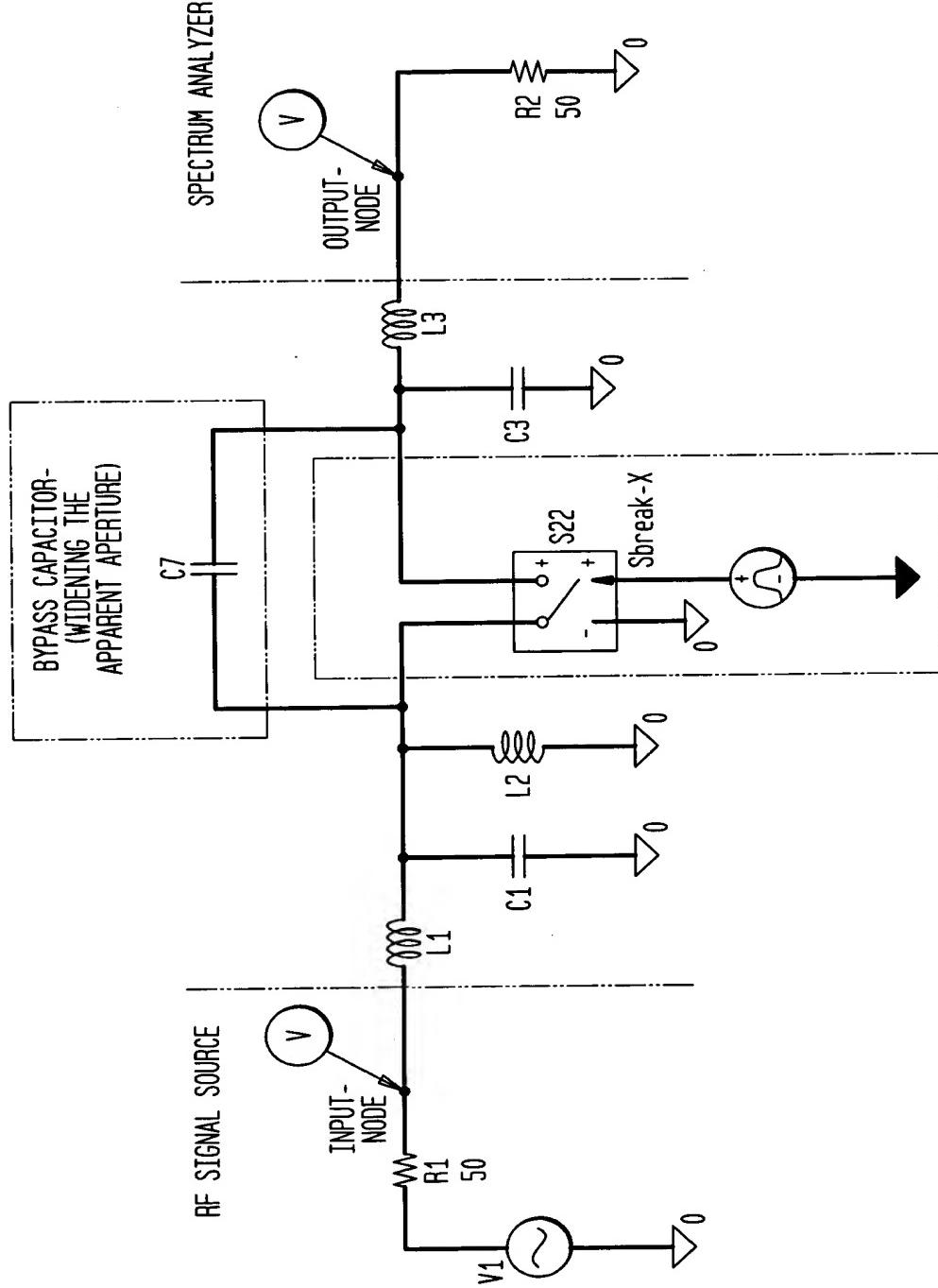
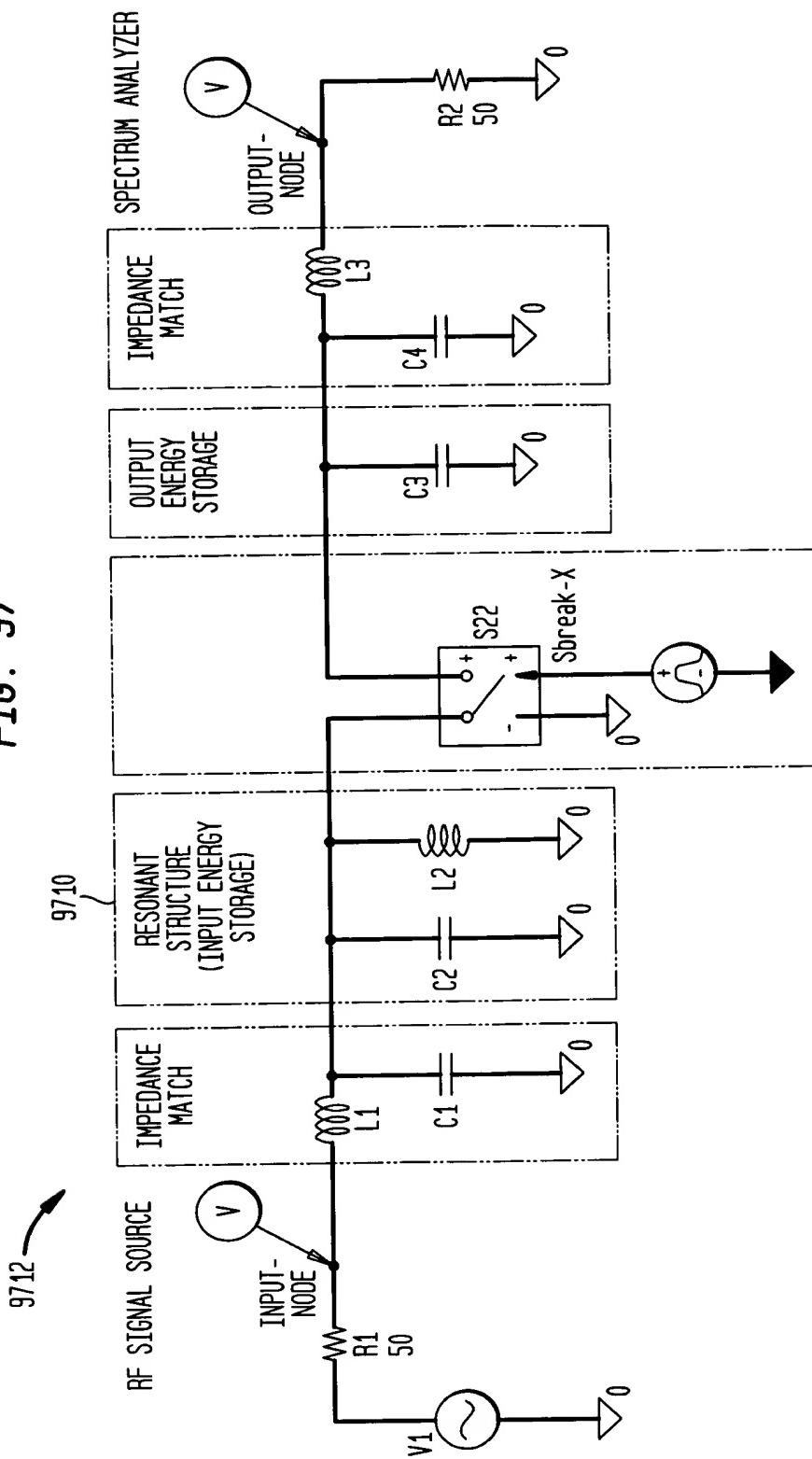
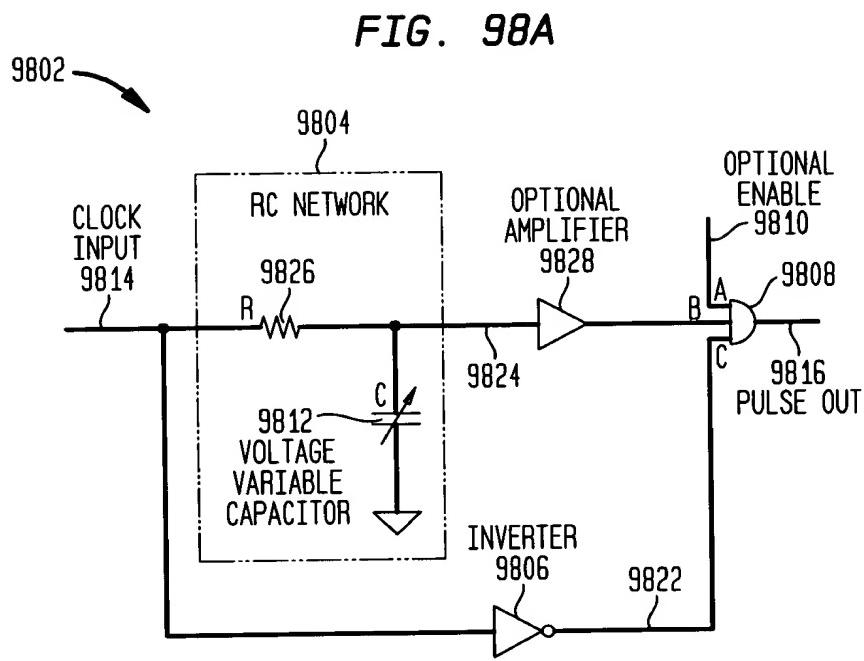
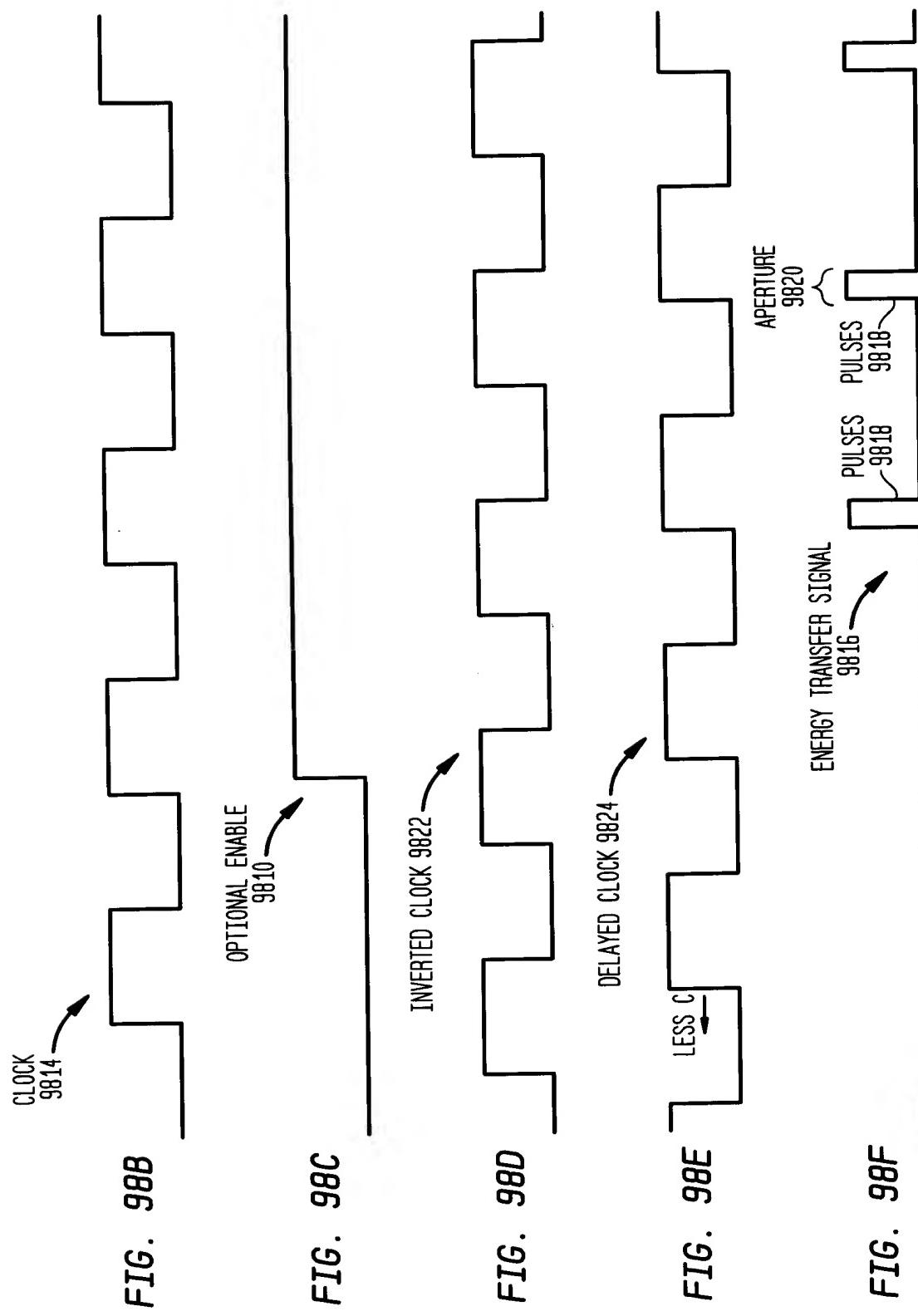


FIG. 97







**FIG. 99**

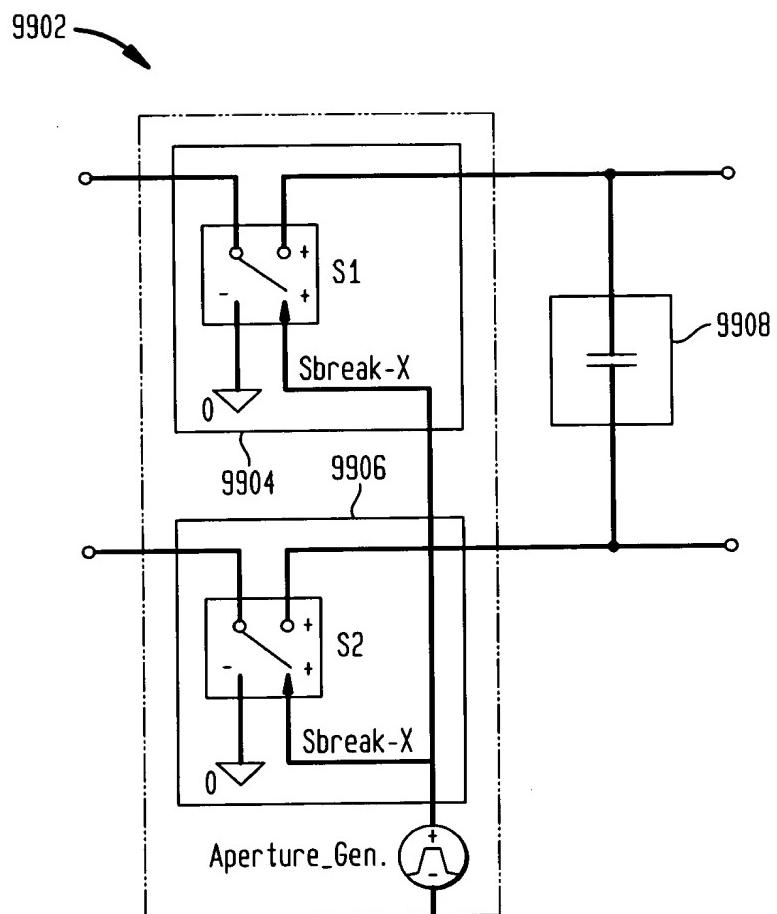


FIG. 100

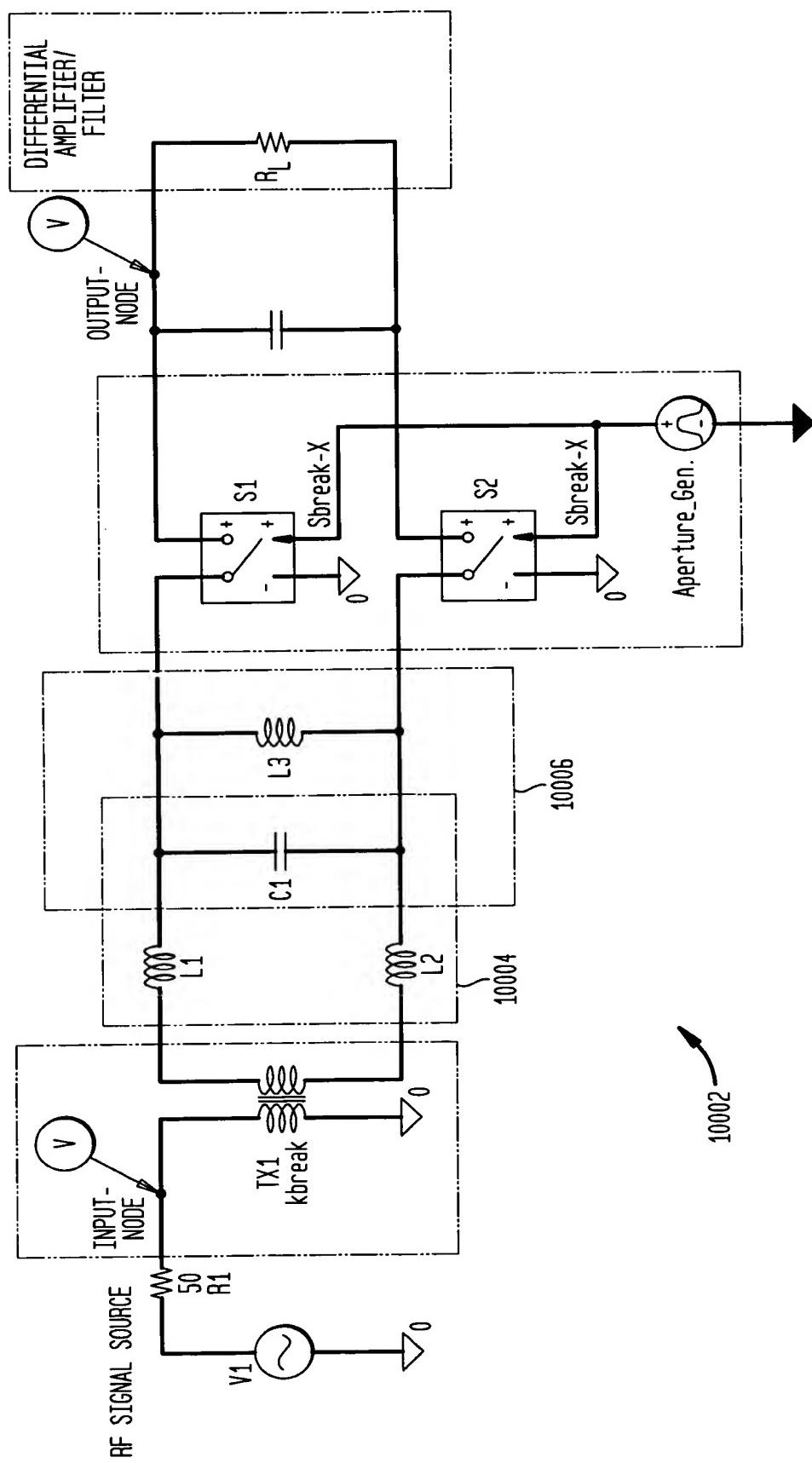
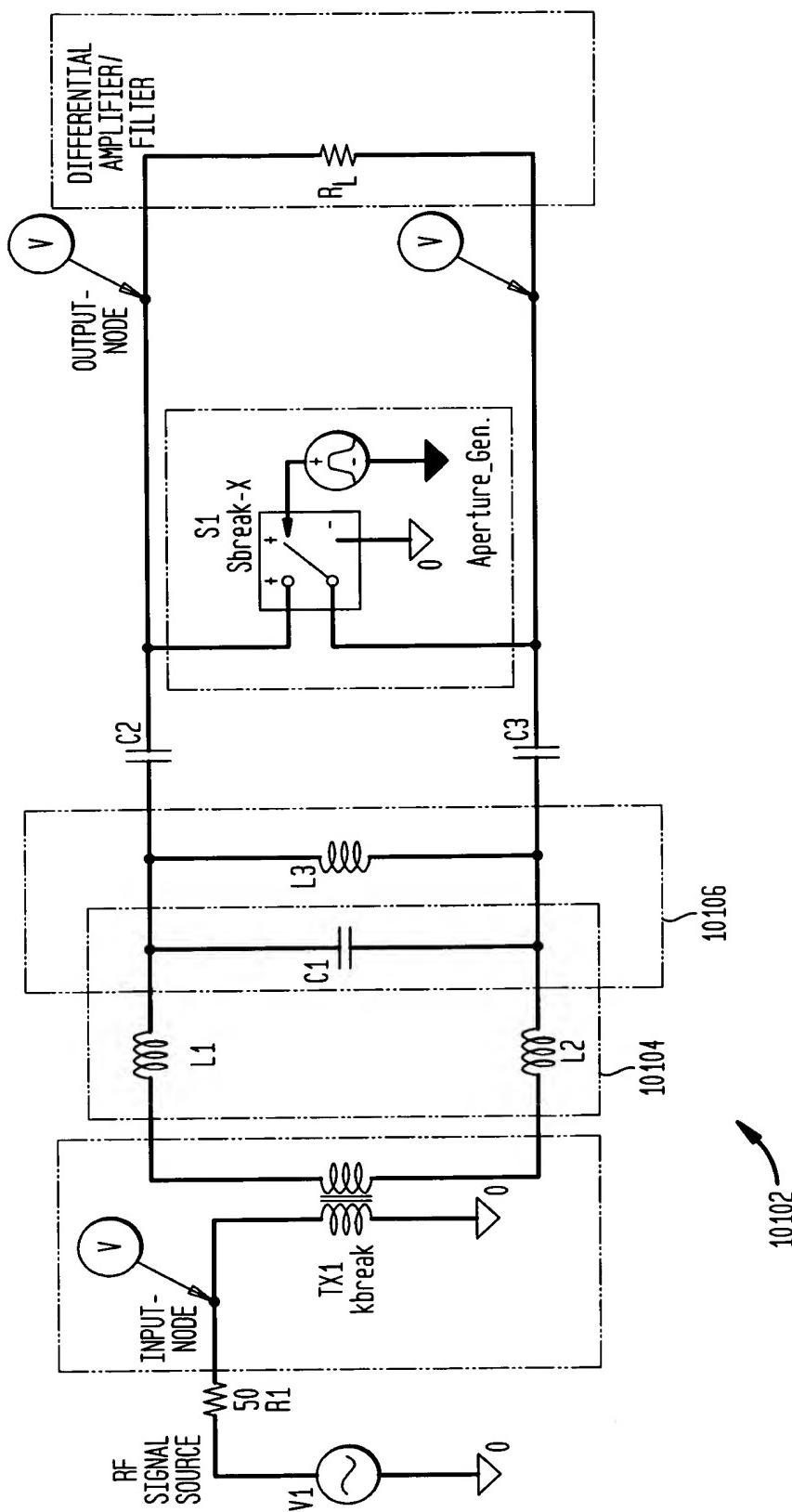


FIG. 101



**FIG. 102**

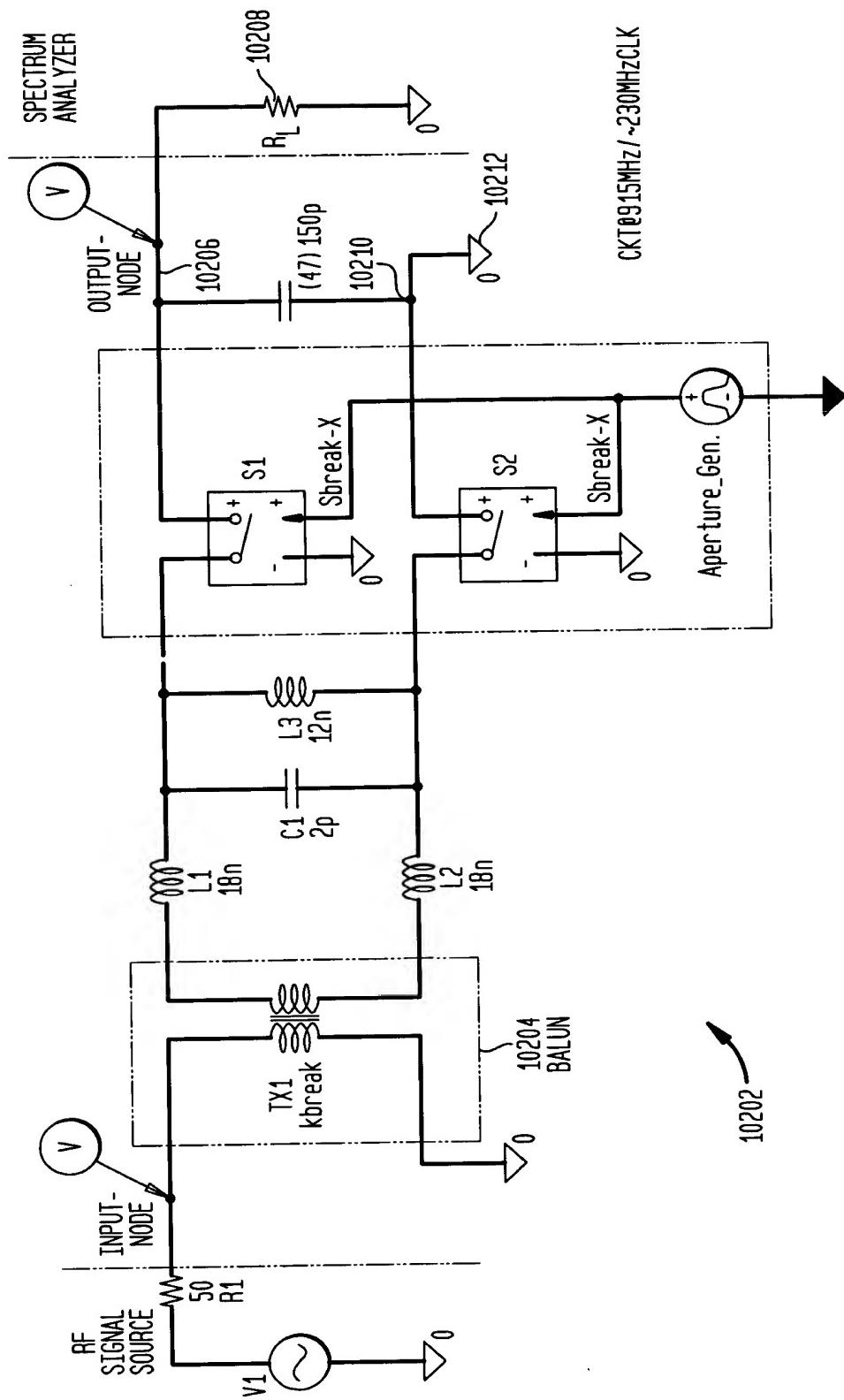


FIG. 103

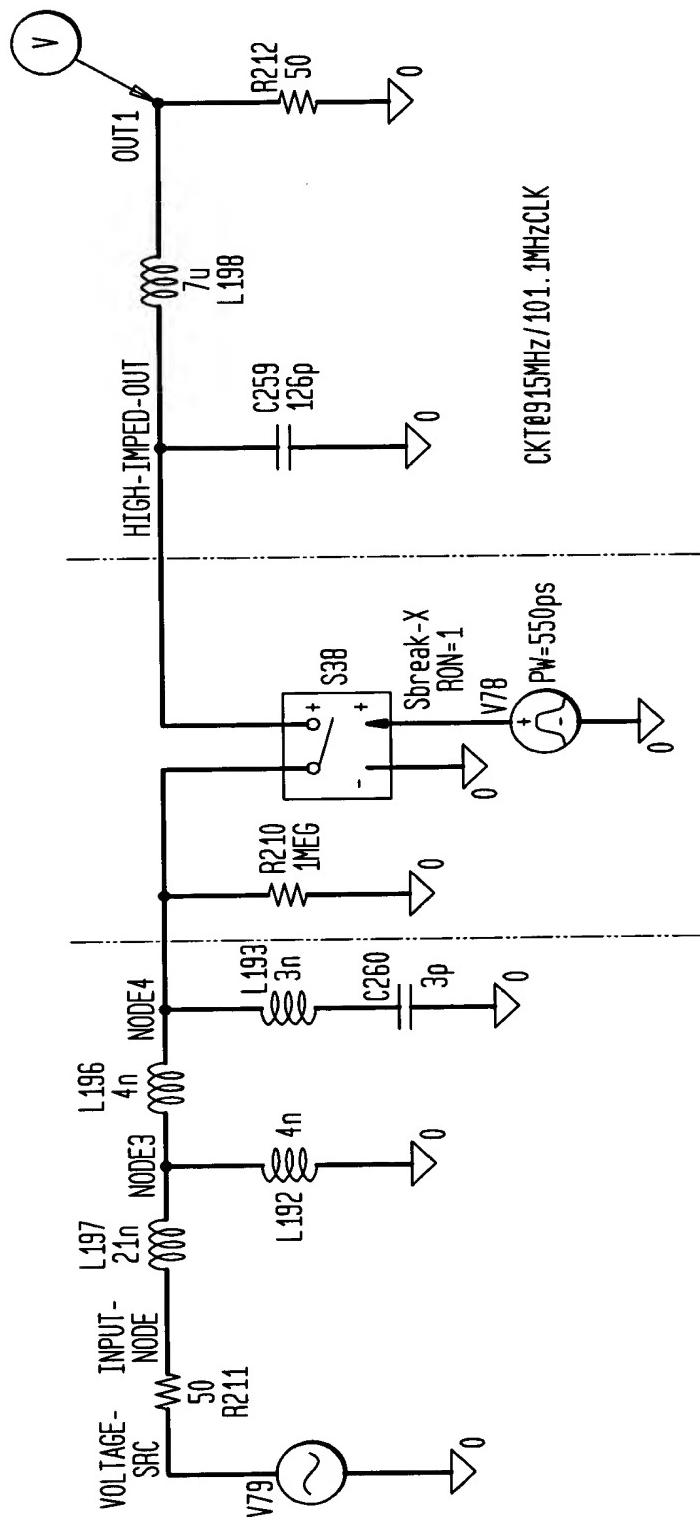
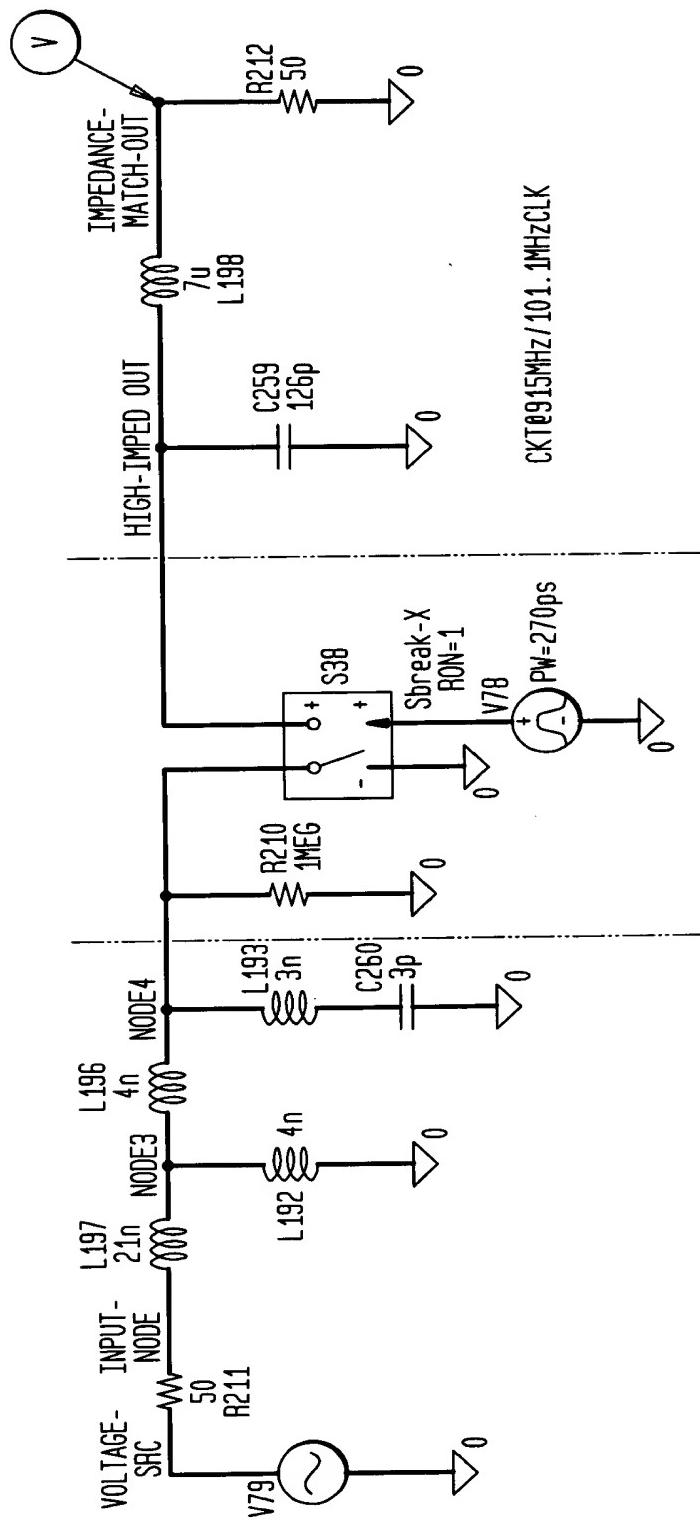


FIG. 104



**FIG. 105**

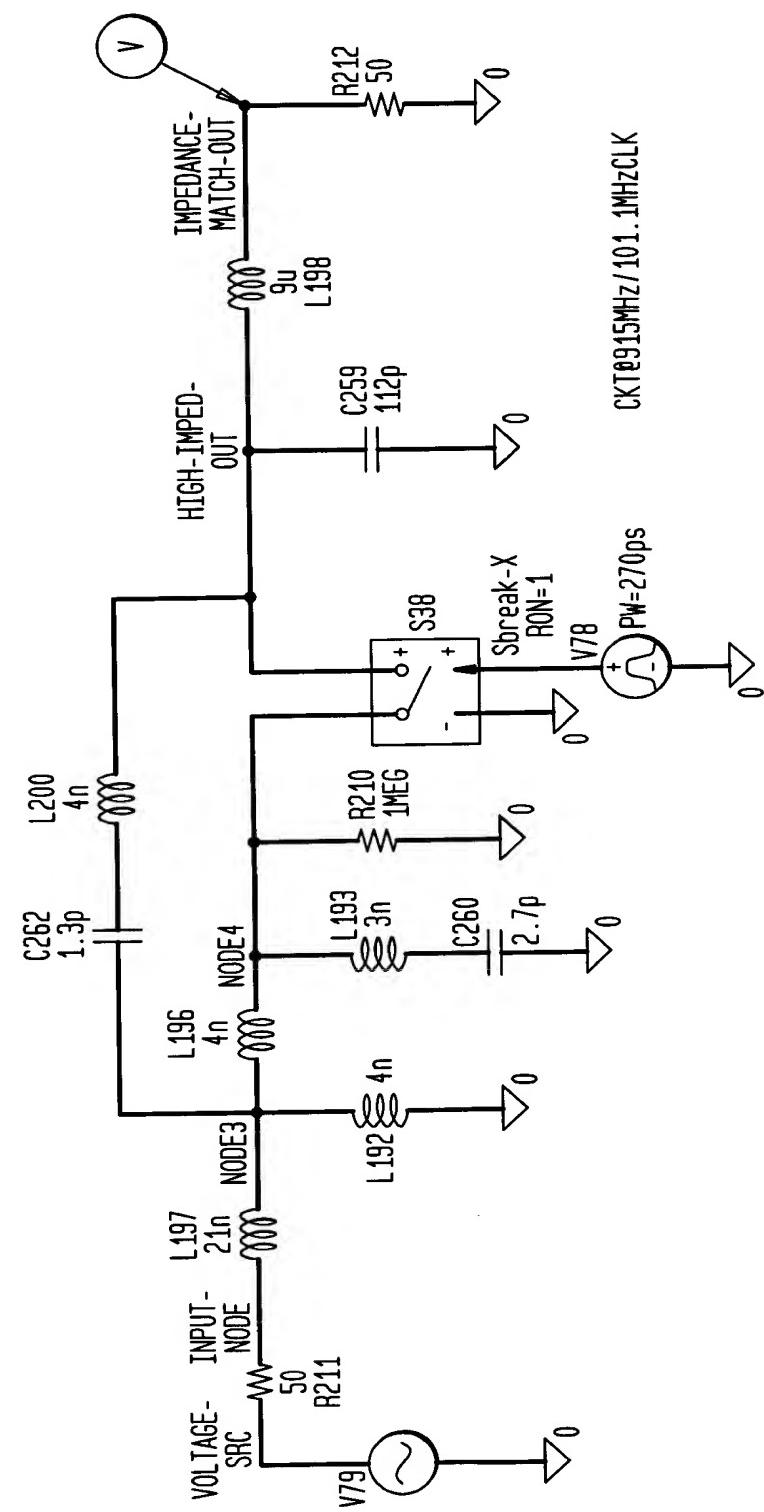
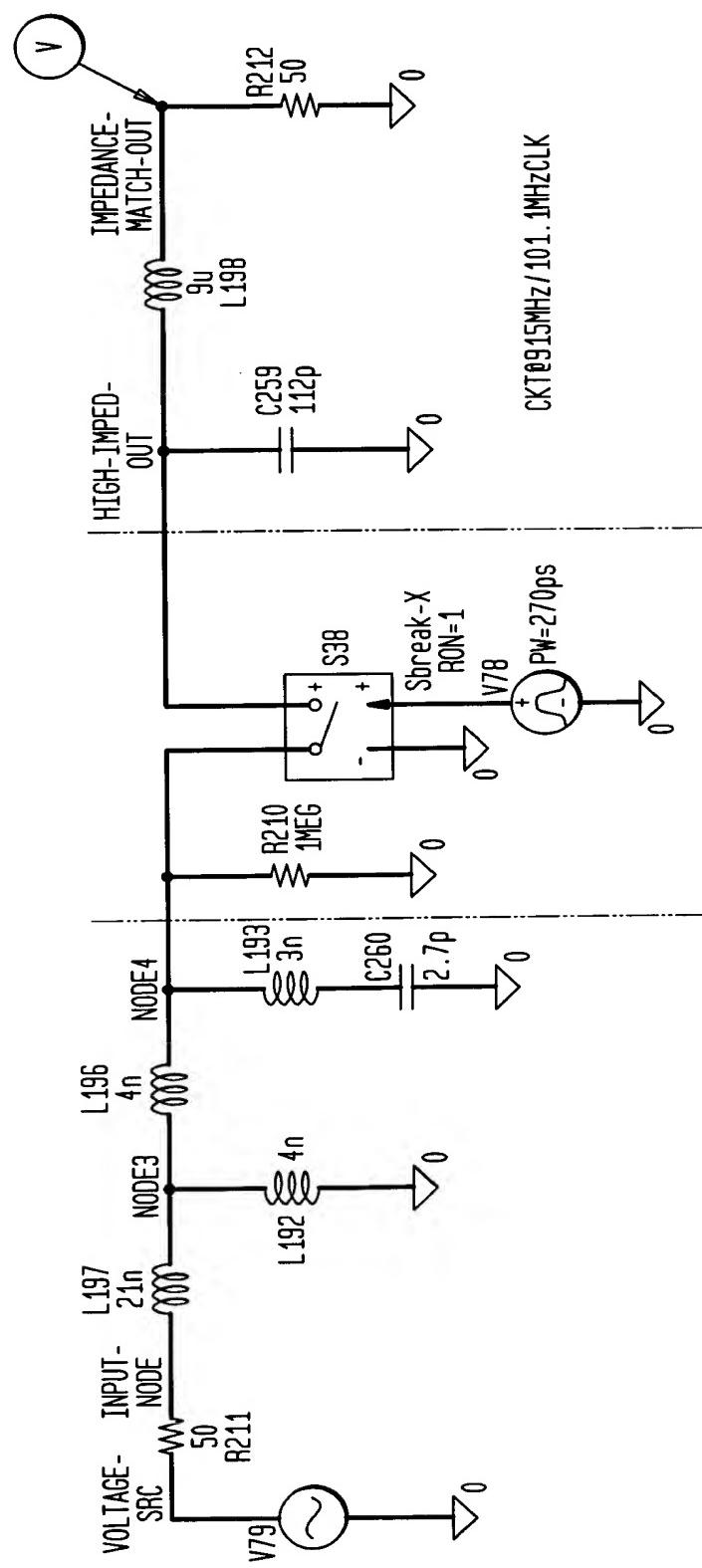
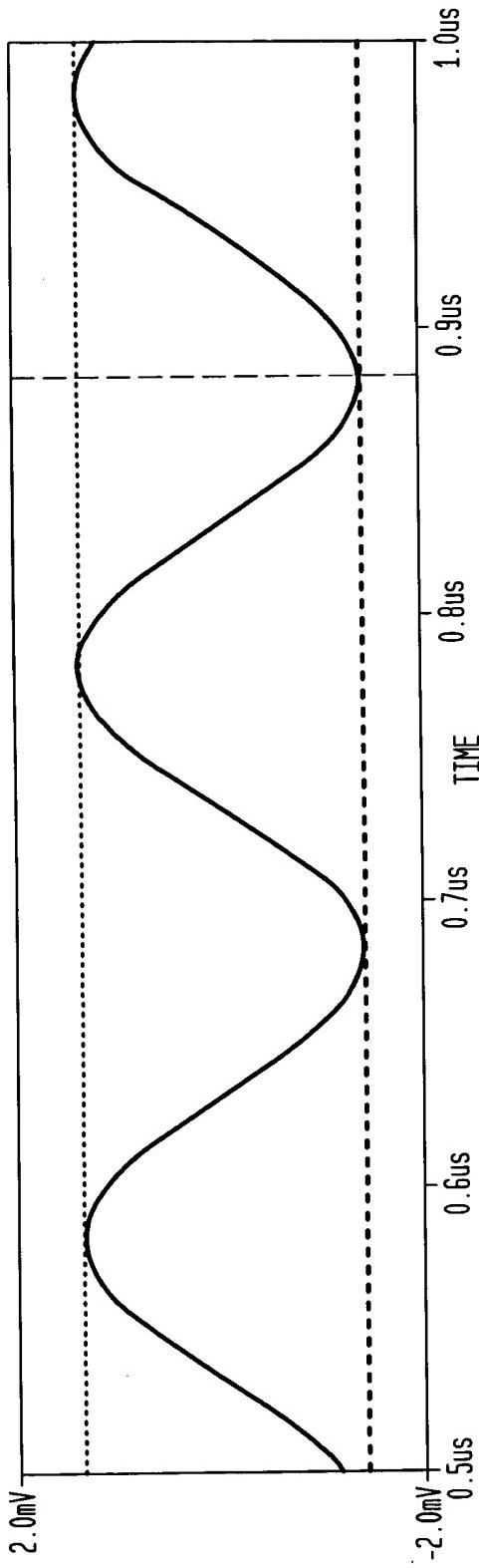


FIG. 106

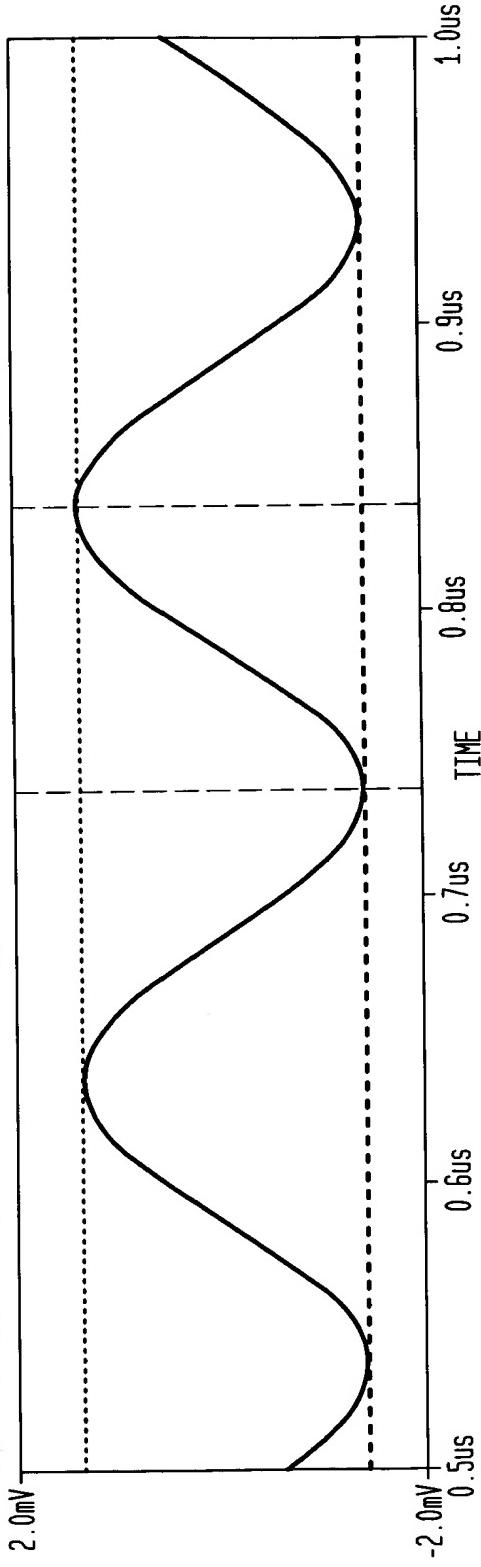


**FIG. 107A**



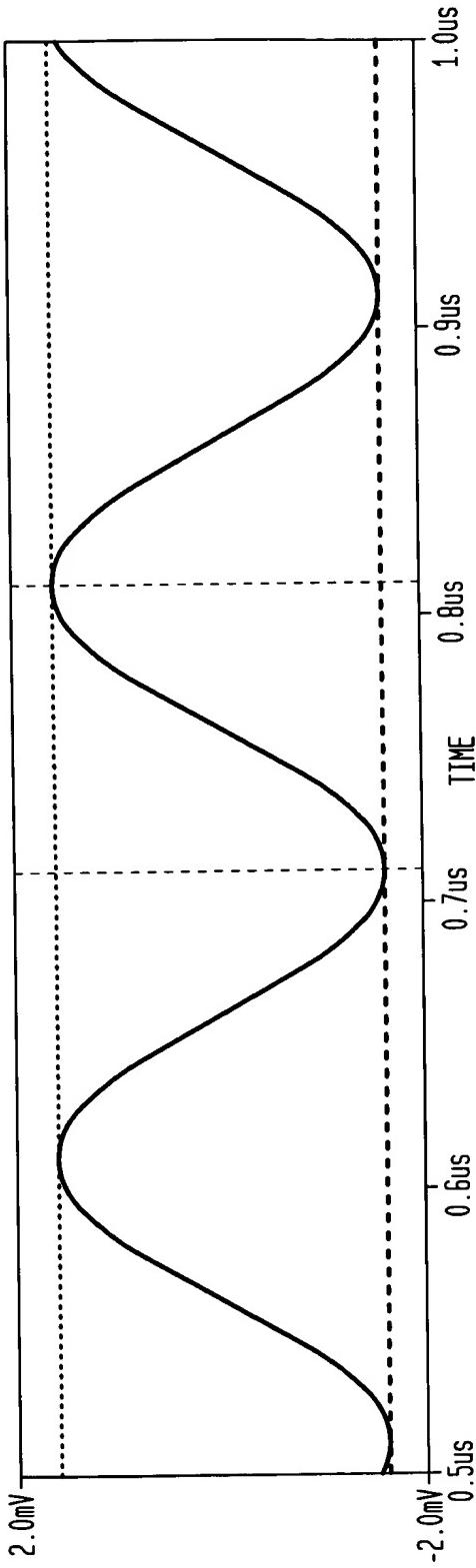
$\square V(\text{out1})$   
 E1: (981.86n, 1.404m) E2: (883.04n, -1.402m) DIFF(E): (98.82n, 2.806m)  
 F1: (837.43n, 1.253m) F2: (738.01n, -1.252m) DIFF(F): (99.42n, 2.505m)

**FIG. 107B**

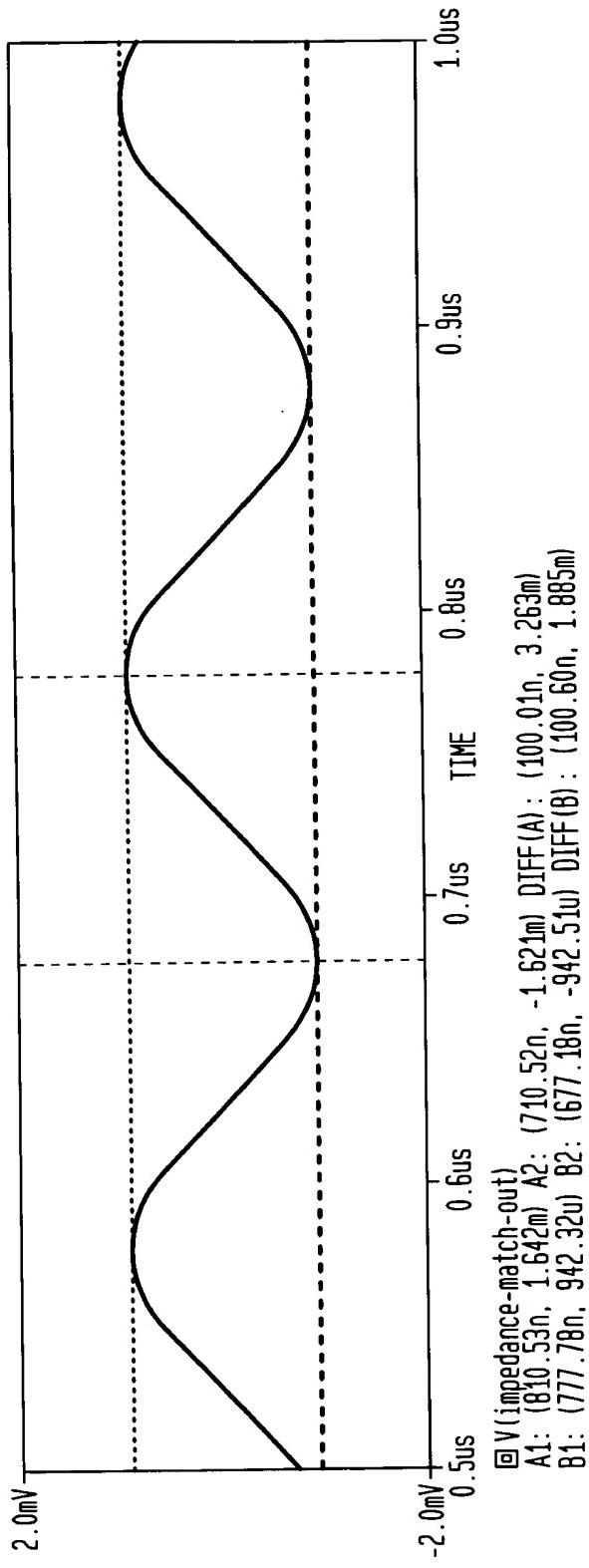


$\square V(\text{impedance-match-out})$   
 E1: (981.86n, 1.404m) E2: (883.04n, -1.402m) DIFF(E): (98.82n, 2.806m)  
 F1: (837.43n, 1.253m) F2: (738.01n, -1.252m) DIFF(F): (99.42n, 2.505m)

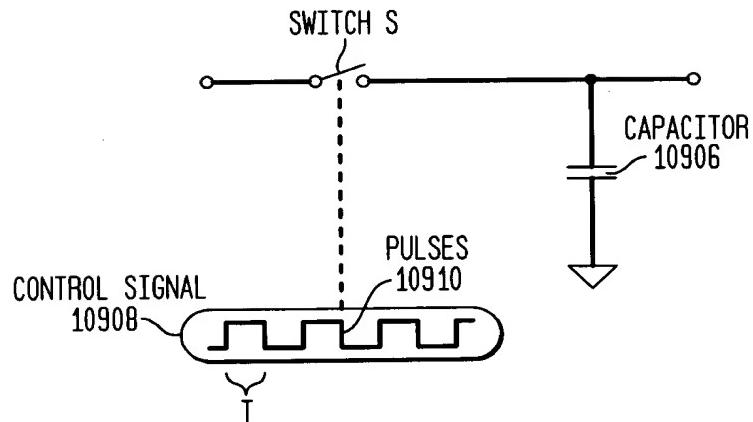
**FIG. 108A**



**FIG. 108B**



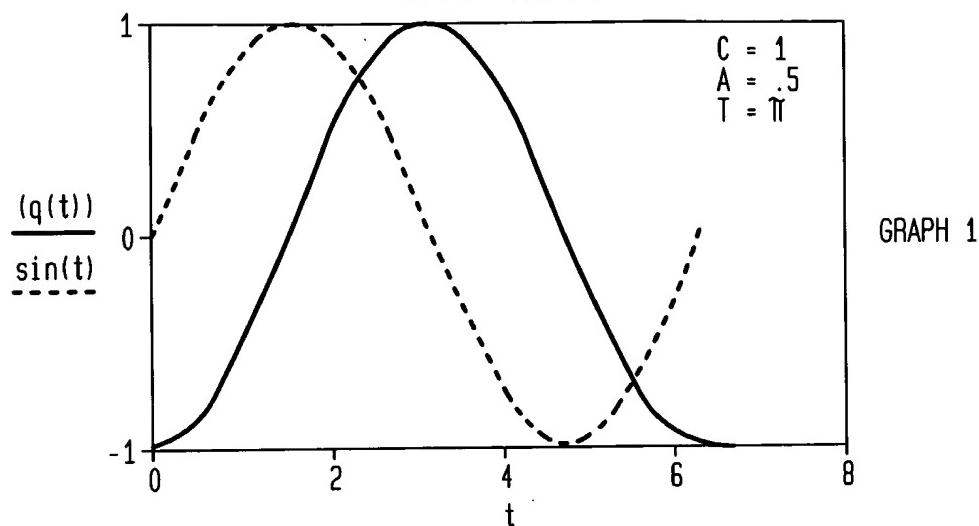
**FIG. 109A**



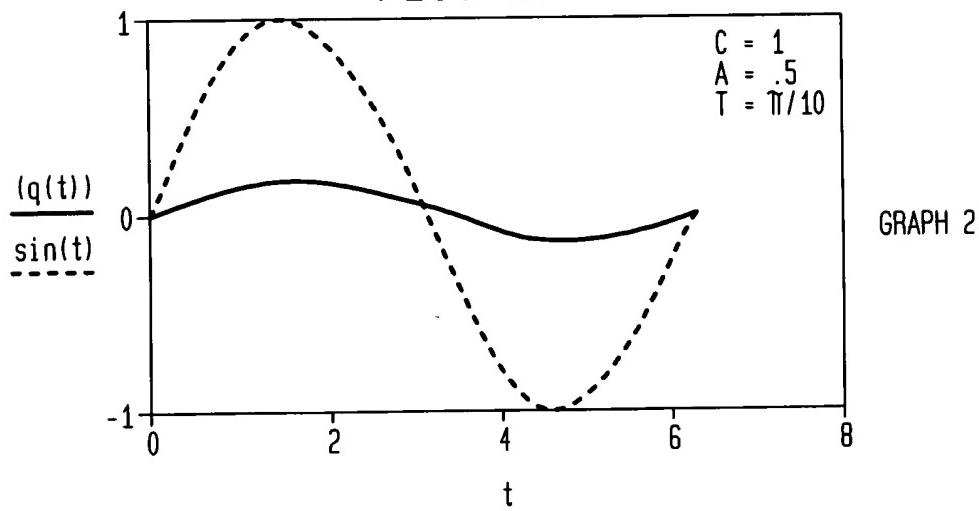
**FIG. 109B**

$q = C \cdot V$	EQ. 10
$V = A \cdot \sin(t)$	EQ. 11
$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t)$	EQ. 12
$\Delta q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t) - C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t-T)$	EQ. 13
$\Delta q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T))$	EQ. 14
$\sin(\alpha) - \sin(\beta) = 2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right)$	EQ. 15
$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left[\frac{t-(t-T)}{2}\right] \cdot \cos\left[\frac{t+(t-T)}{2}\right]$	EQ. 16
$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot T\right)$	EQ. 17
$q(t) = \int C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T)) dt$	EQ. 18
$q(t) = -\cos(t) \cdot C \cdot A + \cos(t-T) \cdot C \cdot A$	EQ. 19
$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\cos(t-T) - \cos(t))$	EQ. 20

**FIG. 109C**



**FIG. 109D**



**FIG. 109E**

POWER-CHARGE RELATIONSHIP

$$q=C \cdot V \quad \text{EQ. 21}$$

$$V=q/C \quad \text{EQ. 22}$$

$$V=J/C \quad \text{EQ. 23}$$

$$J=q^2/C \quad \text{EQ. 24}$$

$$P=J/S \quad \text{EQ. 25}$$

$$P=\frac{q^2}{C \cdot S} \quad \text{EQ. 26}$$

**FIG. 109F**

INSERTION LOSS

INSERTION LOSS IN dB IS EXPRESSED BY:

$$ILdB=10 \cdot \log\left(\frac{P_{in}}{P_{out}}\right) \text{ or}$$

$$ILdB=10 \cdot \log\left[\frac{\left(\frac{V_{in}}{R_{in}}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}}\right)^2}\right]$$

FIG. 110A

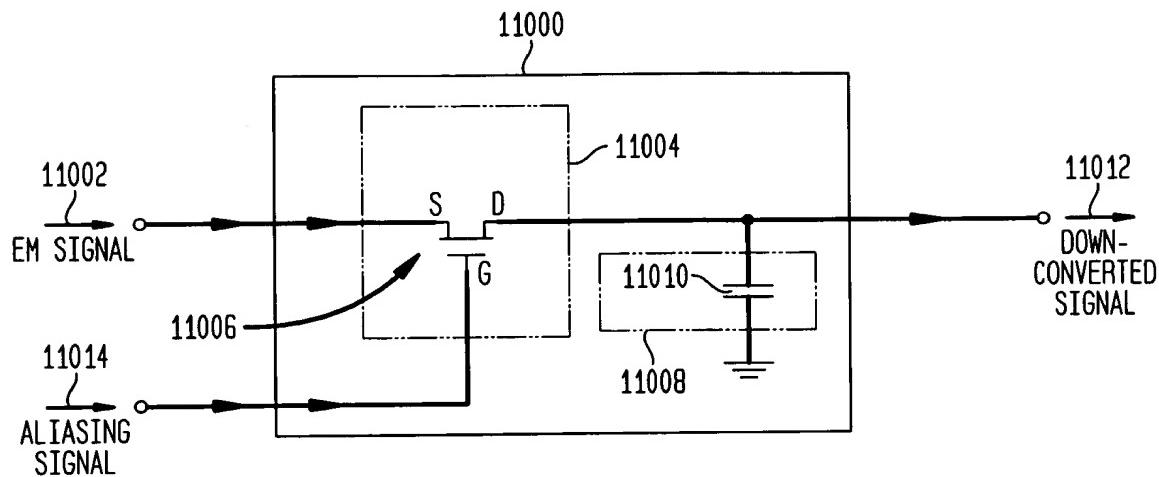
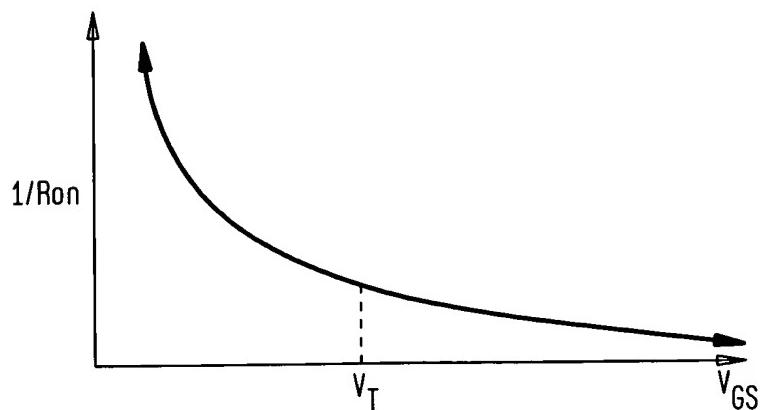


FIG. 110B



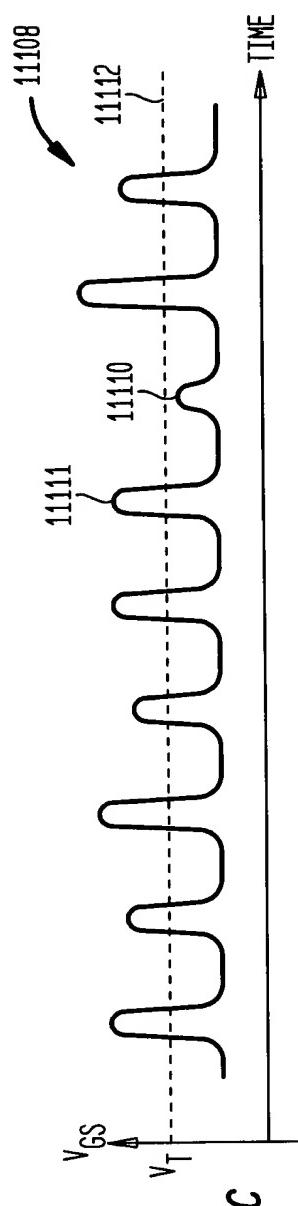
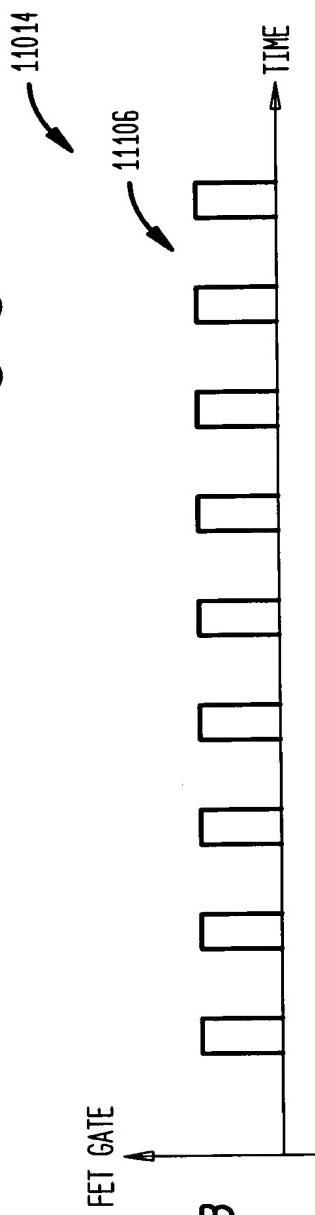
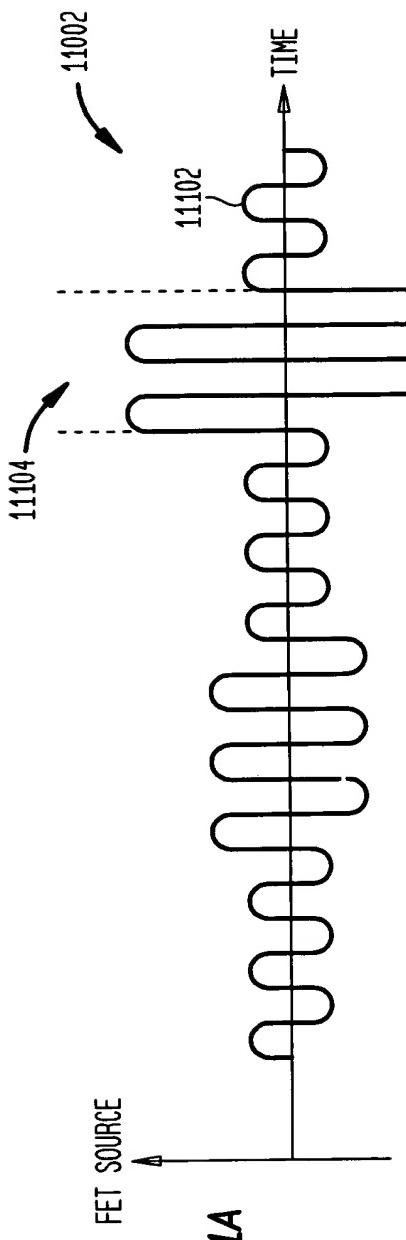
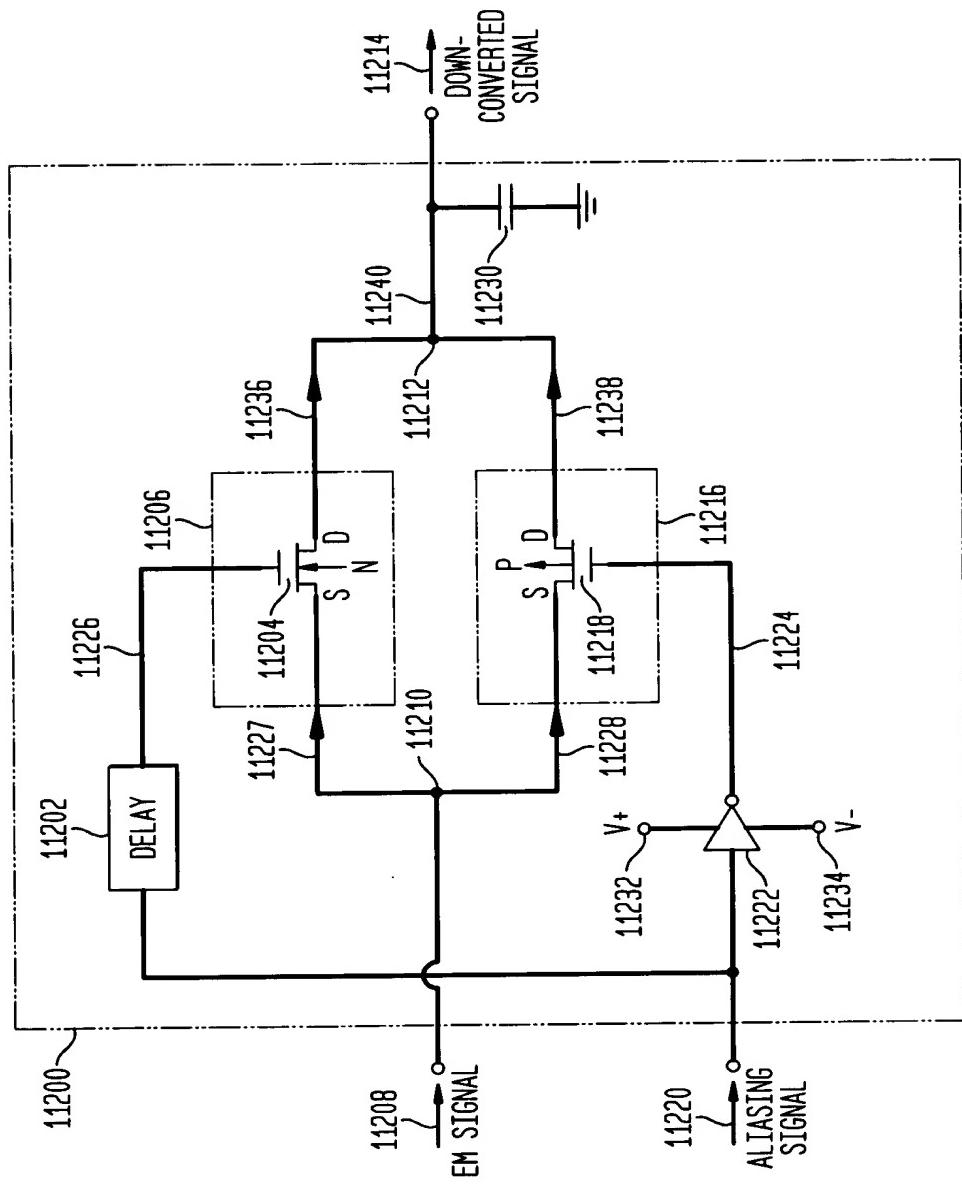
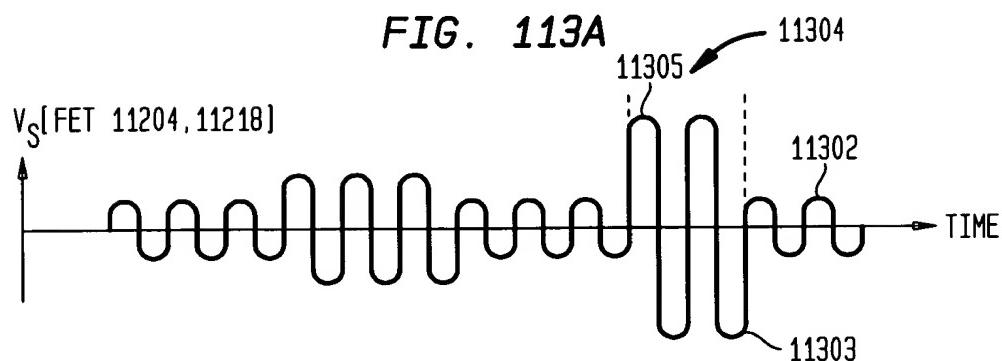


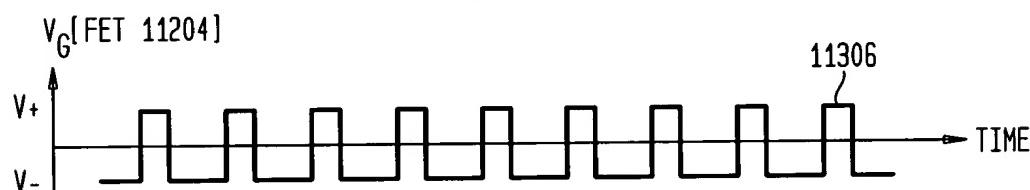
FIG. 112



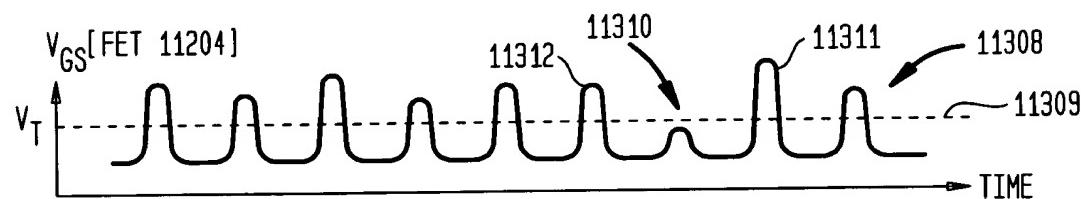
**FIG. 113A**



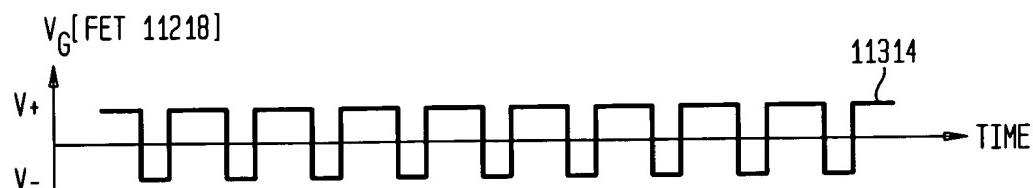
**FIG. 113B**



**FIG. 113C**



**FIG. 113D**



**FIG. 113E**

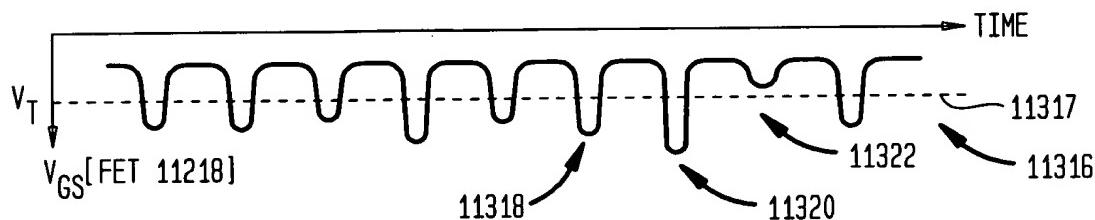


FIG. 114

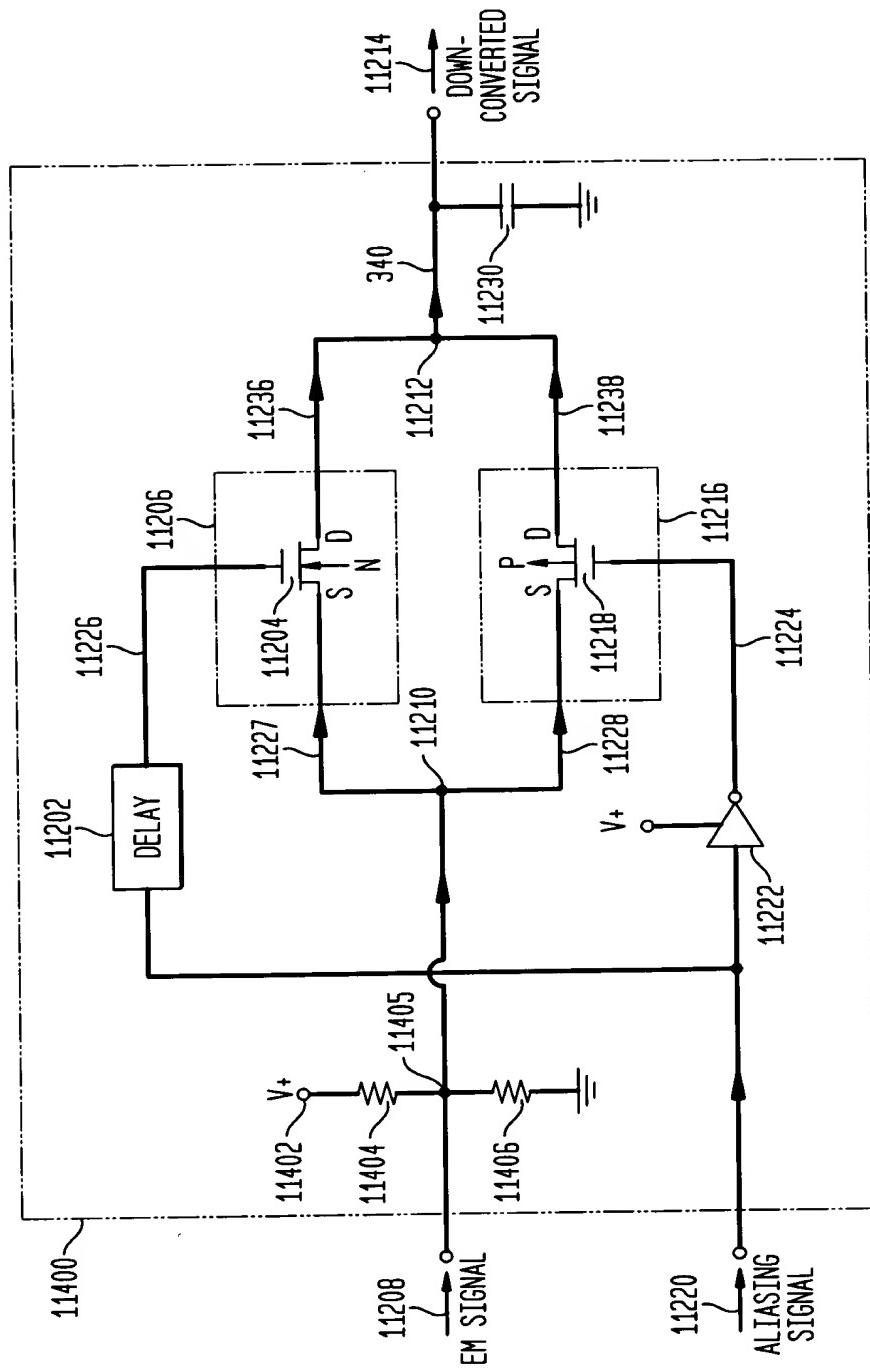
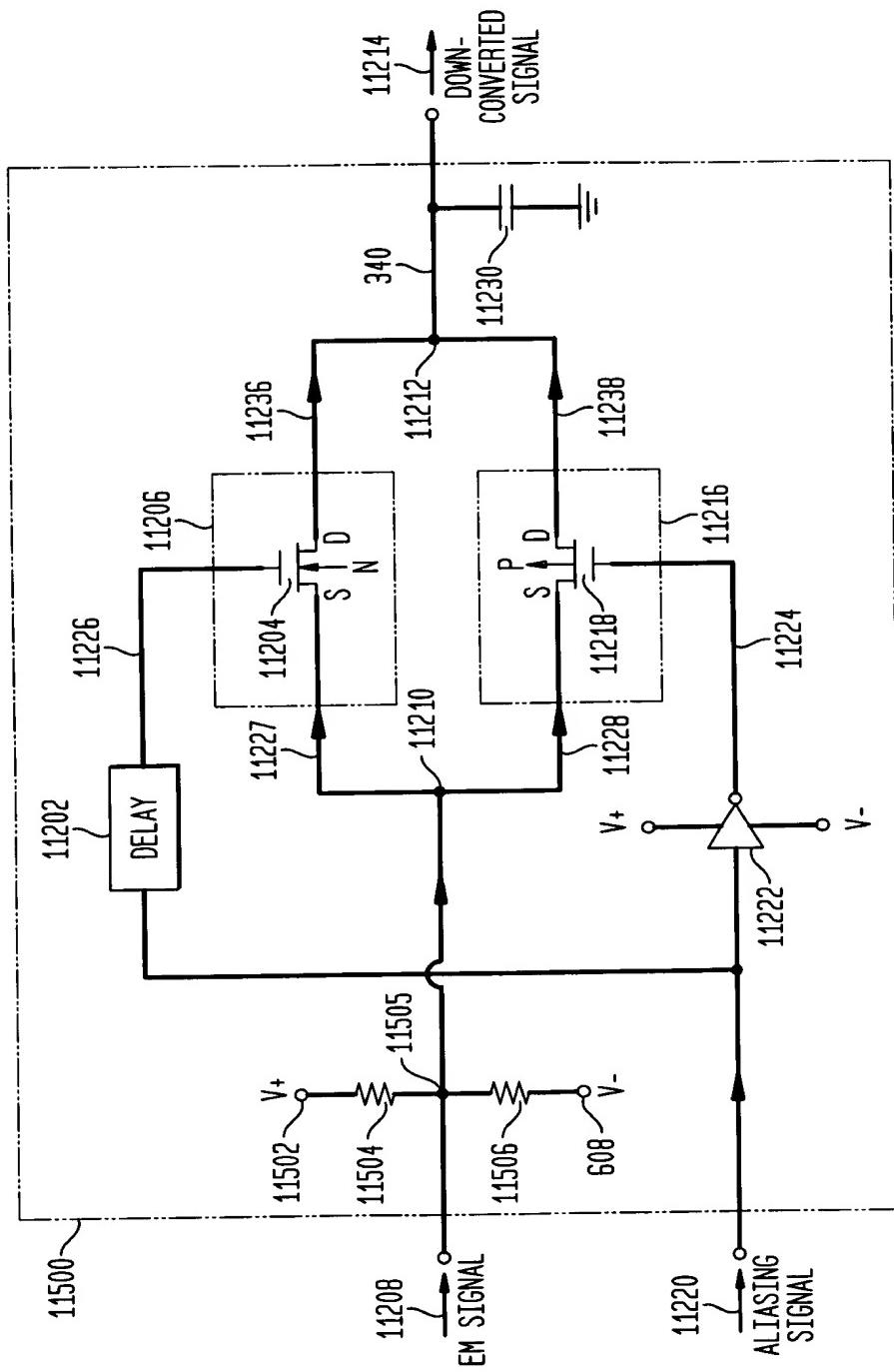
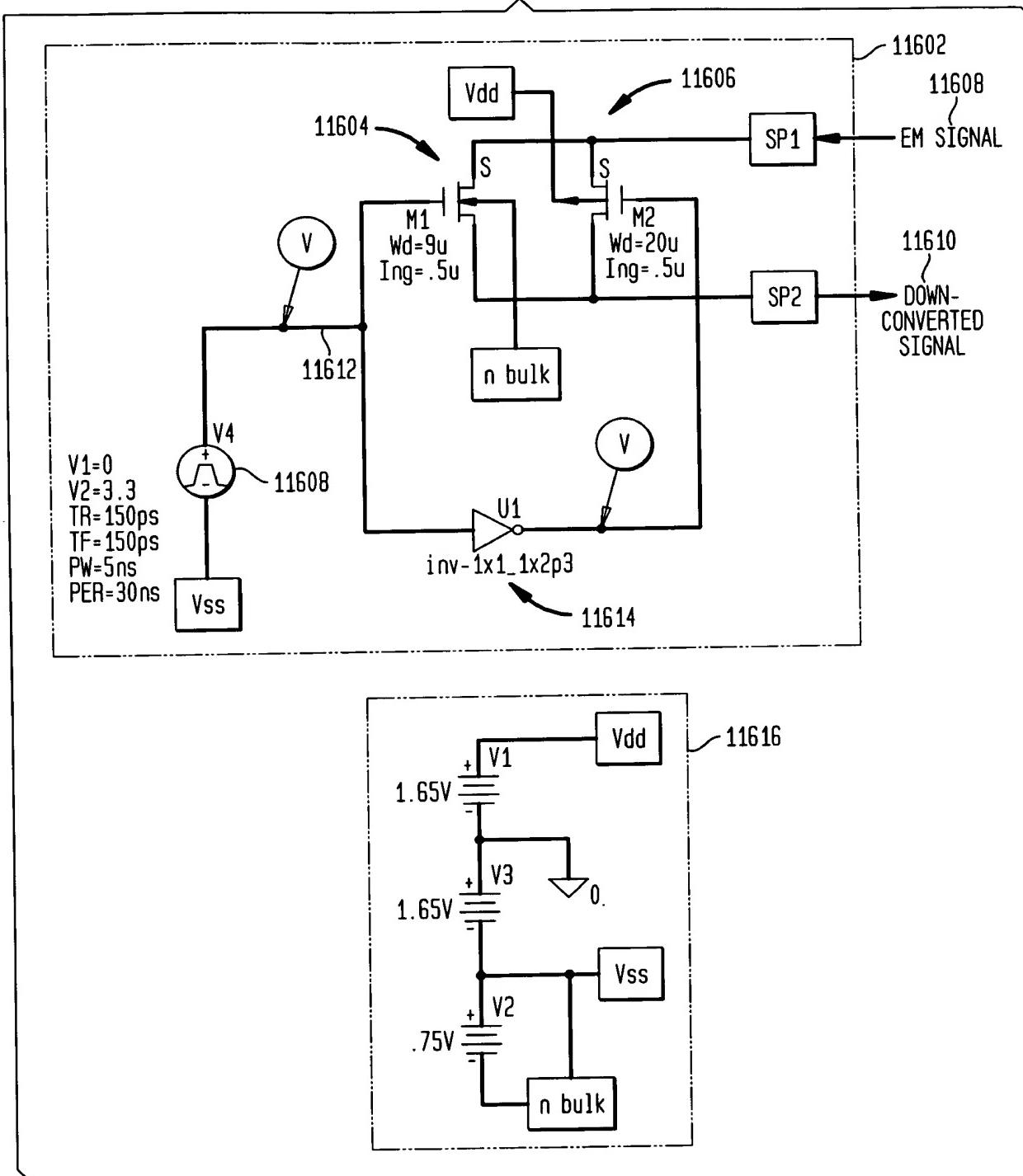


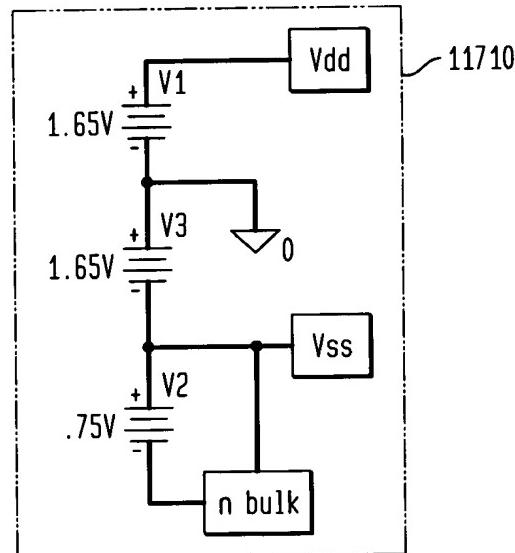
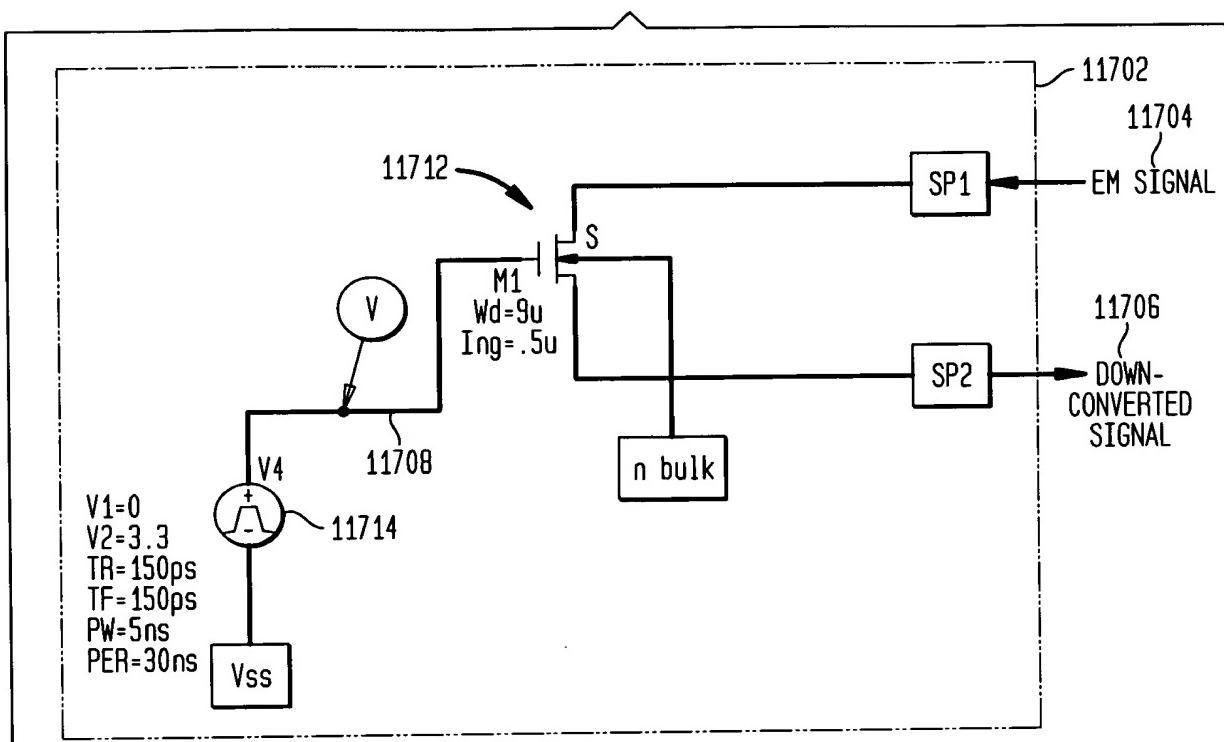
FIG. 115

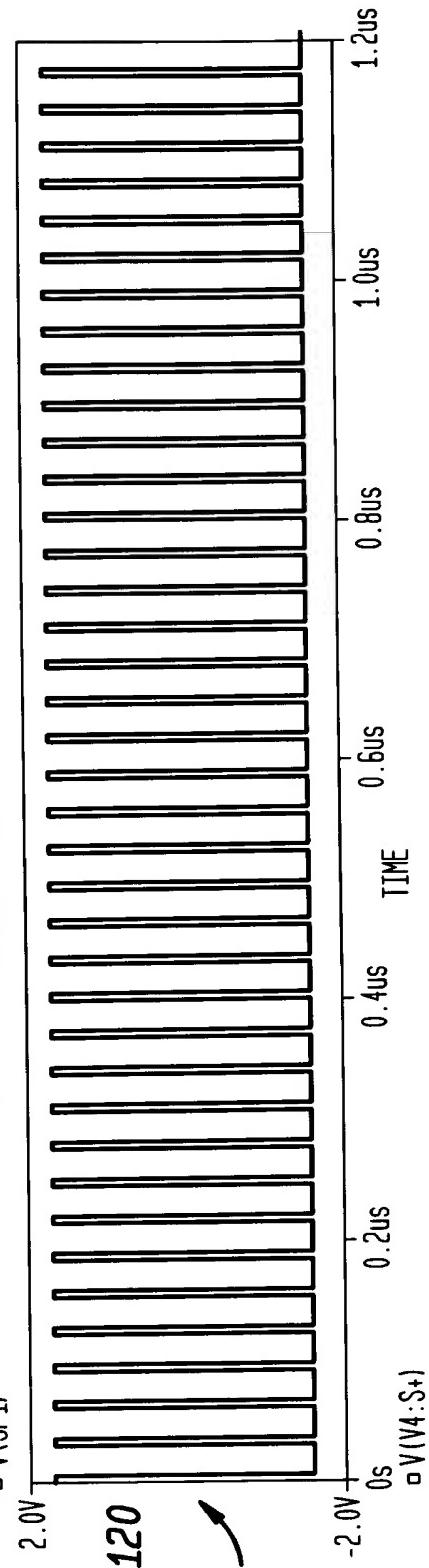
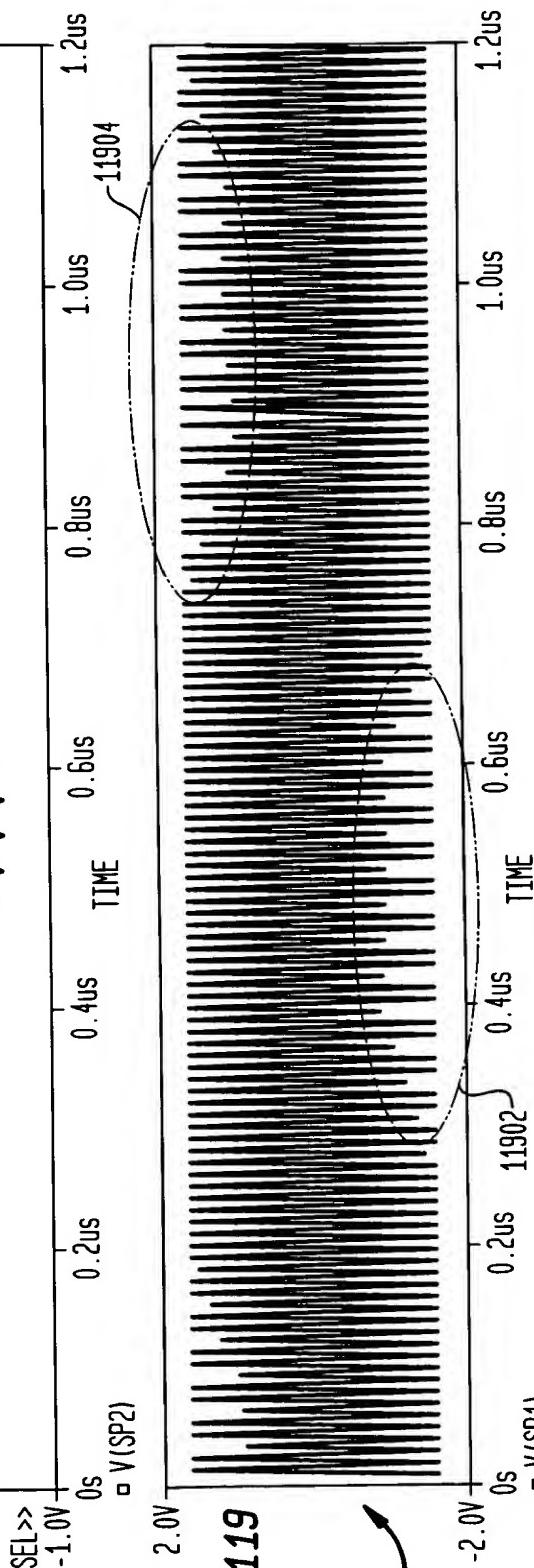
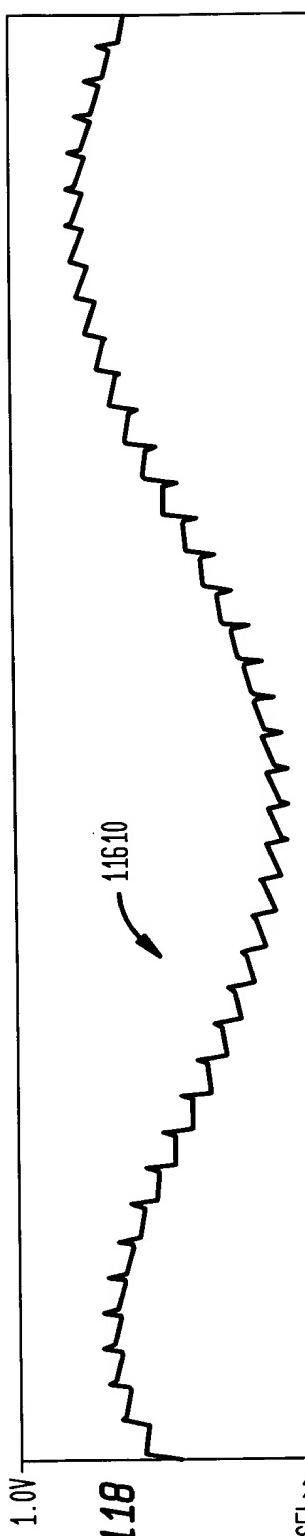


**FIG. 116**



**FIG. 117**





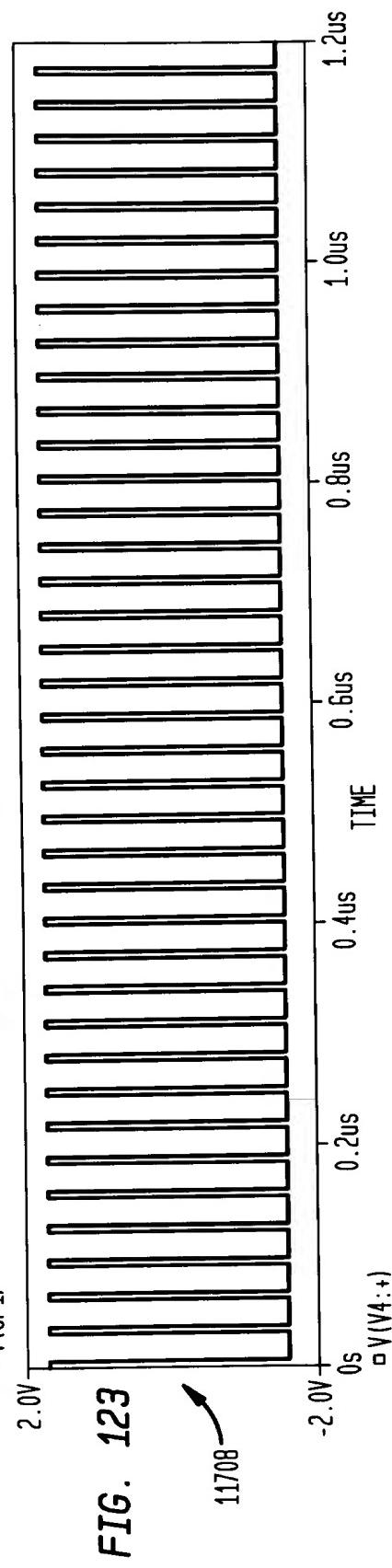
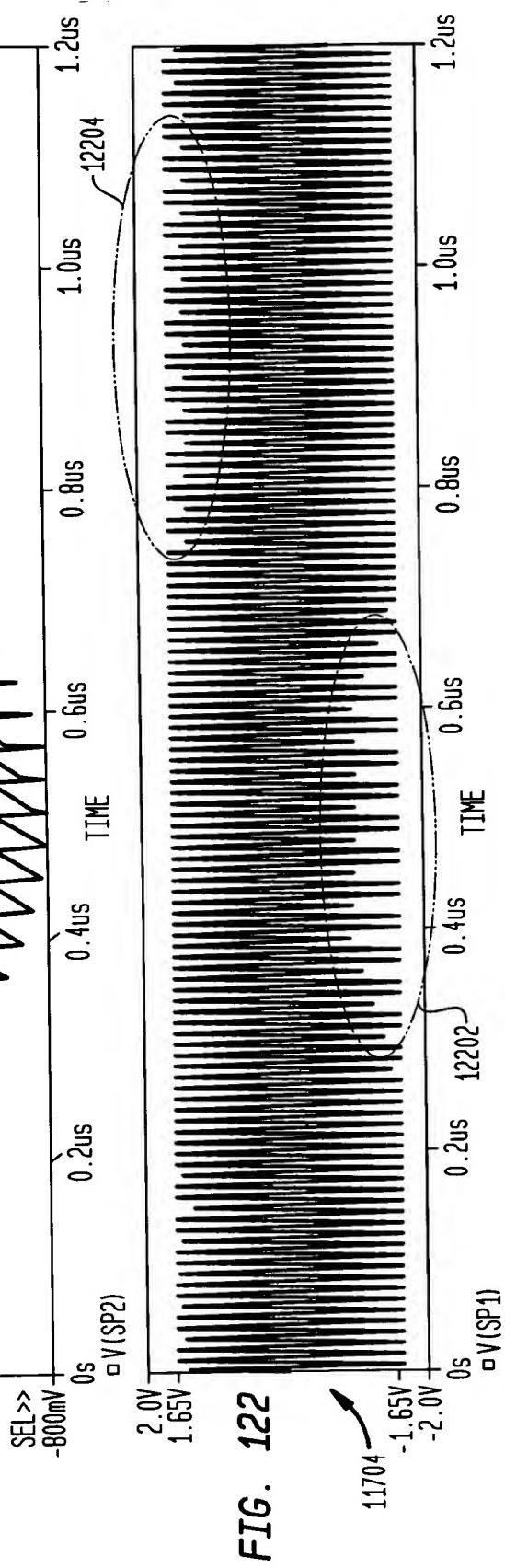
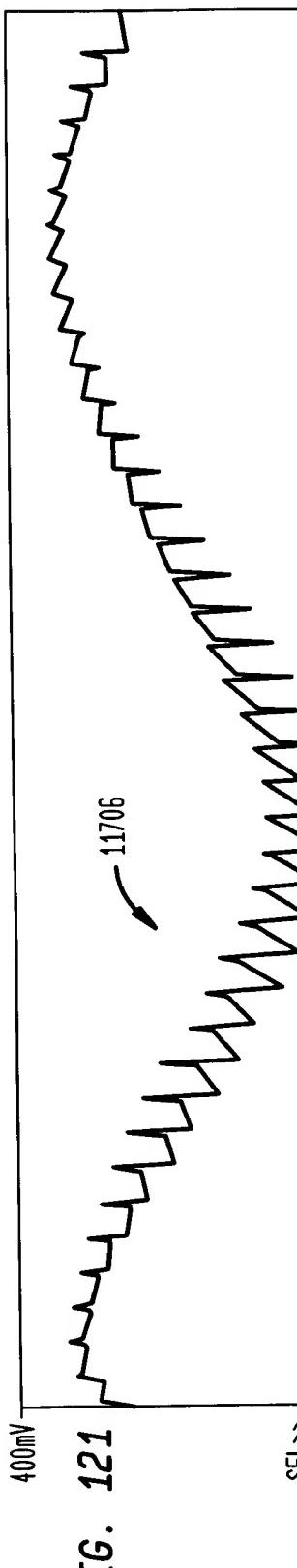
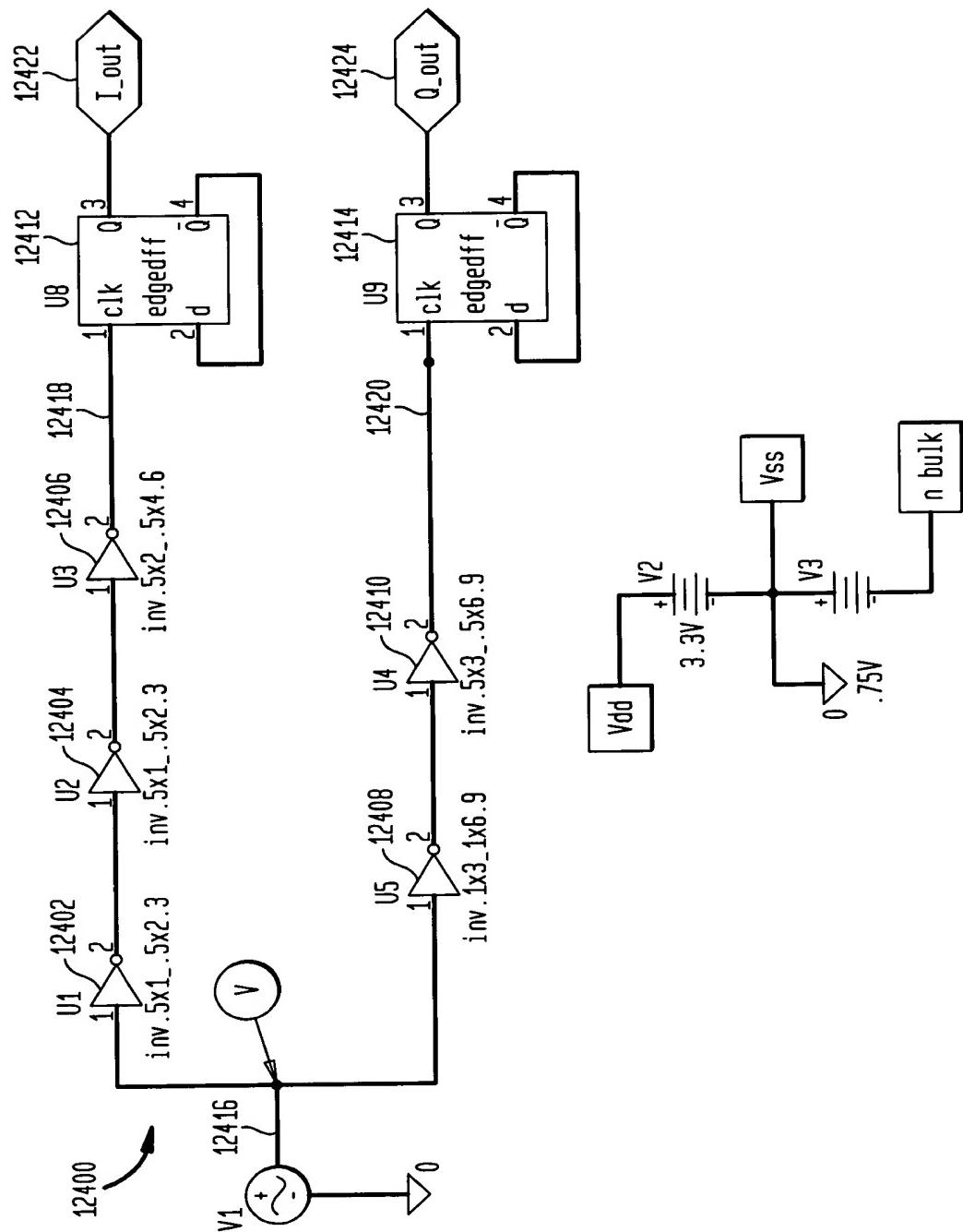
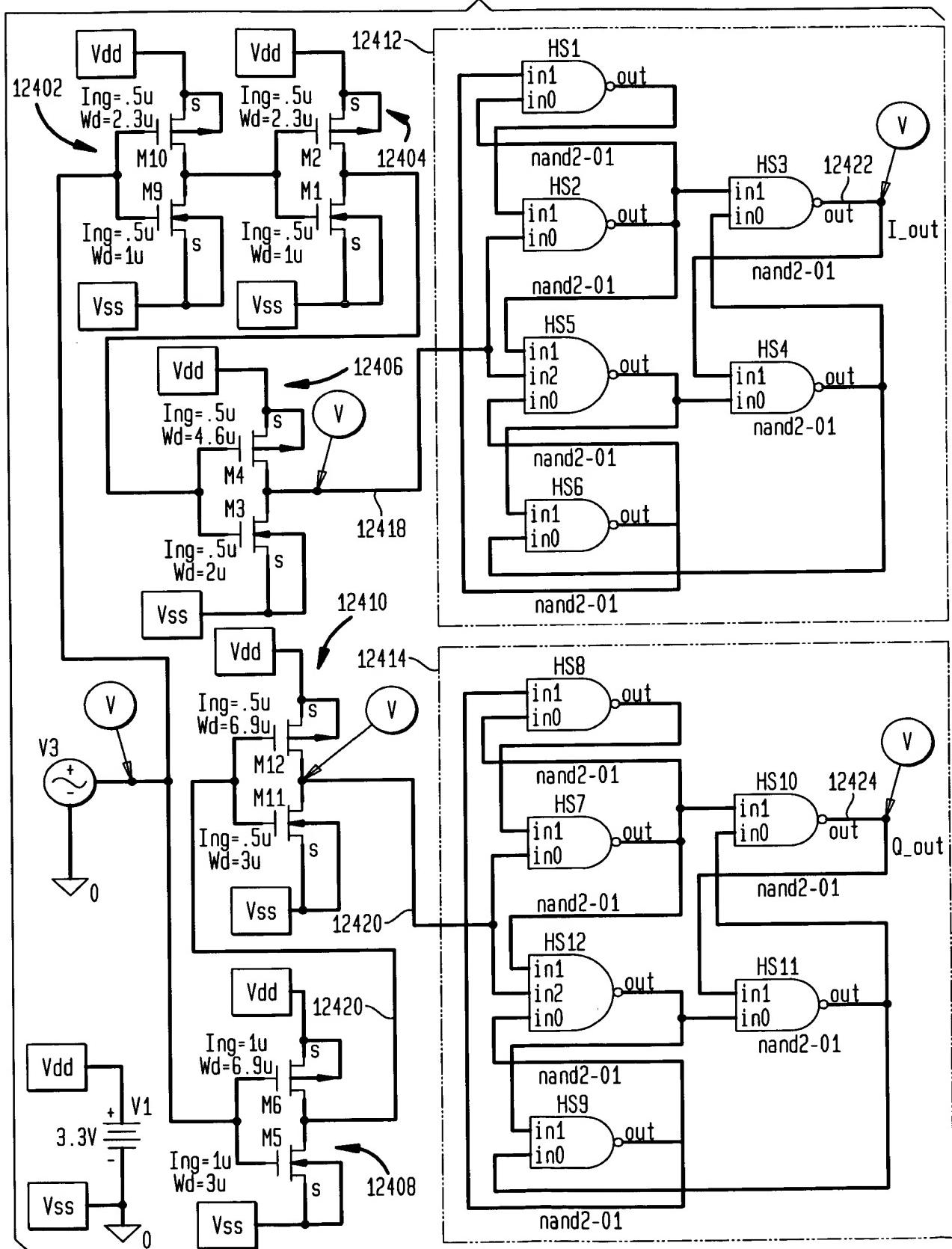
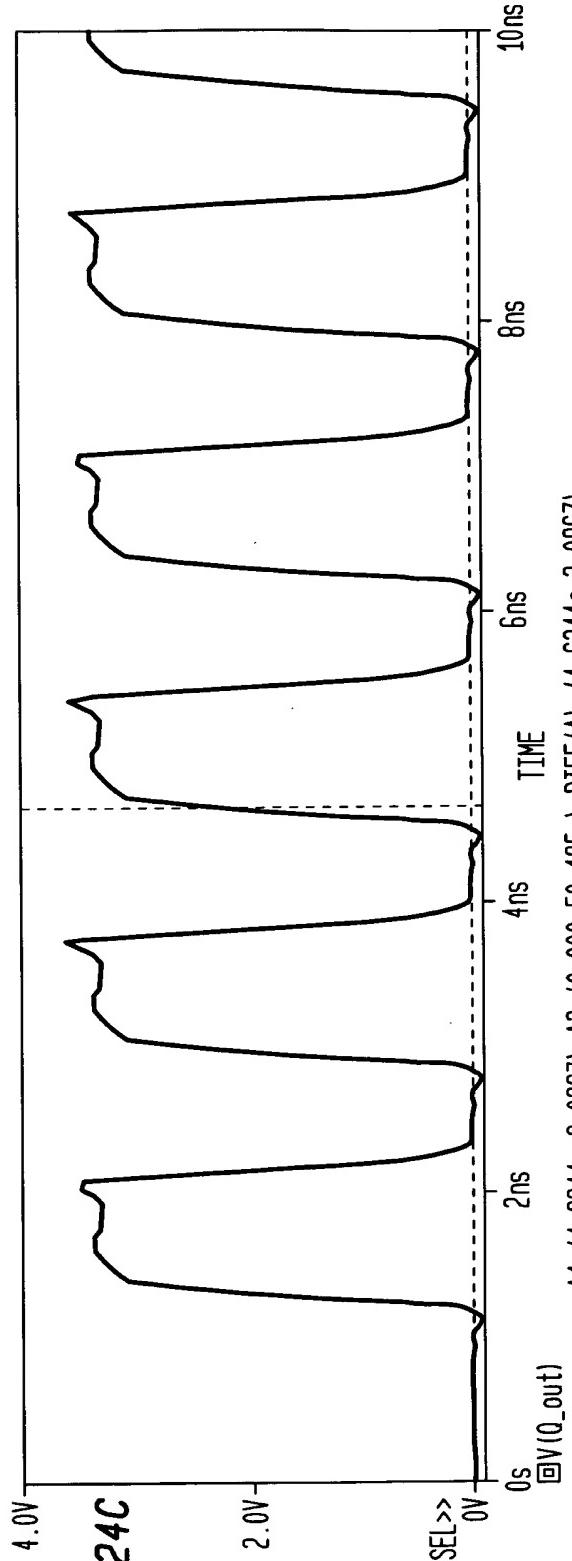


FIG. 124A

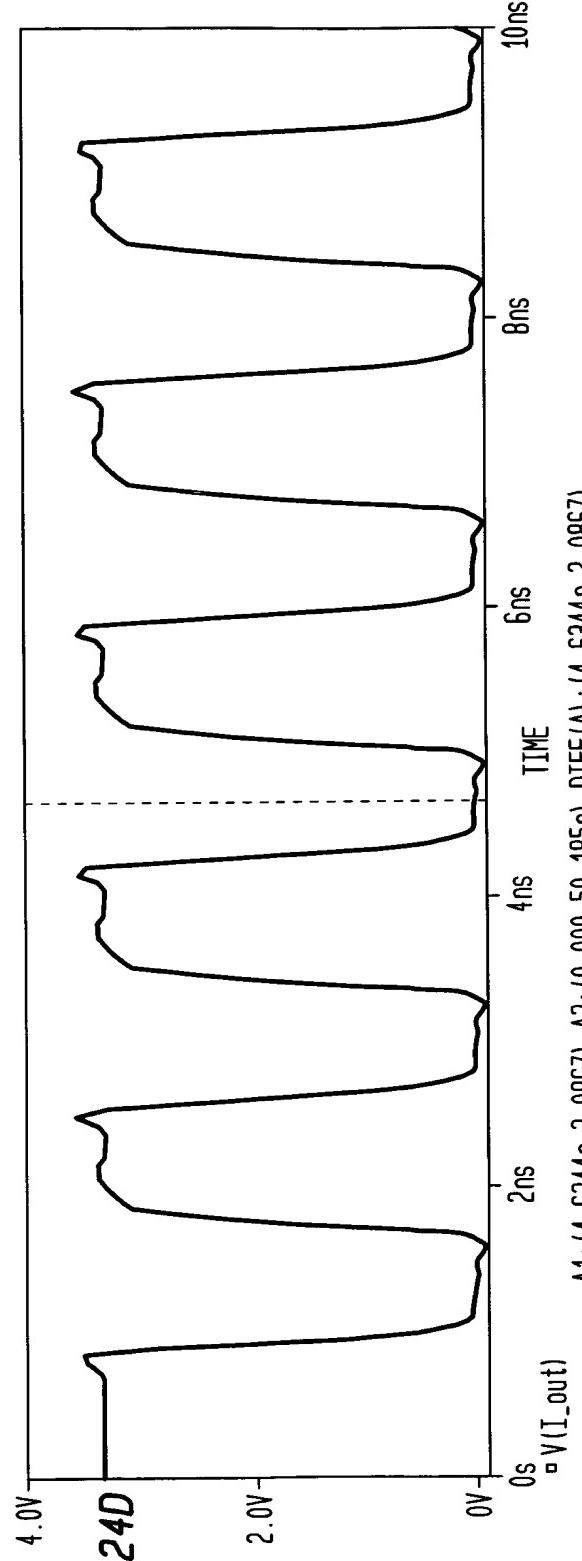


**FIG. 124B**





A1: (4.6344n, 2.0867) A2: (0.000, 50.185n) DIFF(A) : (4.6344n, 2.0867)



A1: (4.6344n, 2.0867) A2: (0.000, 50.185n) DIFF(A) : (4.6344n, 2.0867)

**FIG. 124E**

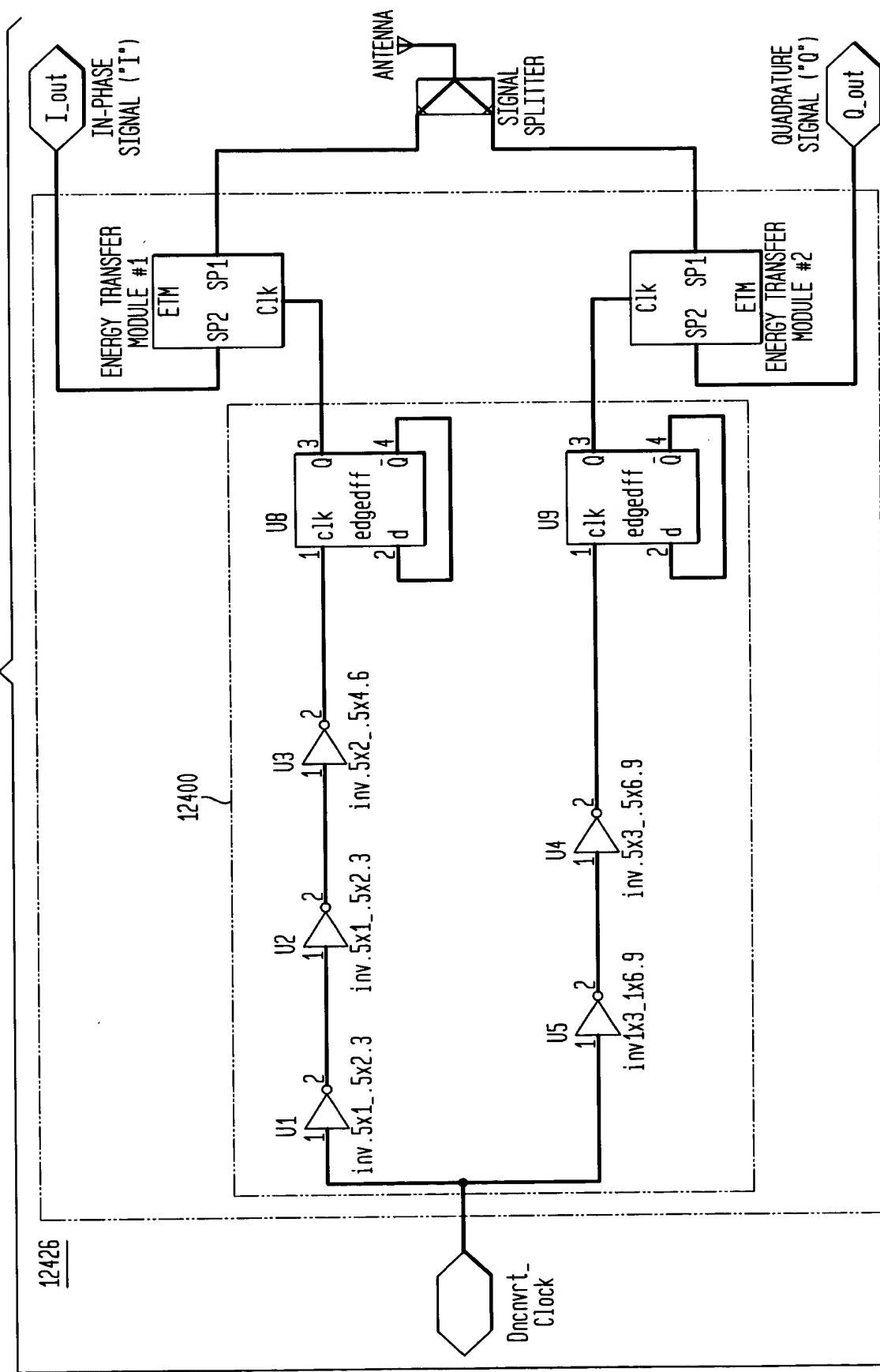


FIG. 124F

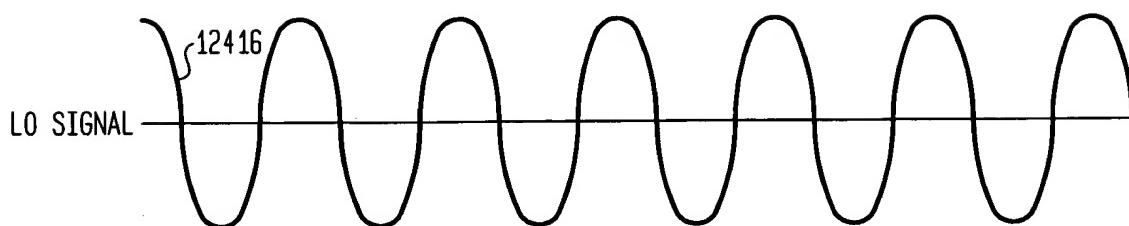


FIG. 124G

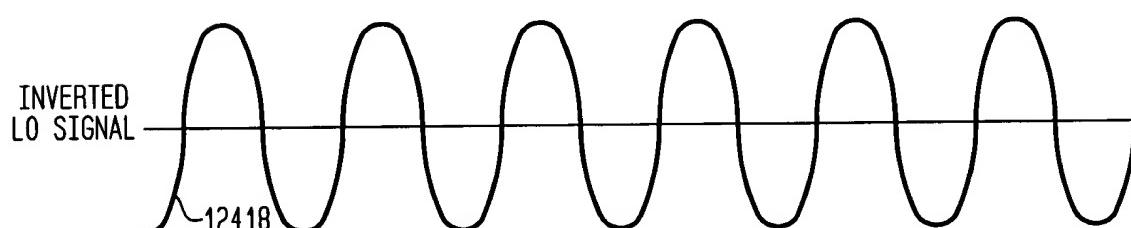


FIG. 124H

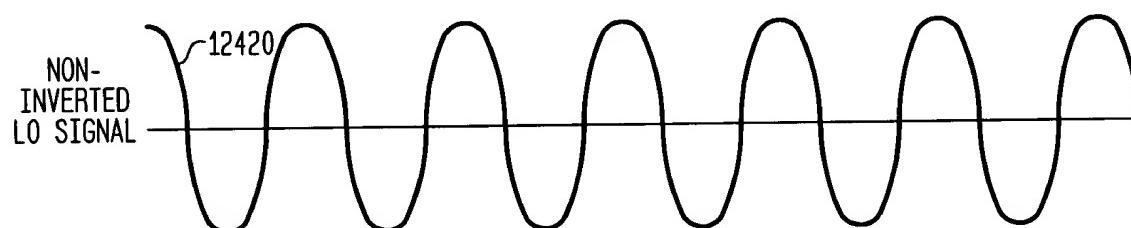


FIG. 124I

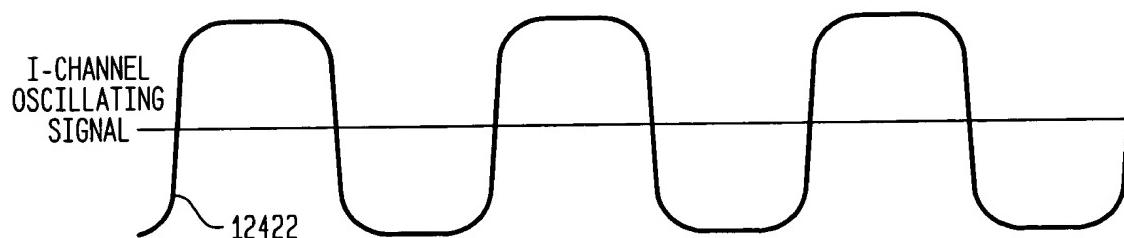


FIG. 124J

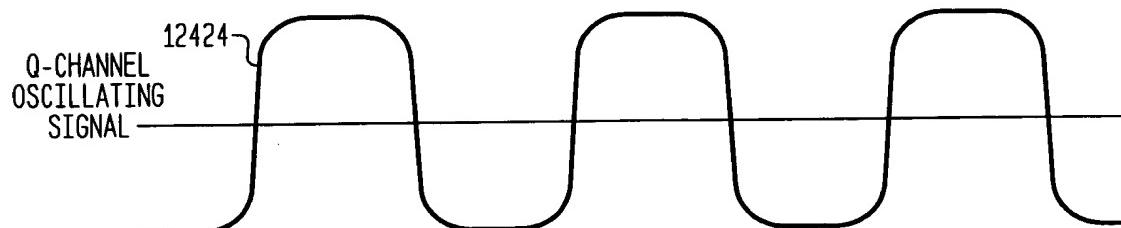


FIG. 125

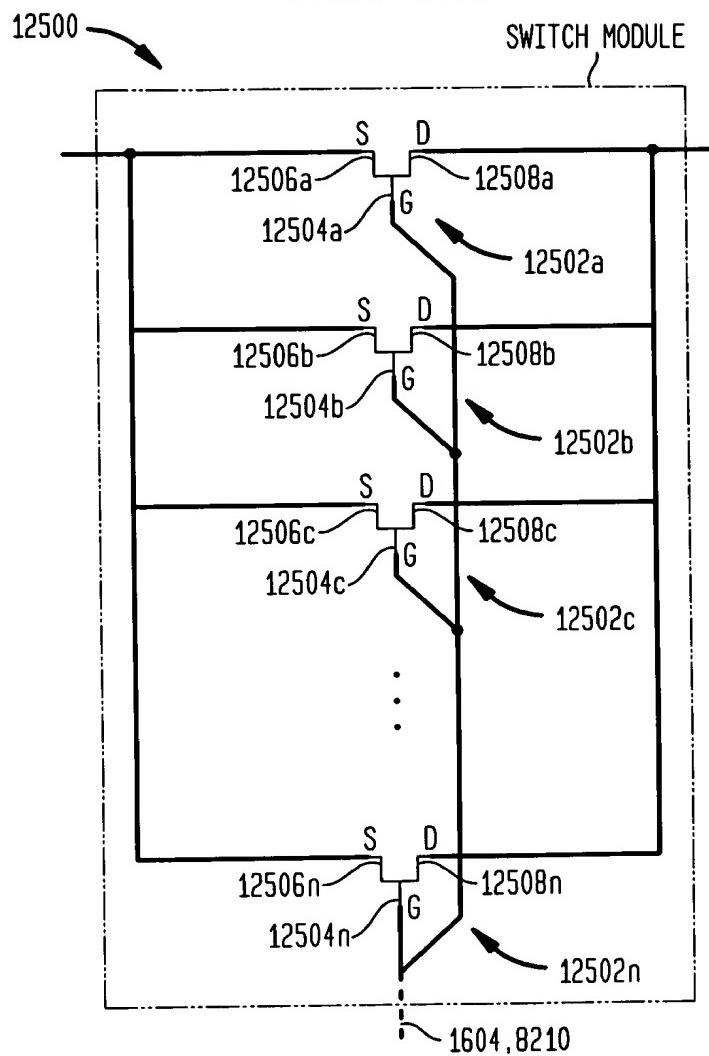


FIG. 126A

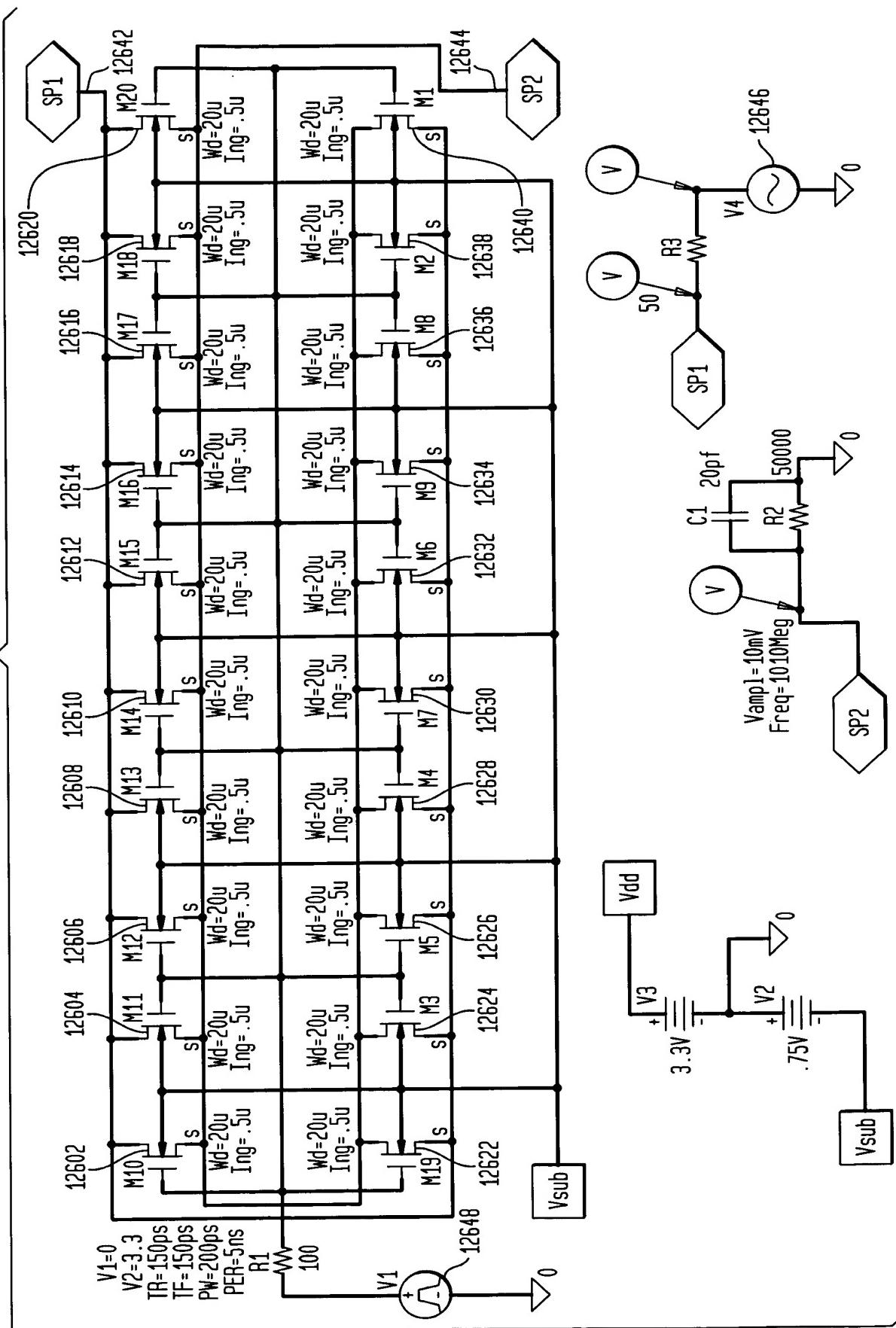


FIG. 126B

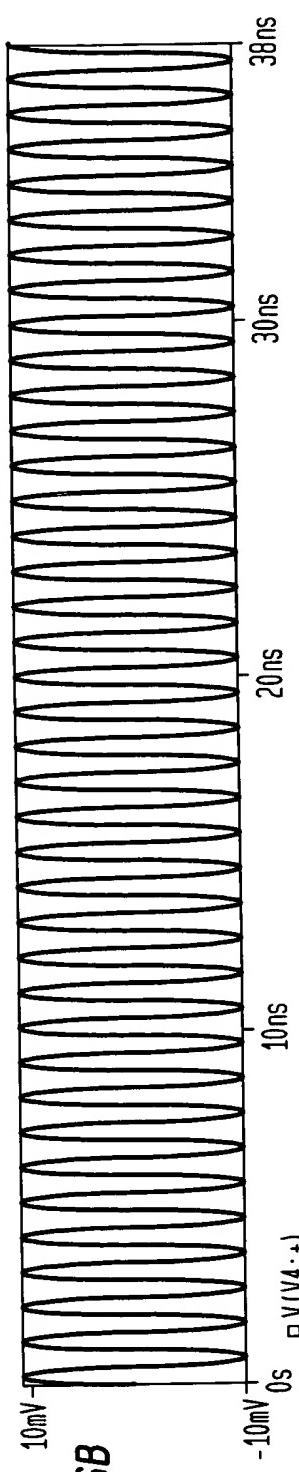


FIG. 126C

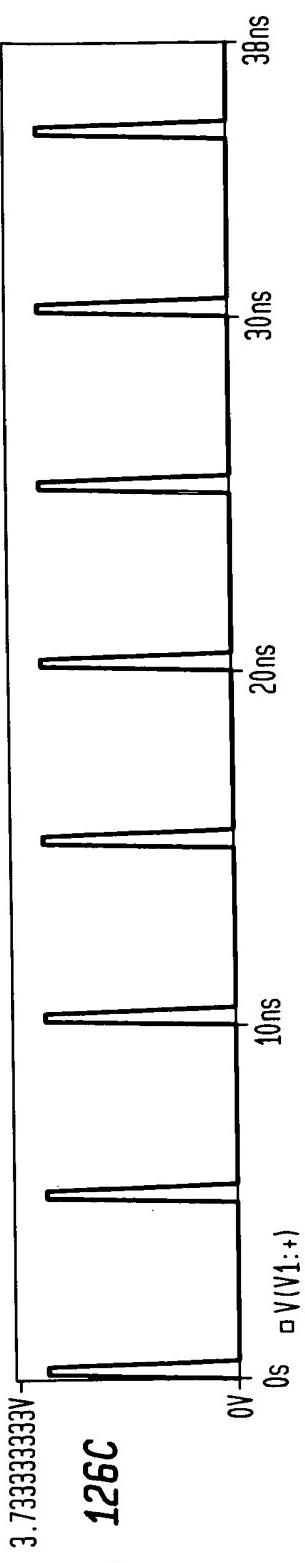


FIG. 126D

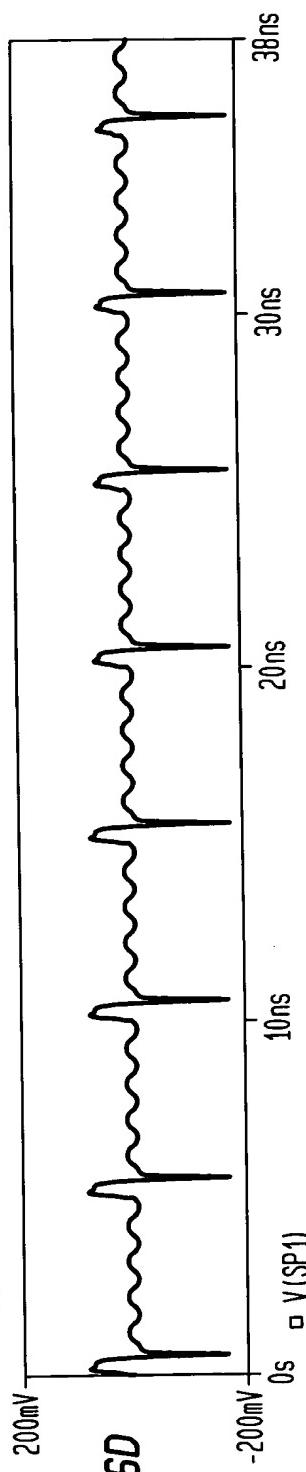
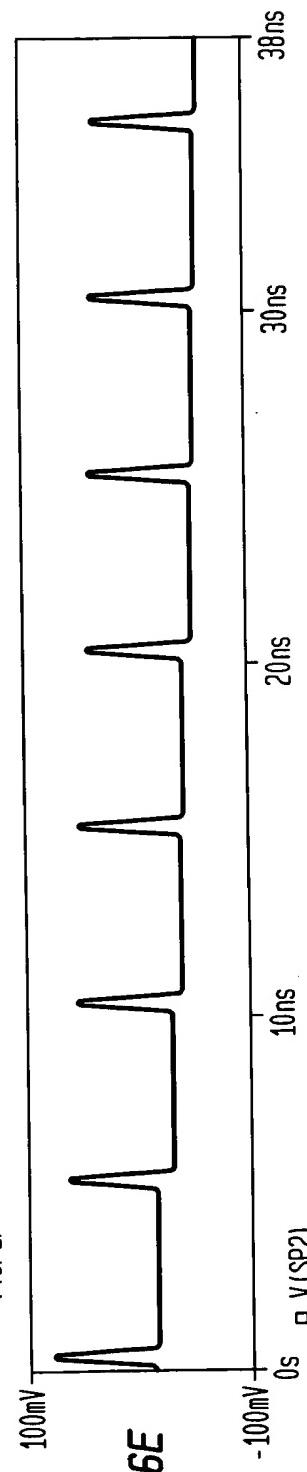
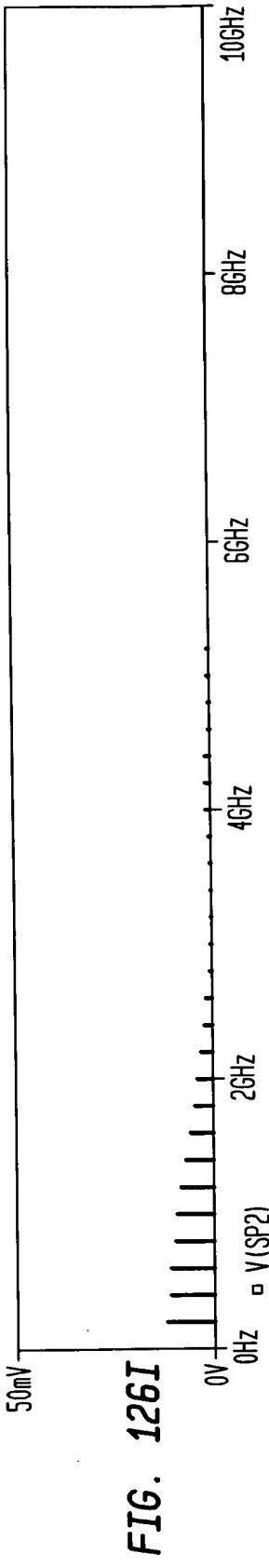
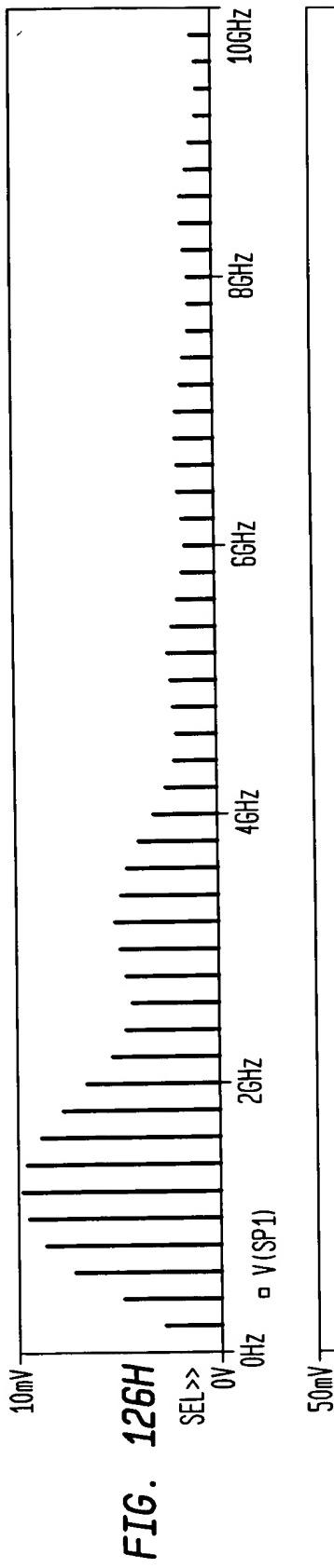
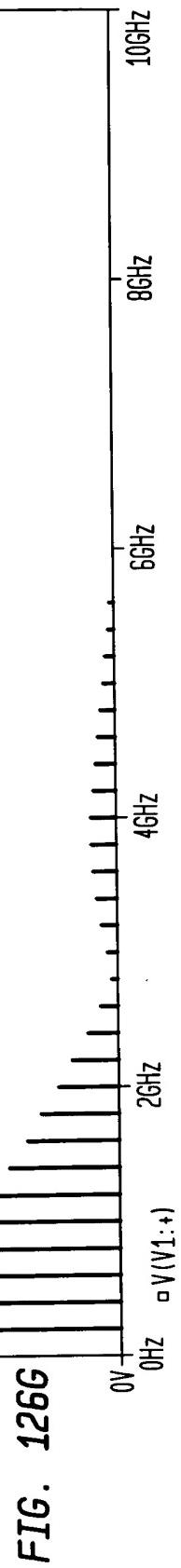
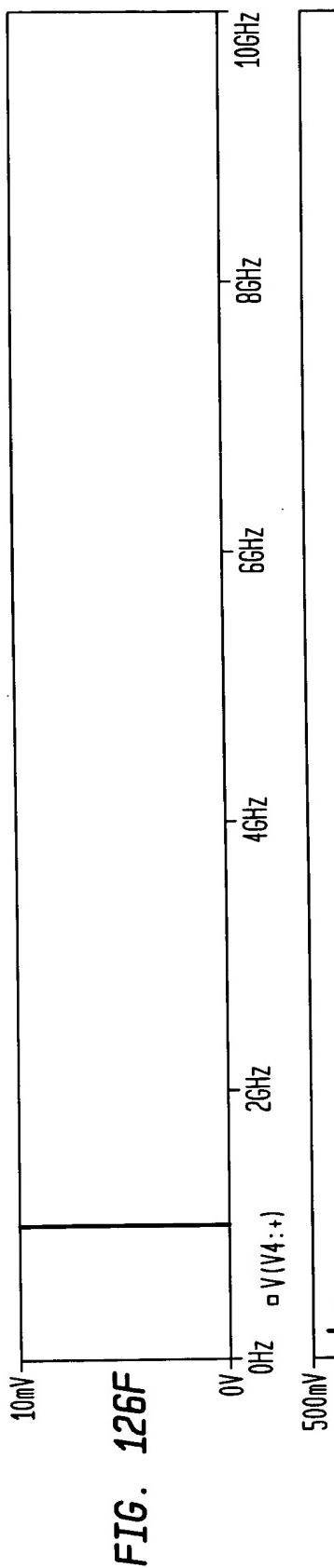
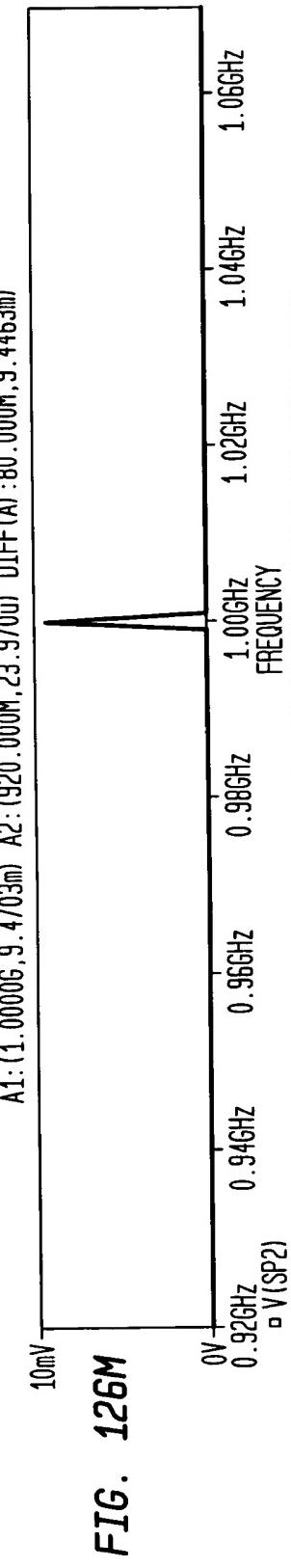
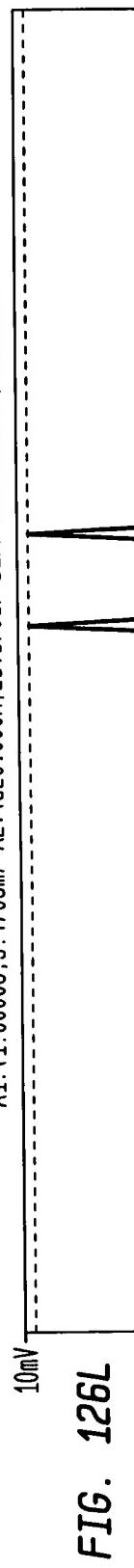
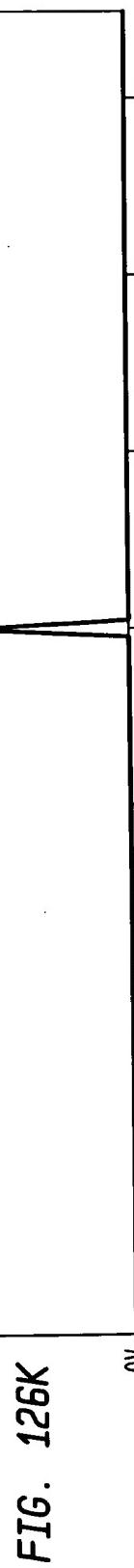
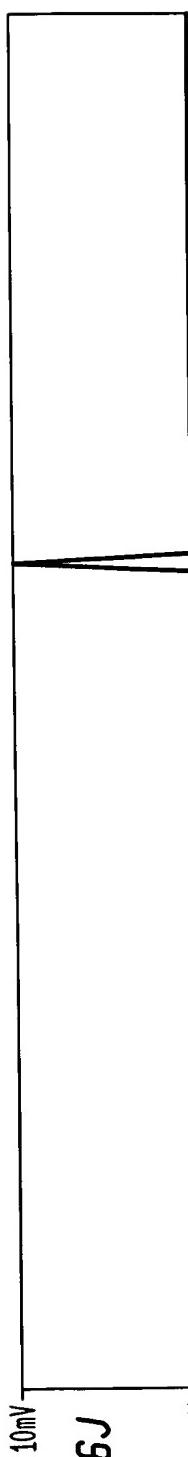


FIG. 126E







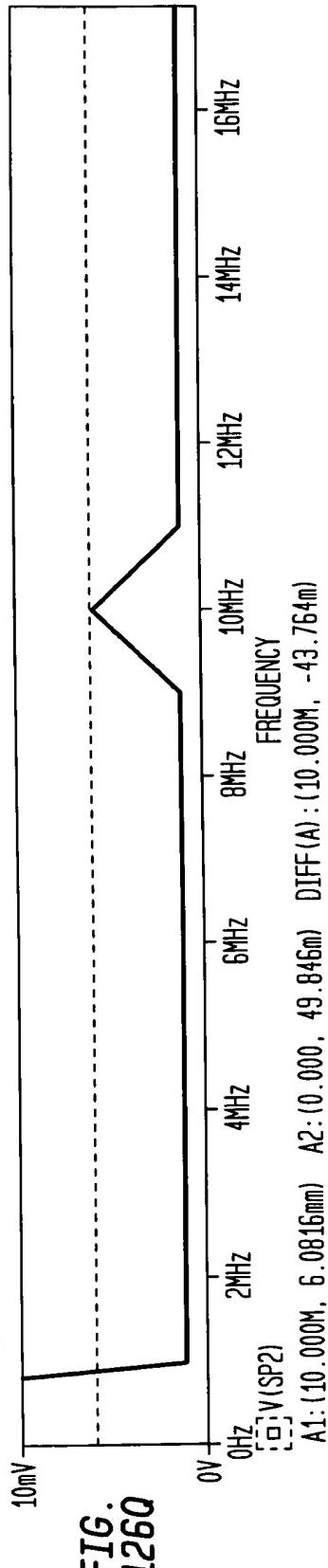
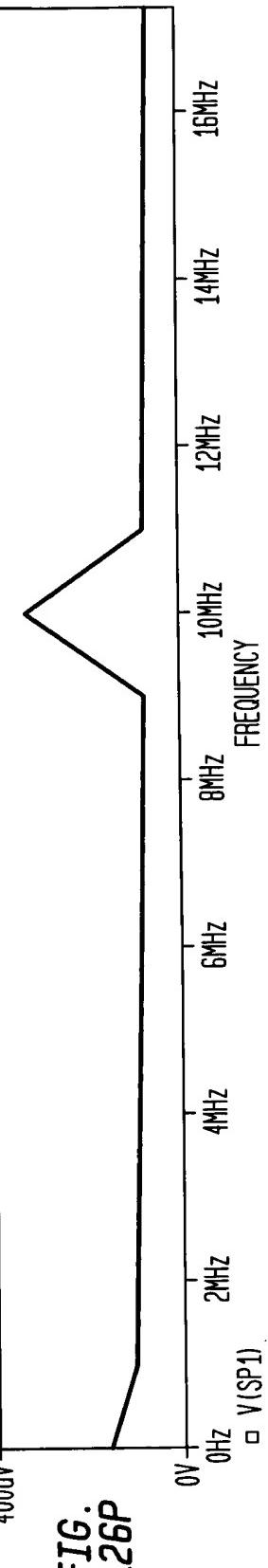
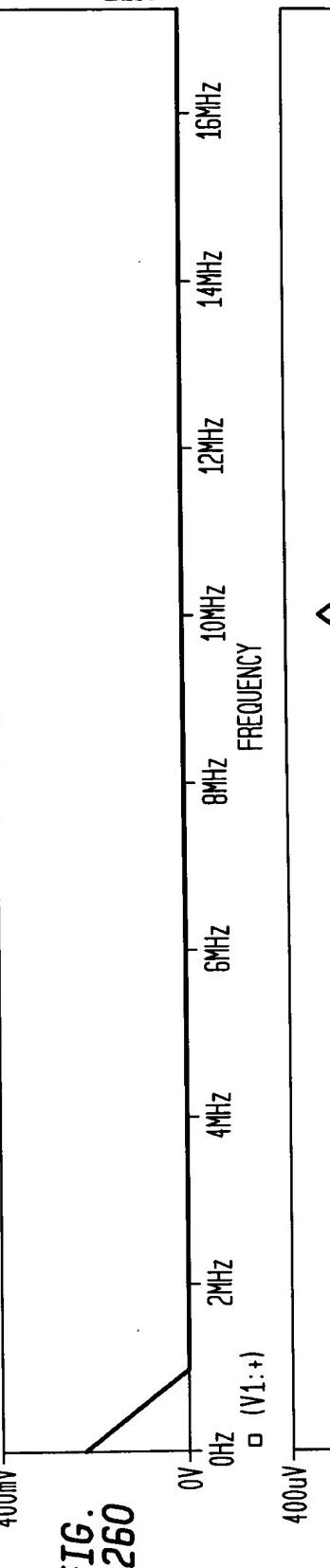
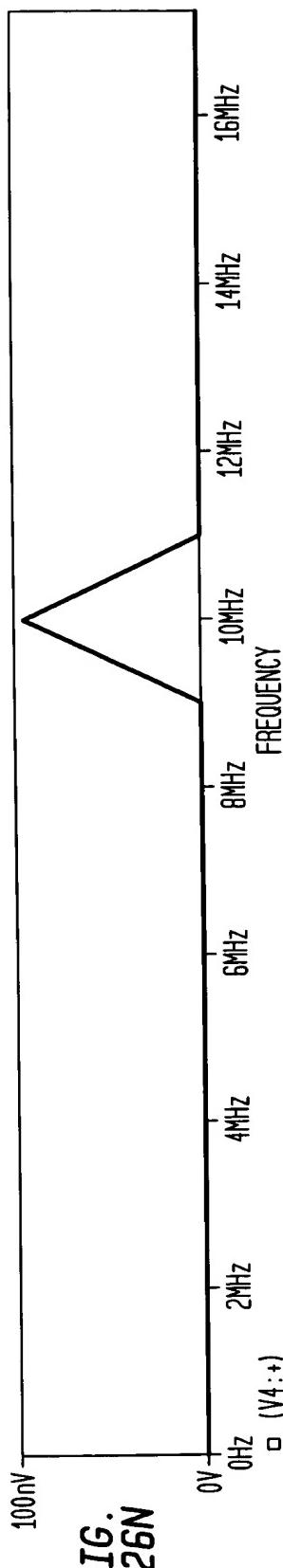
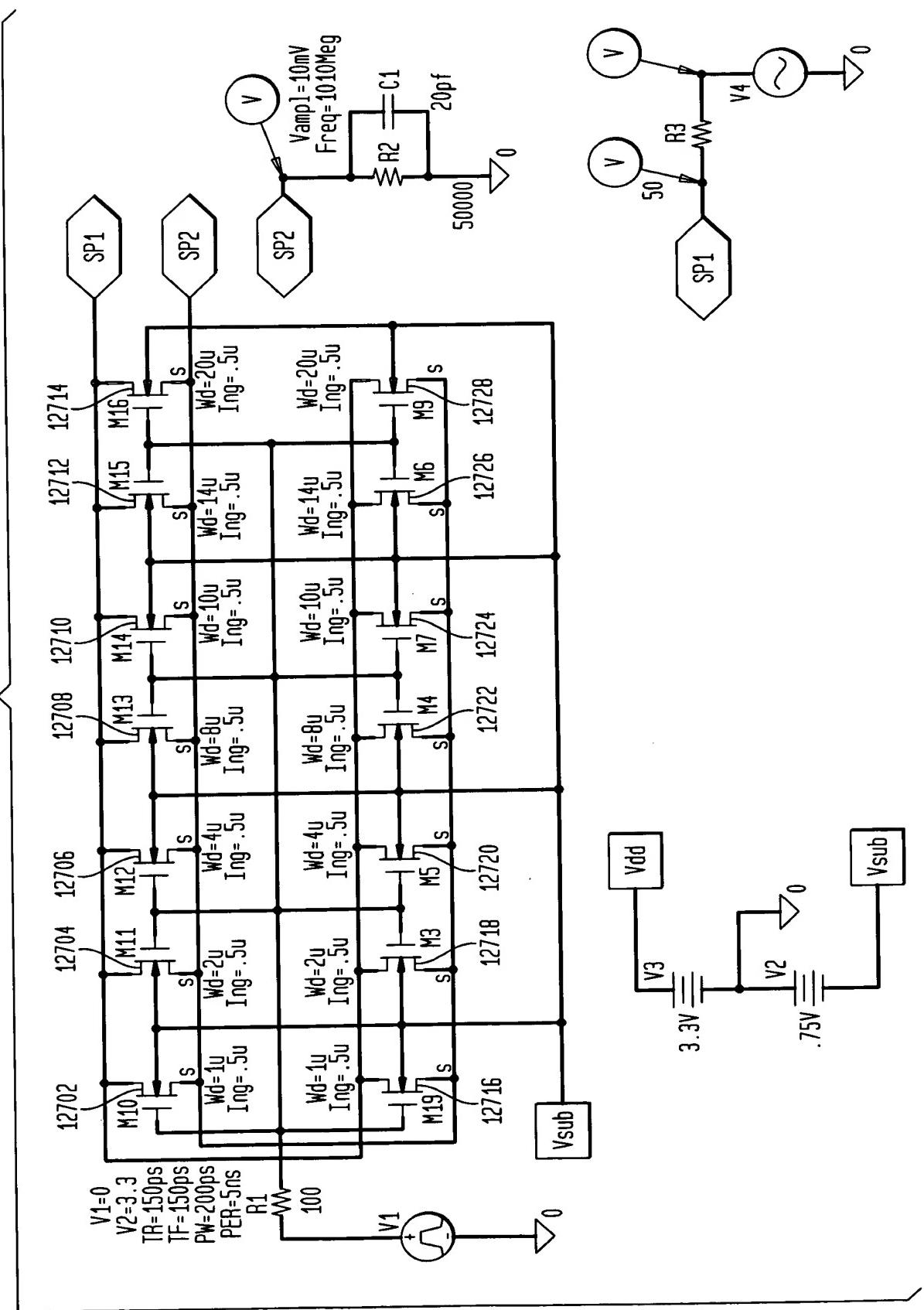


FIG. 127A



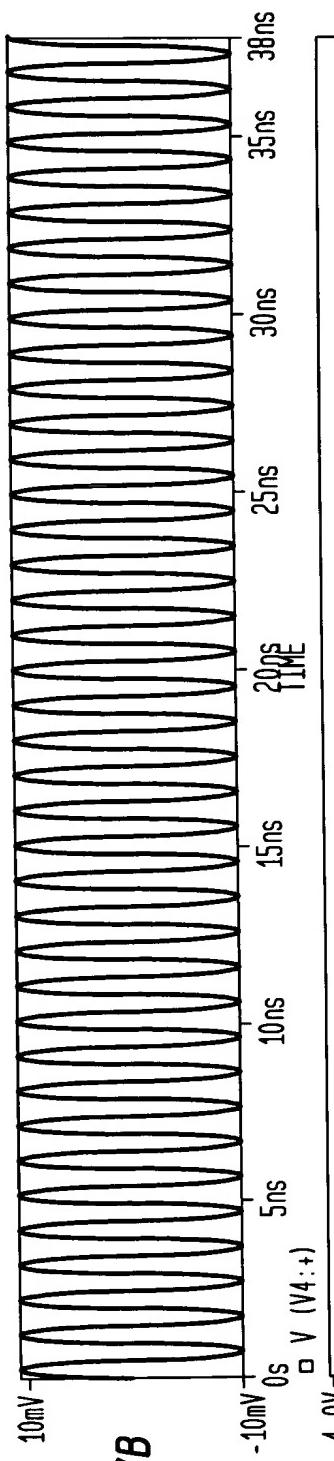


FIG. 127B

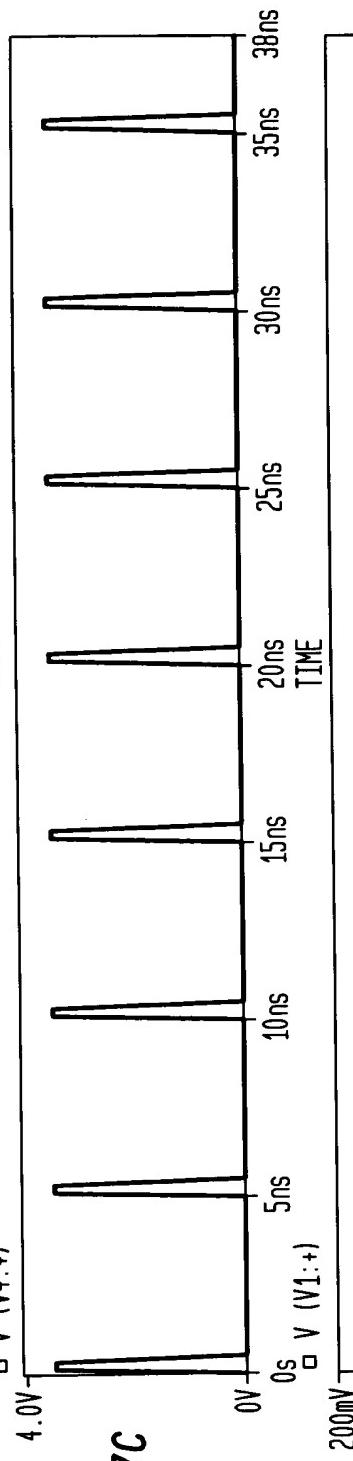


FIG. 127C

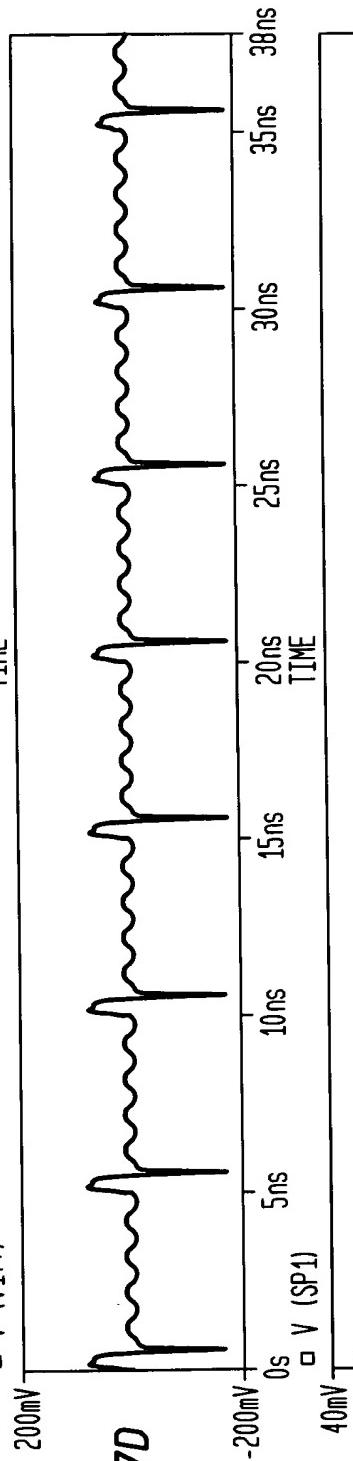


FIG. 127D

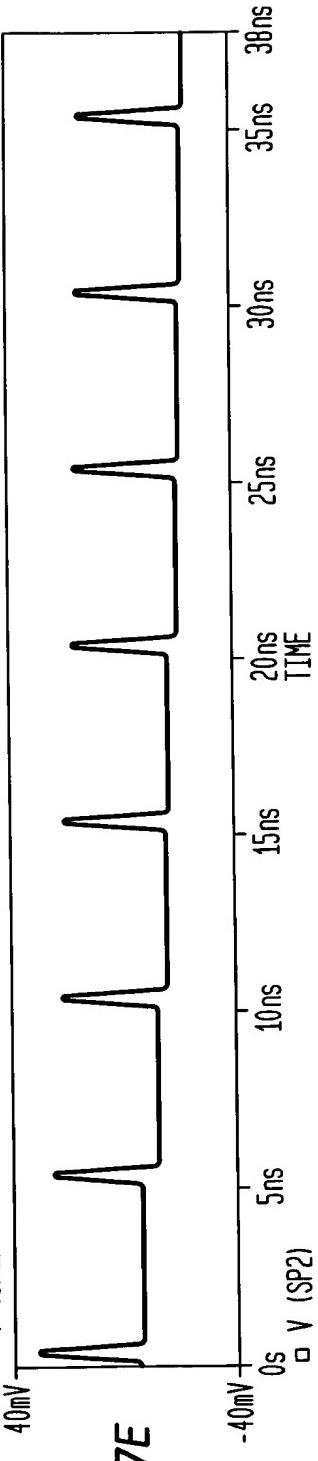
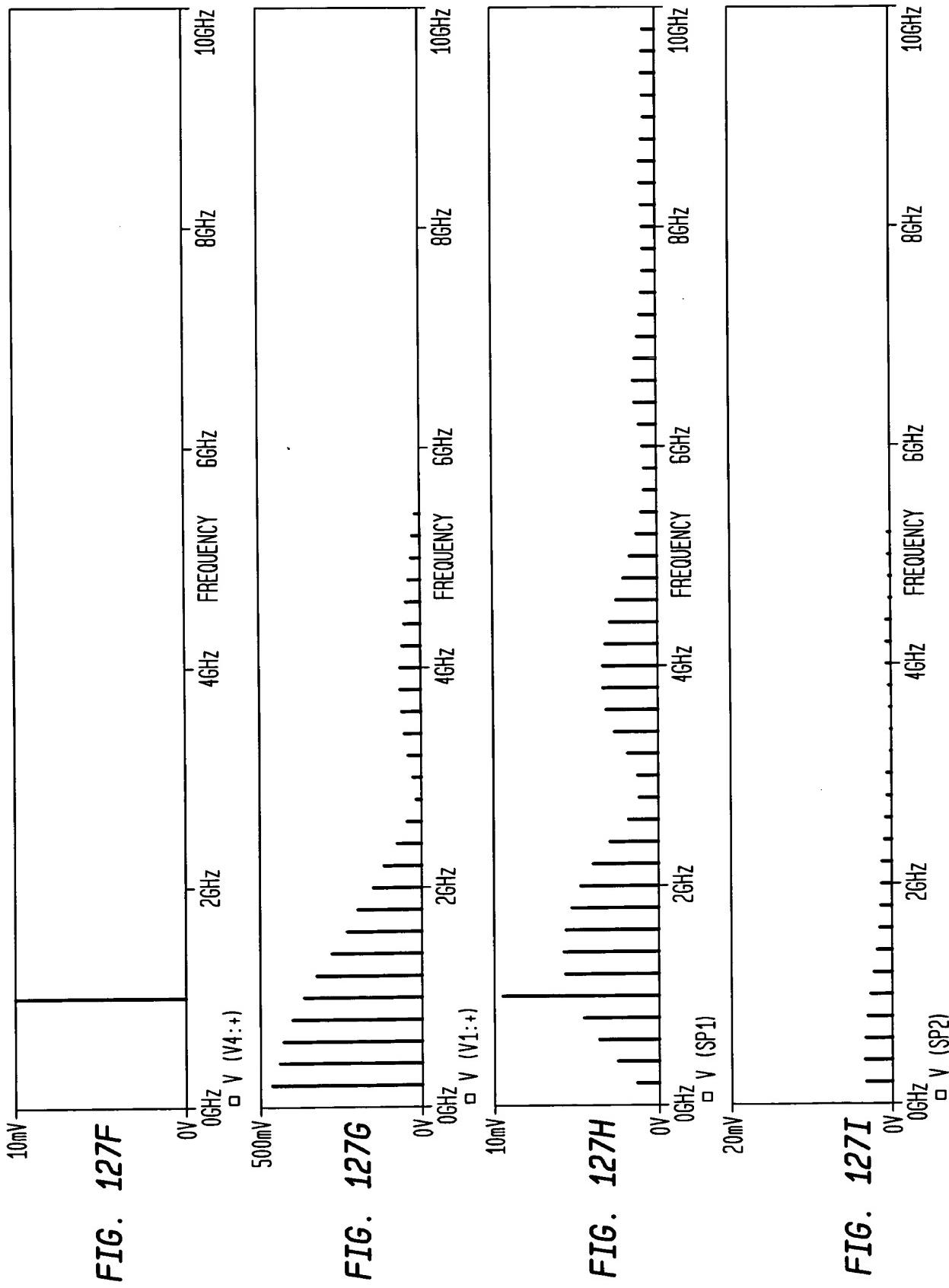
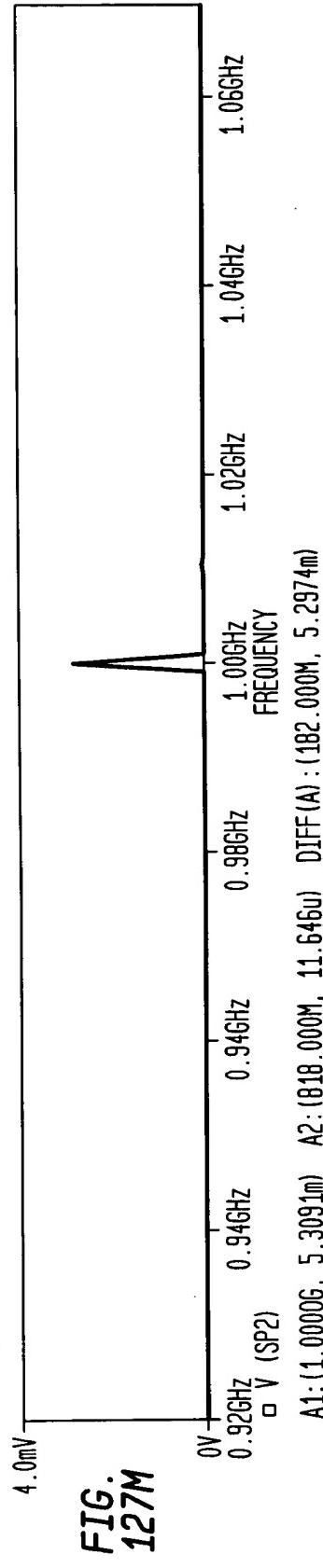
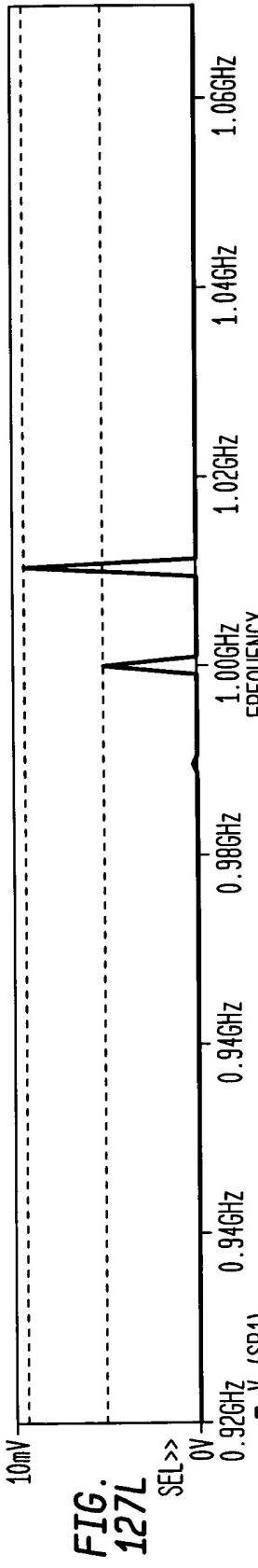
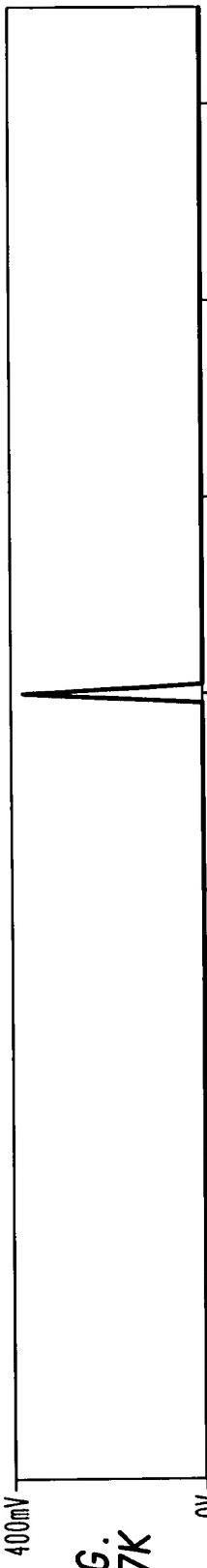
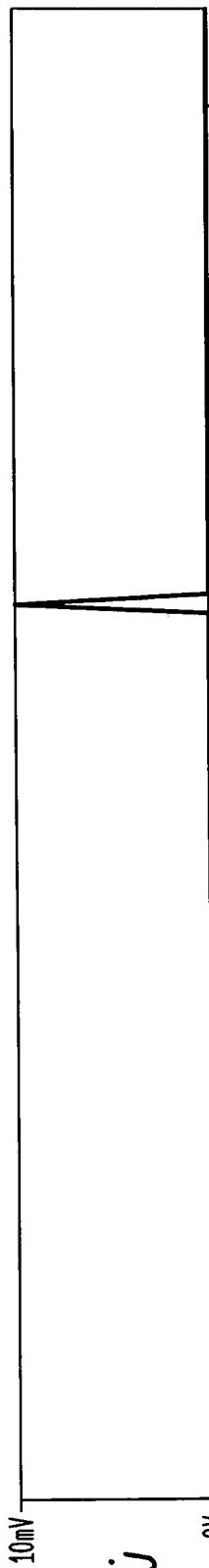
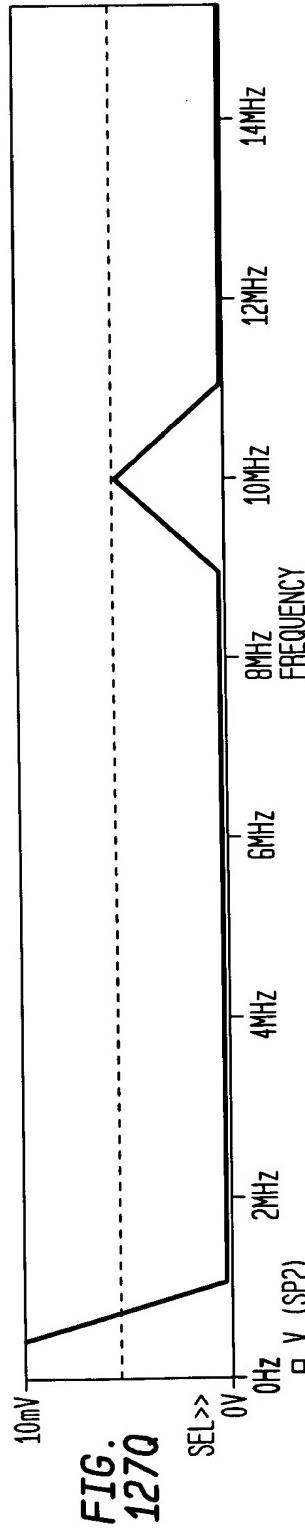
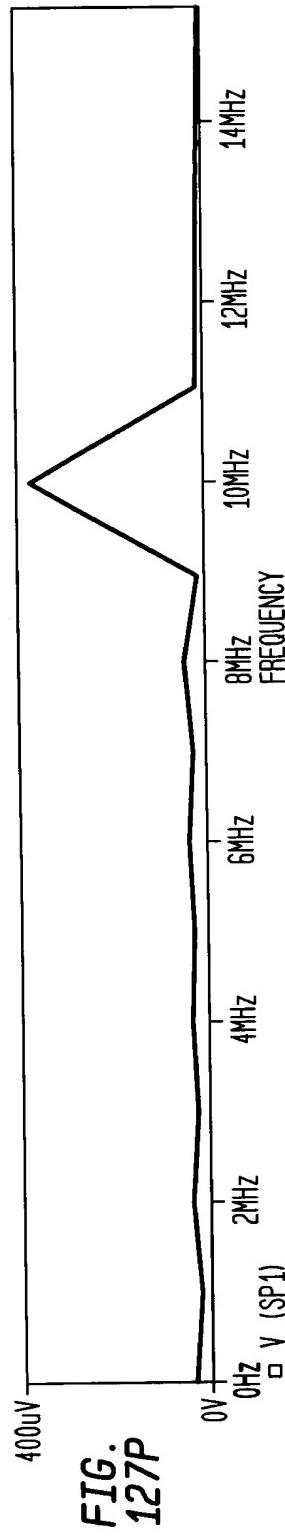
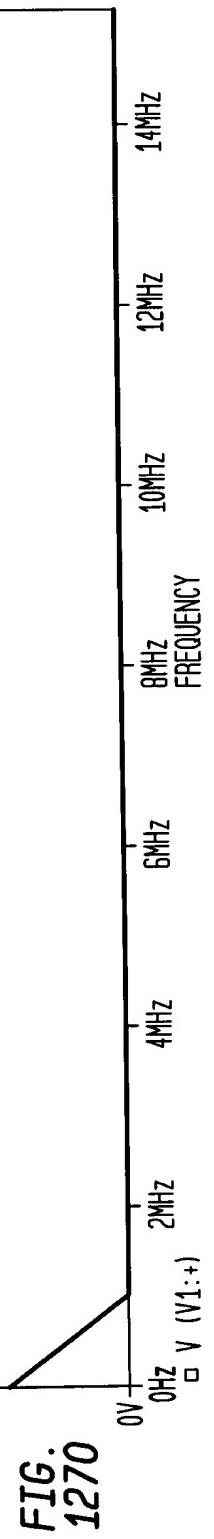
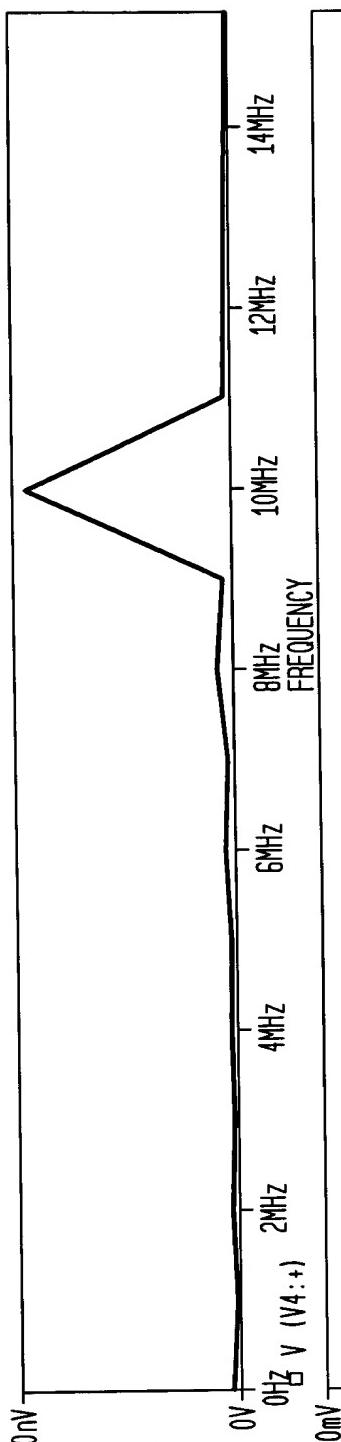


FIG. 127E







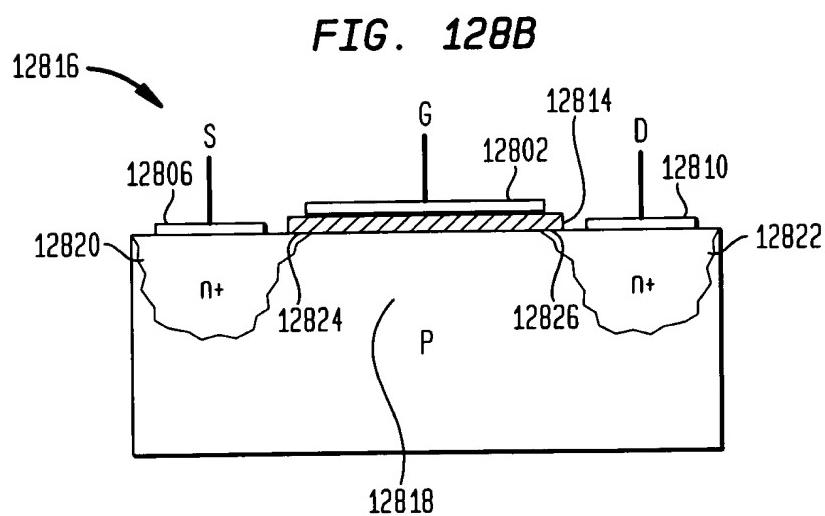
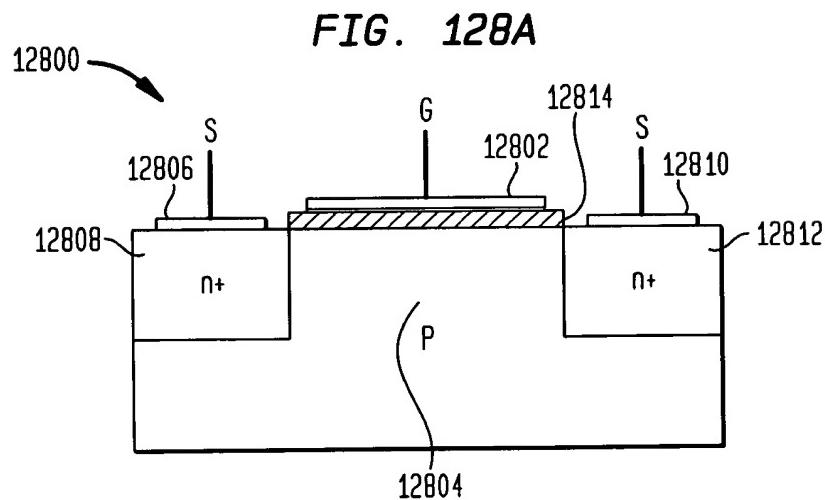


FIG. 128C

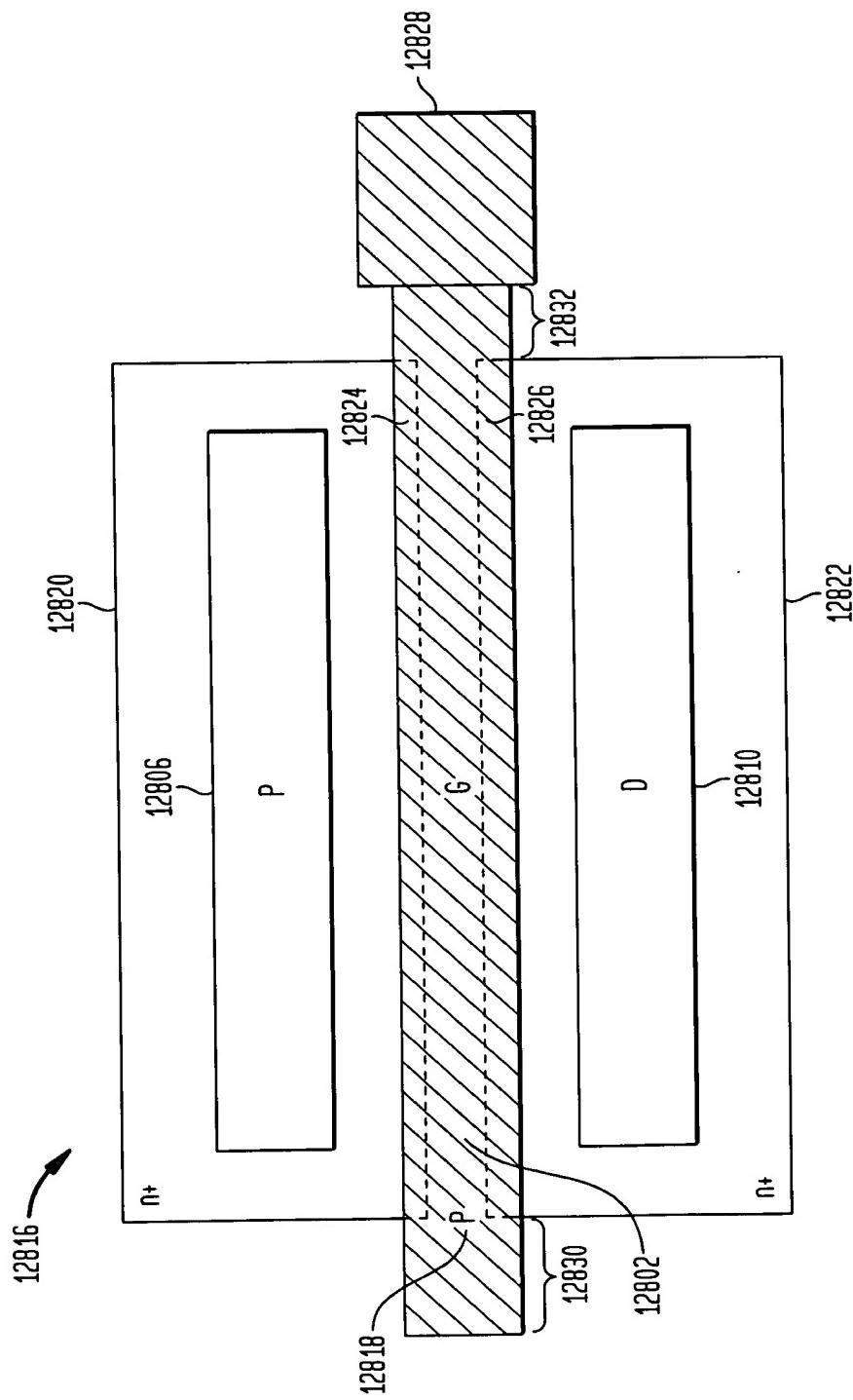
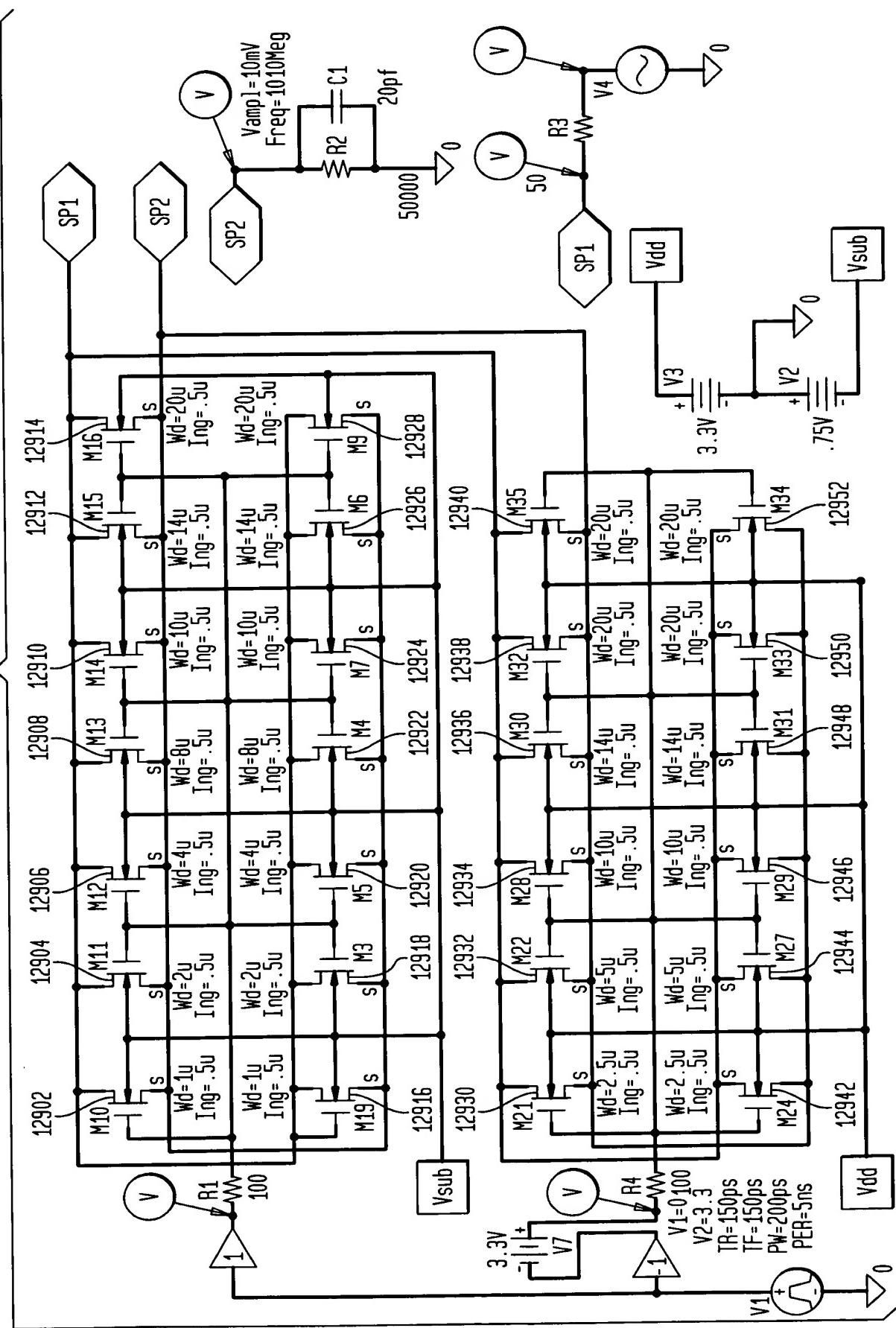
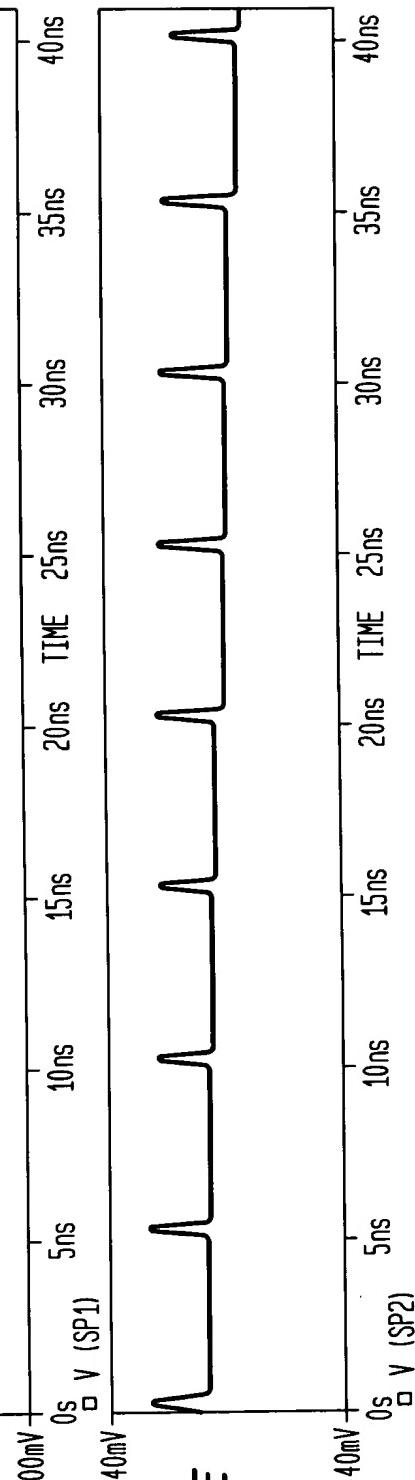
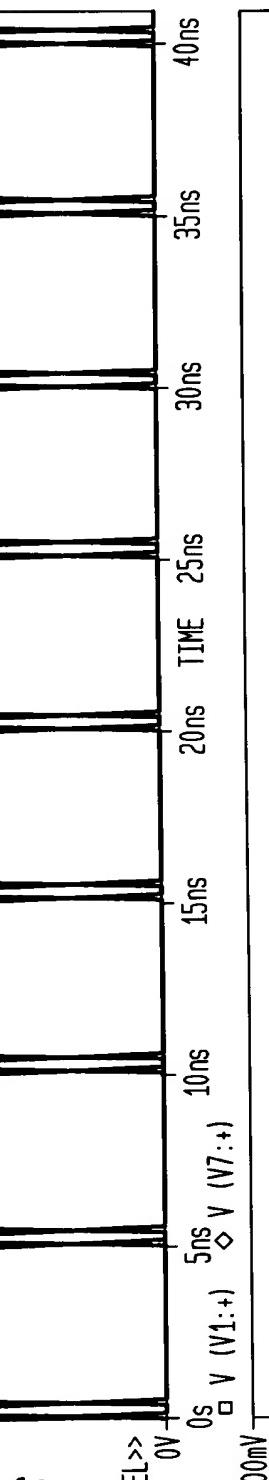
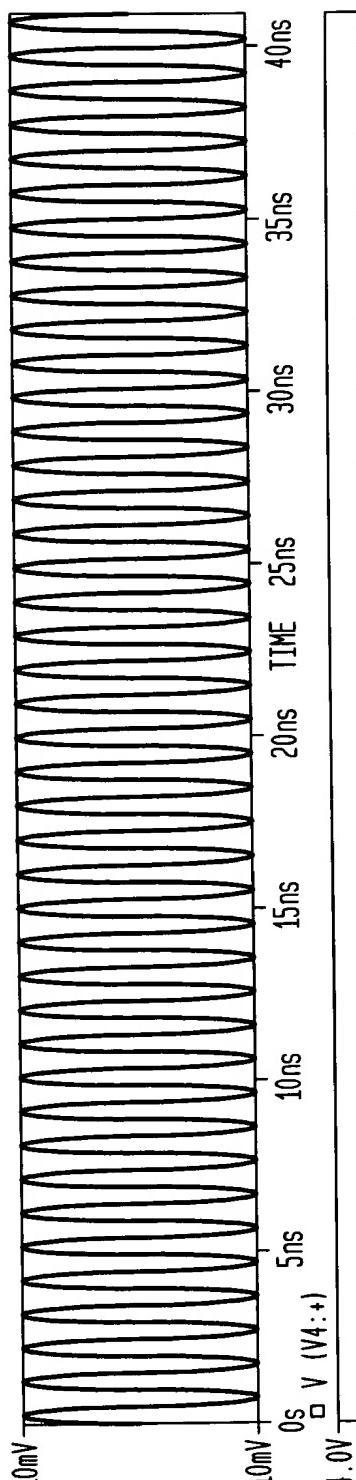
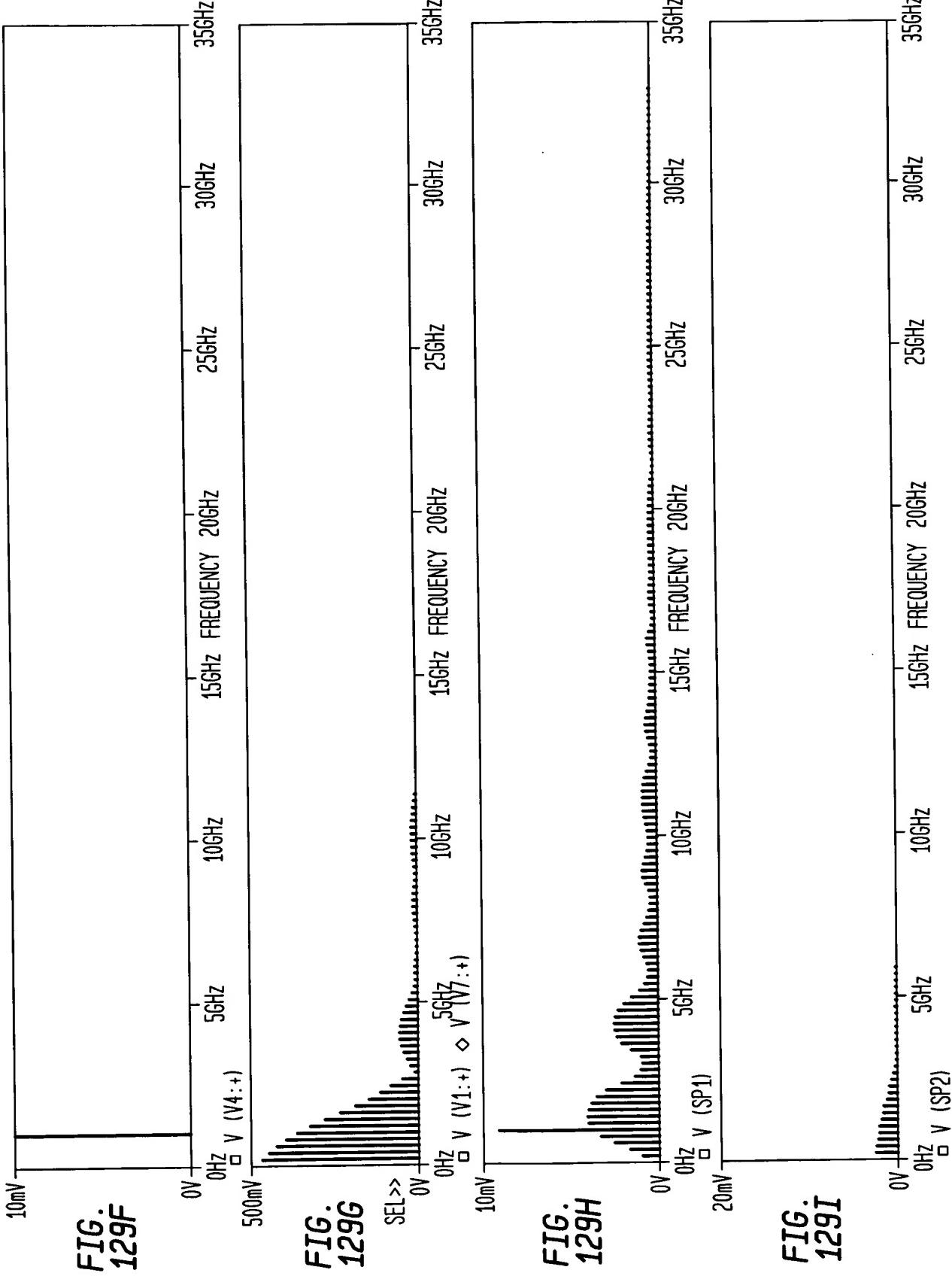
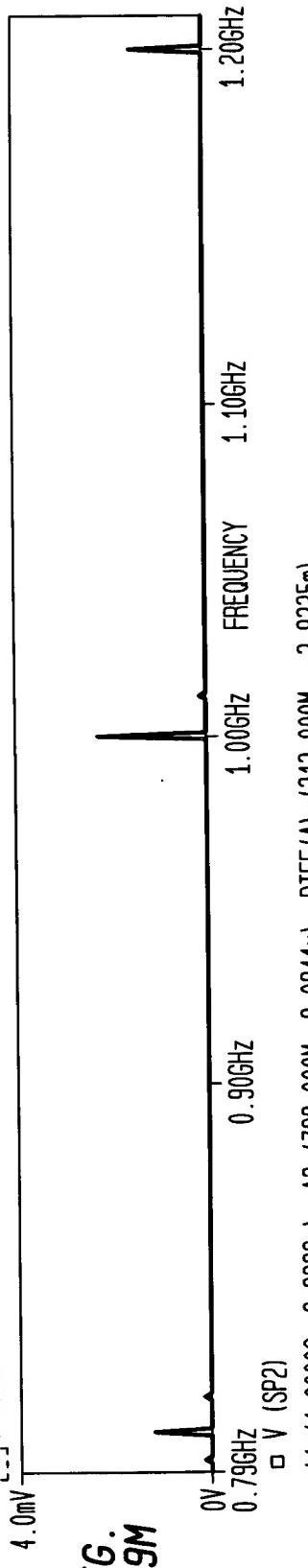
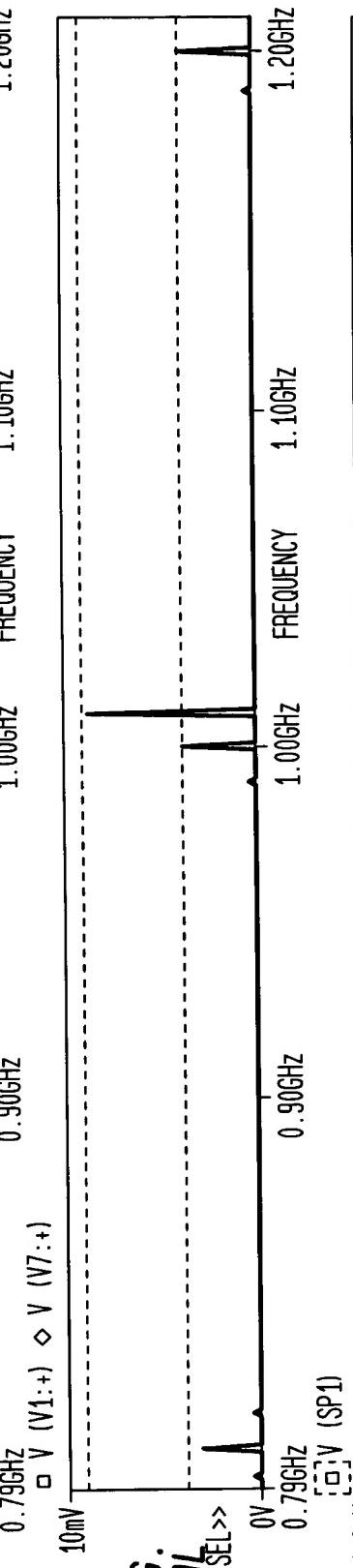
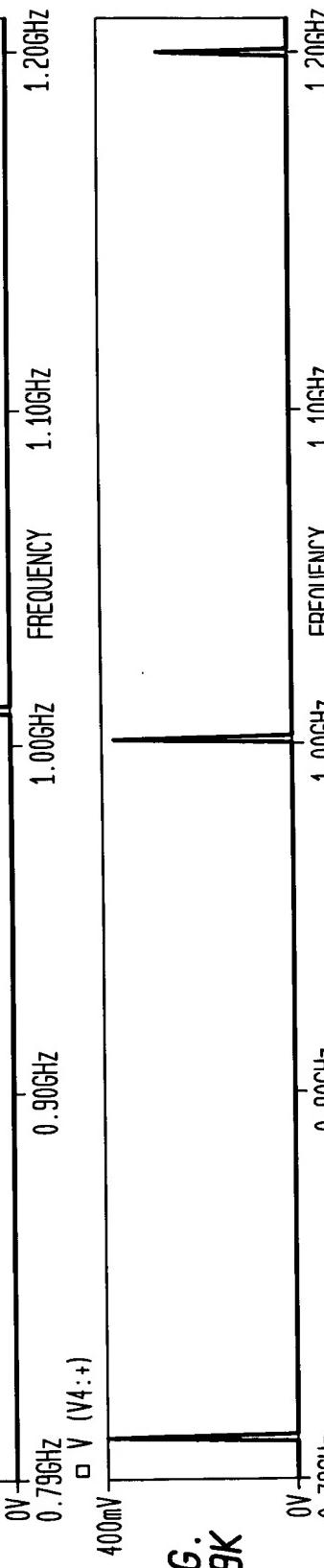
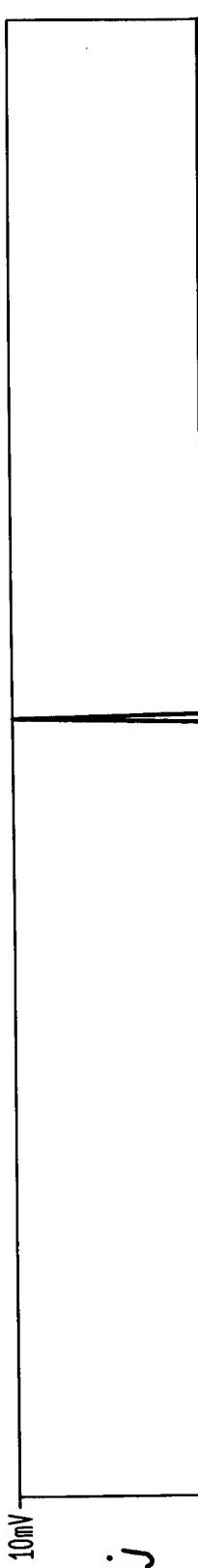


FIG. 129A









$A1: (1.0000G, 3.9326m)$   $A2: (788.000M, 9.0941u)$   $DIFF(A) : (212.000M, -3.9235m)$

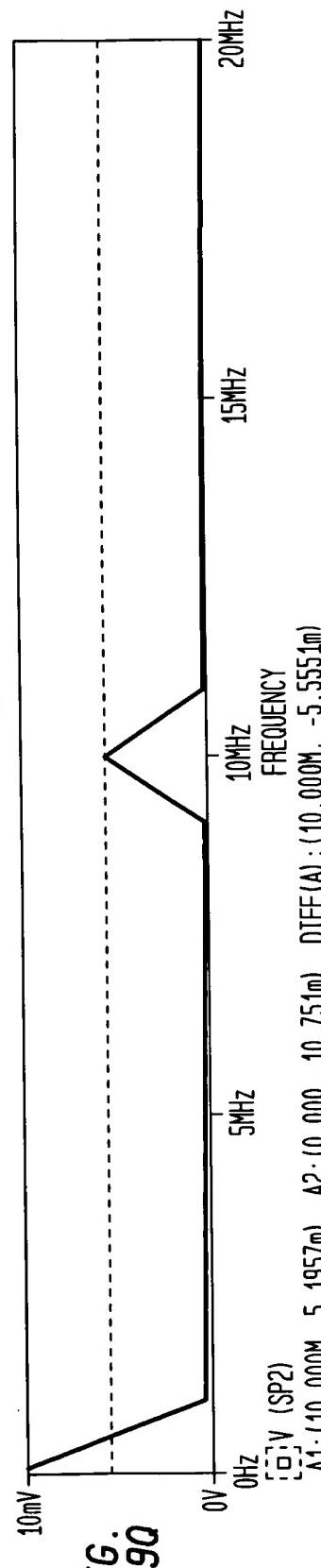
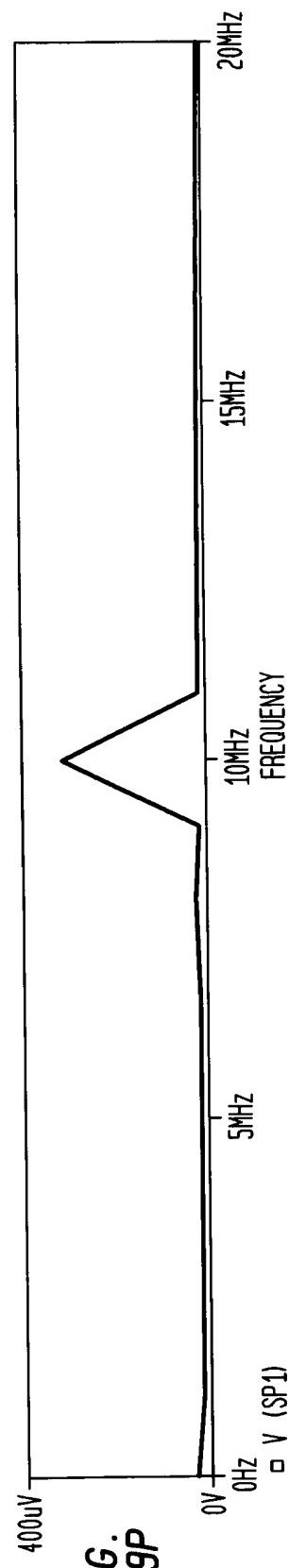
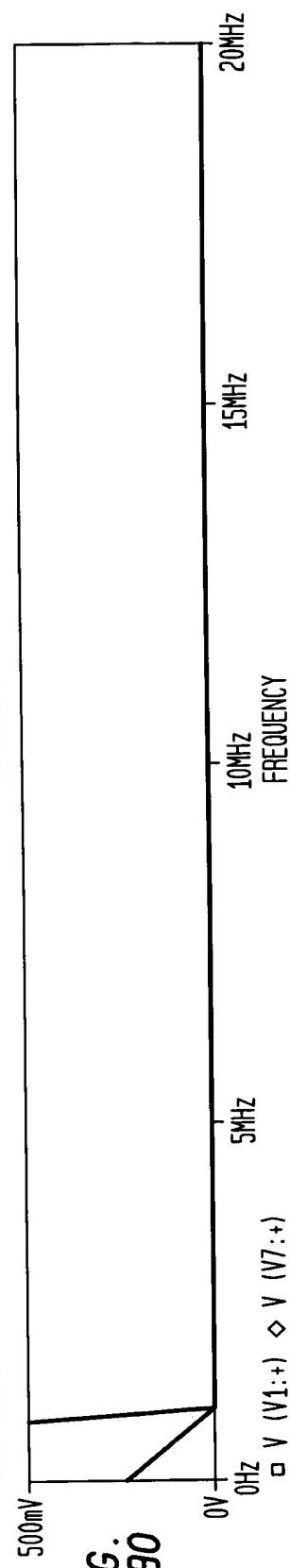
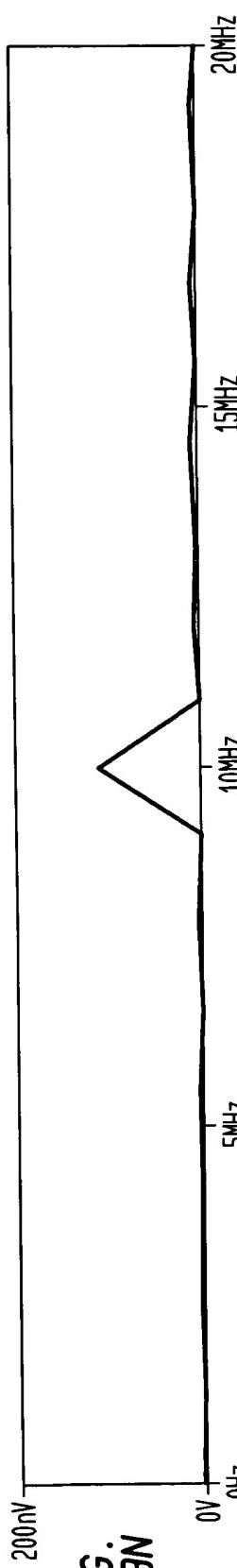


FIG. 130

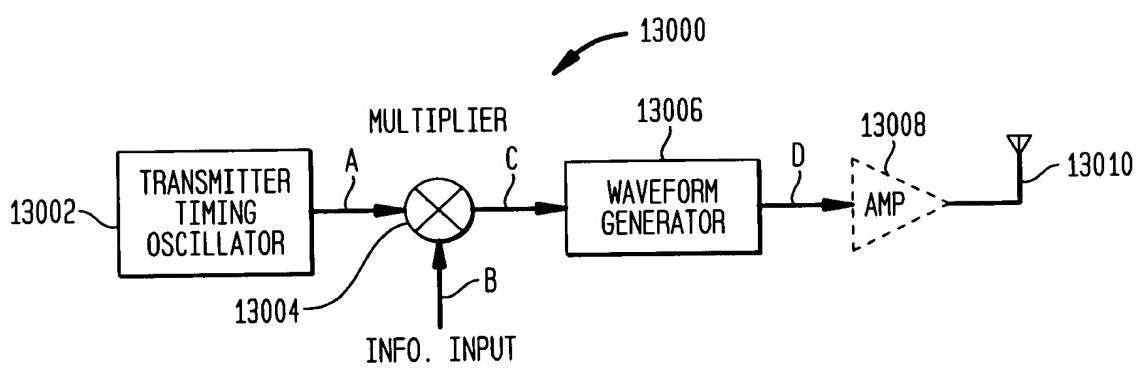


FIG. 131

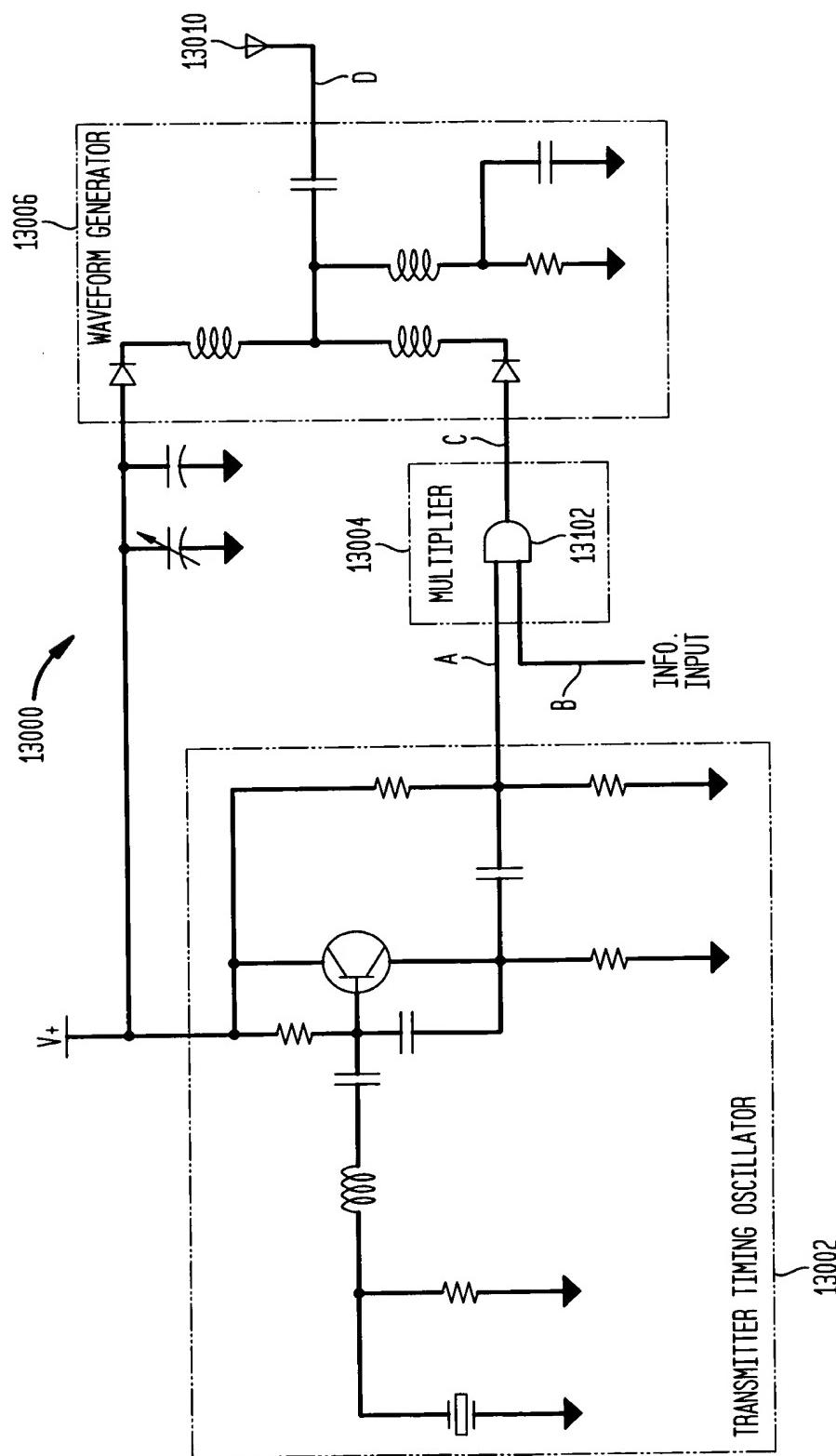


FIG. 132A

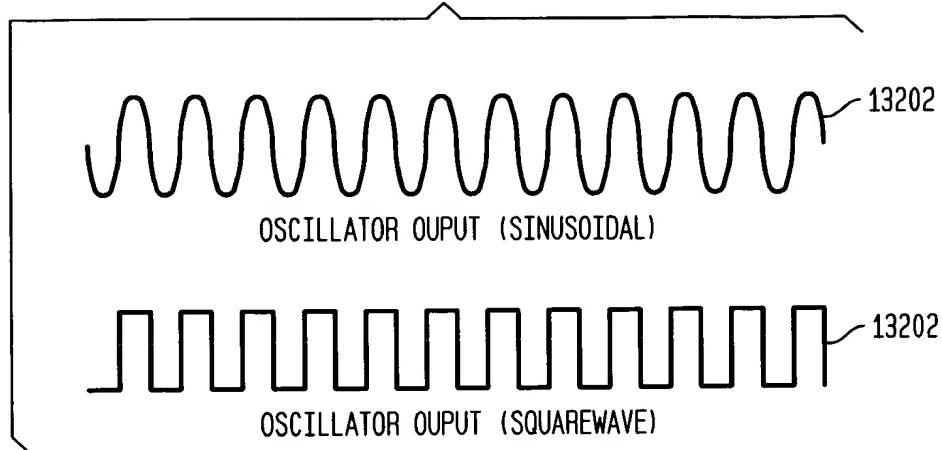


FIG. 132B

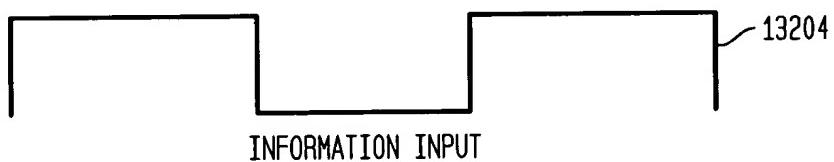


FIG. 132C

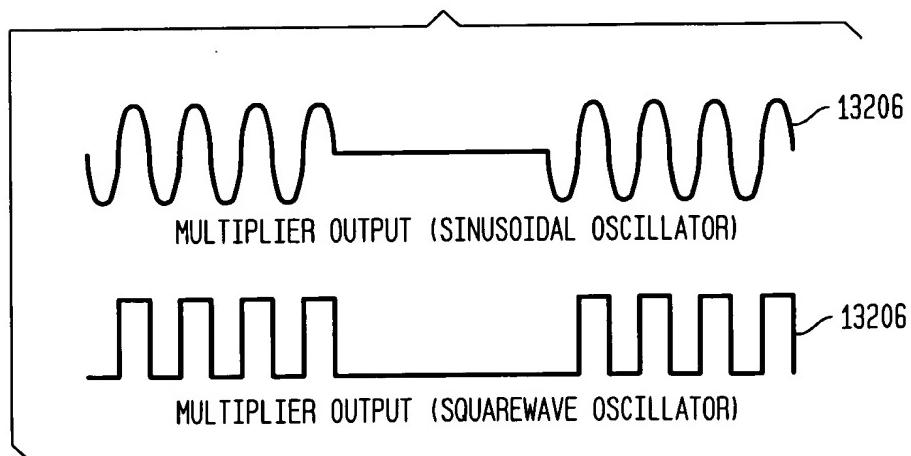


FIG. 132D

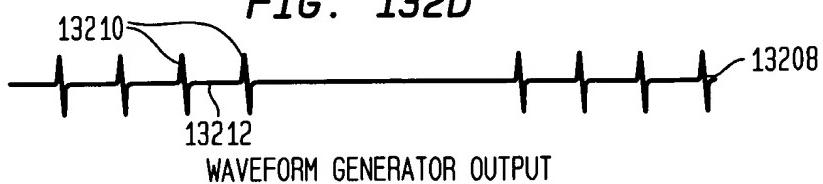


FIG. 133

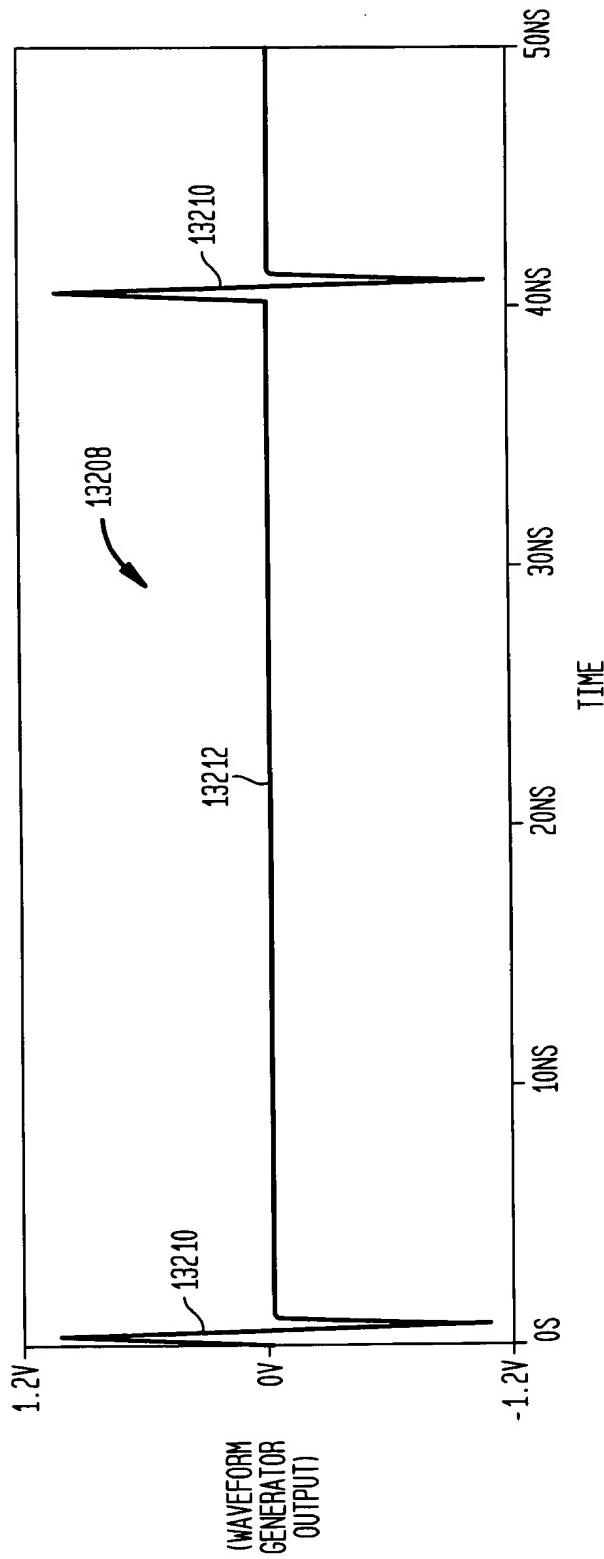


FIG. 134

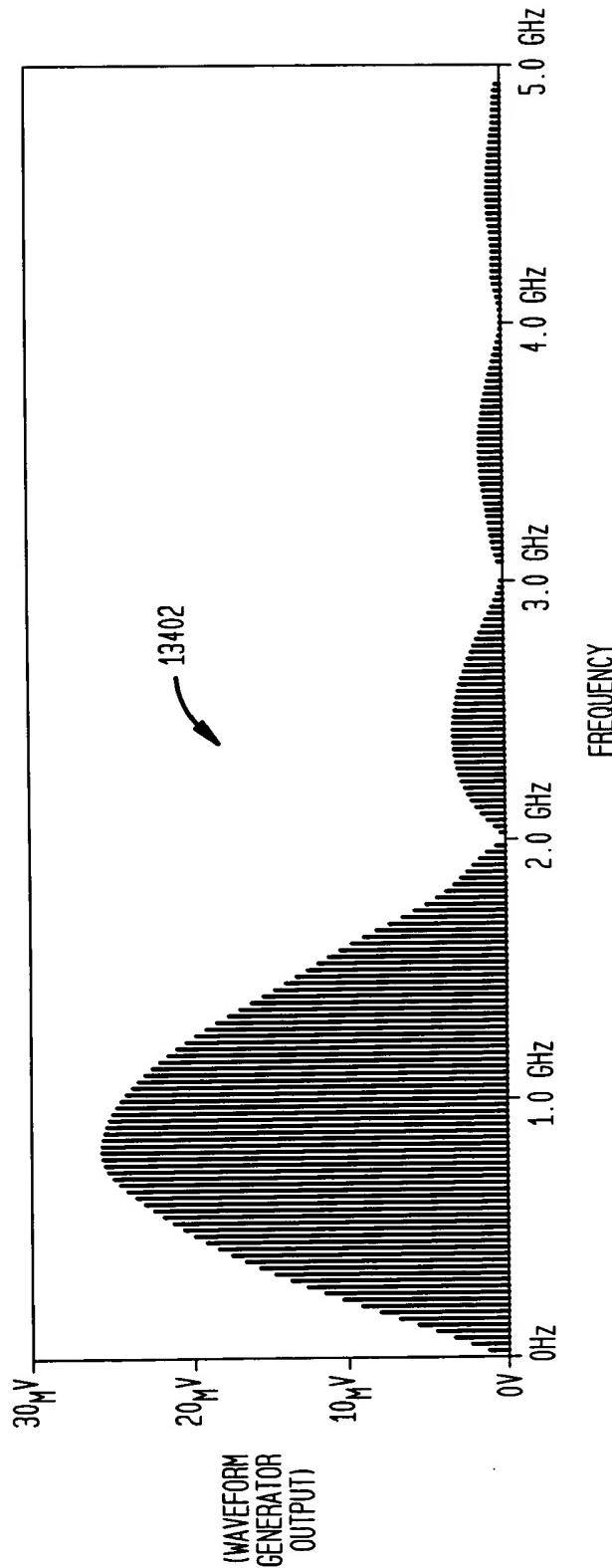
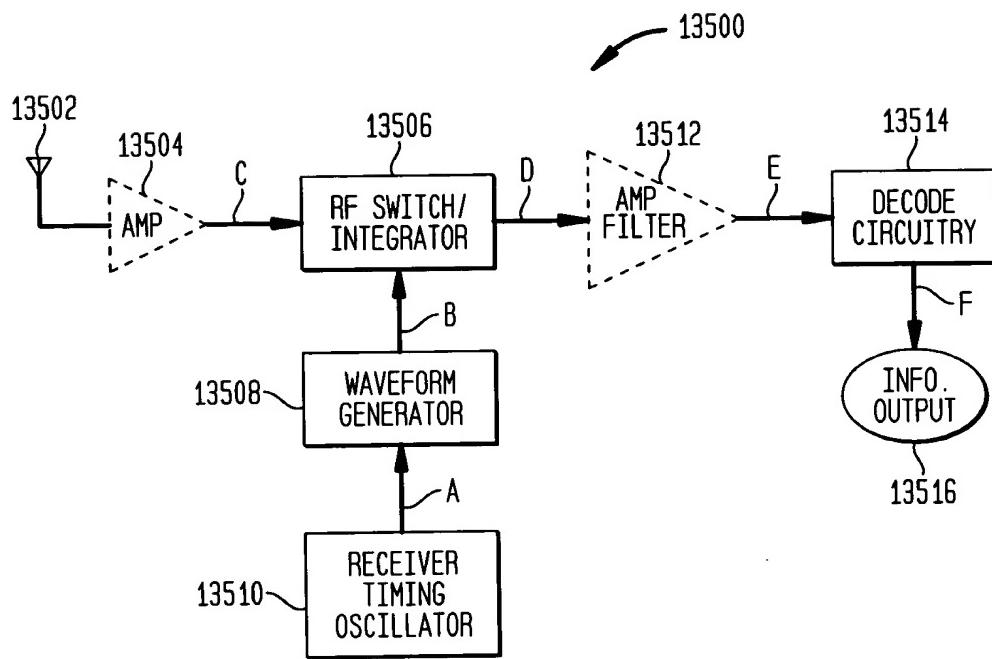


FIG. 135

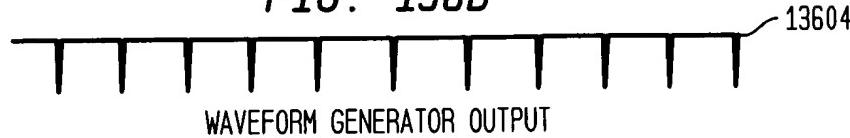


**FIG. 136A**



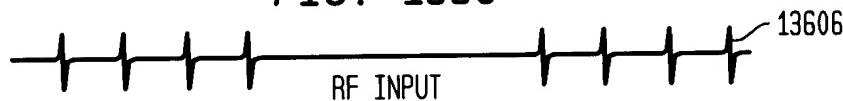
RECEIVER TIMING OSCILLATOR OUTPUT

**FIG. 136B**



WAVEFORM GENERATOR OUTPUT

**FIG. 136C**

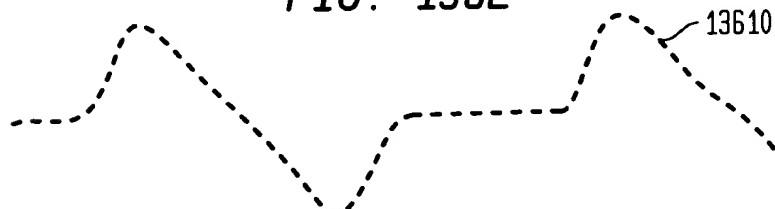


**FIG. 136D**



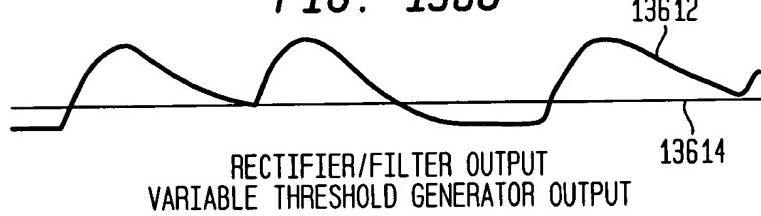
RF SWITCH/INTEGRATOR OUTPUT

**FIG. 136E**



OPTIONAL AMPLIFIER/FILTER OUTPUT

**FIG. 136F**



RECTIFIER/FILTER OUTPUT  
VARIABLE THRESHOLD GENERATOR OUTPUT

**FIG. 136F**

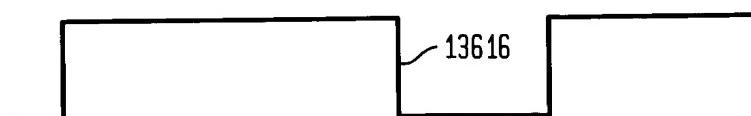
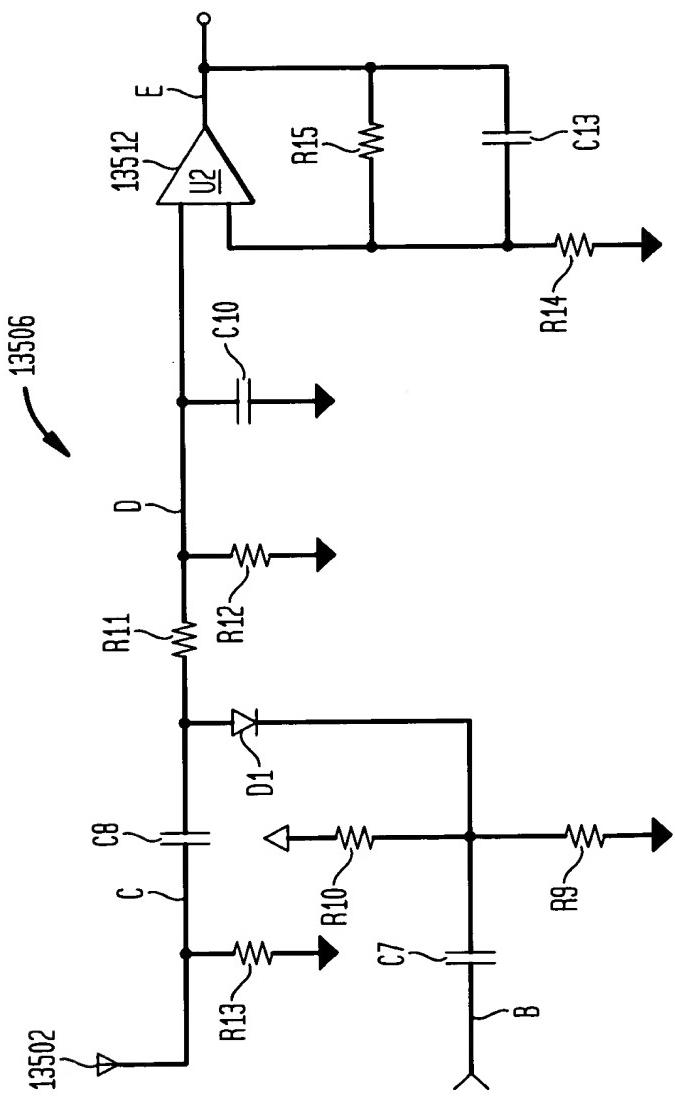


FIG. 137



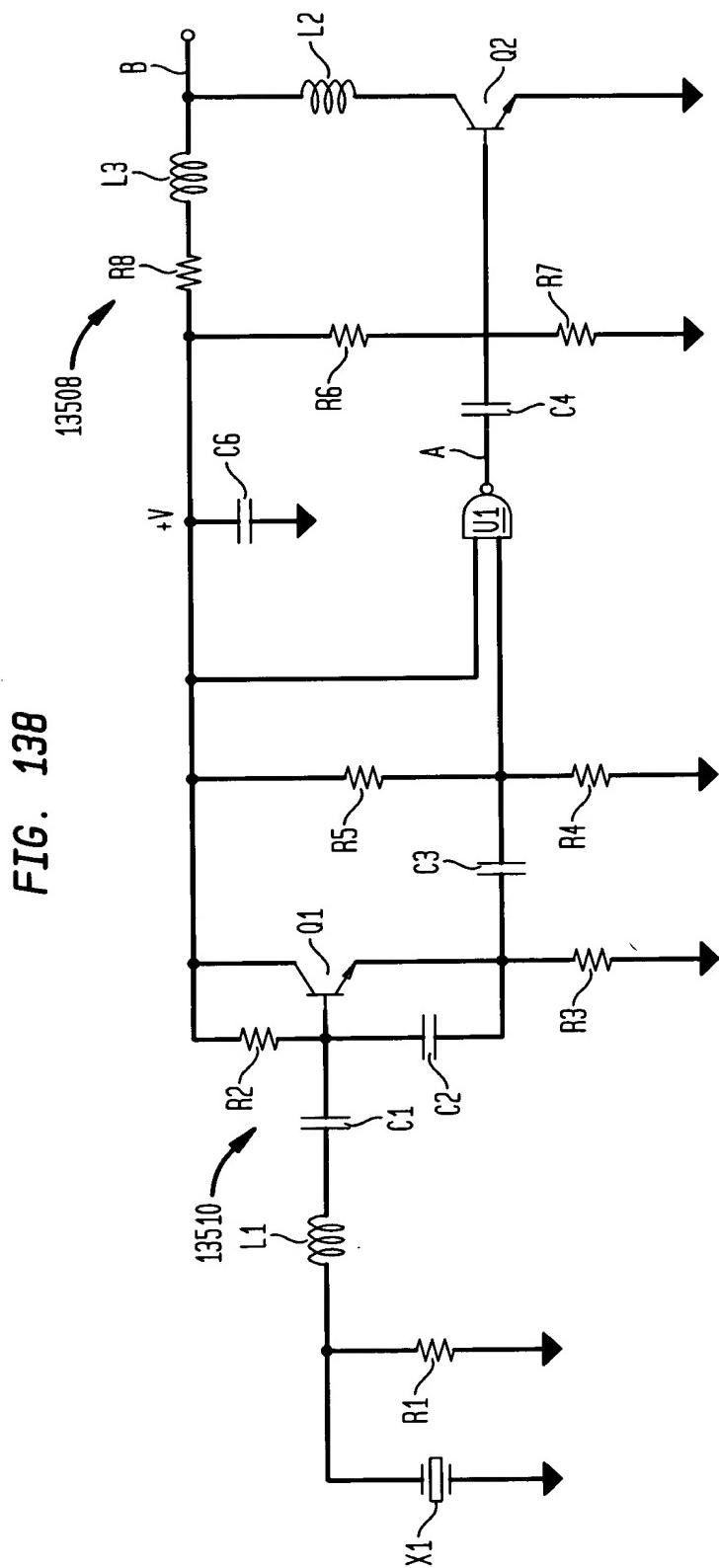
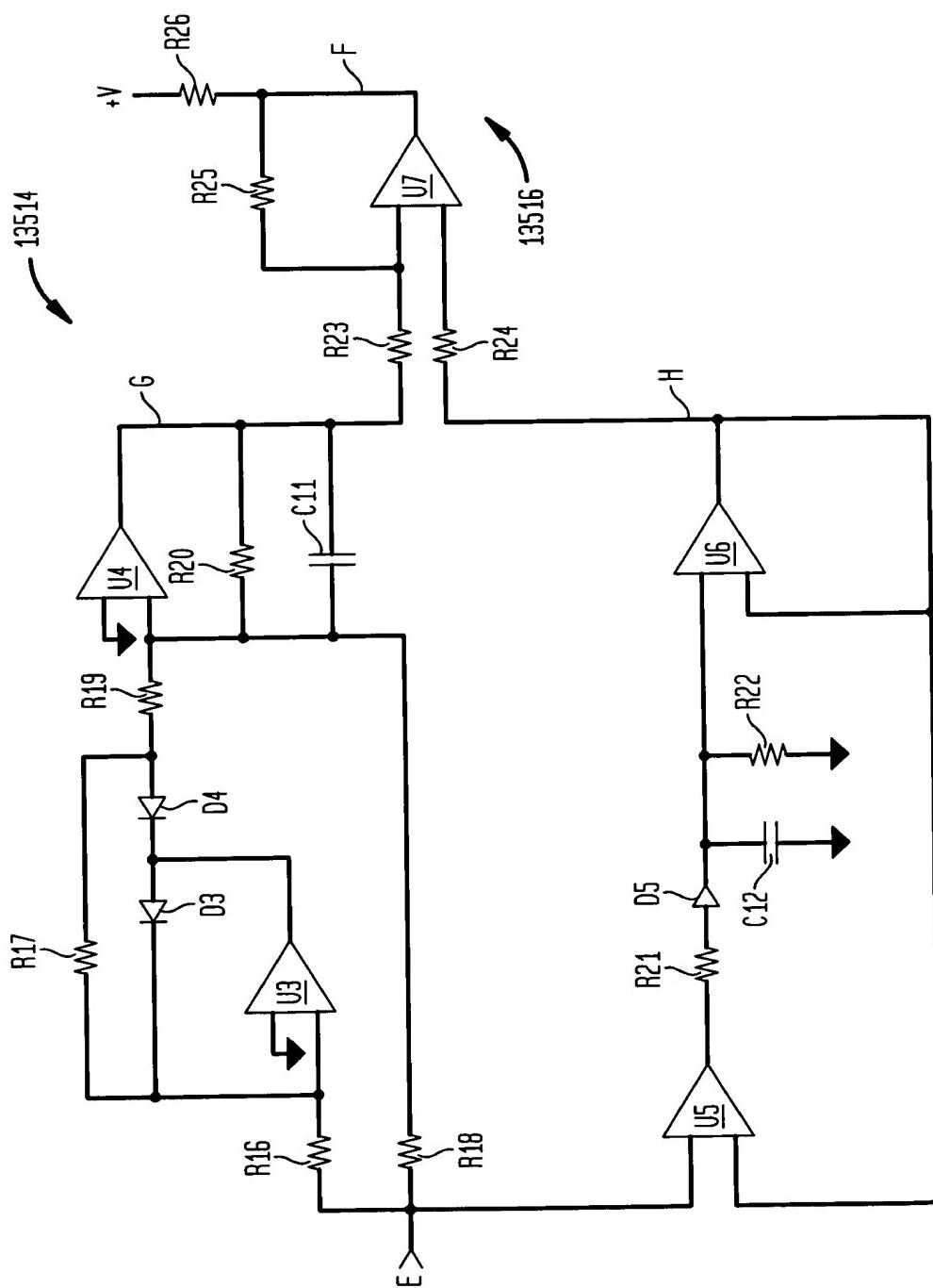
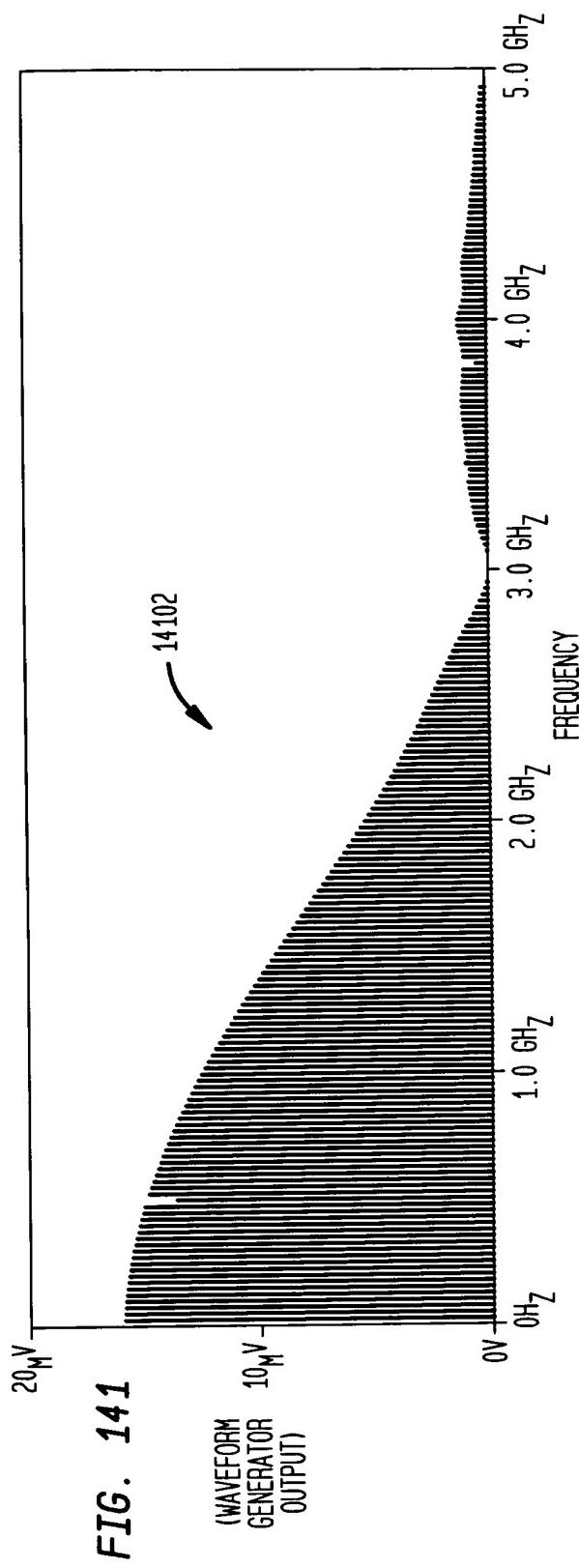
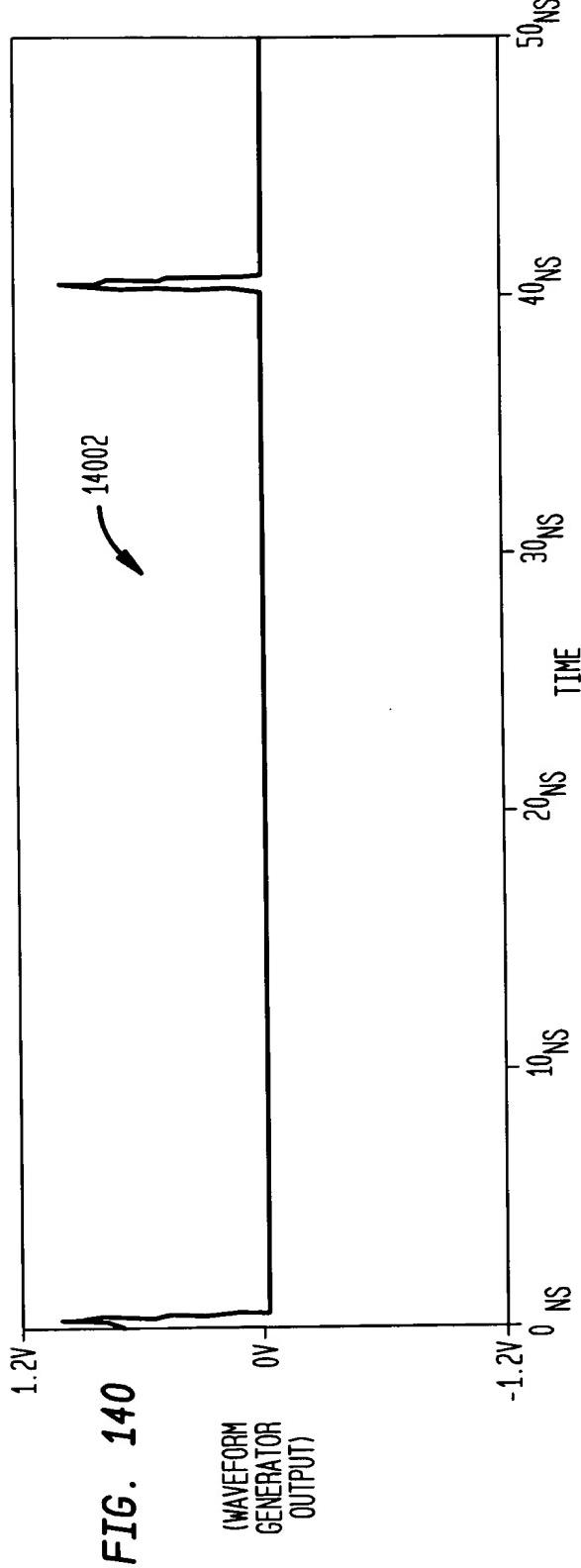


FIG. 139





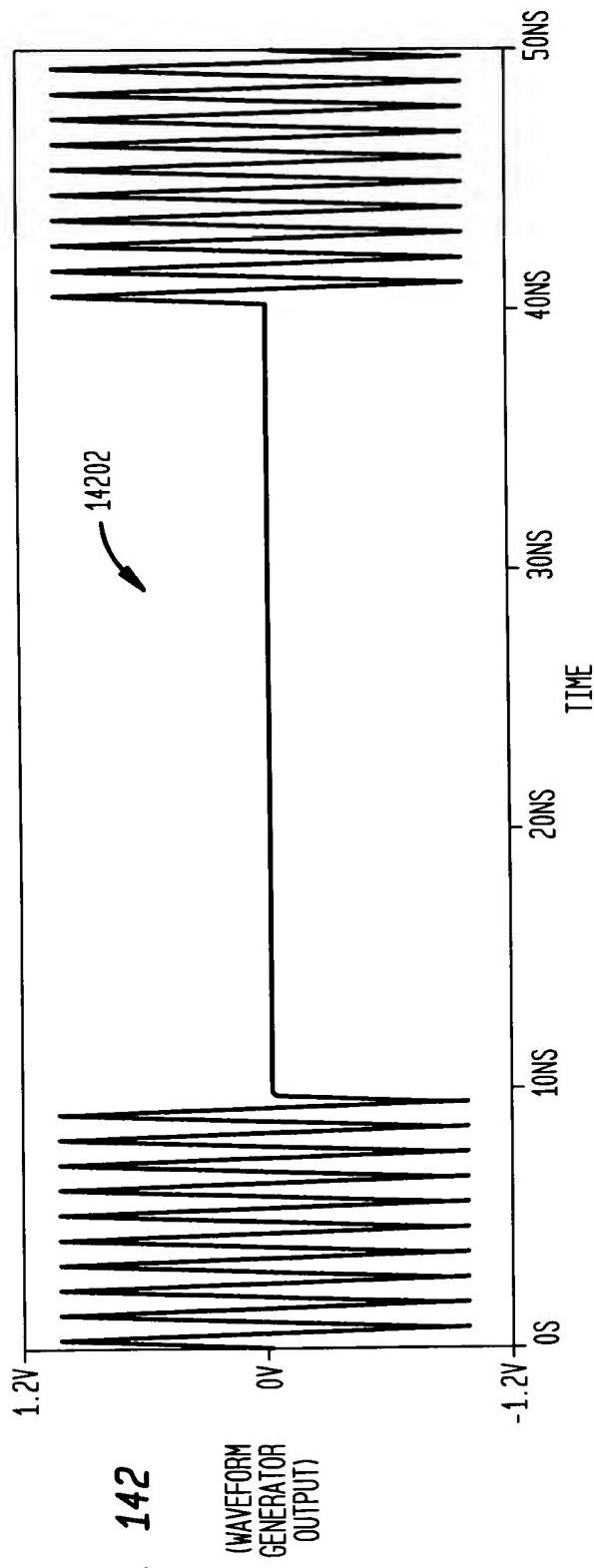


FIG. 142

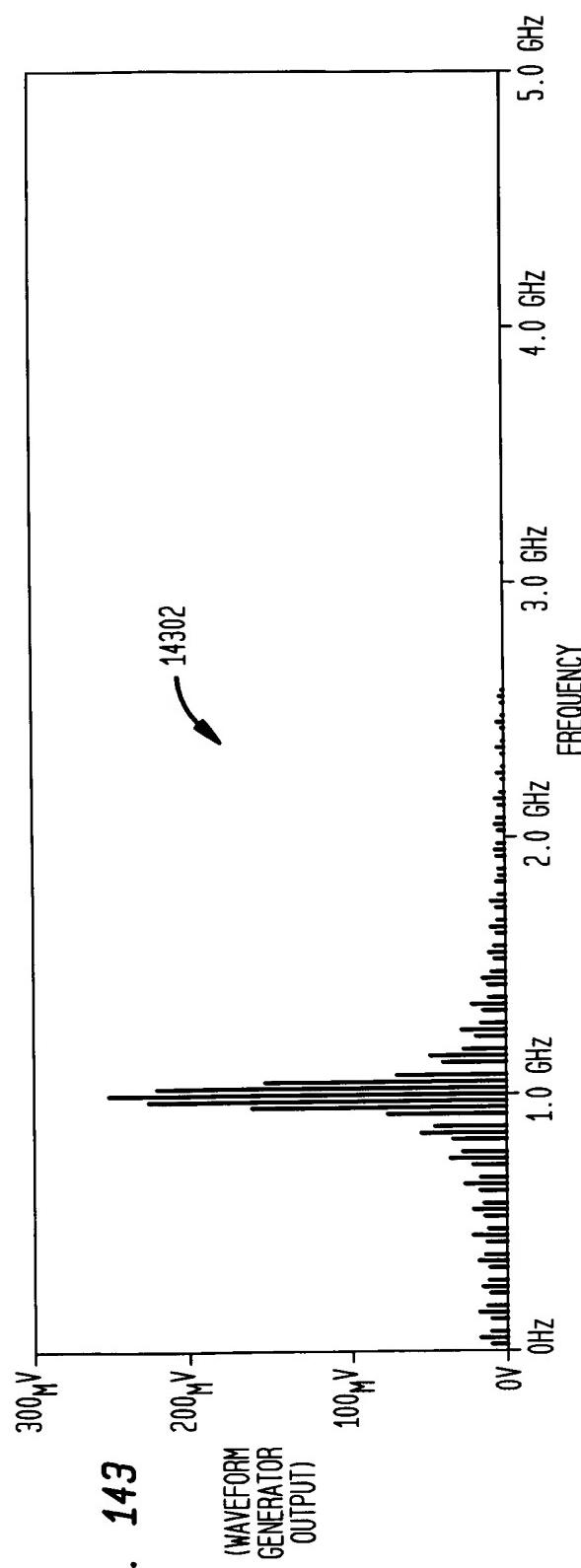


FIG. 143

FIG. 144

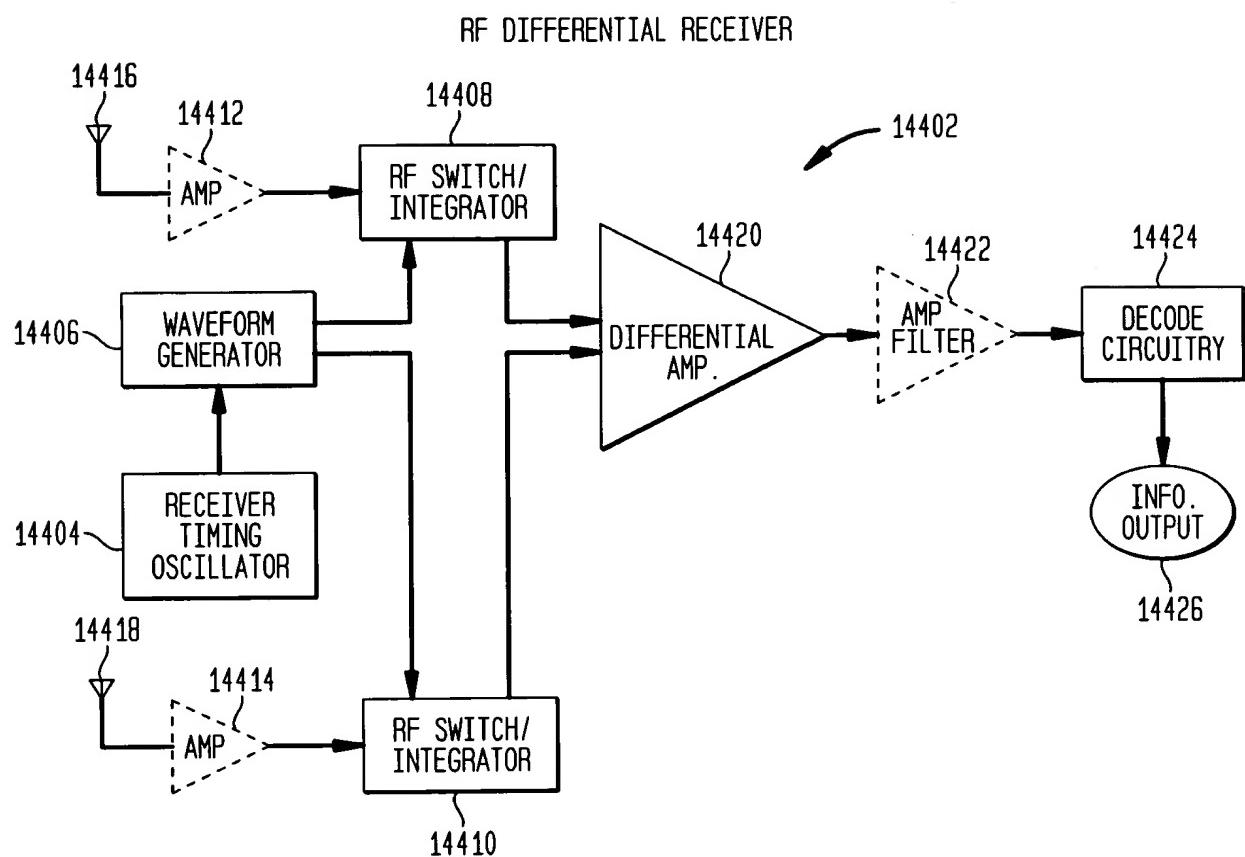
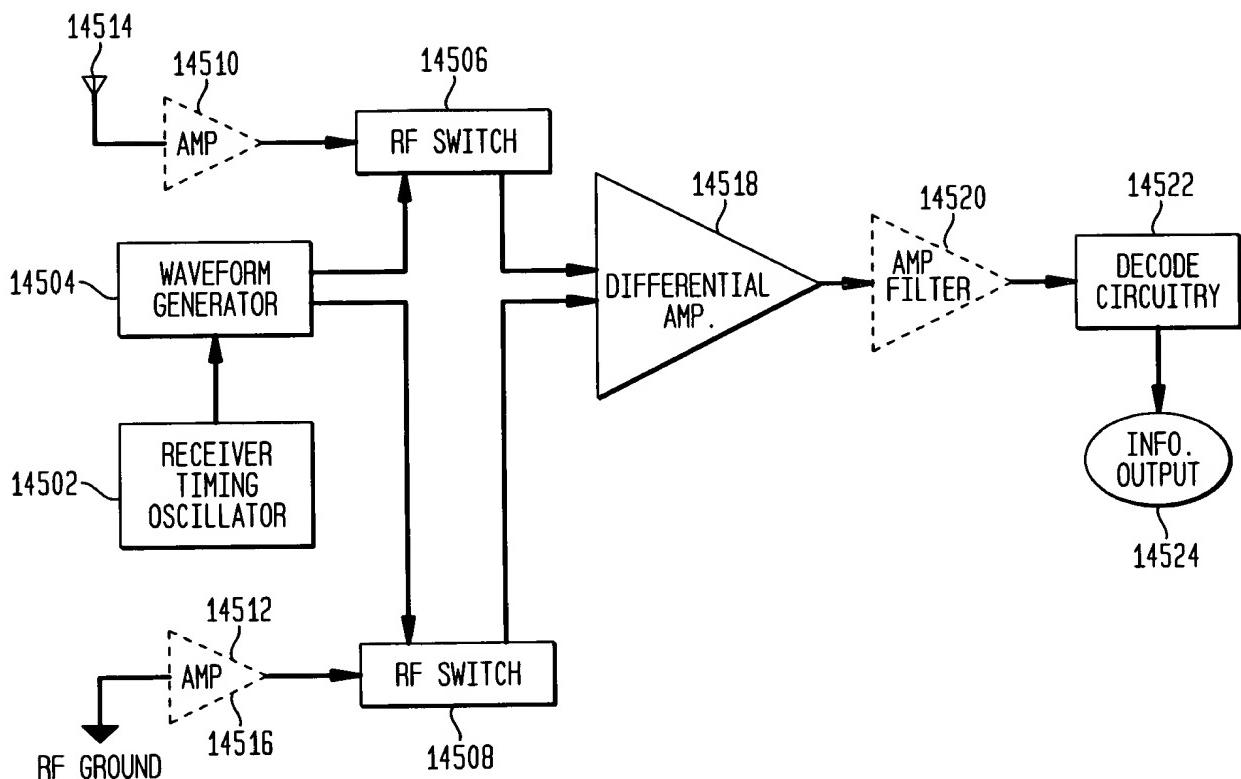


FIG. 145

PSEUDO DIFFERENTIAL RECEIVER



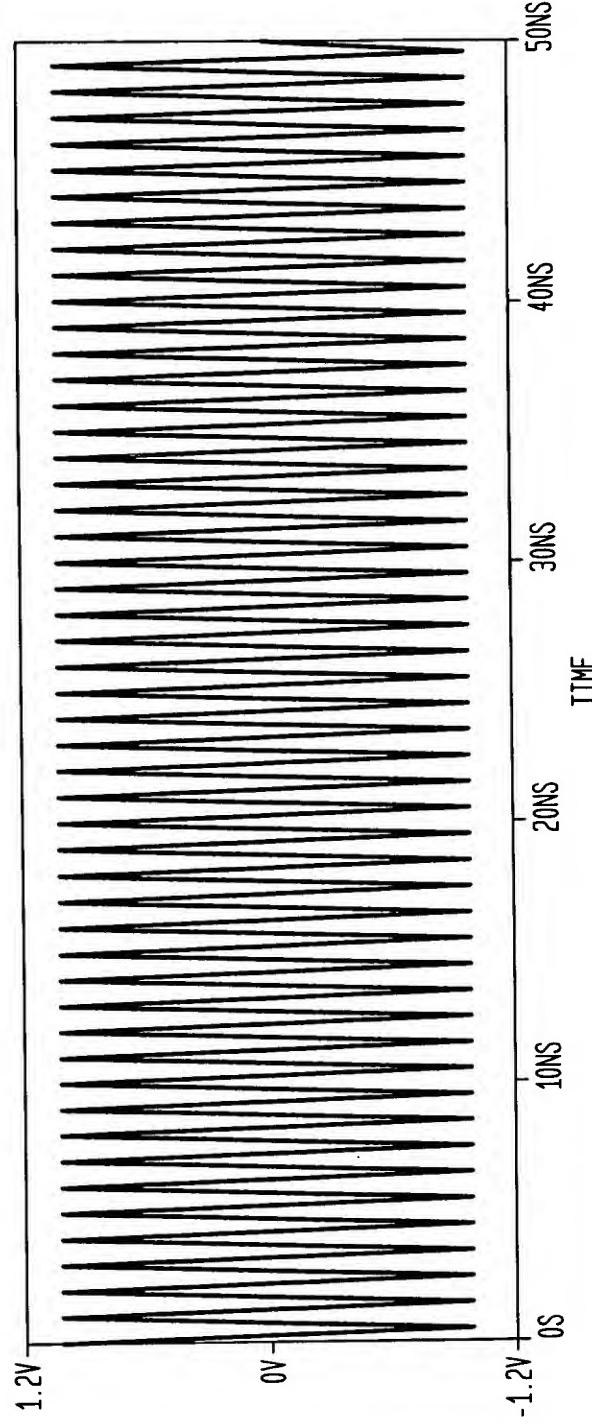


FIG. 146

(WAVEFORM  
GENERATOR  
OUTPUT)

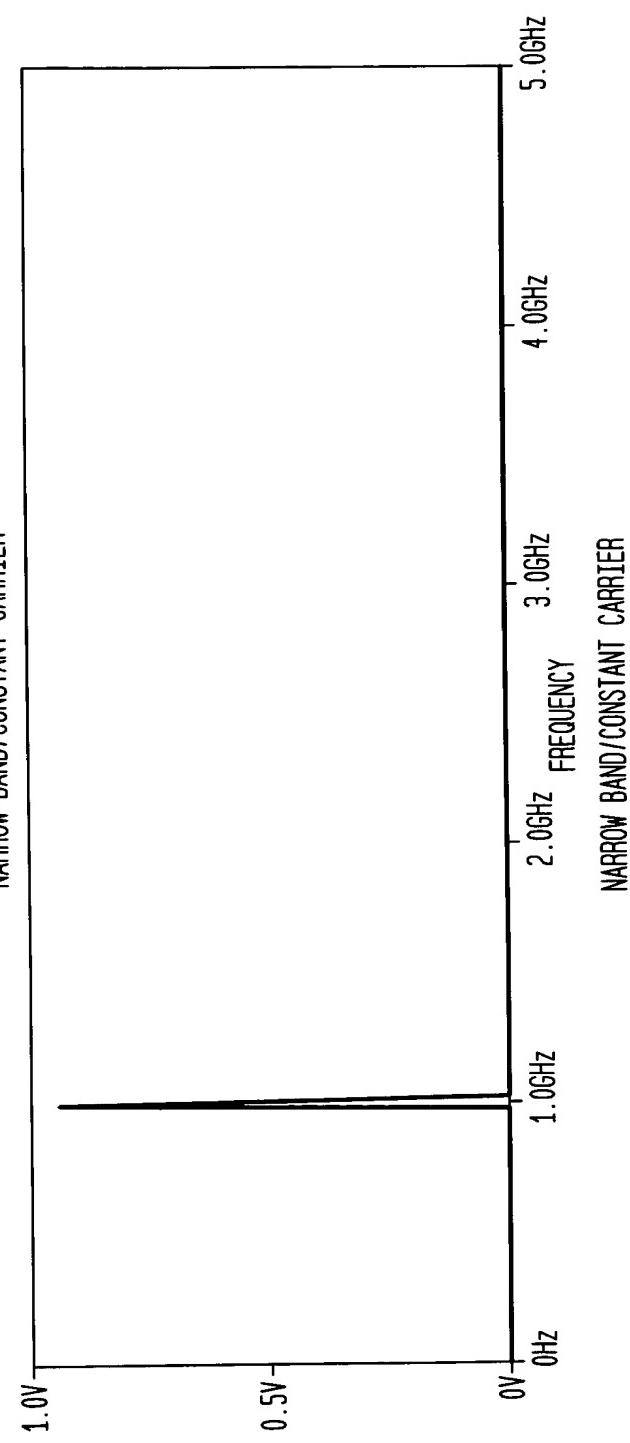
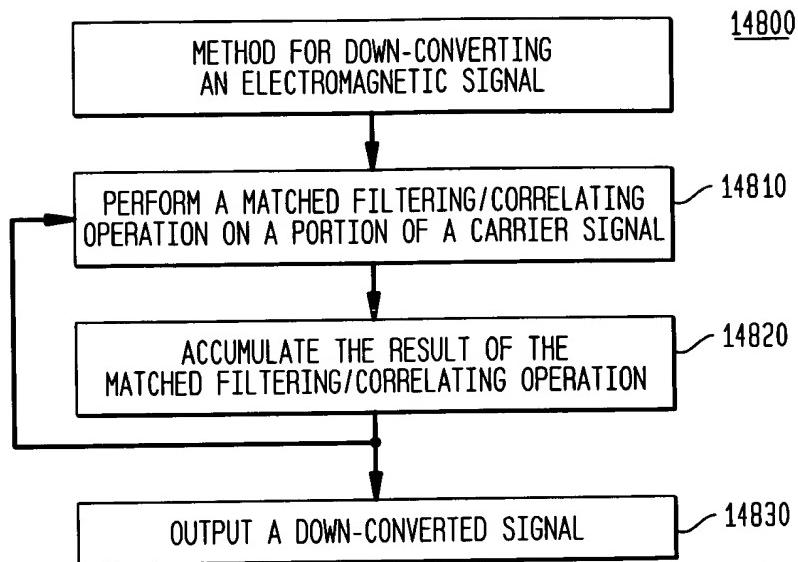


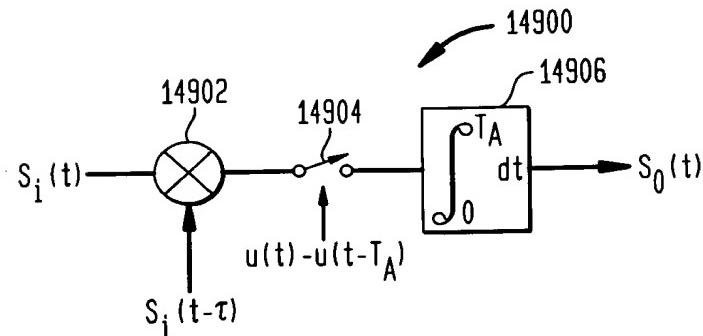
FIG. 147

(WAVEFORM  
GENERATOR  
OUTPUT)

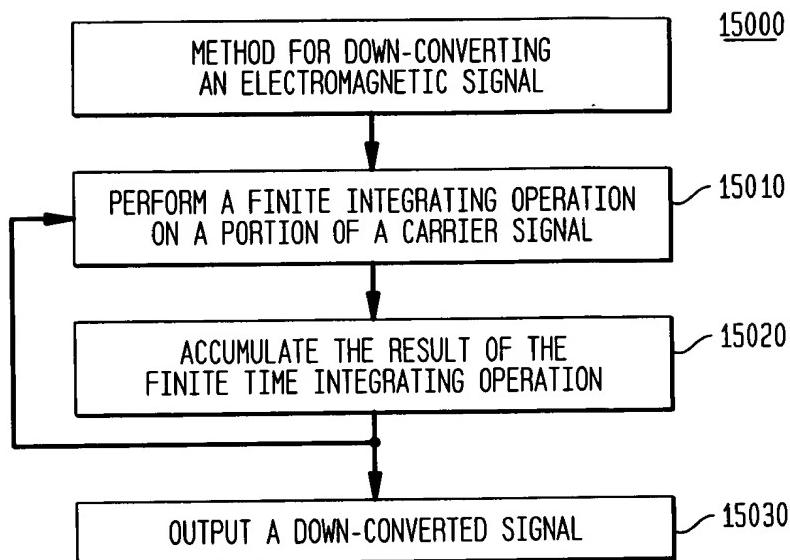
**FIG. 148**



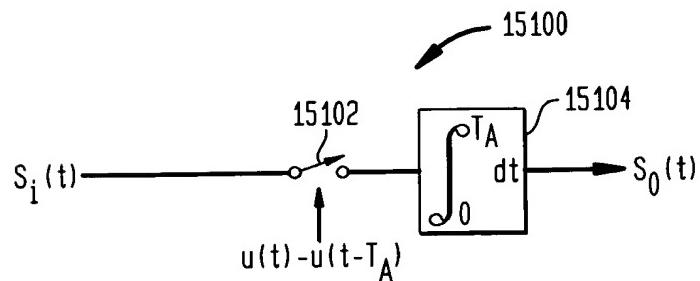
**FIG. 149**



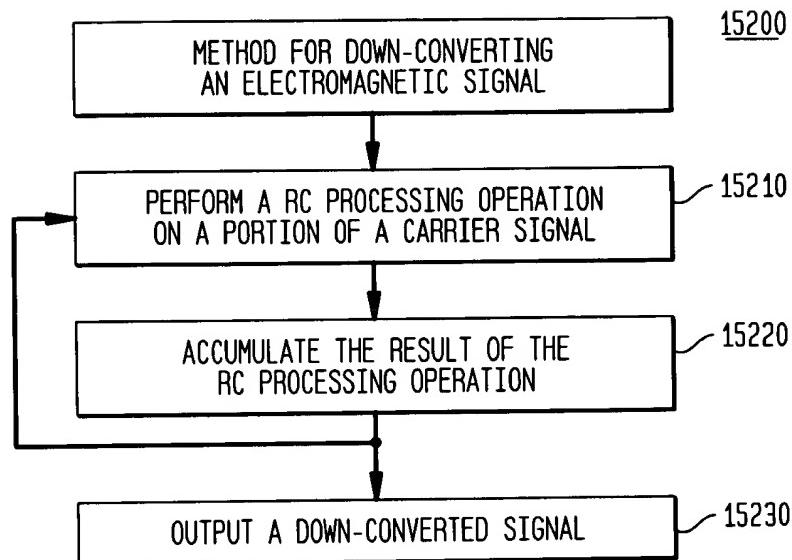
**FIG. 150**



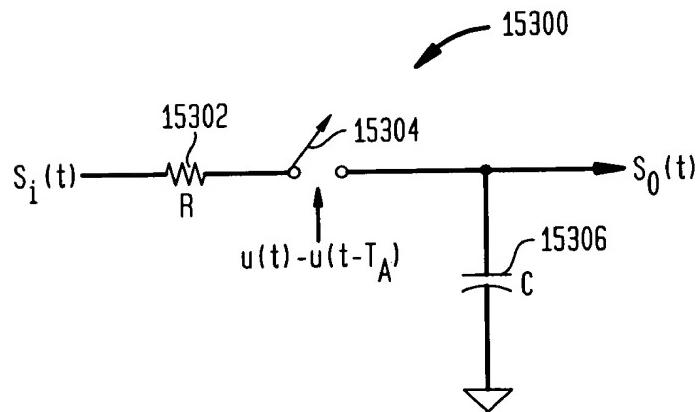
**FIG. 151**



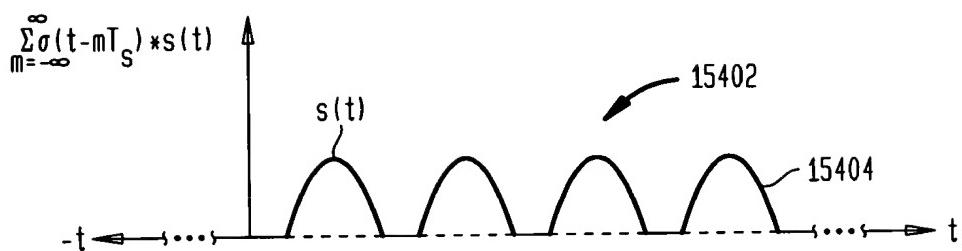
**FIG. 152**



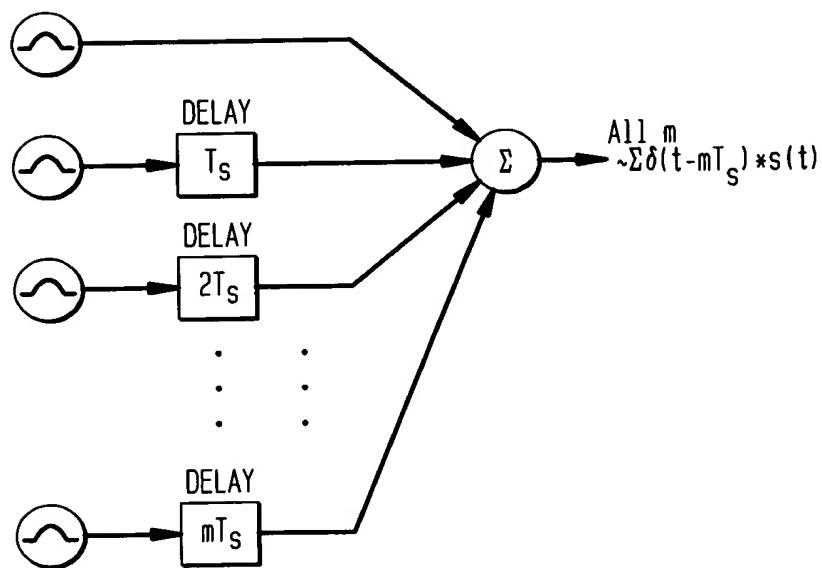
**FIG. 153**



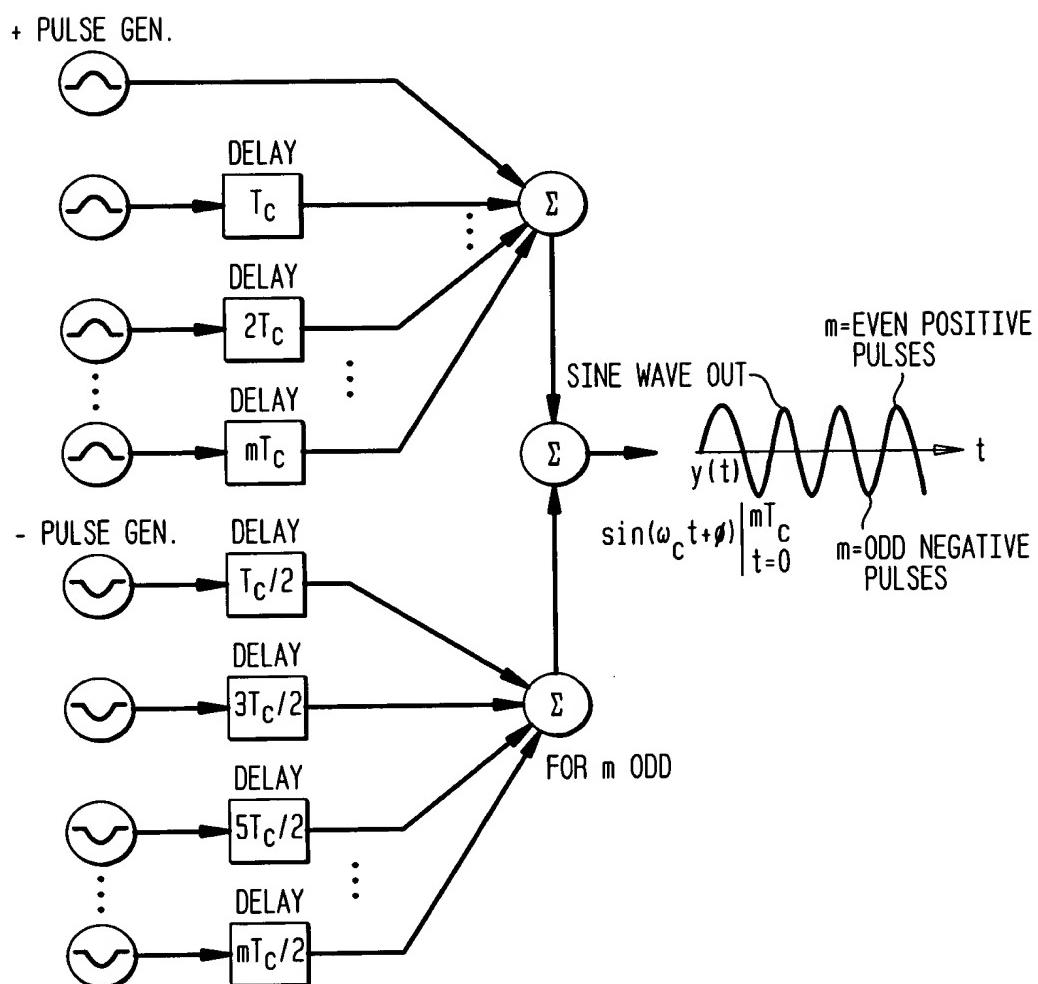
*FIG. 154*



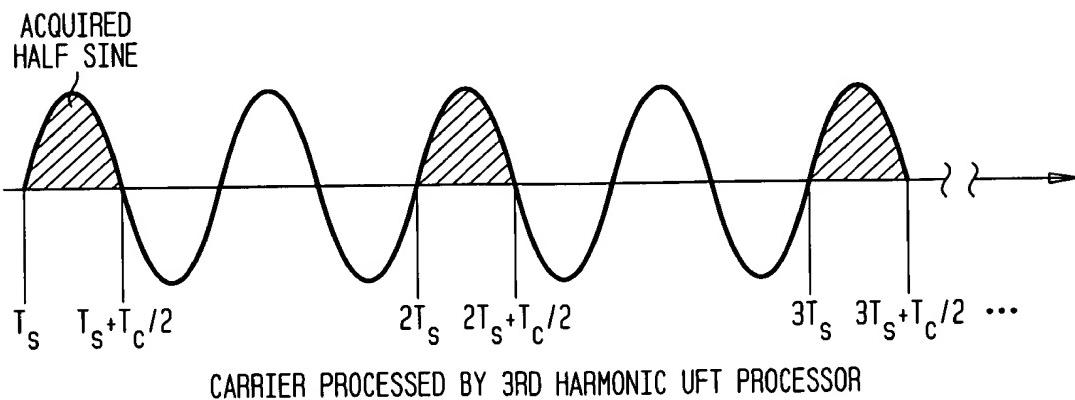
*FIG. 155*



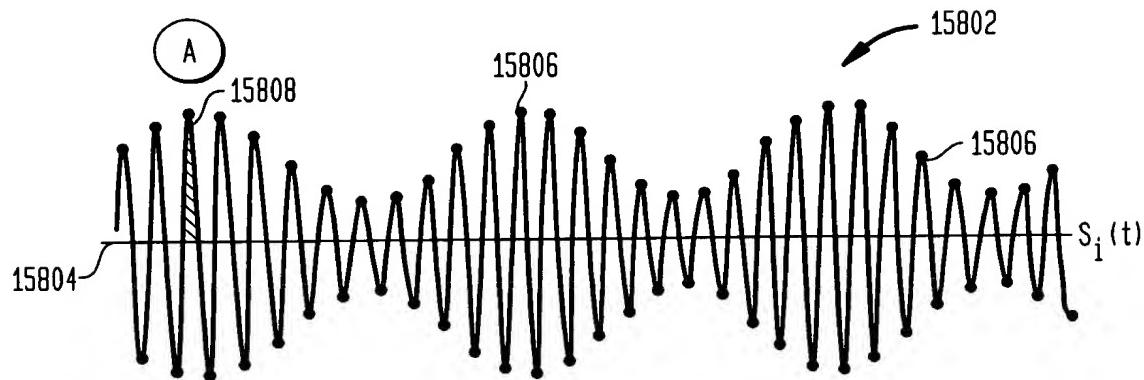
**FIG. 156**



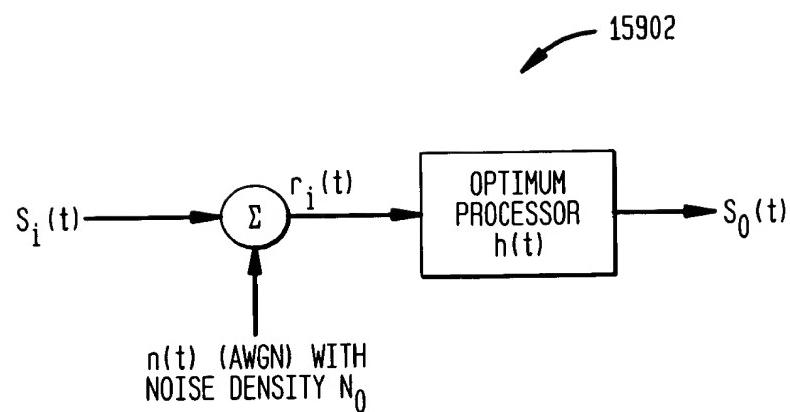
**FIG. 157**



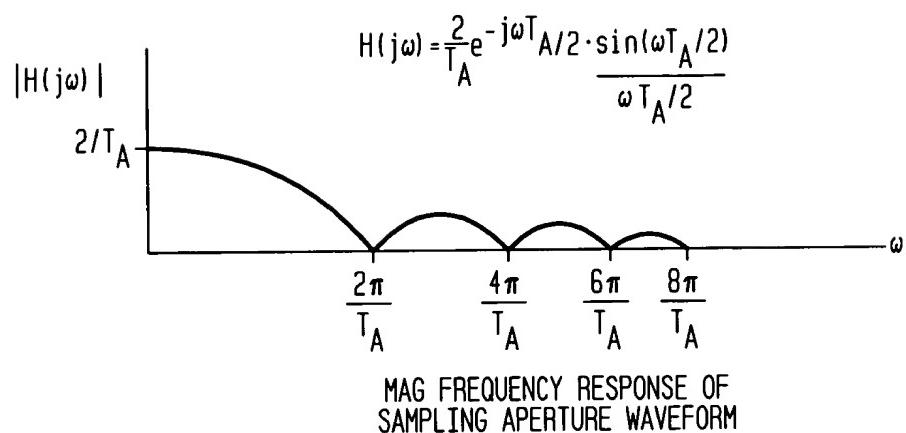
**FIG. 158**



**FIG. 159**



**FIG. 160**



**FIG. 161**

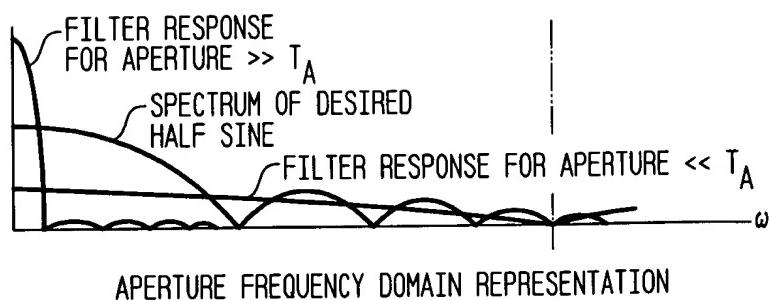


FIG. 162

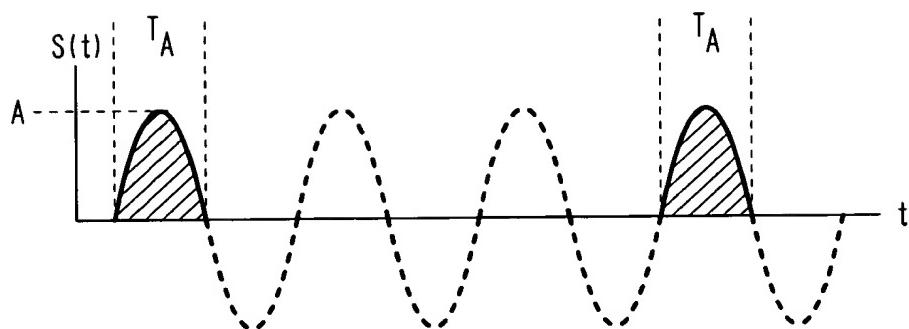
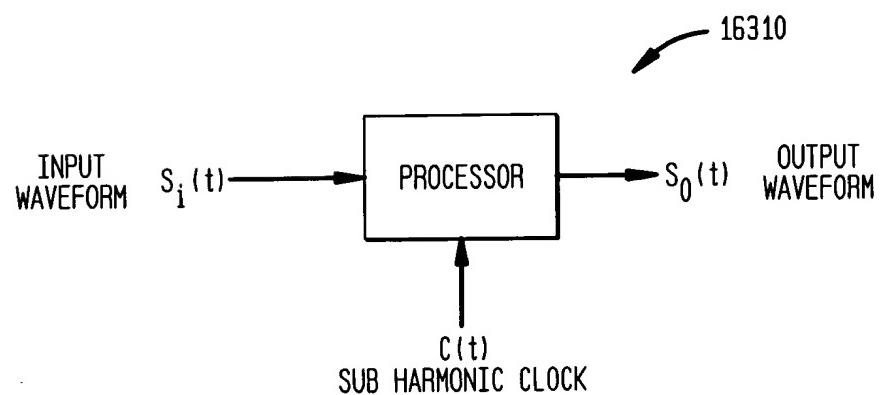
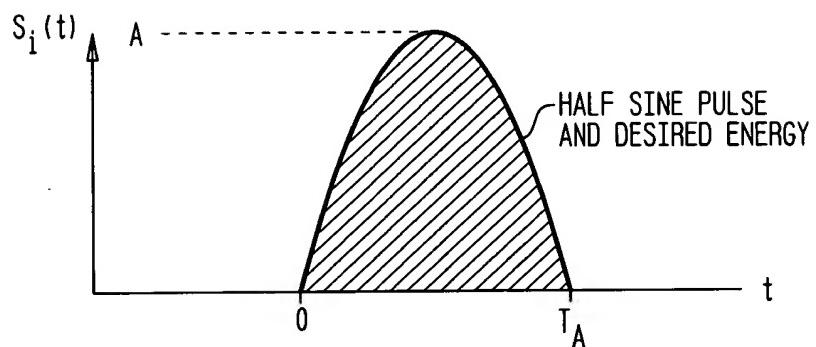


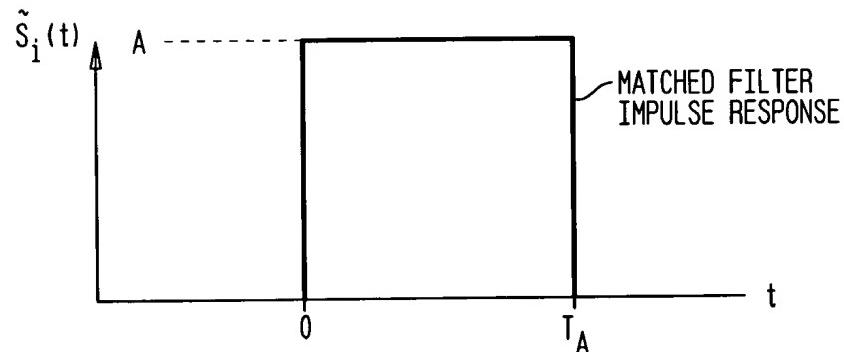
FIG. 163



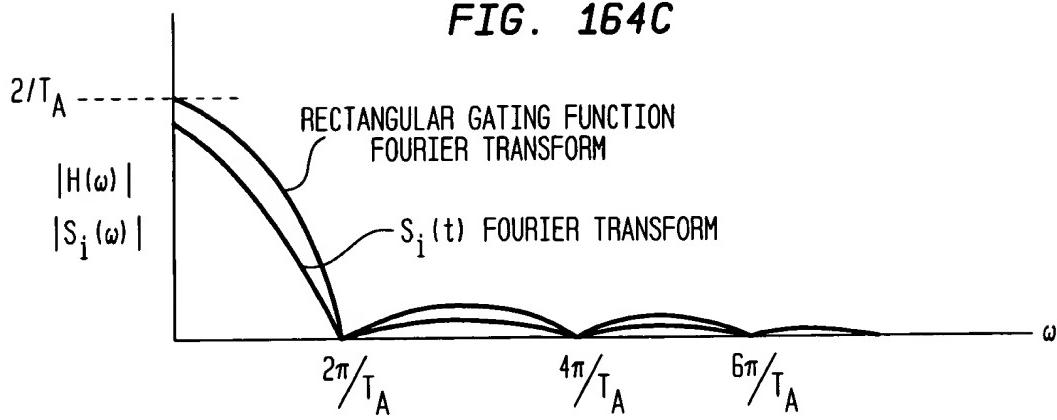
**FIG. 164A**



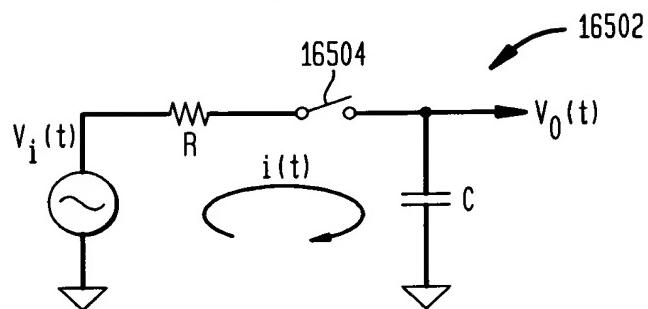
**FIG. 164B**



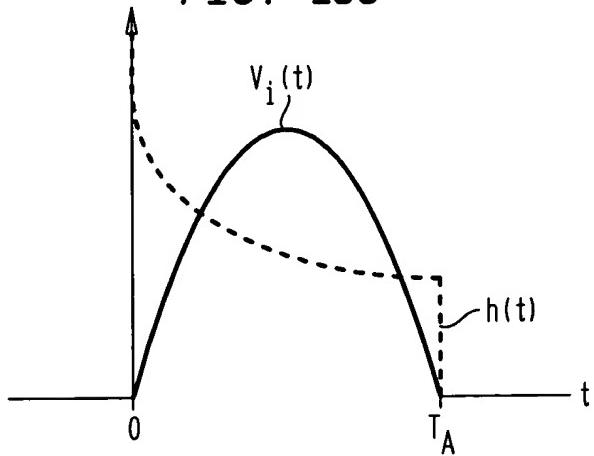
**FIG. 164C**



**FIG. 165**



**FIG. 166**



**FIG. 167**

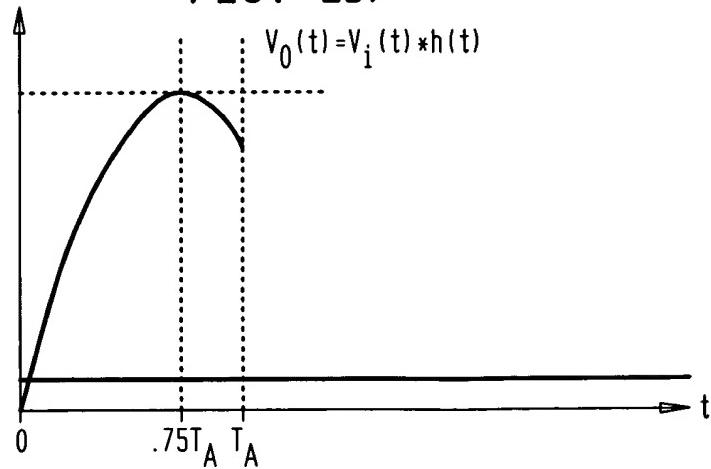


FIG. 168  
UFT OUTPUT VS. BETA FOR SIMPLE RC IMPLEMENTATION

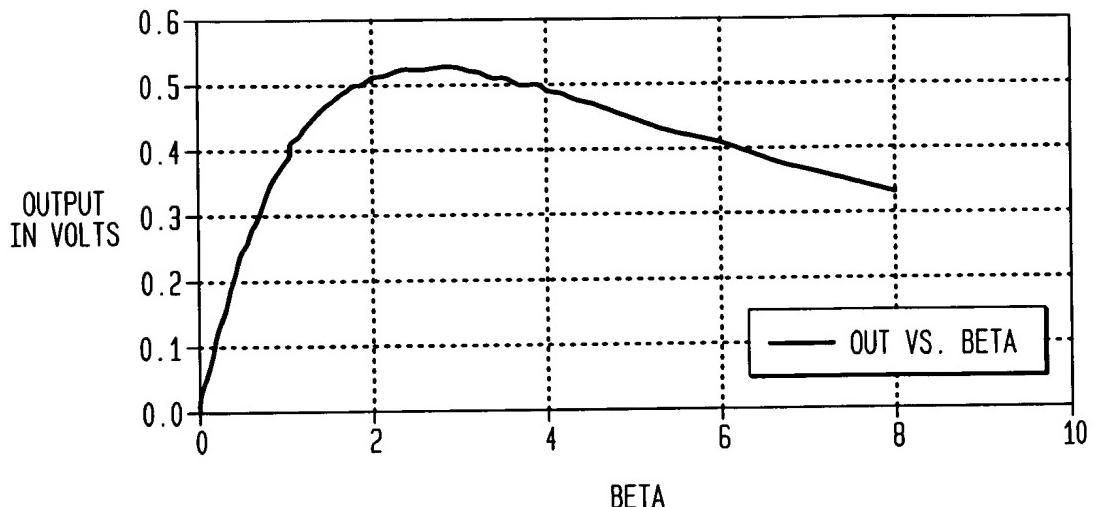
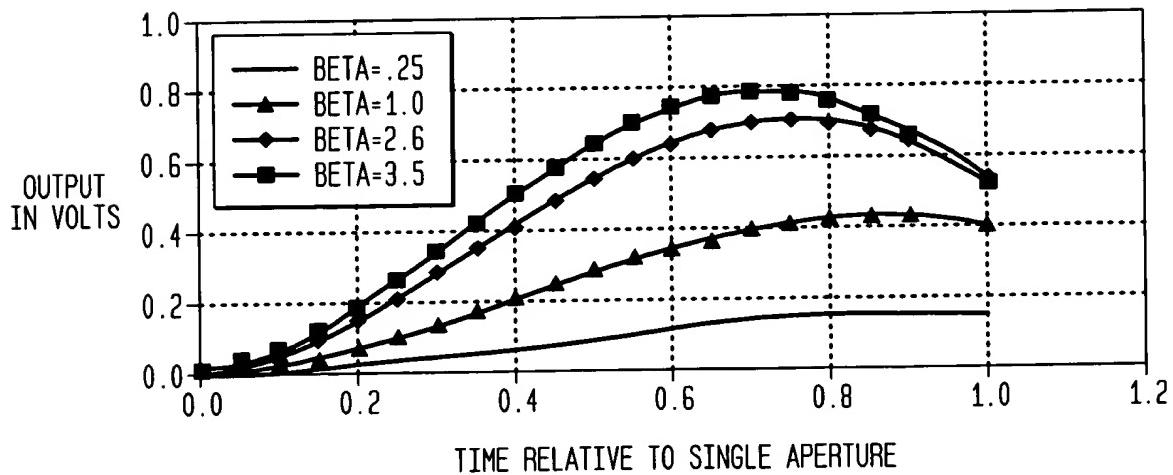
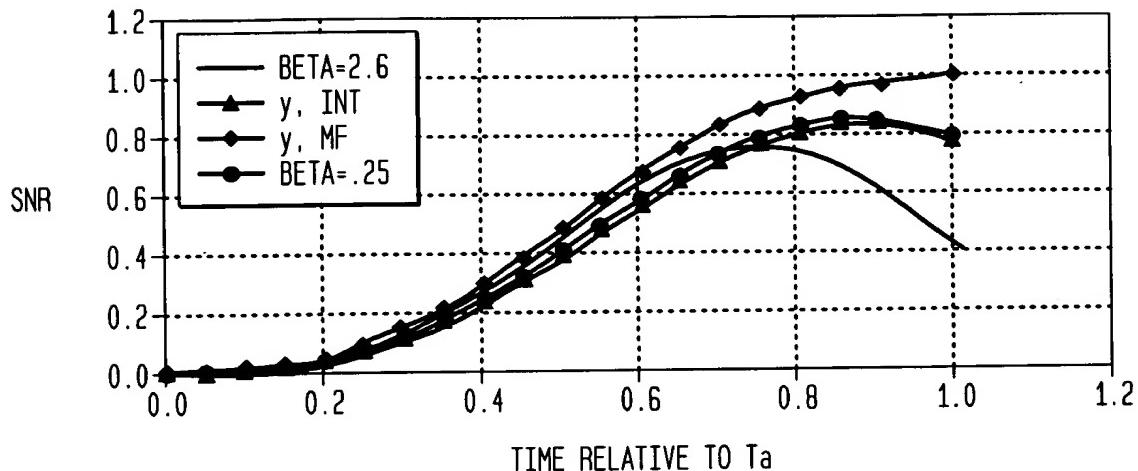


FIG. 169  
UFT OUTPUT RESPONSE VS. NORMALIZED TIME WITH BETA AS A PARAMETER

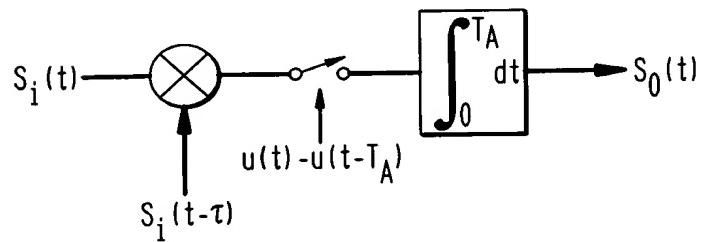


**FIG. 170**

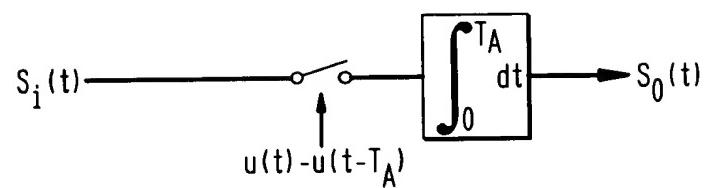
NORMALIZED SNR FOR MF, INT., RC UFT  
IMPLEMENTATIONS, No.=1, Ta=A, A=1



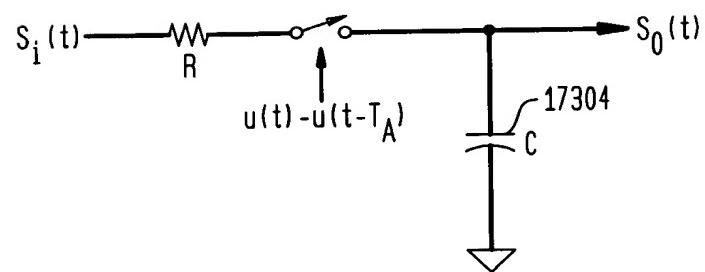
**FIG. 171**



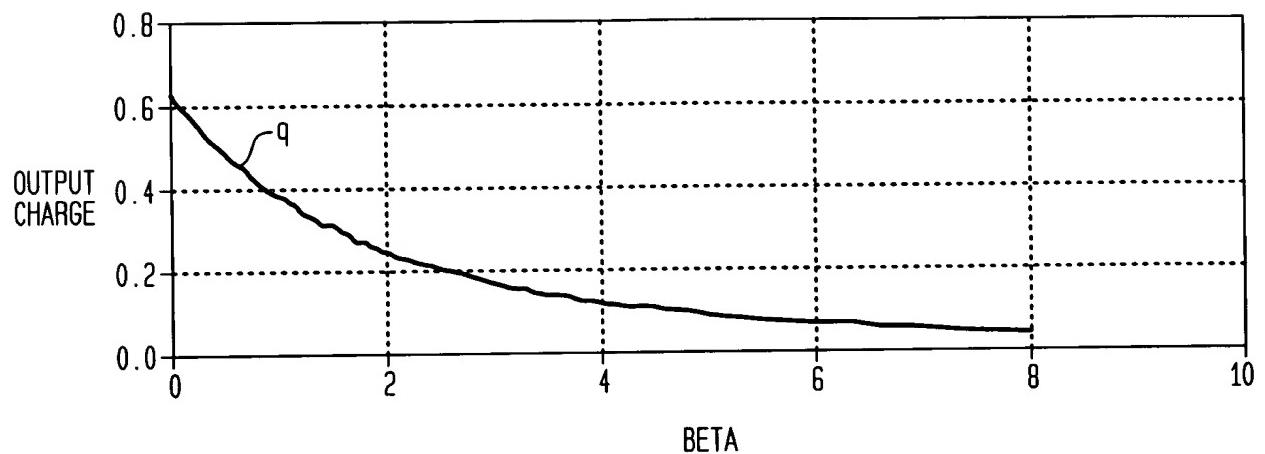
**FIG. 172**



**FIG. 173**



**FIG. 174**  
UFT OUTPUT CHARGE TRANSFER



**FIG. 175A**

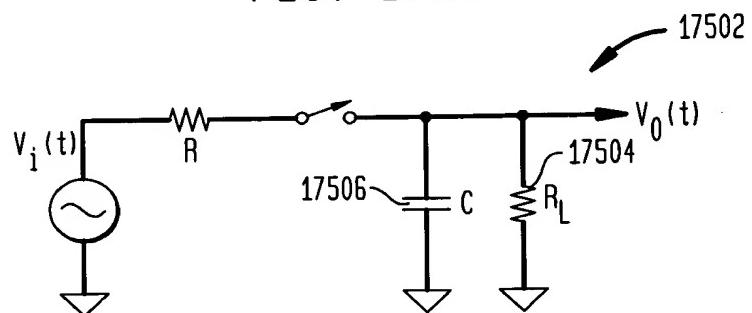


FIG. 175B

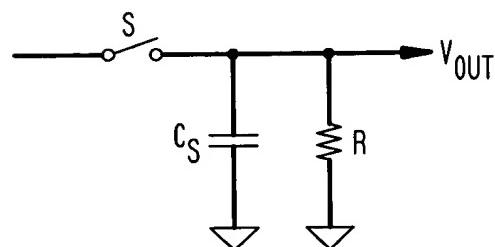


FIG. 175C

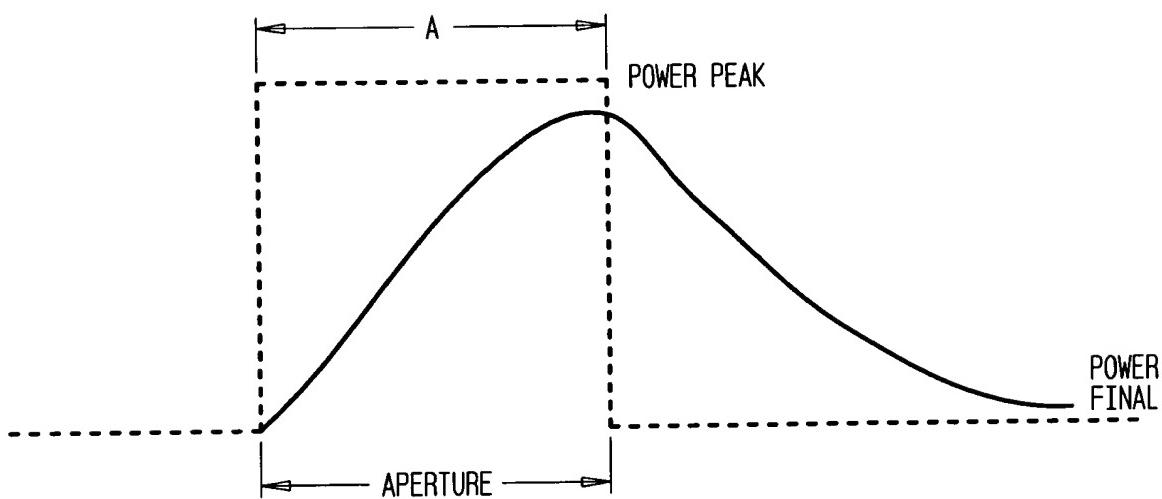


FIG. 175D

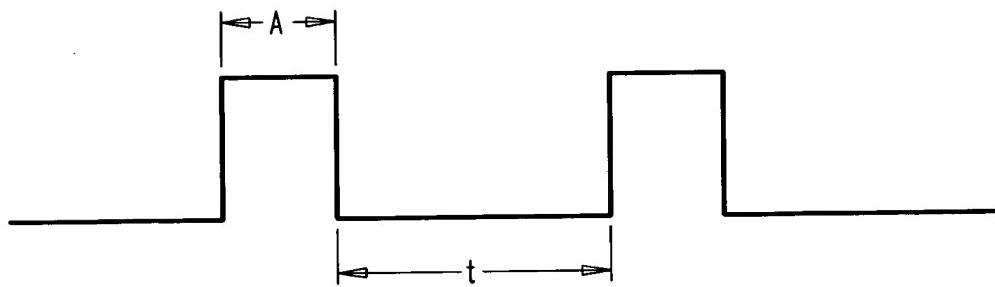


FIG. 176

OUTPUT VOLTAGE FOR 3 UFT PROCESSORS;  
MATCHED FILTER, INTEGRATOR, RC

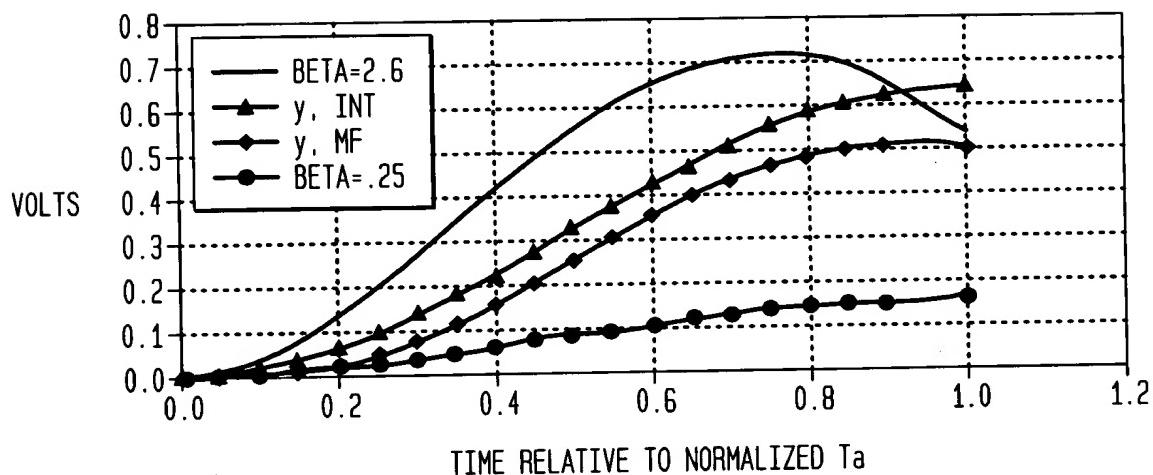


FIG. 177A

NORMALIZED SNR FOR MF, INT., RC UFT  
IMPLEMENTATIONS, No.=1, Ta=1, A=1

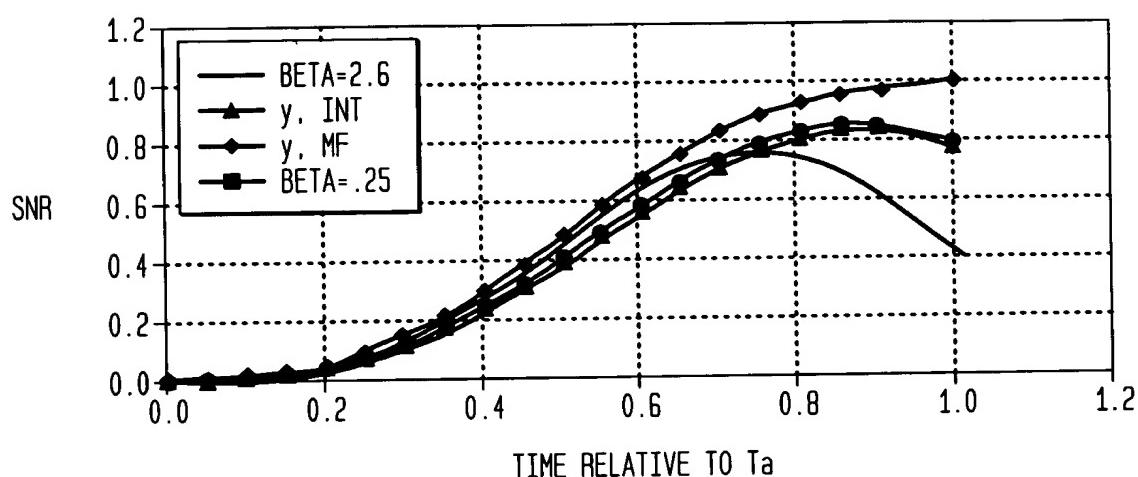


FIG. 177B

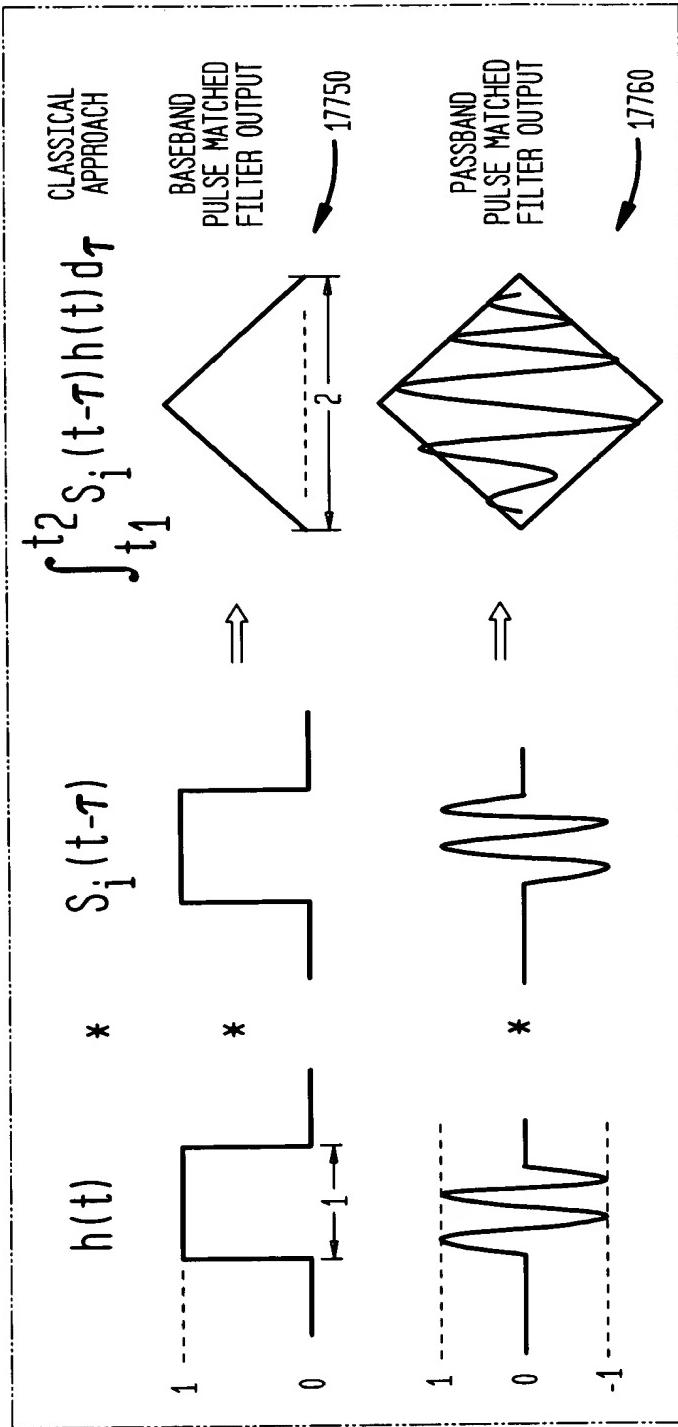
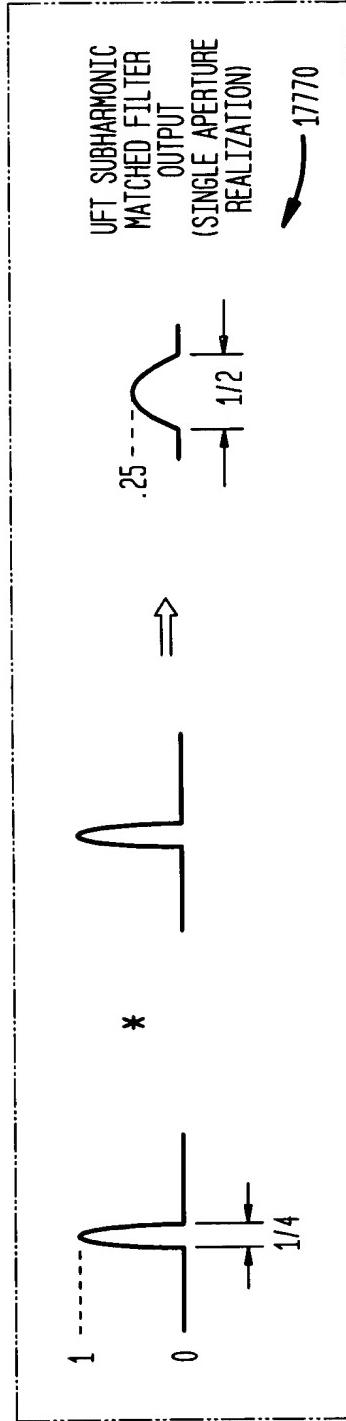
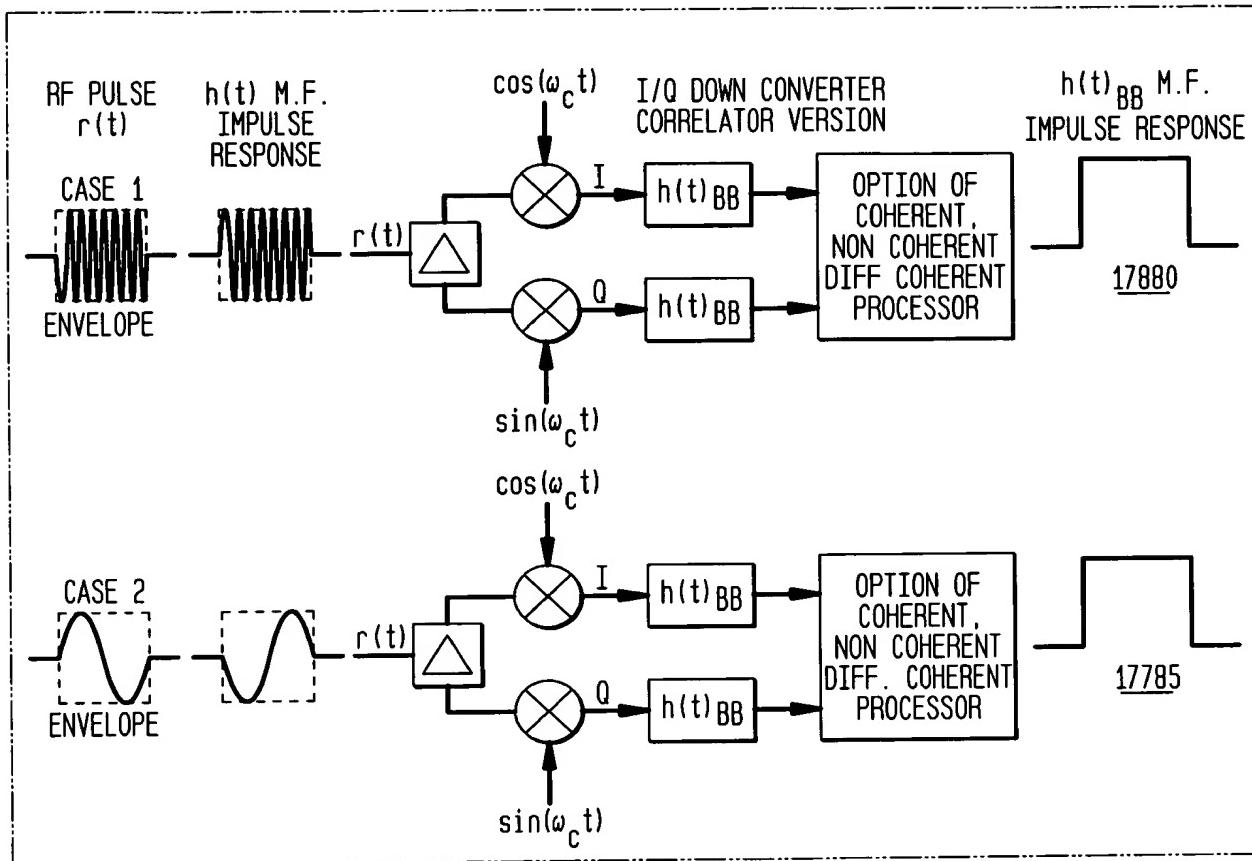


FIG. 177C



**FIG. 177D**



**FIG. 177E**

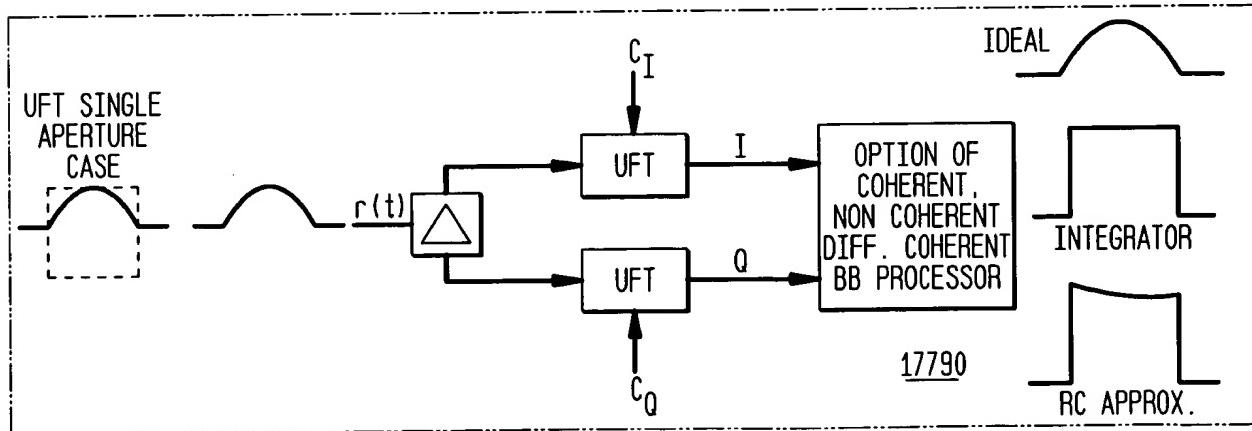
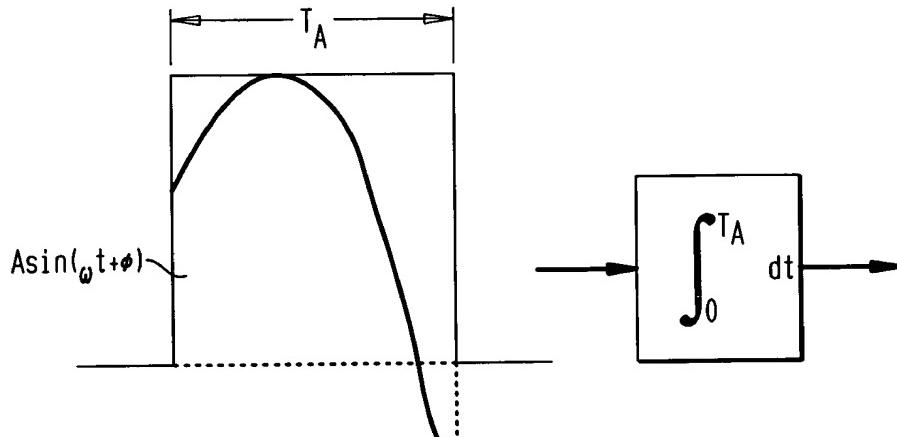


FIG. 177F



$$\begin{aligned}
\int_0^{T_A} A u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t + \phi) dt &= \int_0^{T_A} A (u(t-T_A) \cos \phi \sin(\omega t) + u(t-T_A) \sin \phi \cos(\omega t)) dt \\
&= A \cos(\phi) \int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t) dt + A \sin(\phi) \int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \cos(\omega t) dt \\
&\underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\text{CONSTANT}} \underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\text{UFT CORRELATOR}} \underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\text{CONSTANT}} \underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\text{KERNEL}} = 0 \\
&= A \cos(\phi) \int_0^{T_A} u(t-T_A) \sin(\omega t) dt
\end{aligned}$$

- A IS CONSTANT ON A SINE TO SINE BASIS
- $\phi$  IS CONSTANT ON A SINE TO SINE BASIS
- i.e., THE MODULATION RATE DUE TO INFORMATION FOR PHASE AND AMPLITUDE IS VERY SLOW COMPARED TO CARRIER FREQUENCY

FIG. 178A

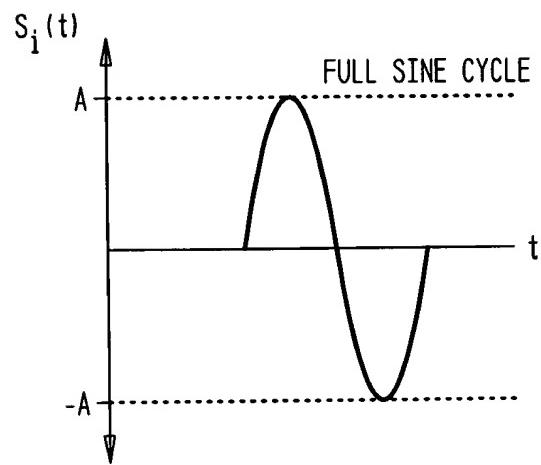
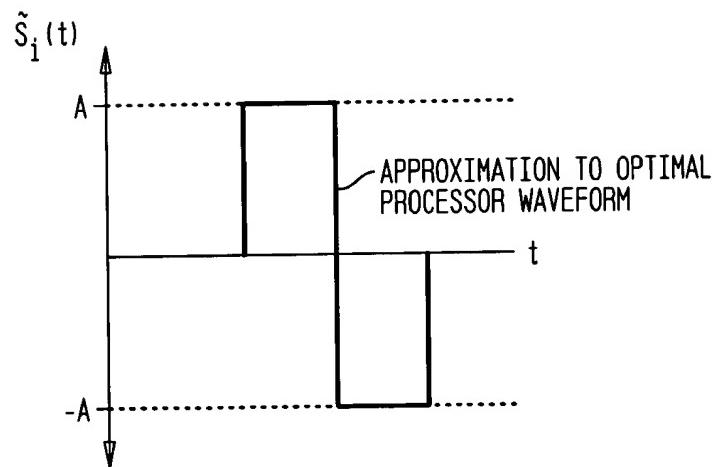
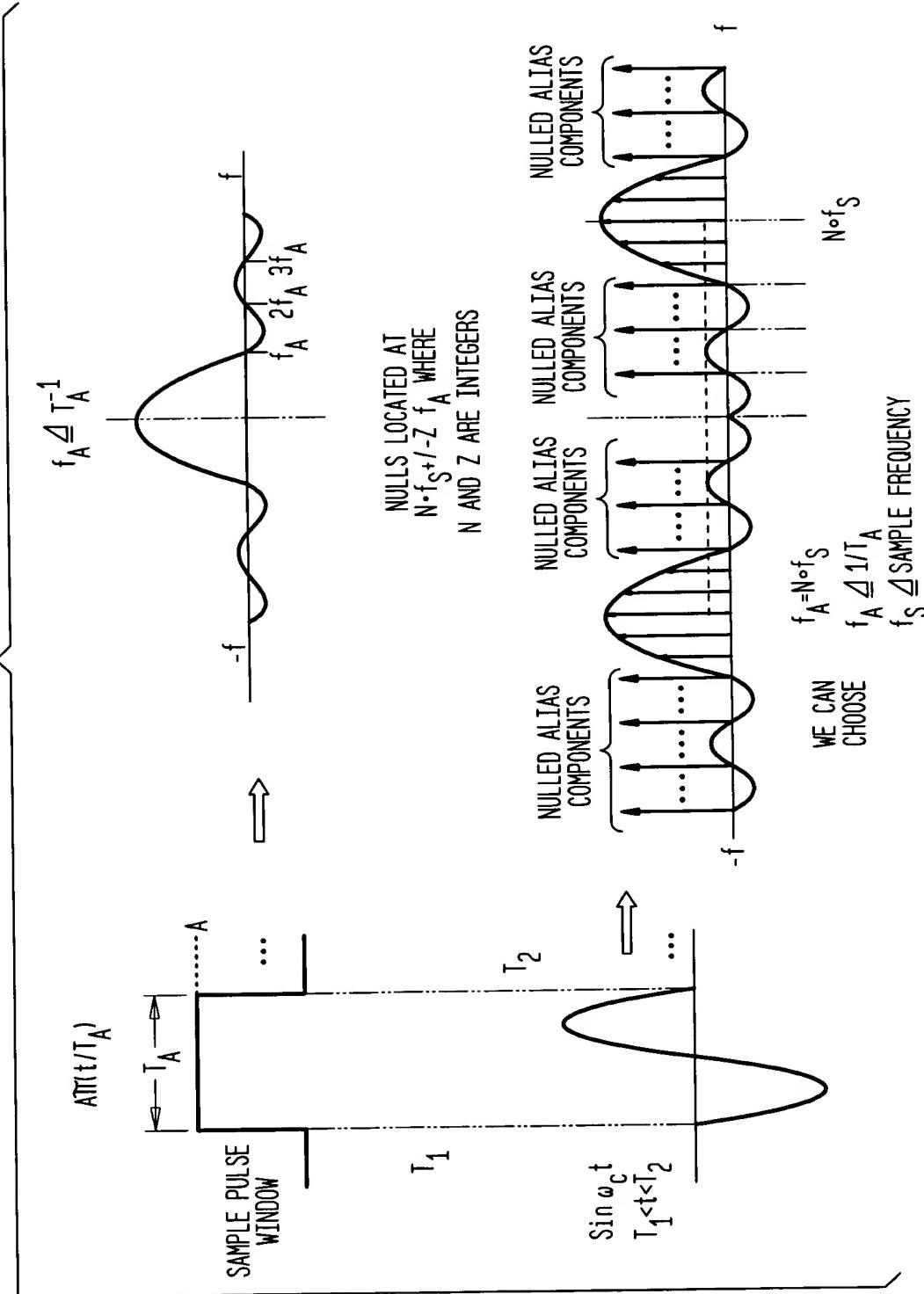


FIG. 178B



**FIG. 179**



**FIG. 180**

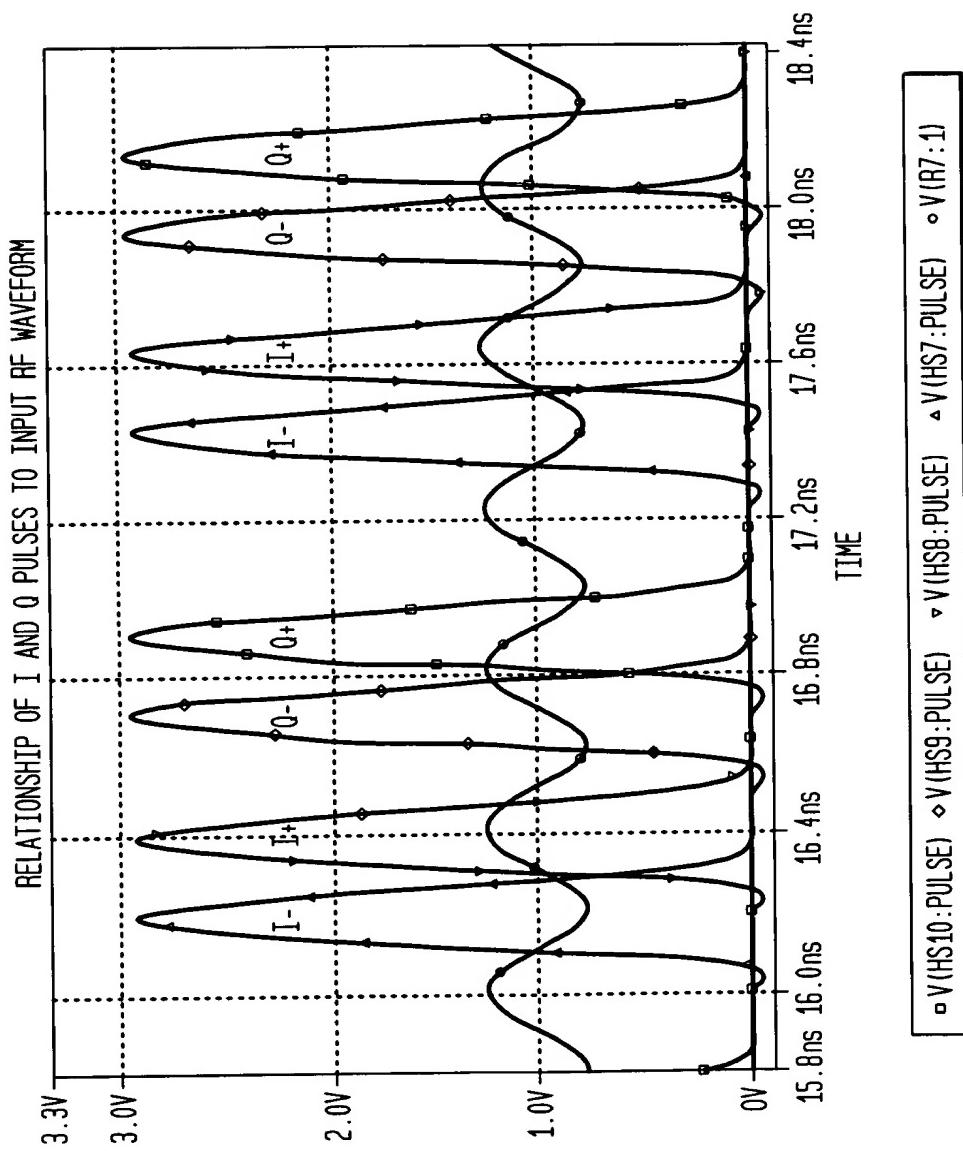


FIG. 181

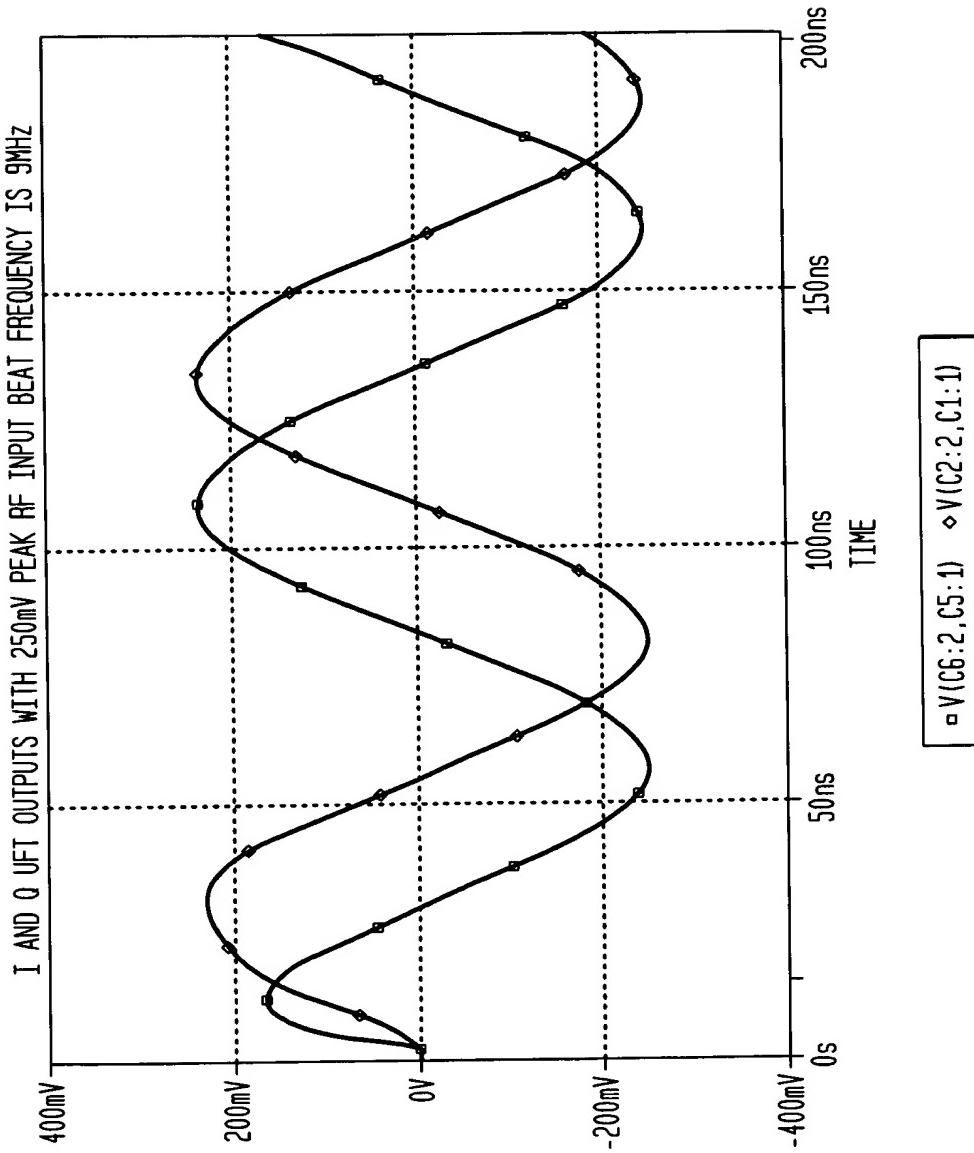


FIG. 182

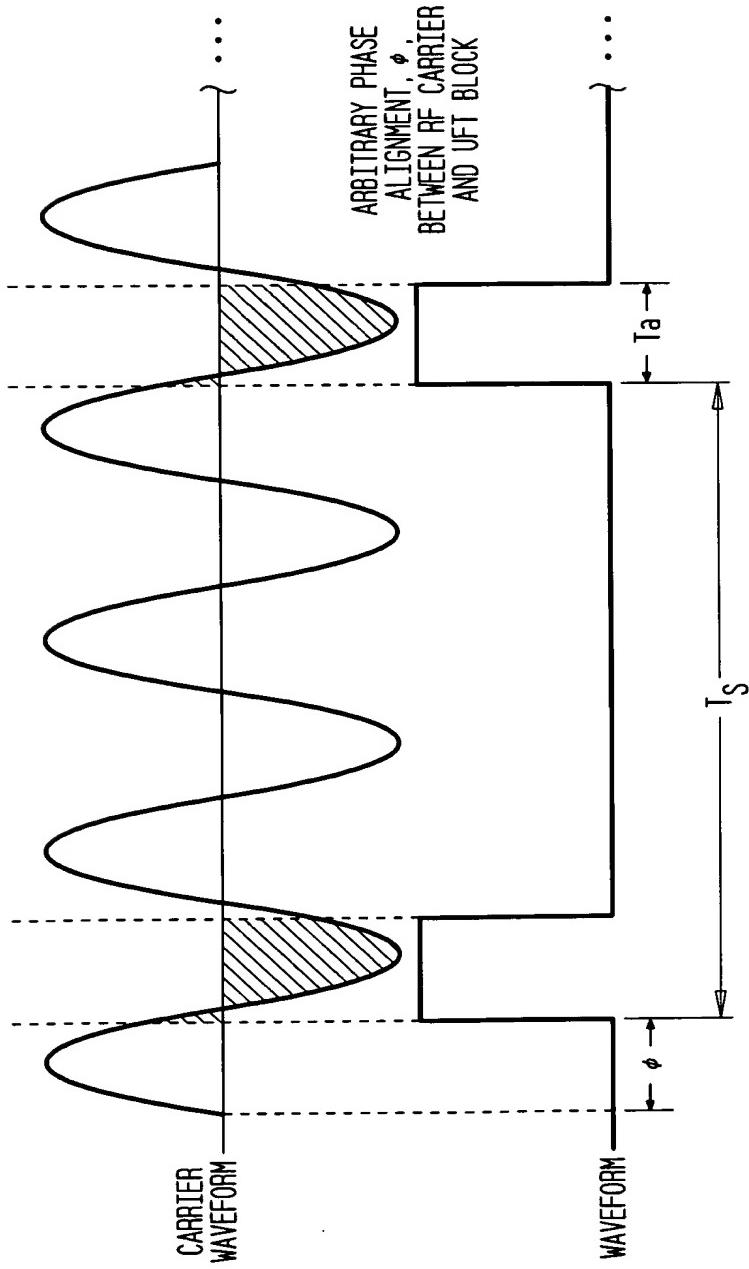


FIG. 183

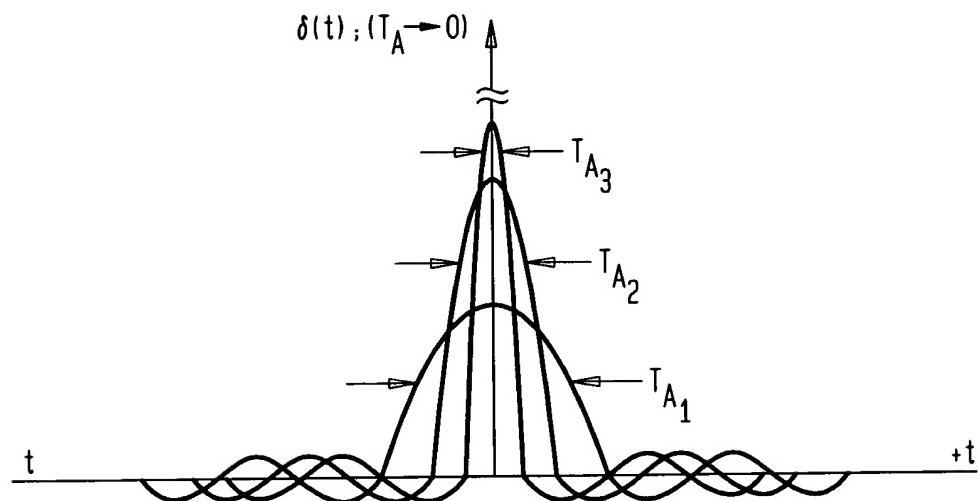
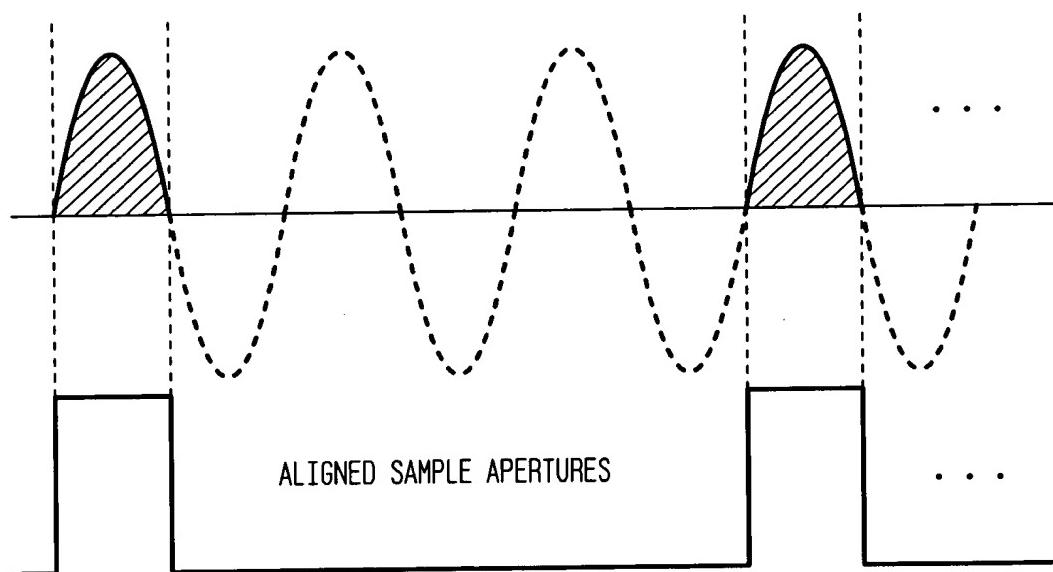
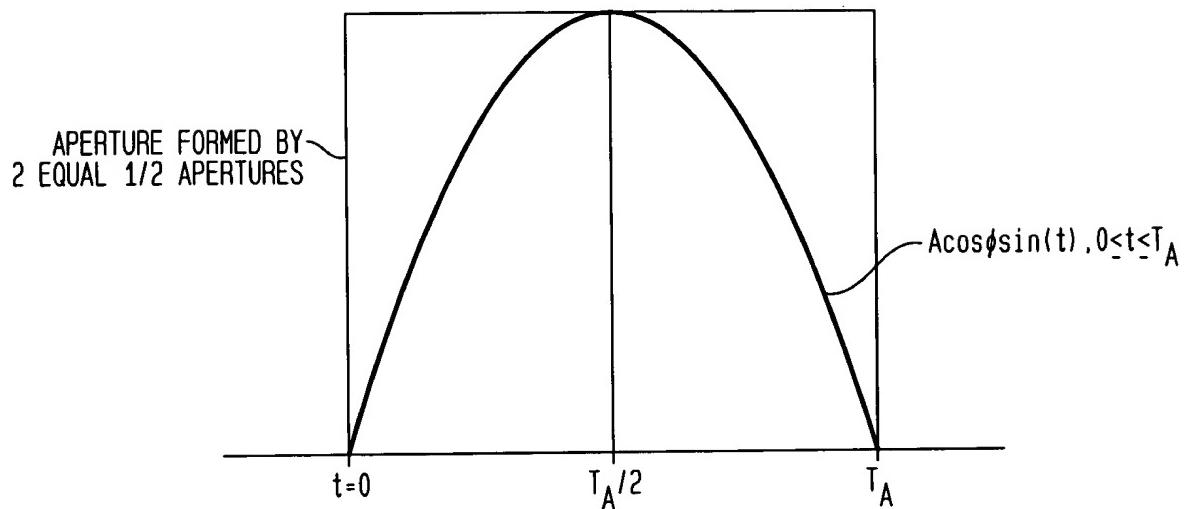


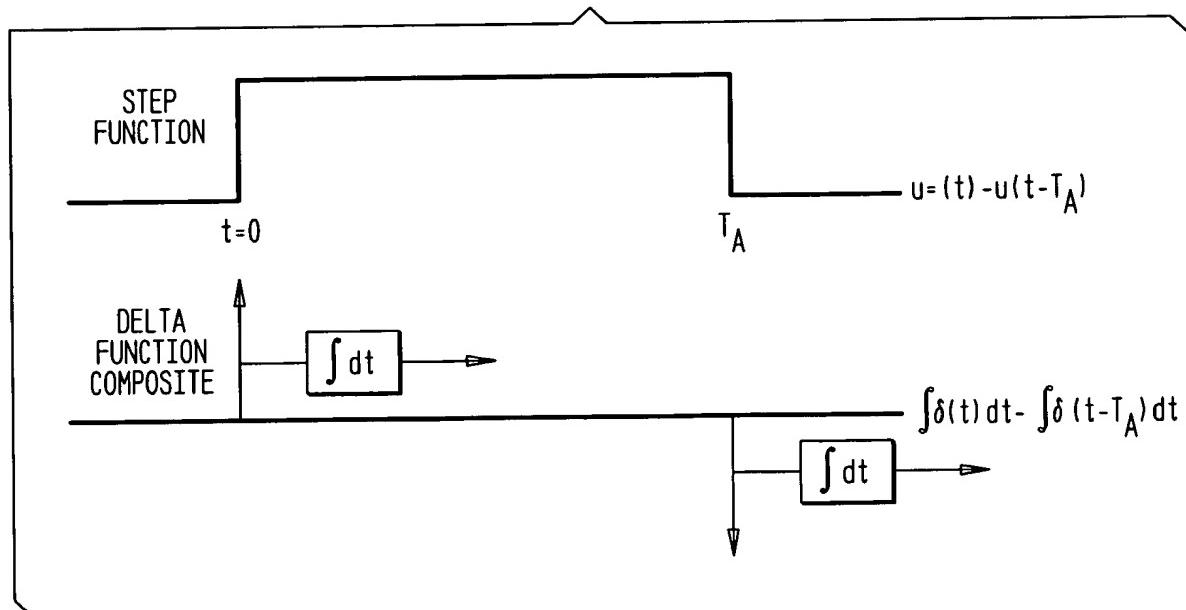
FIG. 184



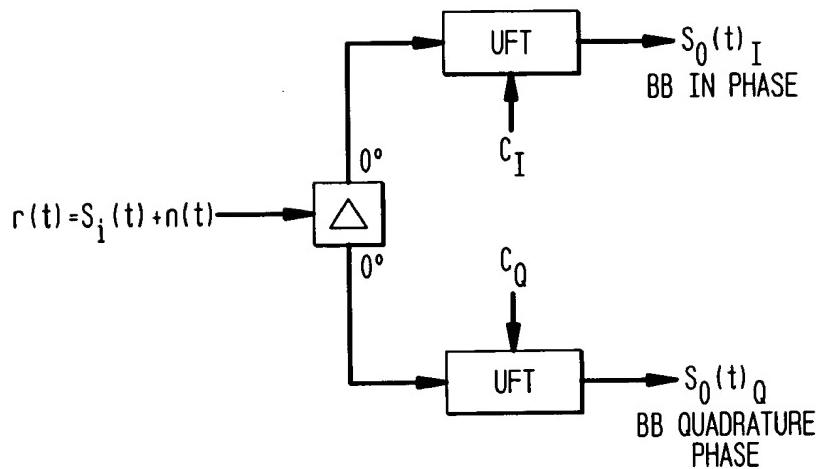
**FIG. 185**



**FIG. 186**



**FIG. 187**



**FIG. 188**

$$C_I(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-mT_s) * p_C(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} p(t-mT_s) \quad \underline{18802}$$

$$C_I(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (u(t) - u(t-T_A)) * \delta(t-mT_s) \quad \underline{18804}$$

$$C_Q(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (u[t-T_A/2] - u[t-3T_A/2]) * \delta(t-(mT_s+T_A/2)) \quad \underline{18806}$$

FIG. 189

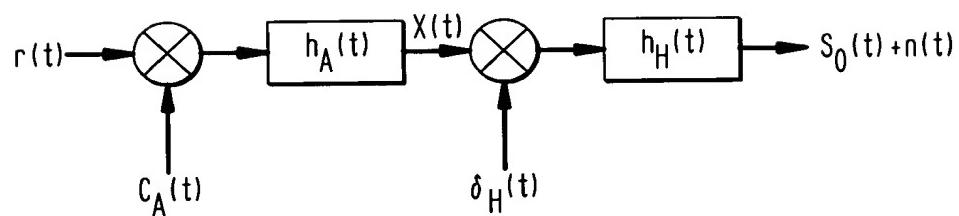
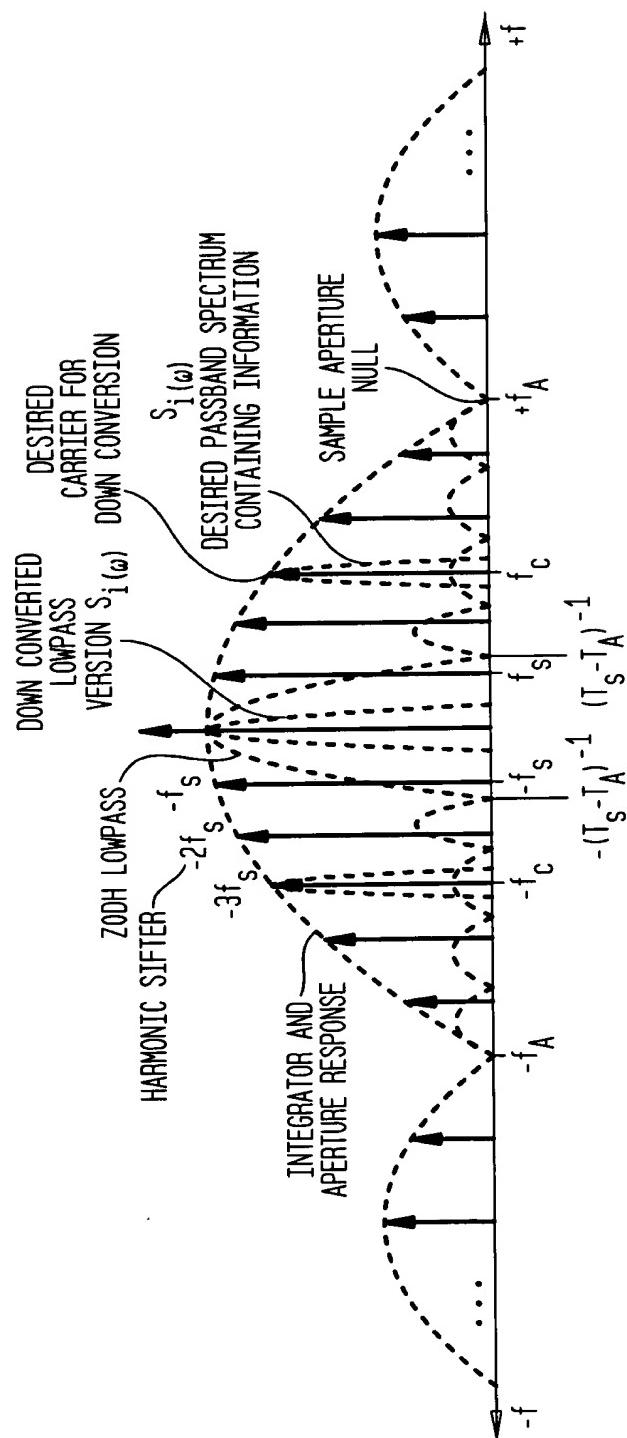
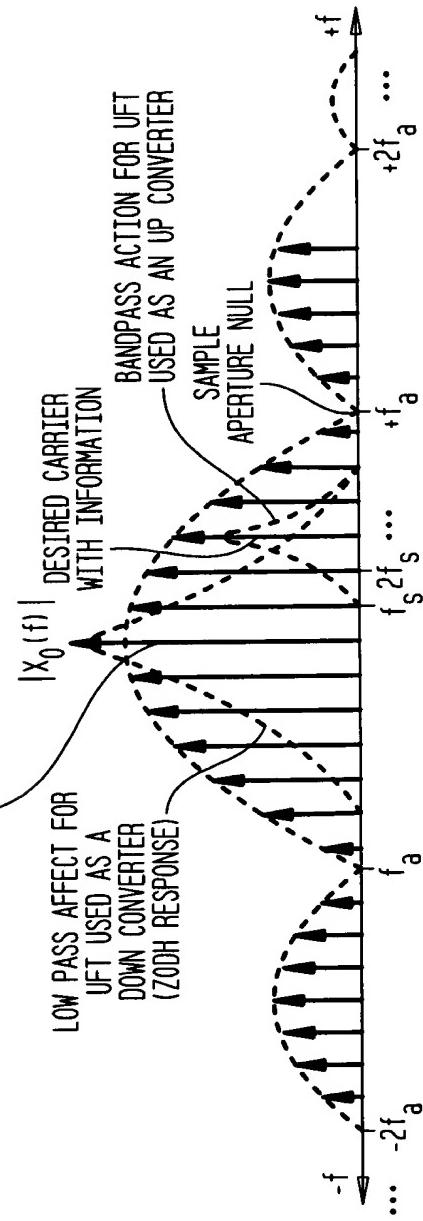


FIG. 190



**FIG. 191**

B.B. RESPONSE FOR INFORMATION SIGNAL



**FIG. 192**

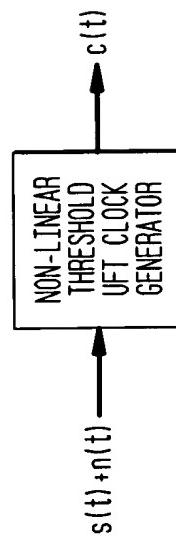


FIG. 193

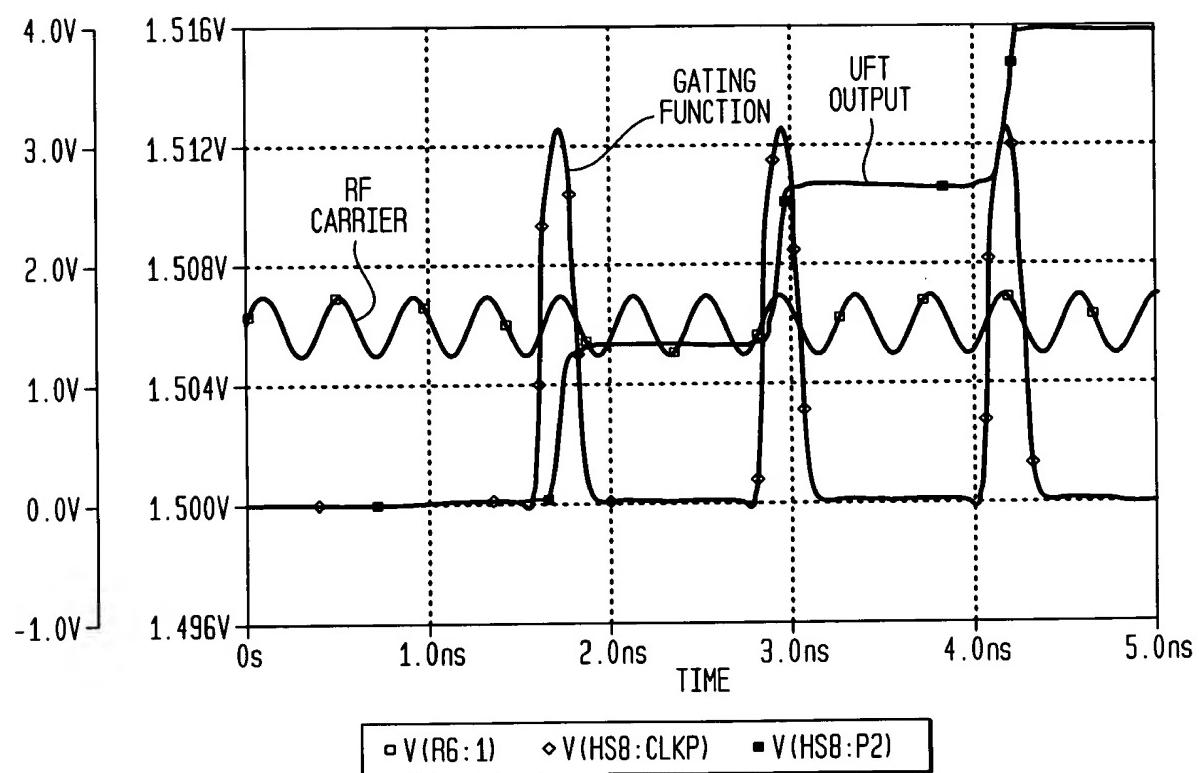


FIG. 194

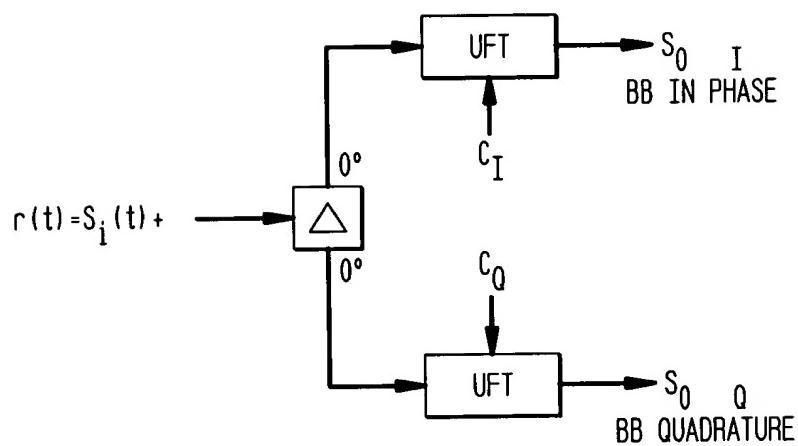


FIG. 195

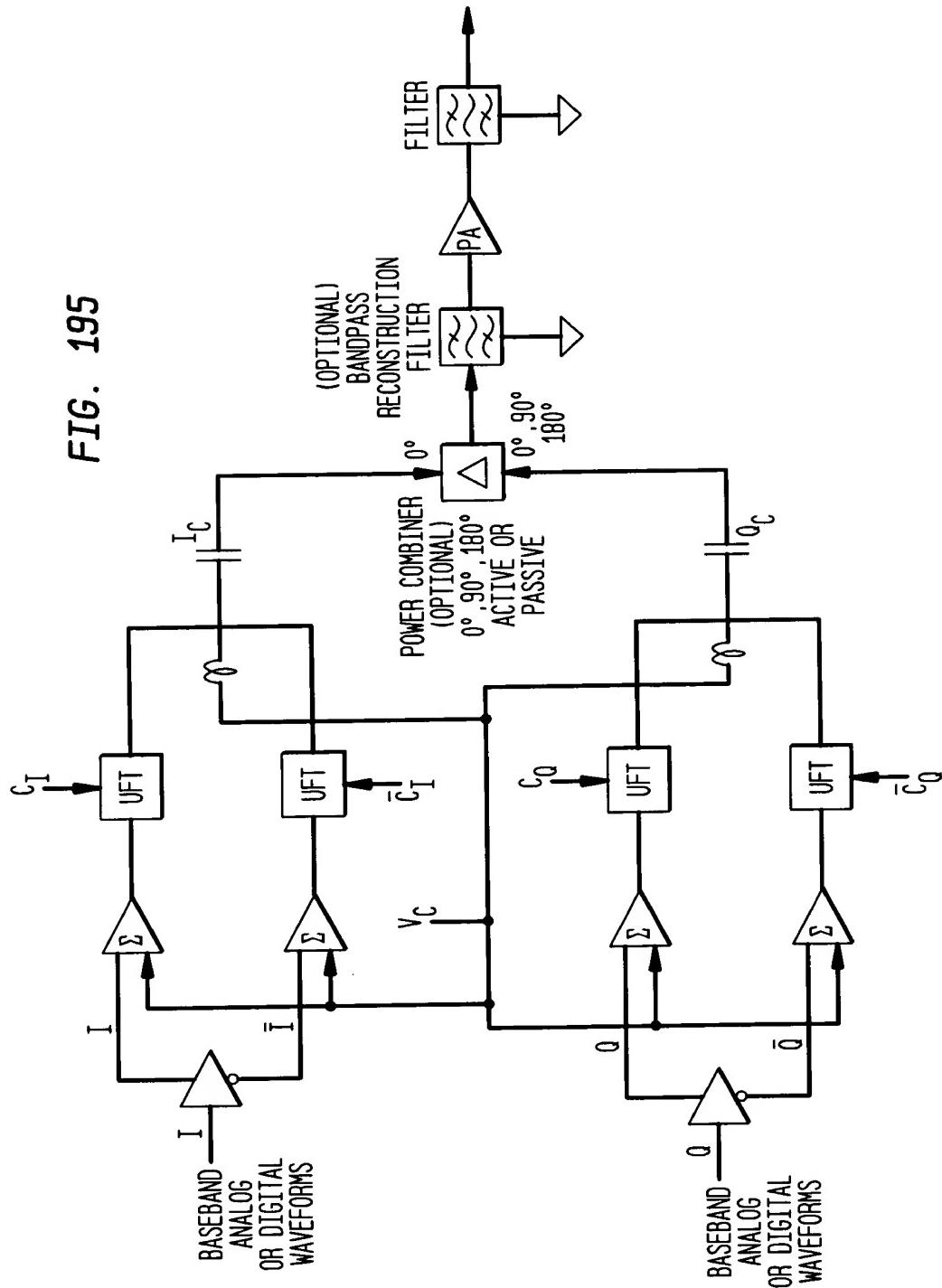
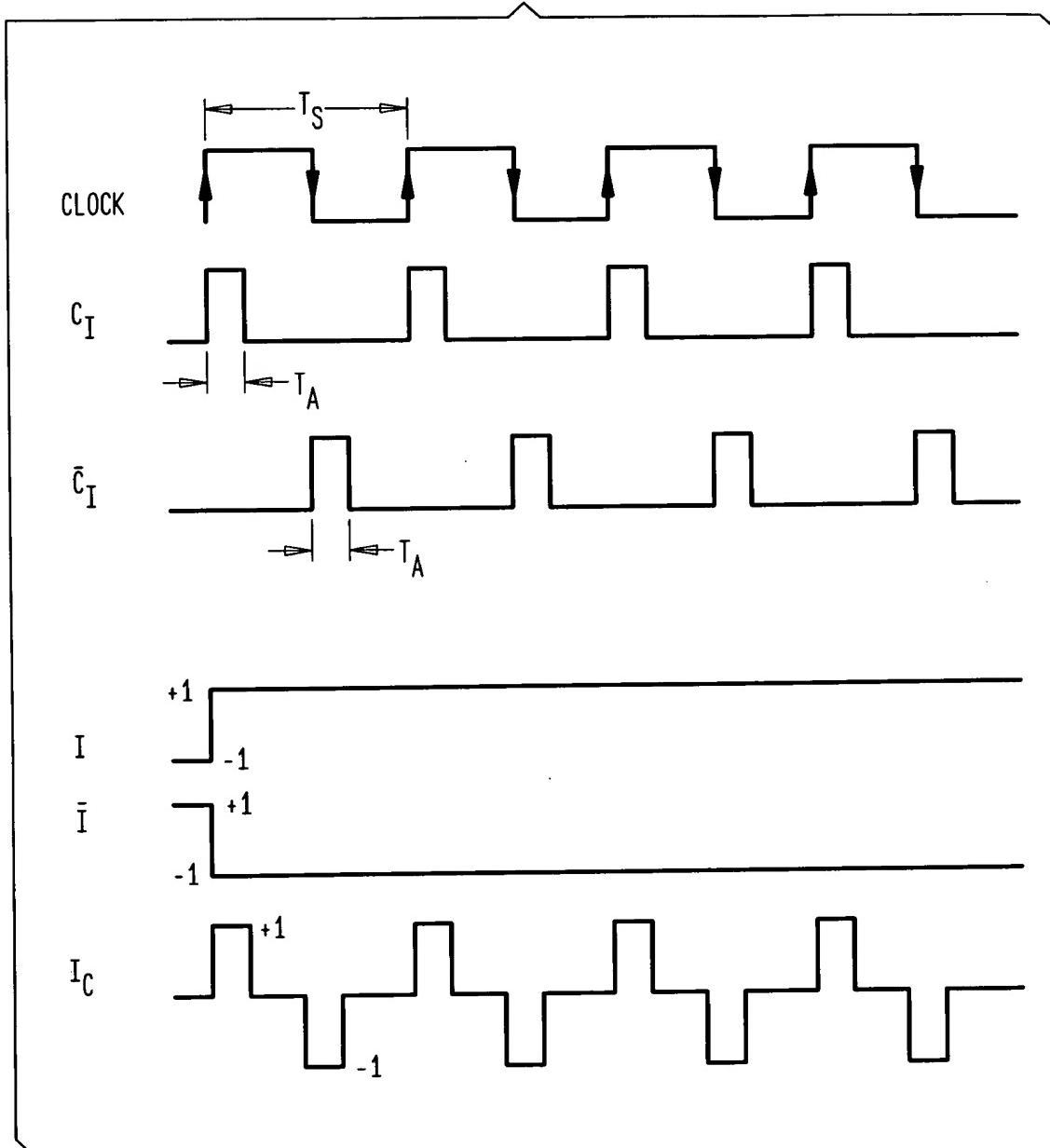
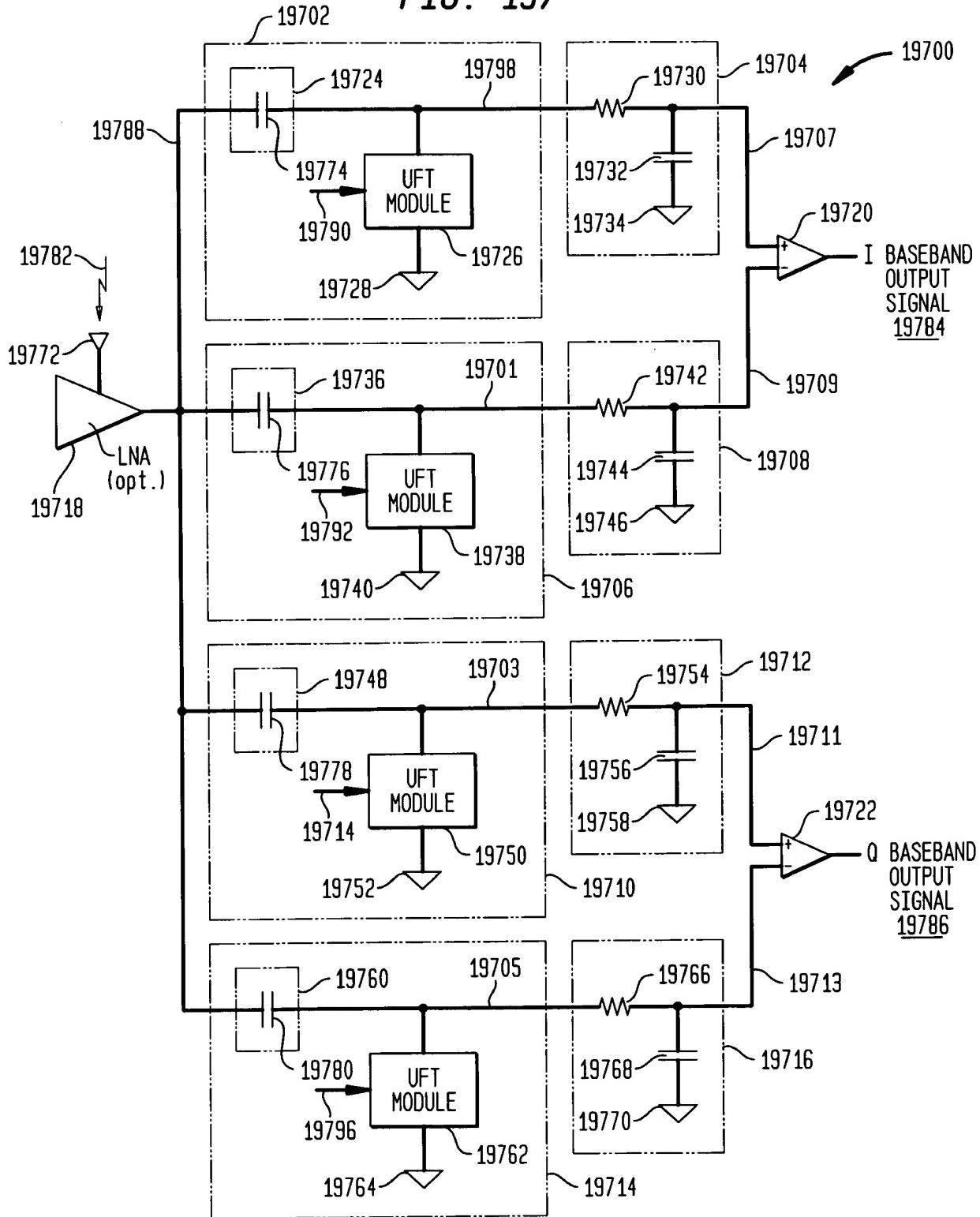


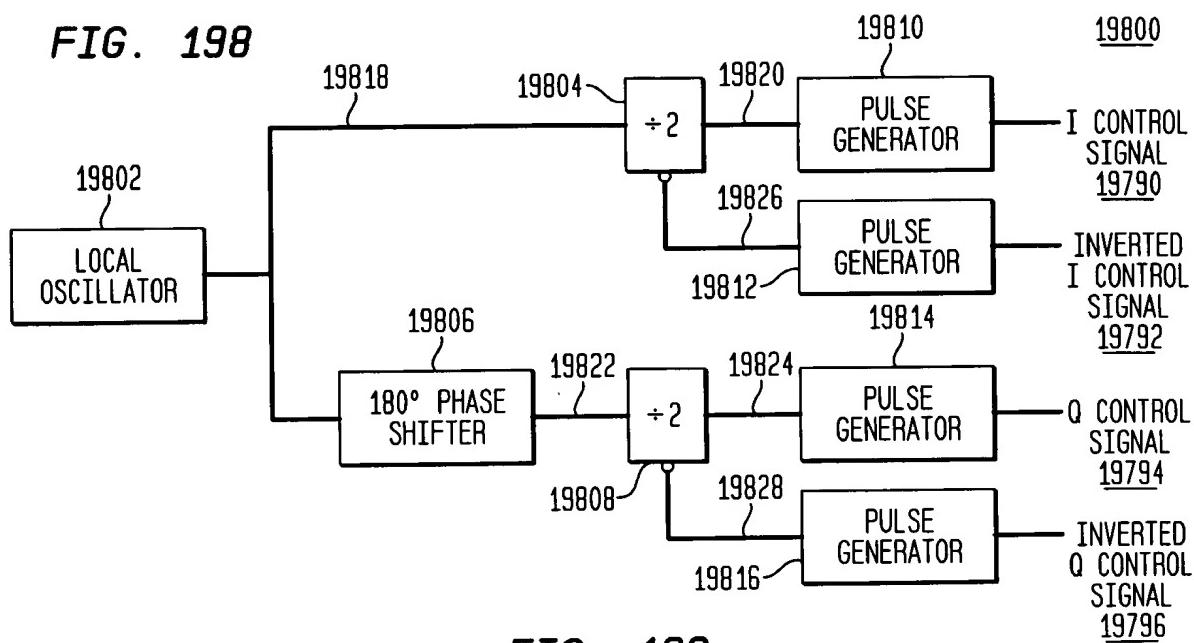
FIG. 196



**FIG. 197**



**FIG. 198**



**FIG. 199**

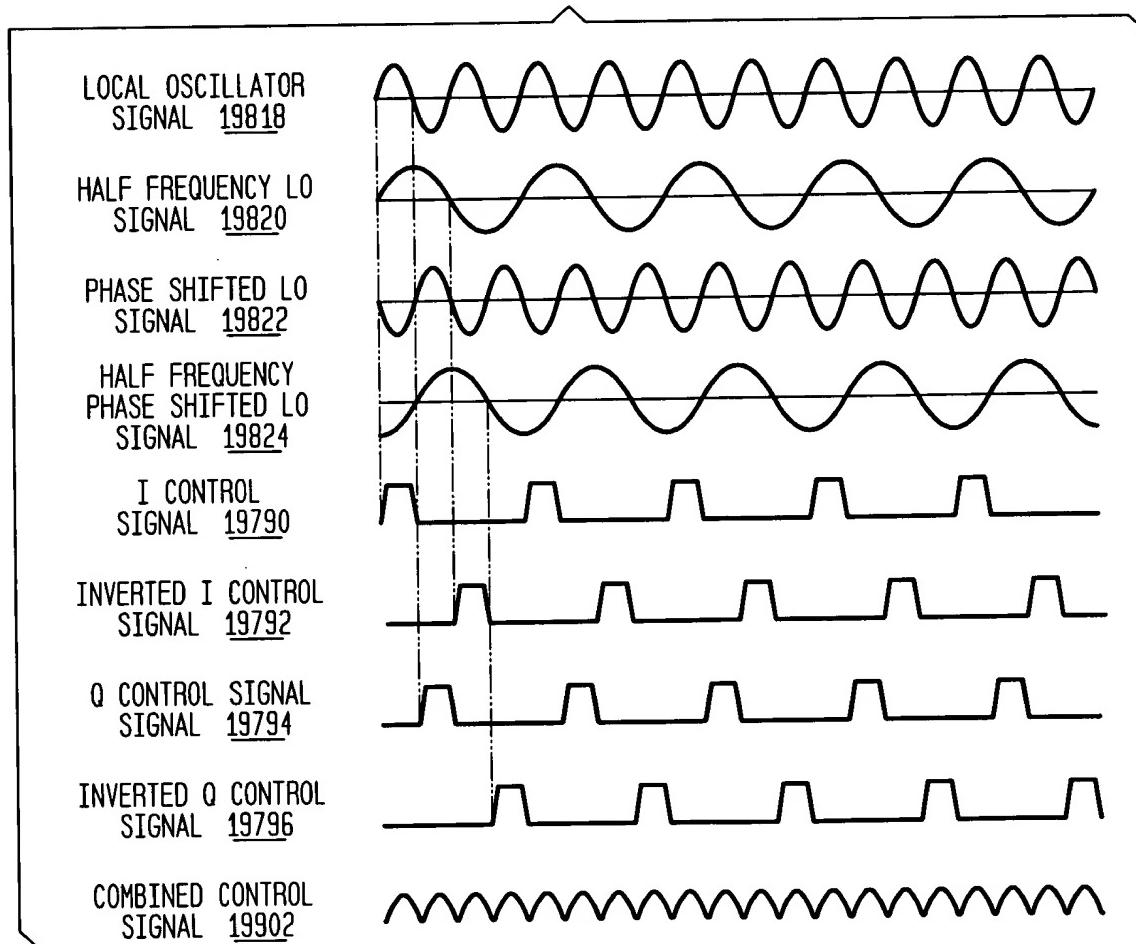
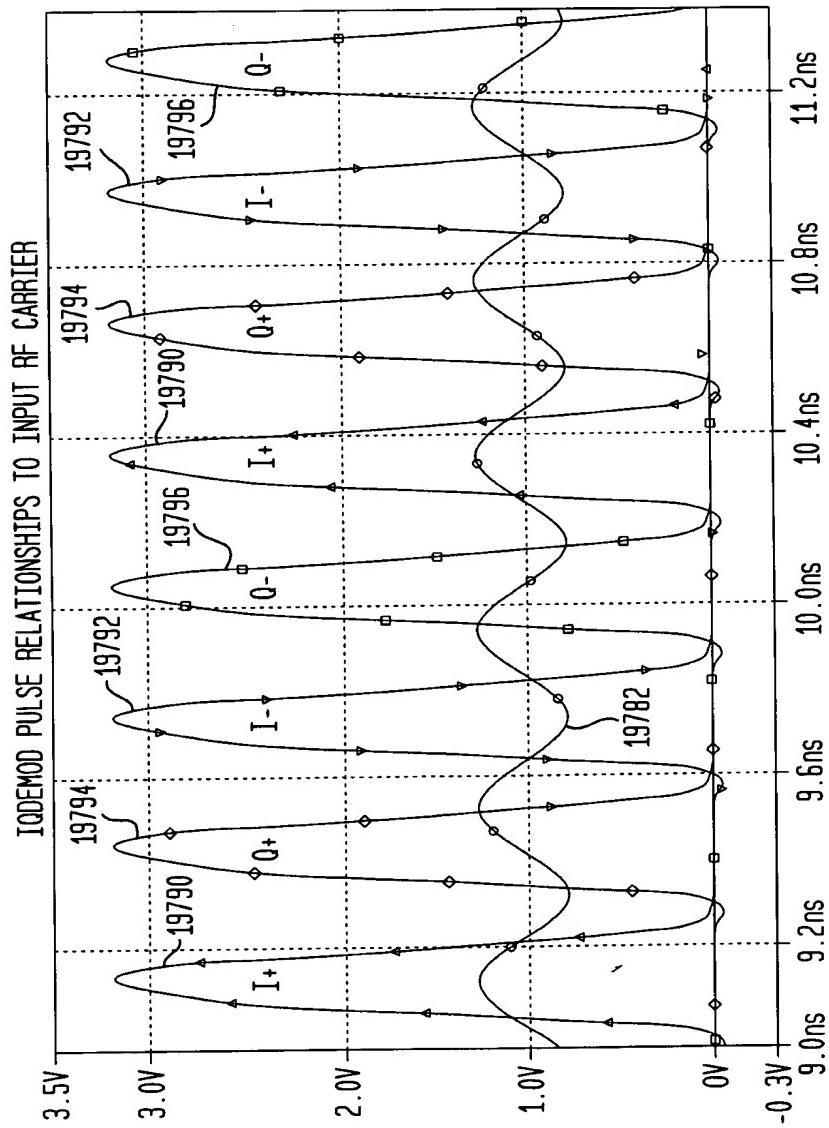
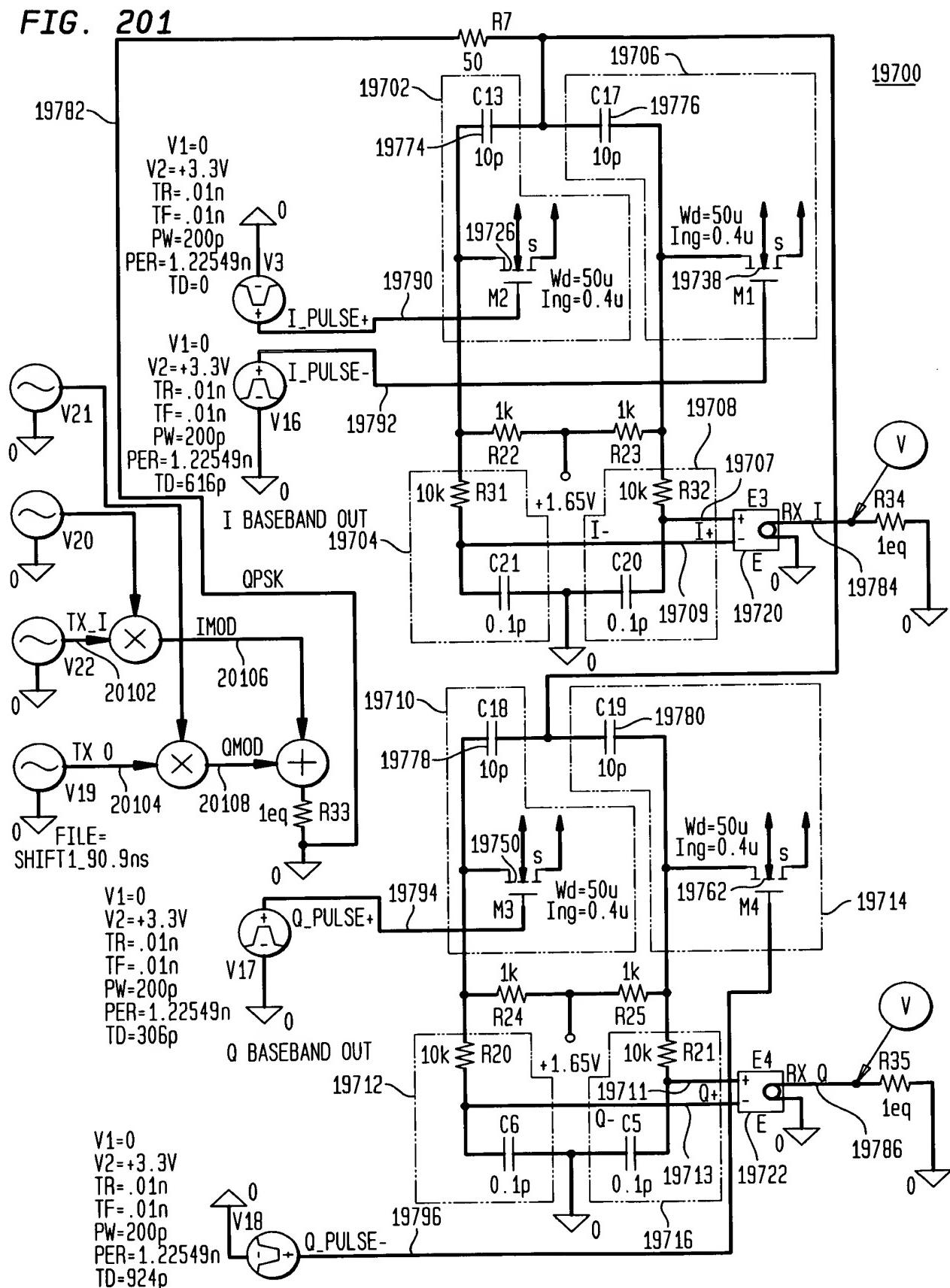


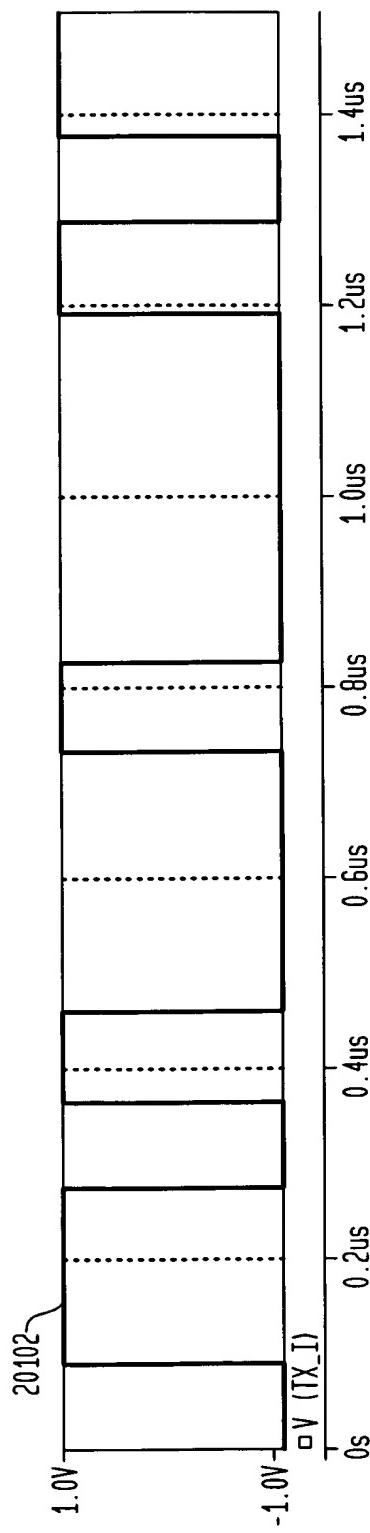
FIG. 200



**FIG. 201**



**FIG. 202**  
IQDEMOD SHOWING TIME RELATIONSHIP OF TX\_I DATA



**FIG. 203**  
IQDEMOD SHOWING TIME RELATIONSHIP OF TX\_0 DATA

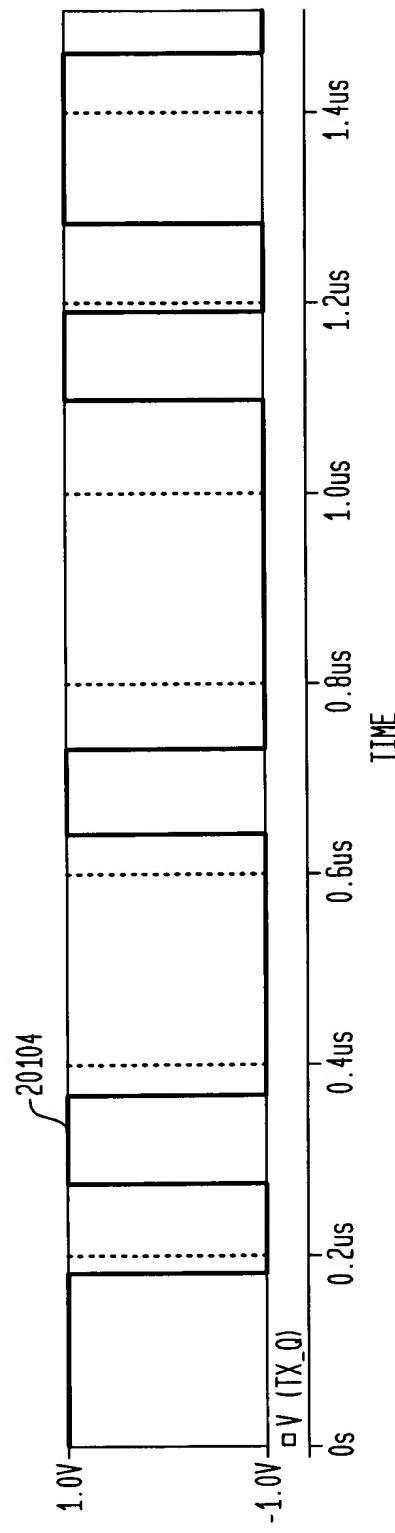


FIG. 204 IQDEMOD SHOWING QPSK MOD OUTPUT

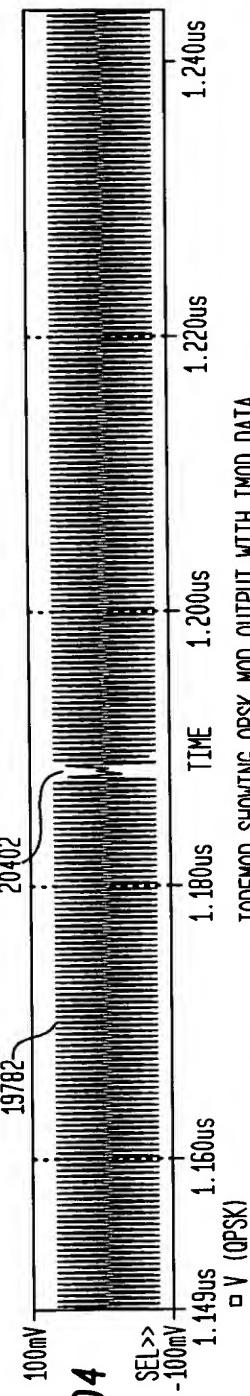


FIG. 205 IQDEMOD SHOWING QPSK MOD OUTPUT WITH I MOD DATA

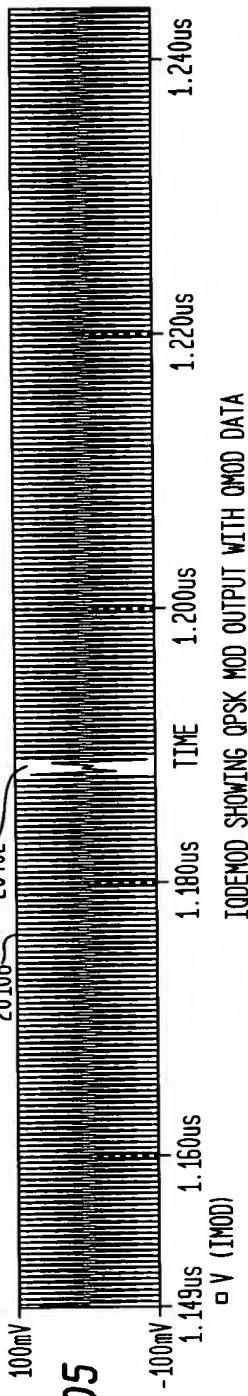


FIG. 206 IQDEMOD SHOWING QPSK MOD OUTPUT WITH Q MOD DATA

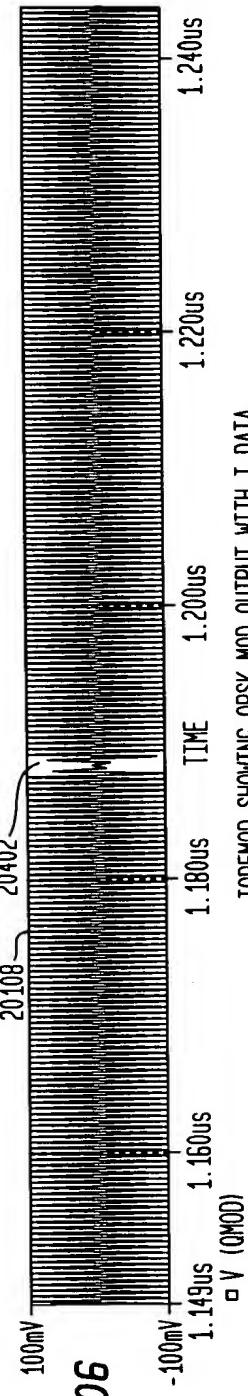


FIG. 207 IQDEMOD SHOWING OPSK MOD OUTPUT WITH I DATA

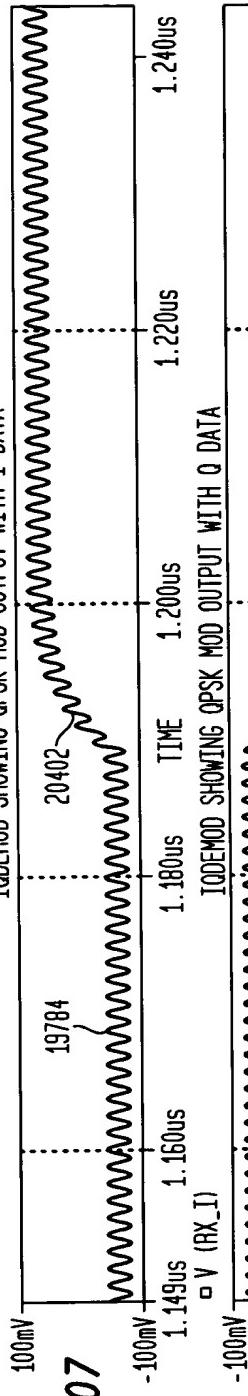
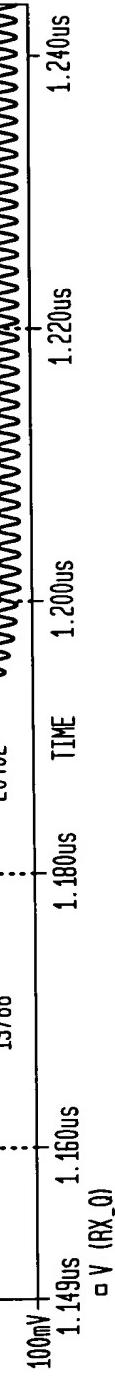
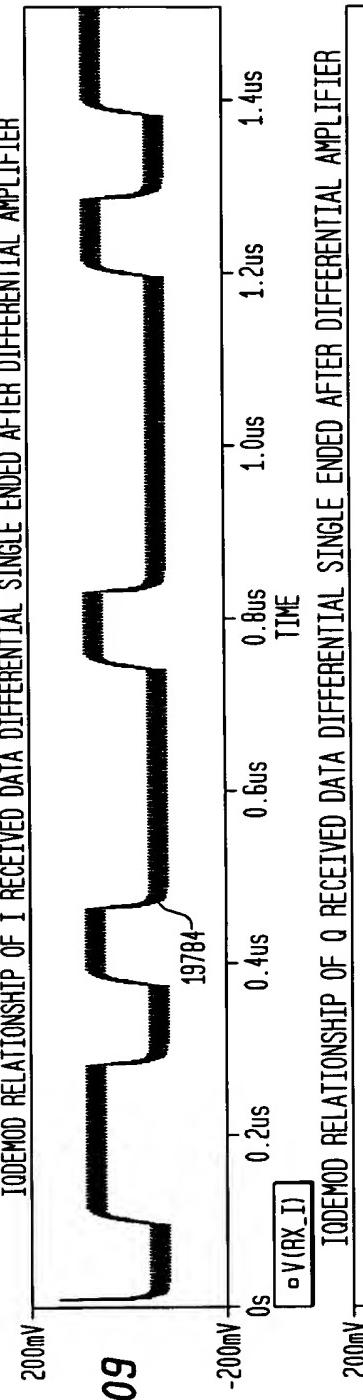


FIG. 208 IQDEMOD SHOWING OPSK MOD OUTPUT WITH Q DATA

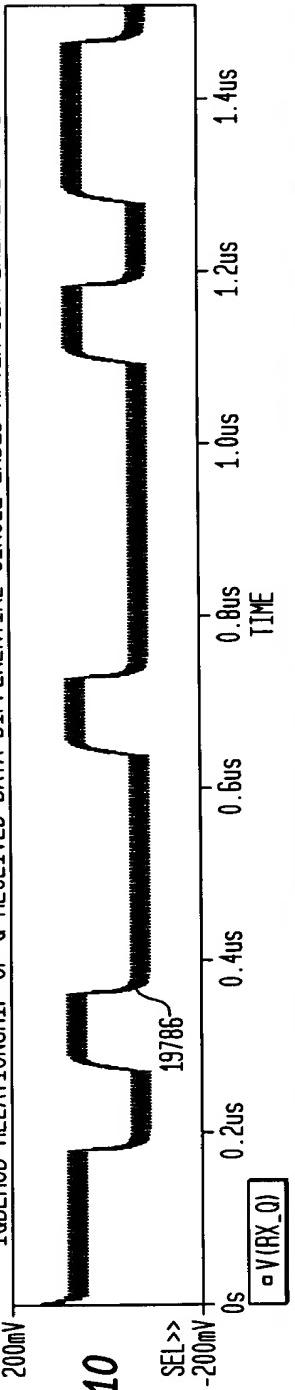


IODEMOD RELATIONSHIP OF I RECEIVED DATA DIFFERENTIAL SINGLE ENDED AFTER DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER



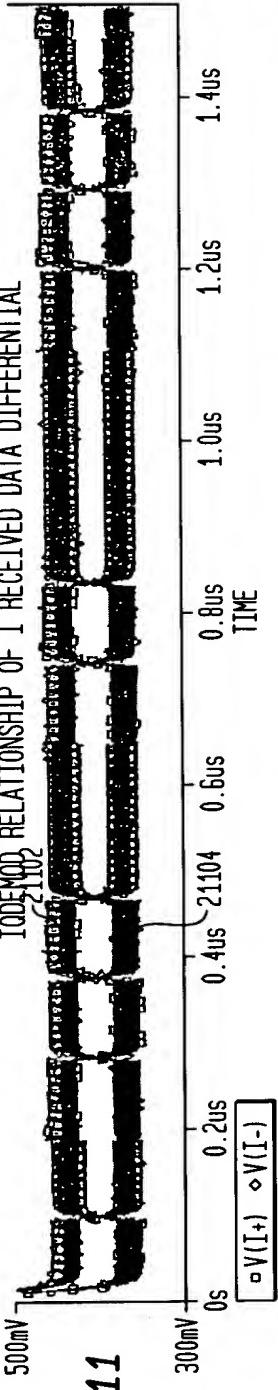
**FIG. 209**

IODEMOD RELATIONSHIP OF Q RECEIVED DATA DIFFERENTIAL SINGLE ENDED AFTER DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIER



**FIG. 210**

IODEMOD RELATIONSHIP OF I RECEIVED DATA DIFFERENTIAL



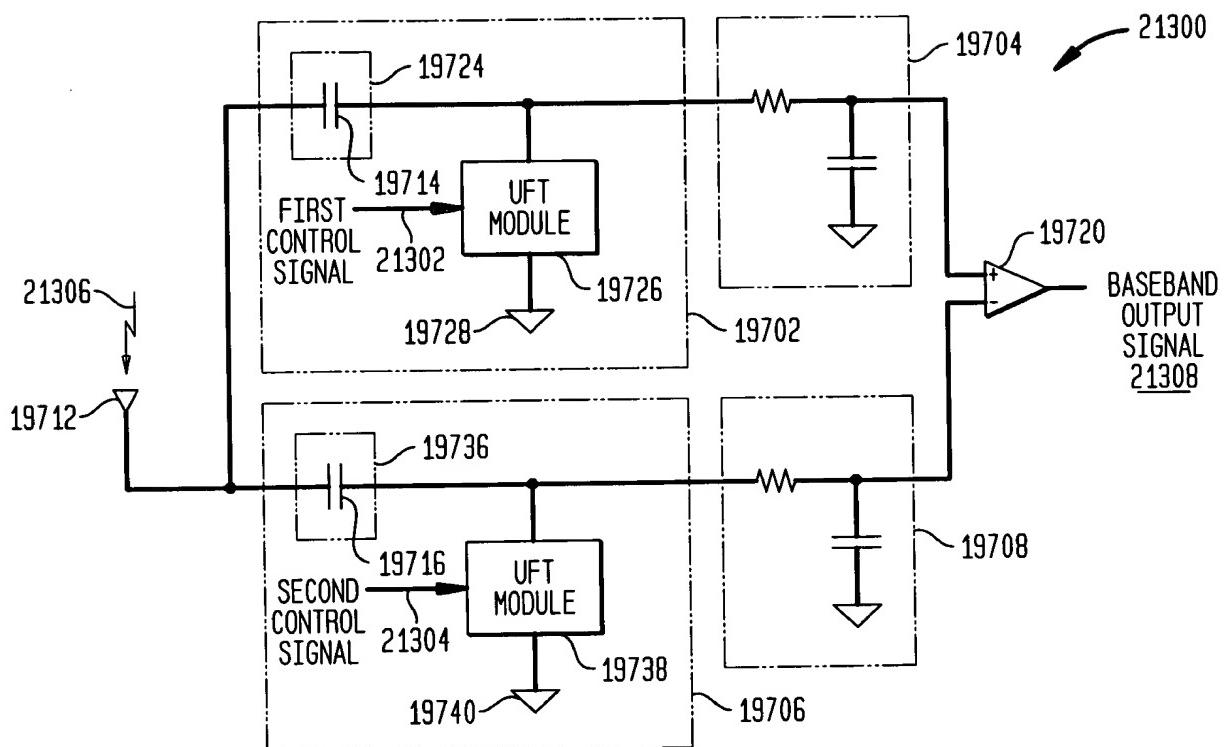
**FIG. 211**

IODEMOD RELATIONSHIP OF Q RECEIVED DATA DIFFERENTIAL



**FIG. 212**

FIG. 213



**FIG. 214**  
FURTHER OPTIMIZED MULTIPLE APERTURE REALIZATION

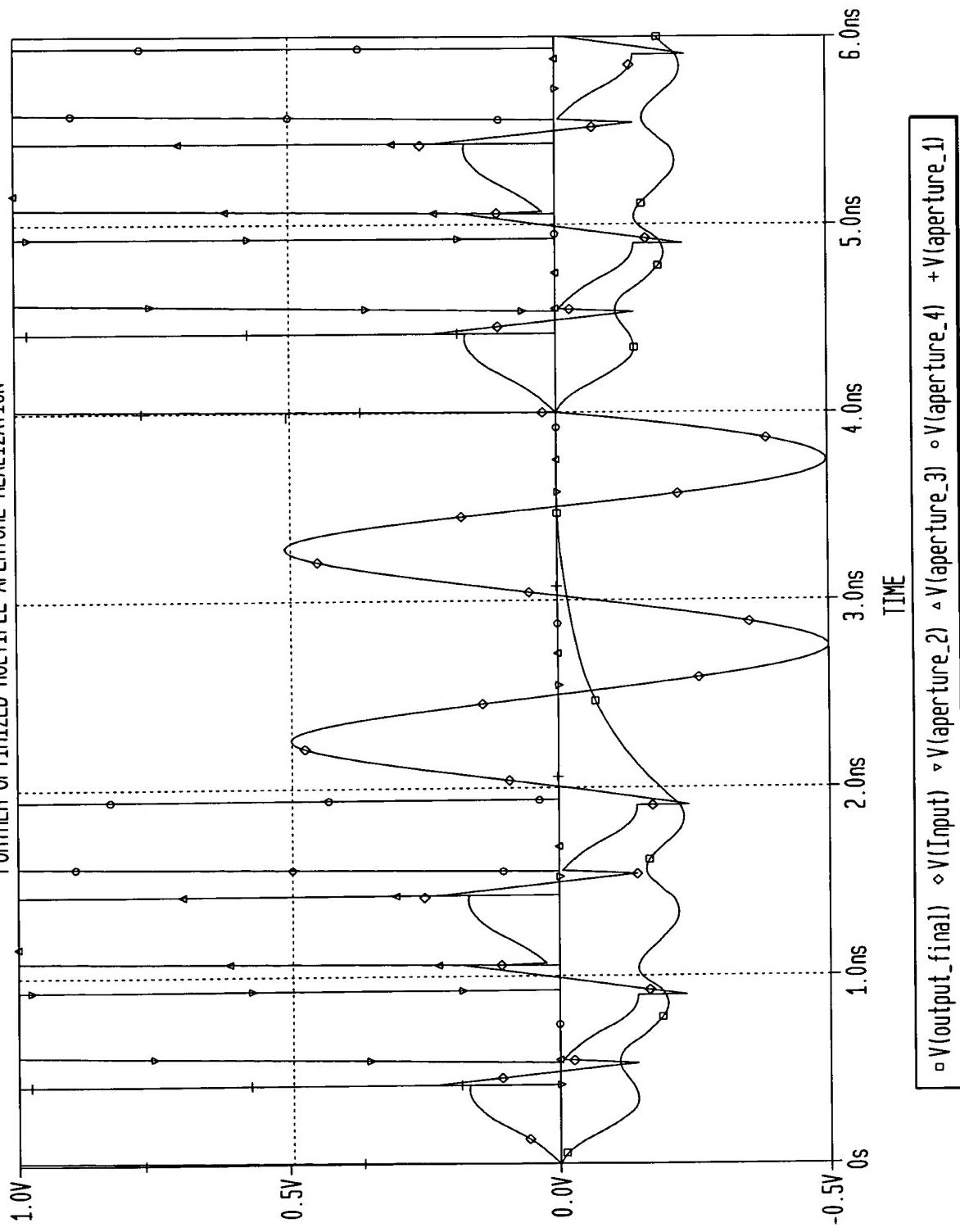


FIG. 215

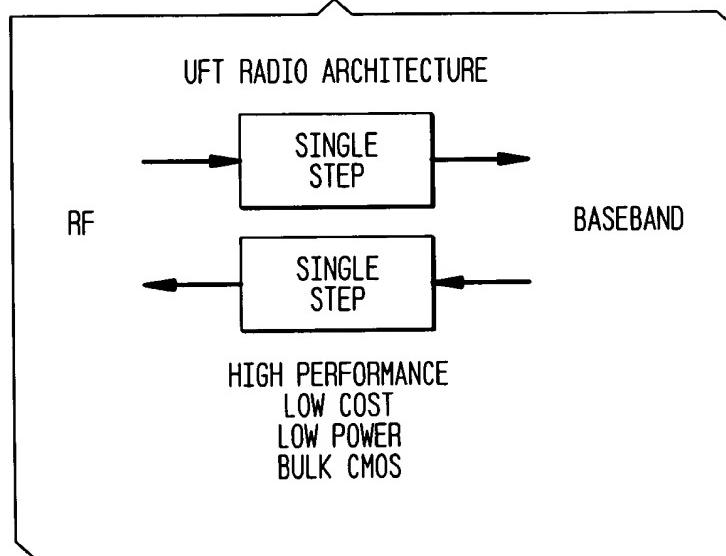
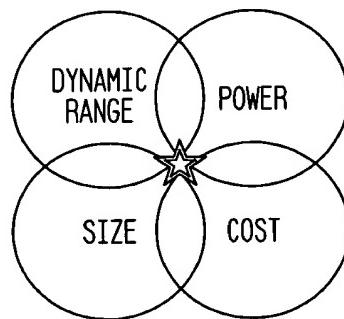


FIG. 216

WIRELESS TRADE-OFF DESIGN CONCERN



**FIG. 217**

**NOISE FIGURE CALCULATIONS BASED ON RMS  
VOLTAGE AND CURRENT NOISE SPECIFICATIONS**

ENTER THE VOLTAGE NOISE DENSITY,  $e_n$ , AND THE  
CURRENT NOISE DENSITY,  $i_n$ , FOR THE AMPLIFIER CHOSEN:

$$e_n := 6 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ V/sqrt(Hz)}$$

$$i_n := 1 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ A/sqrt(Hz)}$$

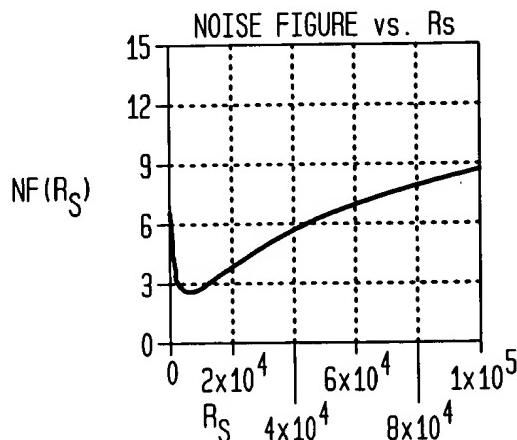
ENTER THE SOURCE RESISTANCE DRIVING THE AMPLIFIER:

$$K := 1.38 \cdot 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} \quad T := 290 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{PARALELL}(x, y) := \frac{x \cdot y}{x + y} \quad NF(R_S) := 20 \cdot \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{e_n^2 + 4 \cdot K \cdot T \cdot R_S + i_n^2 \cdot R_S^2}{4 \cdot K \cdot T \cdot R_S}} \right)$$

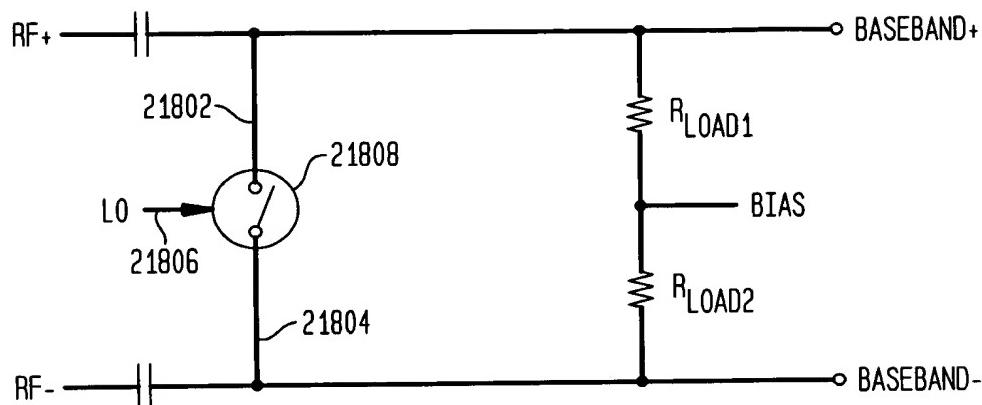
IF WE PLOT NOISE FIGURE VERSUS SOURCE RESISTANCE WE CAN GET  
AN IDEA OF WHAT IS THE OPTIMUM SOURCE RESISTANCE.  
IT IS NOT NECESSARILY THE LOWEST RESISTANCE!

$$R_S := 100, 200 \dots 100 \cdot 10^3$$



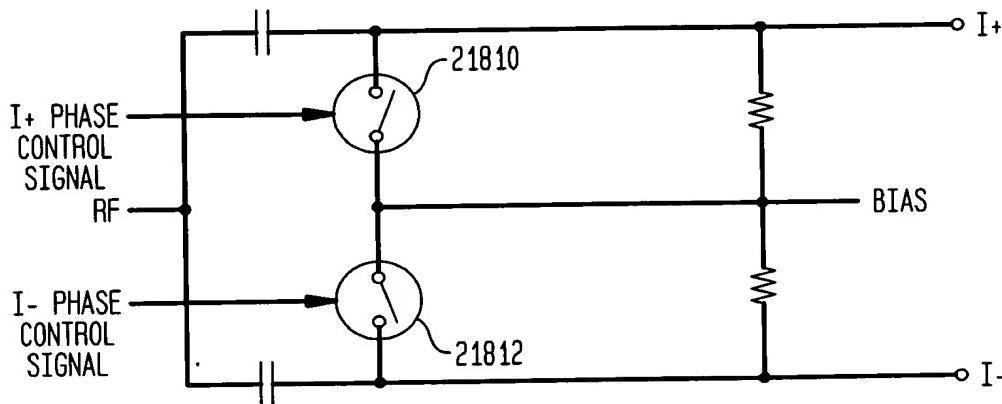
**FIG. 218A**

21800



**FIG. 218B**

21814



**FIG. 218C**

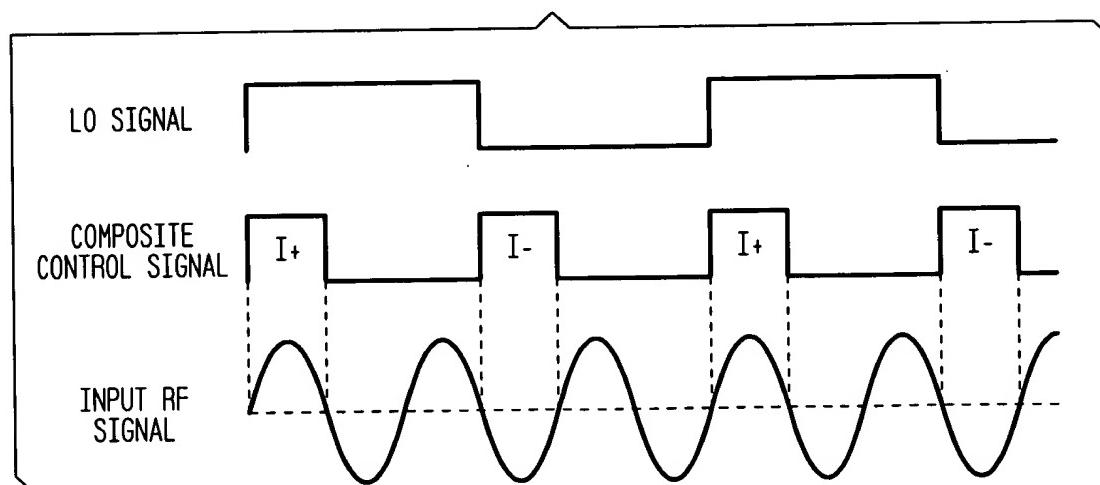


FIG. 218D

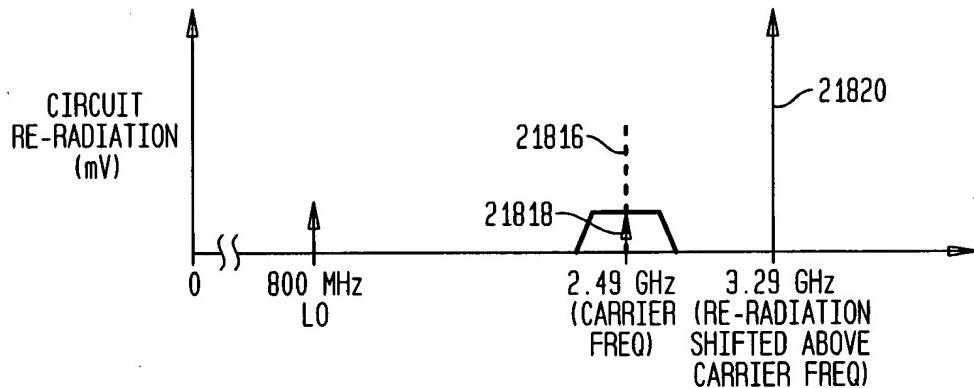


FIG. 218F

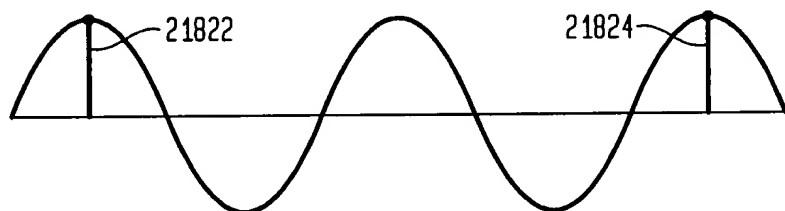


FIG. 218G

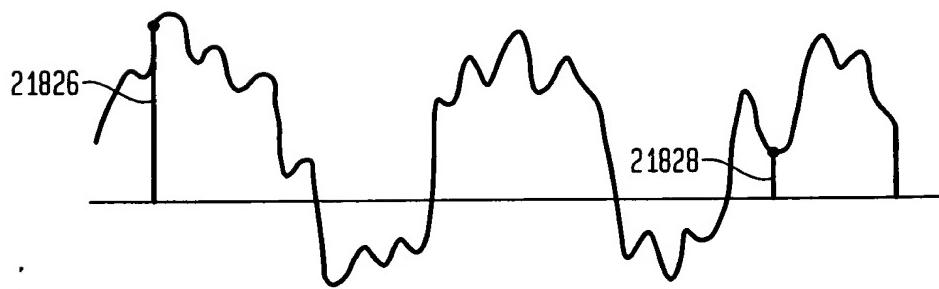
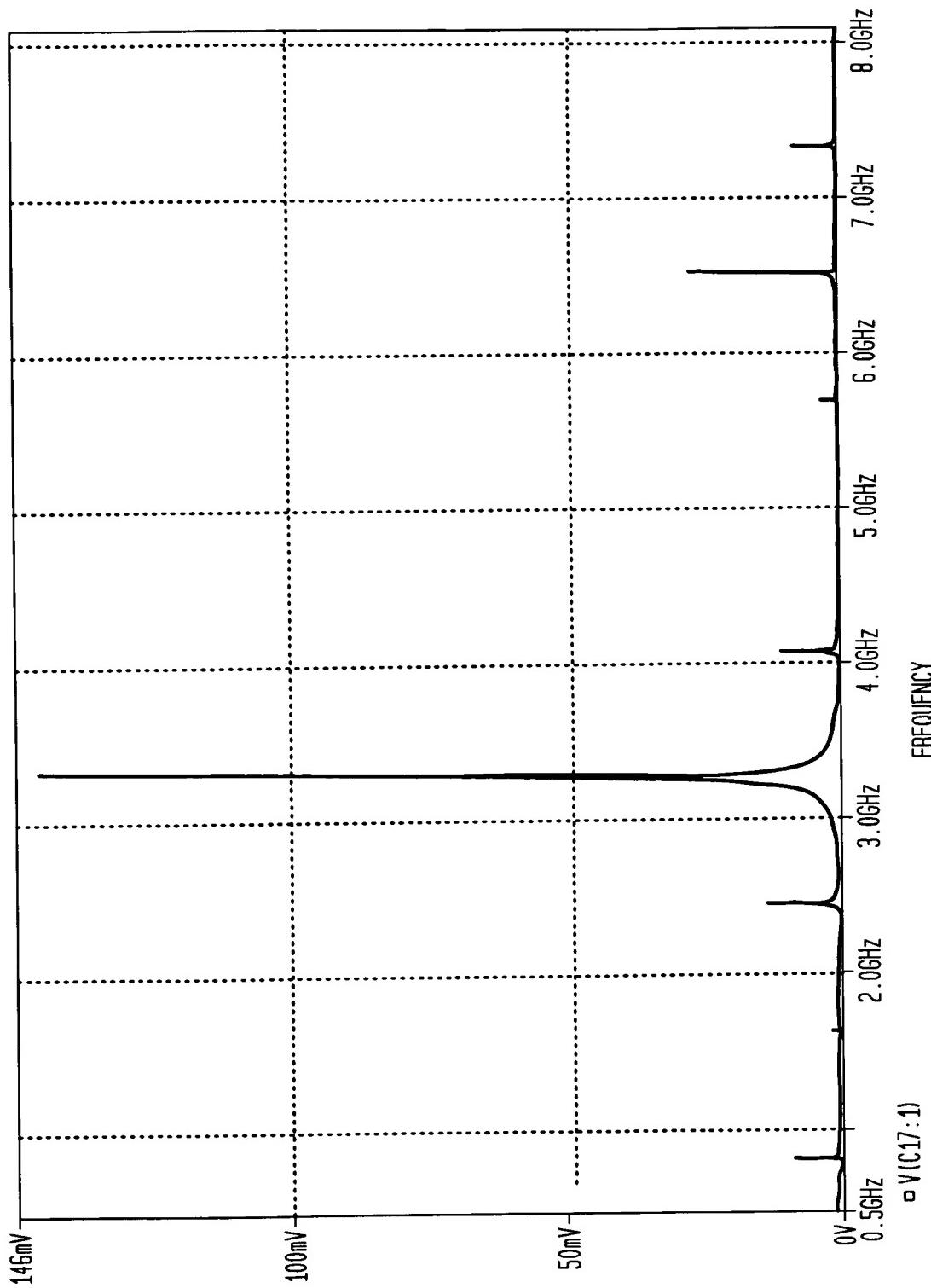
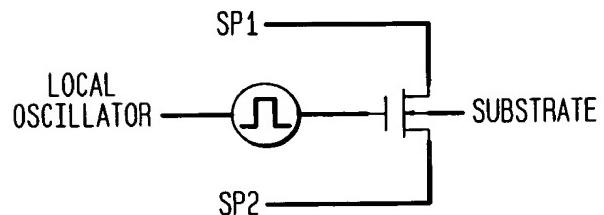


FIG. 218E



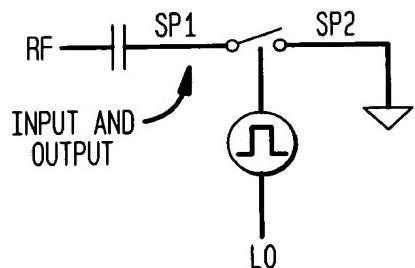
**FIG. 219**

IC CONCEPTUAL SCHEMATIC



**FIG. 220**

BASIC ARCHITECTURE



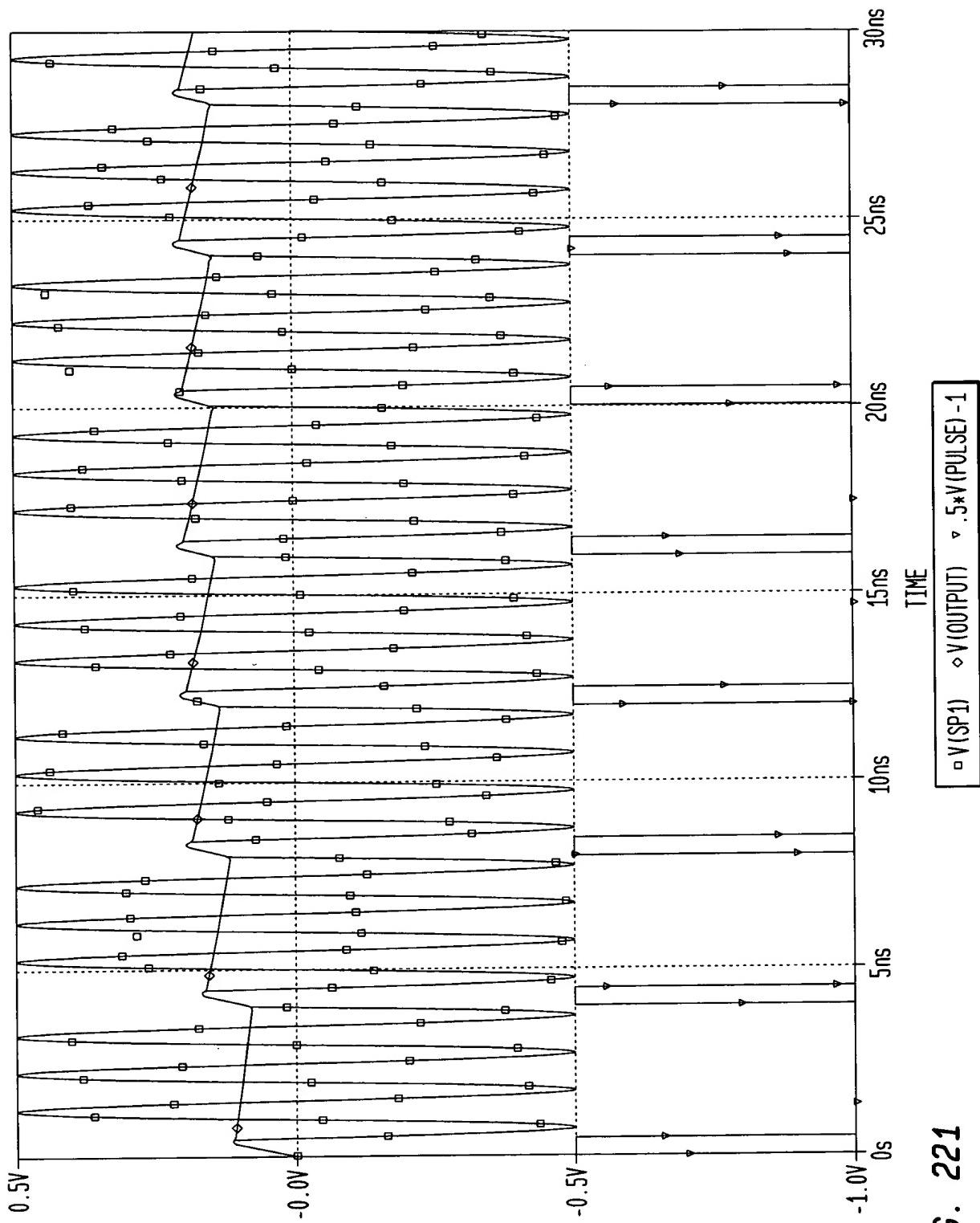


FIG. 221

**FIG. 222**

DC EQUATIONS

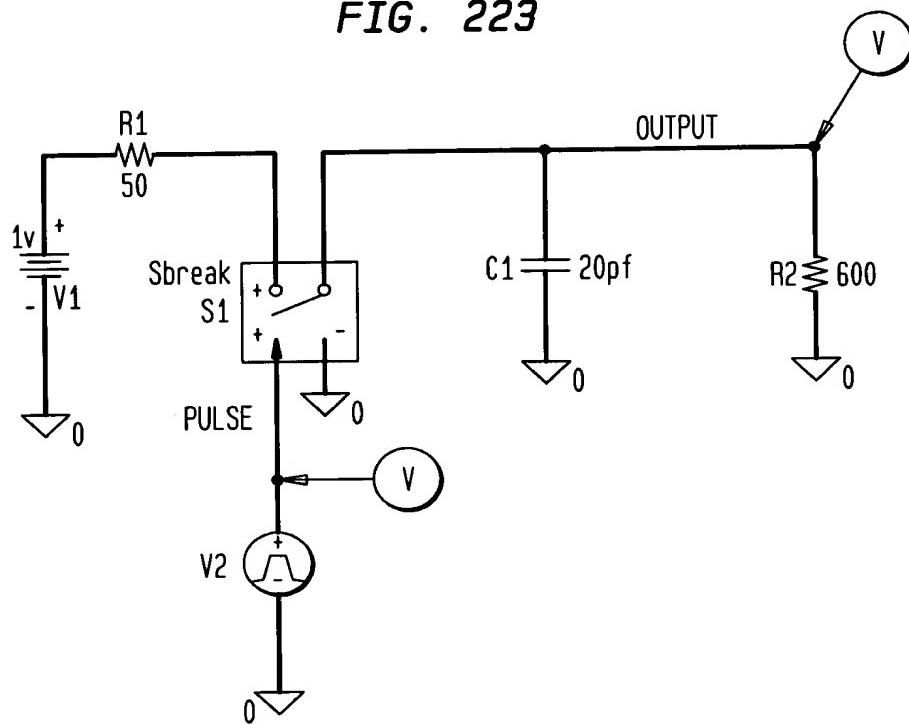
$$V_{in} = V \cdot \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in} + R_{out}}$$

$$V_c = V_{in} - (V_{in} - V_{init}) \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-t_c}{R_{in} \cdot C}\right)$$

$$V_d = V_c \cdot \exp\left(\frac{-t_d}{R_{out} \cdot C}\right)$$

**DEFINITIONS:**  
 Rin - INPUT RESISTANCE  
 Rout - OUTPUT RESISTANCE  
 C - CAPACITOR  
 tc - CHARGE TIME OR APERATURE  
 td - DISCHARGE TIME OR LO PERIOD=tc  
 V - INPUT VOLTAGE  
 Vinit - INITIAL CAPACITOR VOLTAGE  
 Vc - FINAL CHARGE CAPACITOR VOLTAGE  
 Vd - FINAL DISCHARGE CAPACITOR VOLTAGE

**FIG. 223**



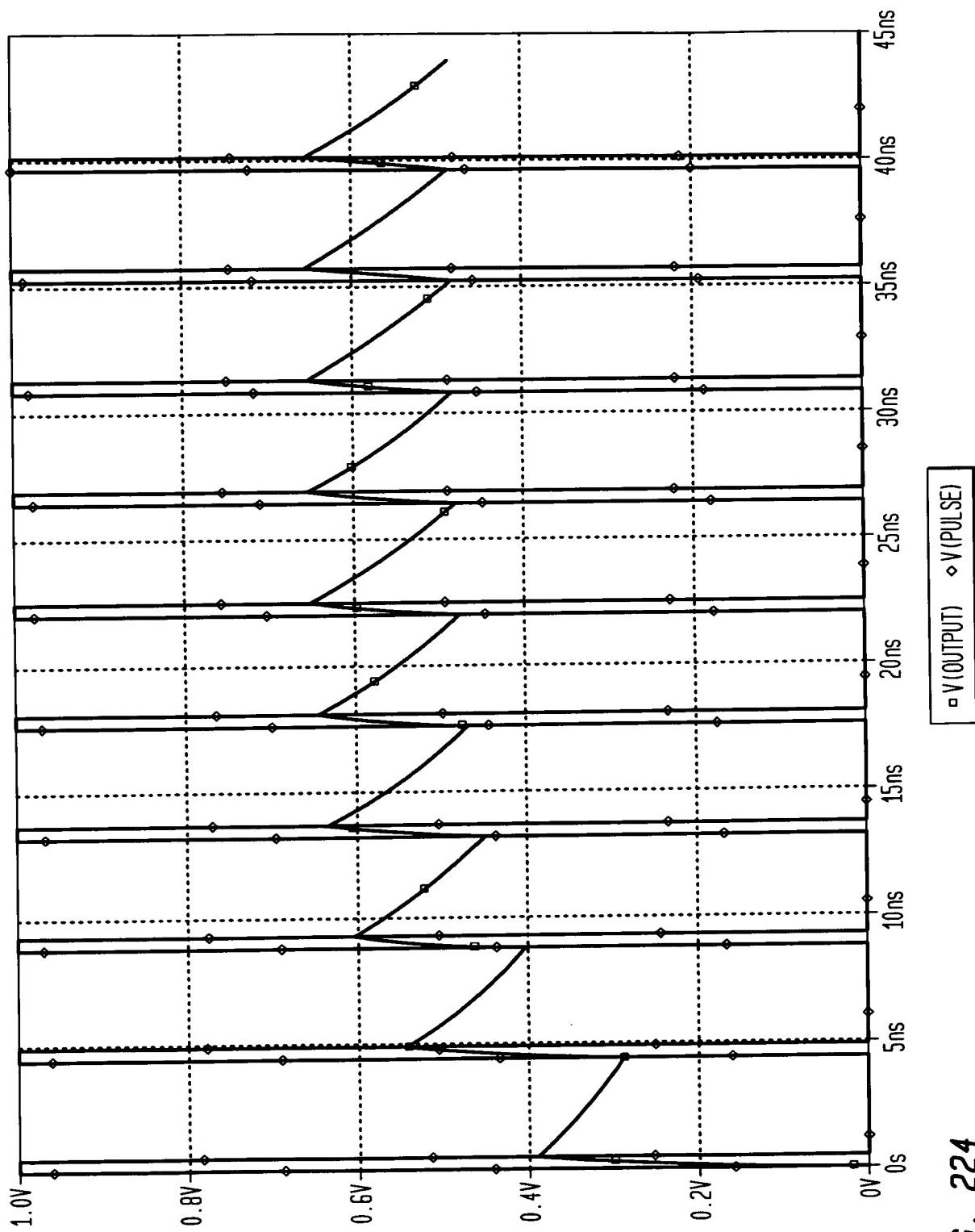
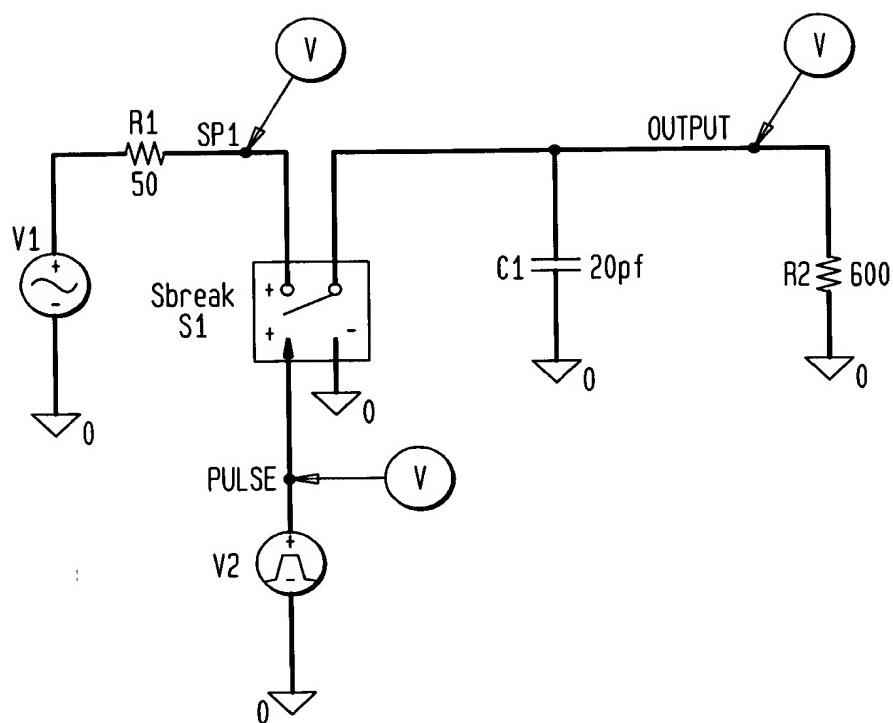


FIG. 224

**FIG. 225**



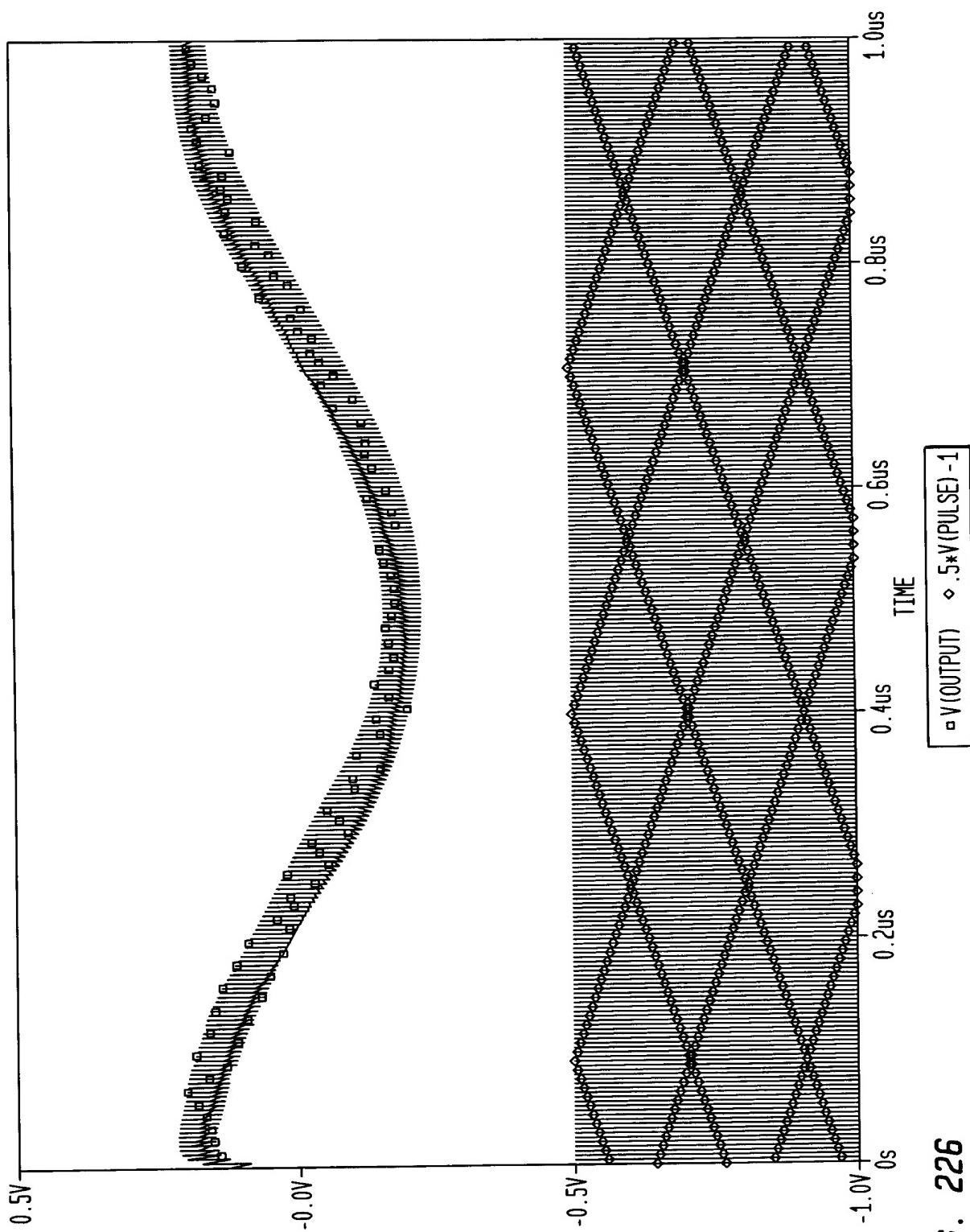


FIG. 226

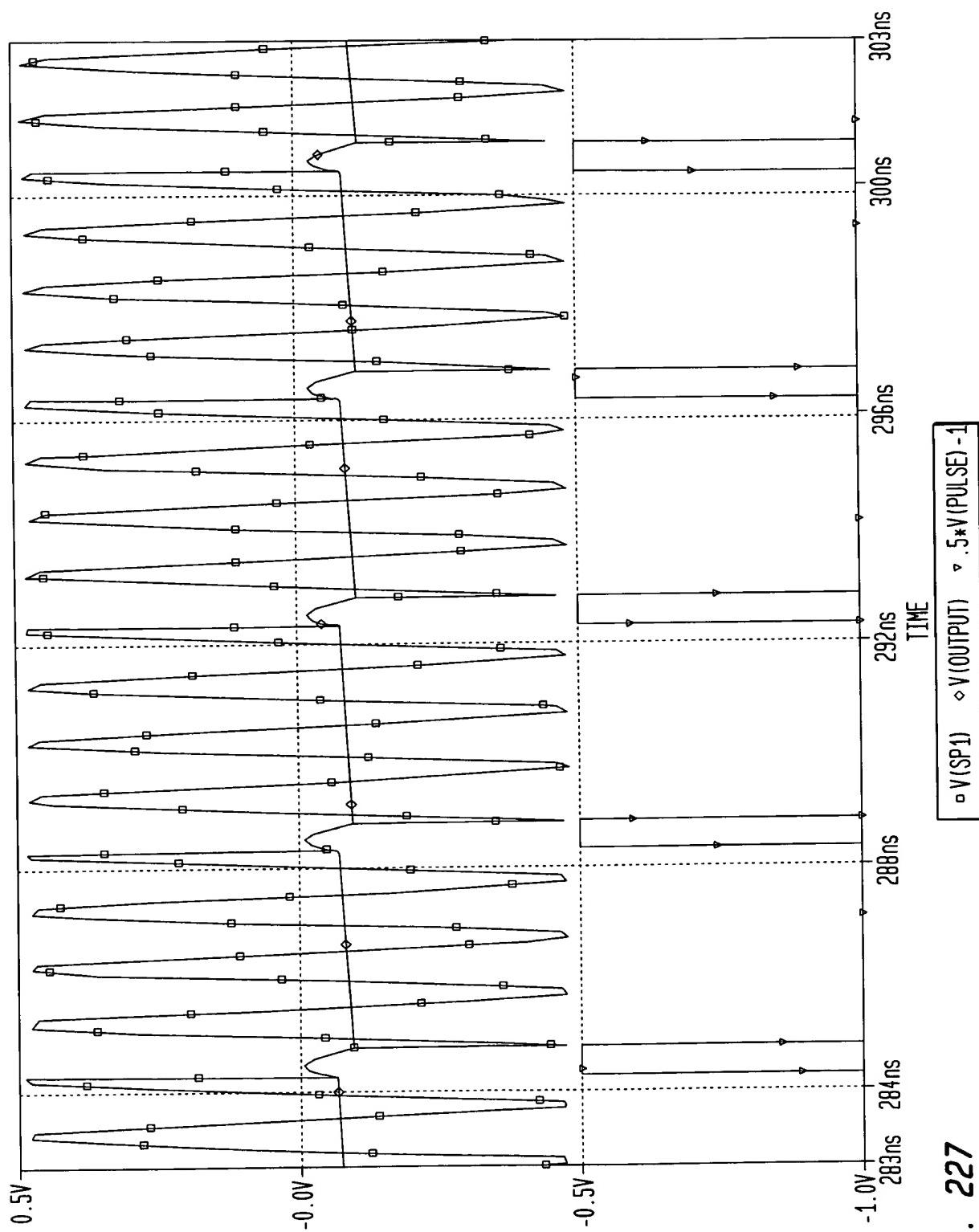


FIG. 227

## FIG. 228

### CHARGE TRANSFER

#### DEFINITIONS:

q=CHARGE IN COULOMBS  
C=CAPACITANCE IN FARADS  
V=VOLTAGE IN VOLTS  
A=INPUT SIGNAL AMPLITUDE

$$\begin{aligned} q &= C \cdot V \\ V &= A \cdot \sin(t) \\ q(t) &= C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t) \\ \Delta q(t) &= C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t) - C \cdot A \cdot \sin(t-T) \\ \Delta q(t) &= C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T)) \end{aligned} \quad \text{EQUATION A}$$

$\Delta q(t)$  EXPRESSES THE CHANGE IN CHARGE ACROSS CAPACITOR C DURING APERTURE T. AS CAN BE SEEN, WHEN APERTURE T TENDS TOWARDS 0,  $\Delta q(t)$  TENDS TOWARDS 0.

## FIG. 229

USING THE SUM TO PRODUCT TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITY,

$$\sin(\alpha) - \sin(\beta) = 2 \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right) \quad \text{IDENTITY 1}$$

EQUATION 1 CAN BE RE-WRITTEN AS:

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left[\frac{t-(t-T)}{2}\right] \cdot \cos\left[\frac{t+(t-T)}{2}\right]$$

$$\Delta q(t) = 2 \cdot C \cdot A \cdot \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}T\right) \cdot \cos\left(t - \frac{1}{2}T\right) \quad \text{EQUATION B}$$

THE  $\sin$  TERM IN EQUATION B IS A FUNCTION OF APERTURE T ONLY. IT IS EASILY SEEN THAT  $\Delta q(t)$  WILL OBTAIN A MAXIMUM VALUE WHEN T IS EQUAL TO AN ODD MULTIPLE OF  $\pi$  i.e.,  $\pi, 3\pi, 5\pi, \dots$ . THEREFORE, CAPACITOR C EXPERIENCES THE GREATEST CHANGE IN CHARGE WHEN THE APERTURE HAS A VALUE OF  $\pi$  OR A TIME INTERVAL REPRESENTATIVE OF 180 DEGREES OF THE INPUT SINUSOID. CONVERSELY, WHEN T IS EQUAL TO  $2\pi, 4\pi, 6\pi, \dots$  MINIMAL CHARGE IS TRANSFERRED.

**FIG. 230**

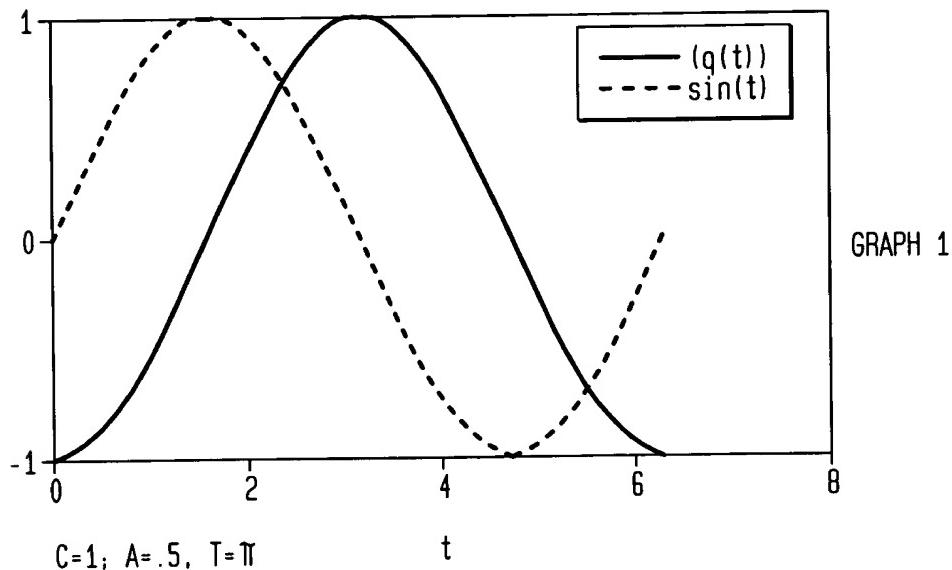
SOLVING FOR  $q(t)$  BY INTEGRATING EQUATION A ALLOWS THE CHARGE ON C WITH RESPECT TO TIME TO BE GRAPHED ON THE SAME AXIS AS THE INPUT SINUSOID  $\sin(t)$ .

$$q(t) = \int C \cdot A \cdot (\sin(t) - \sin(t-T)) dt$$

$$q(t) = -\cos(t) \cdot C \cdot A + \cos(t-T) \cdot C \cdot A$$

$$q(t) = C \cdot A \cdot (\cos(t-T) - \cos(t)) \quad \text{EQUATION C}$$

**FIG. 231**



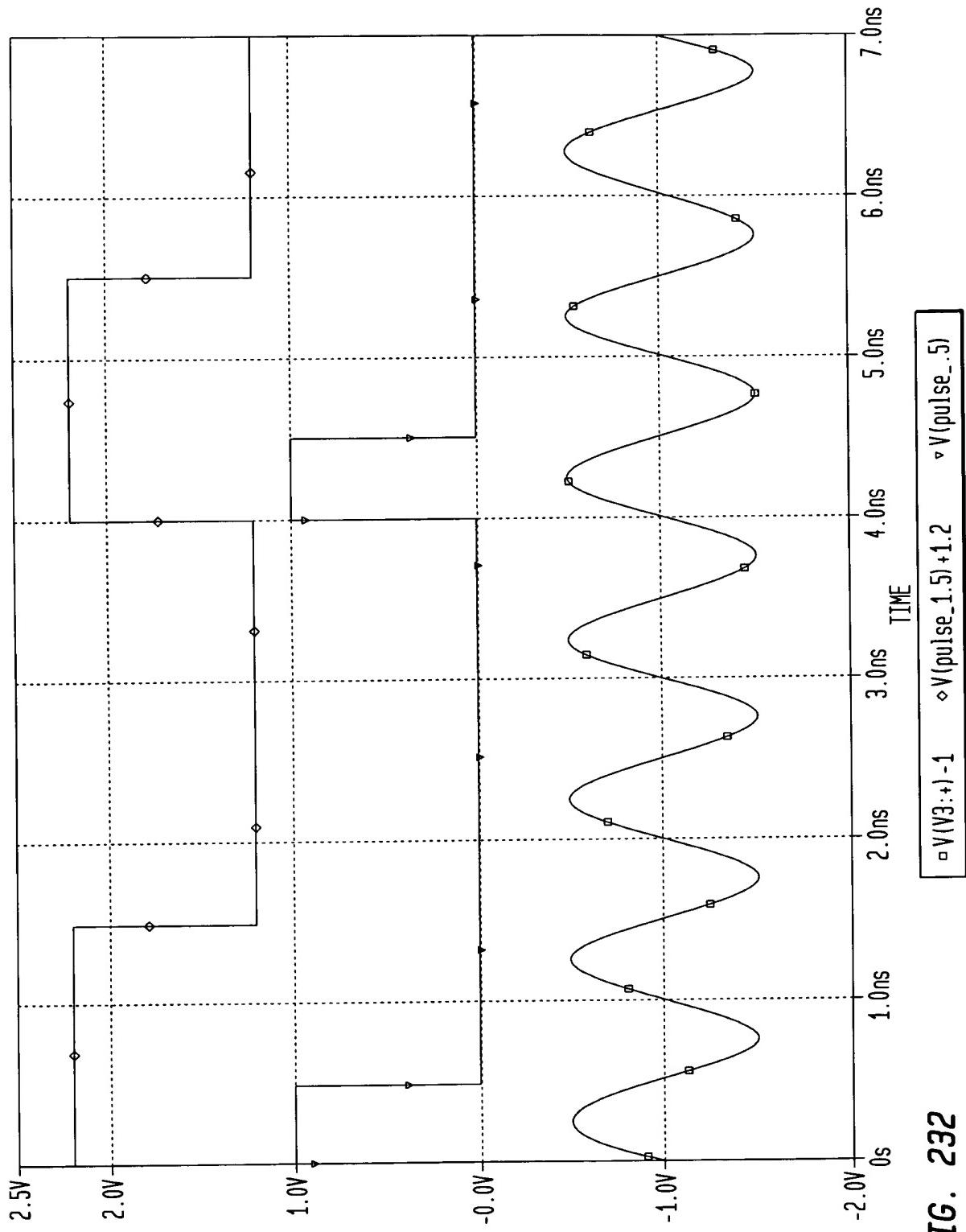
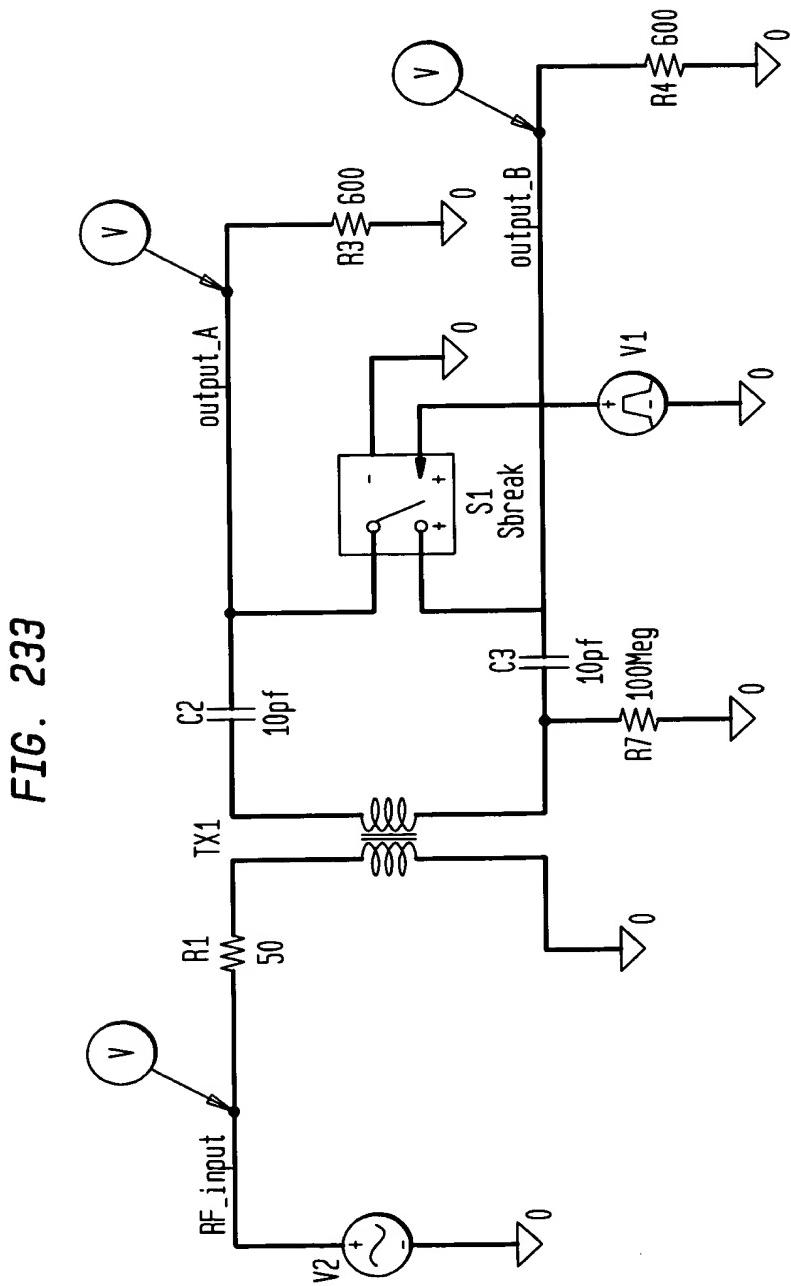
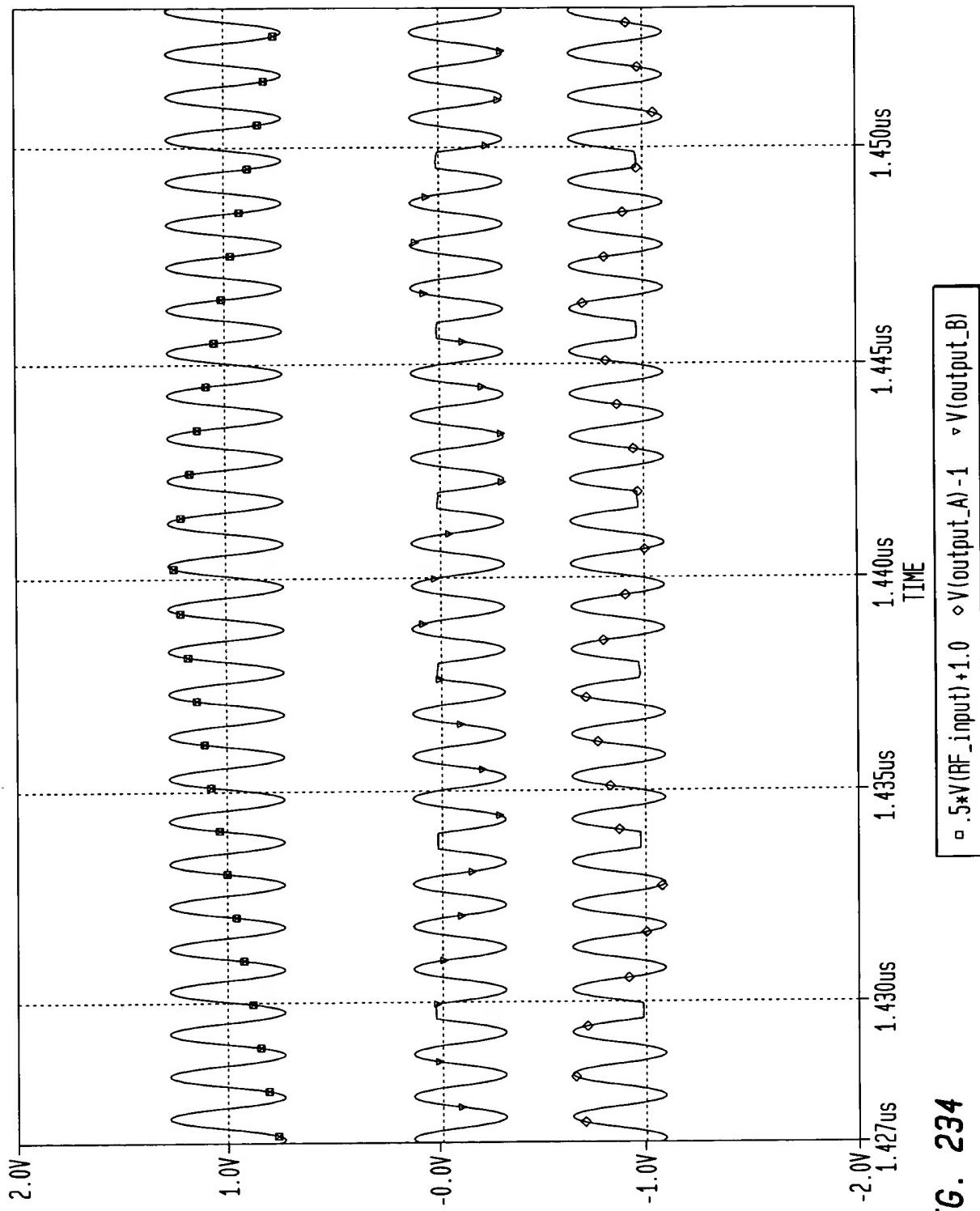


FIG. 232

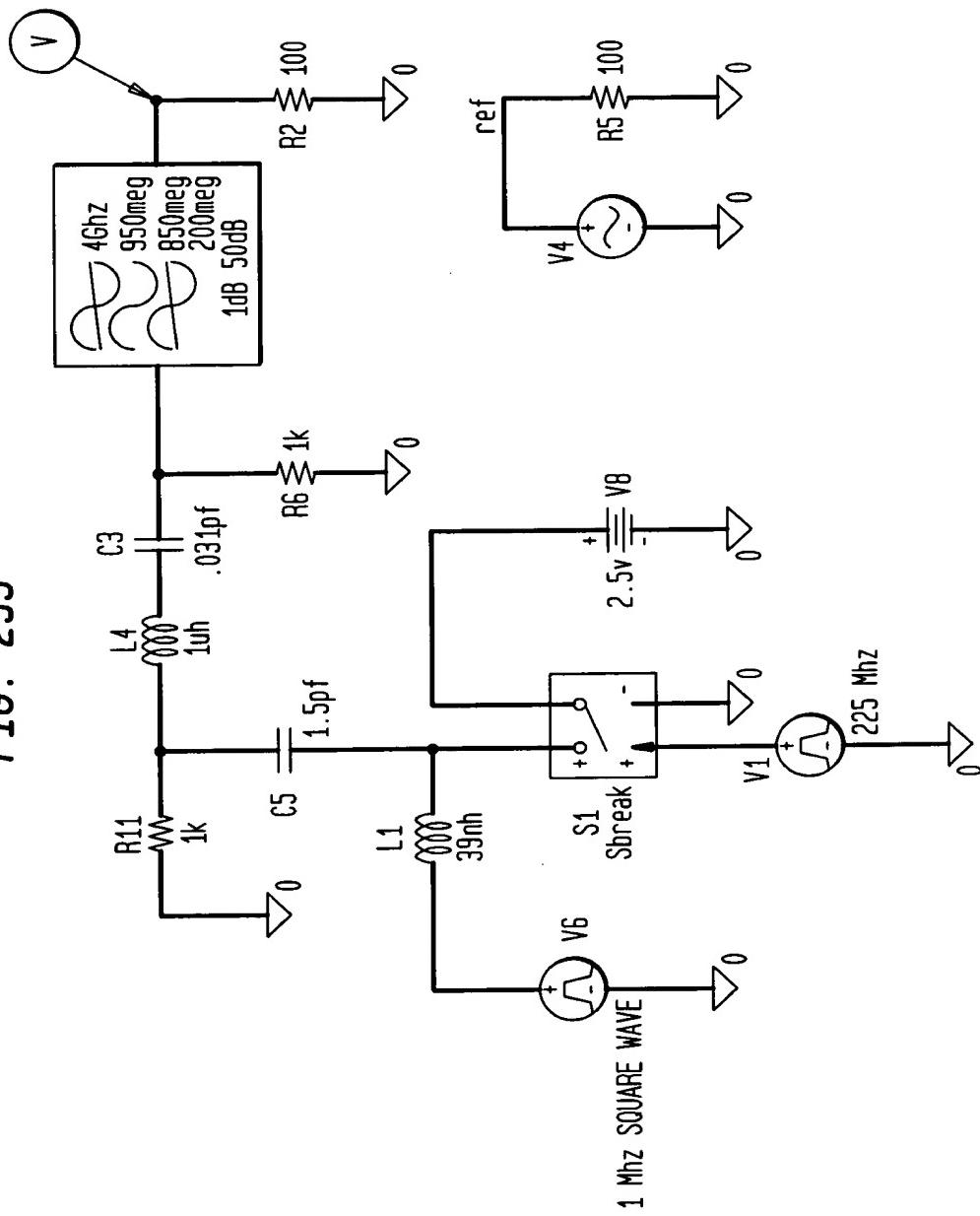




$5 \cdot V(\text{RF\_input}) + 1.0$     $\diamond V(\text{output\_A}) - 1$     $\triangleright V(\text{output\_B})$

FIG. 234

**FIG. 235**



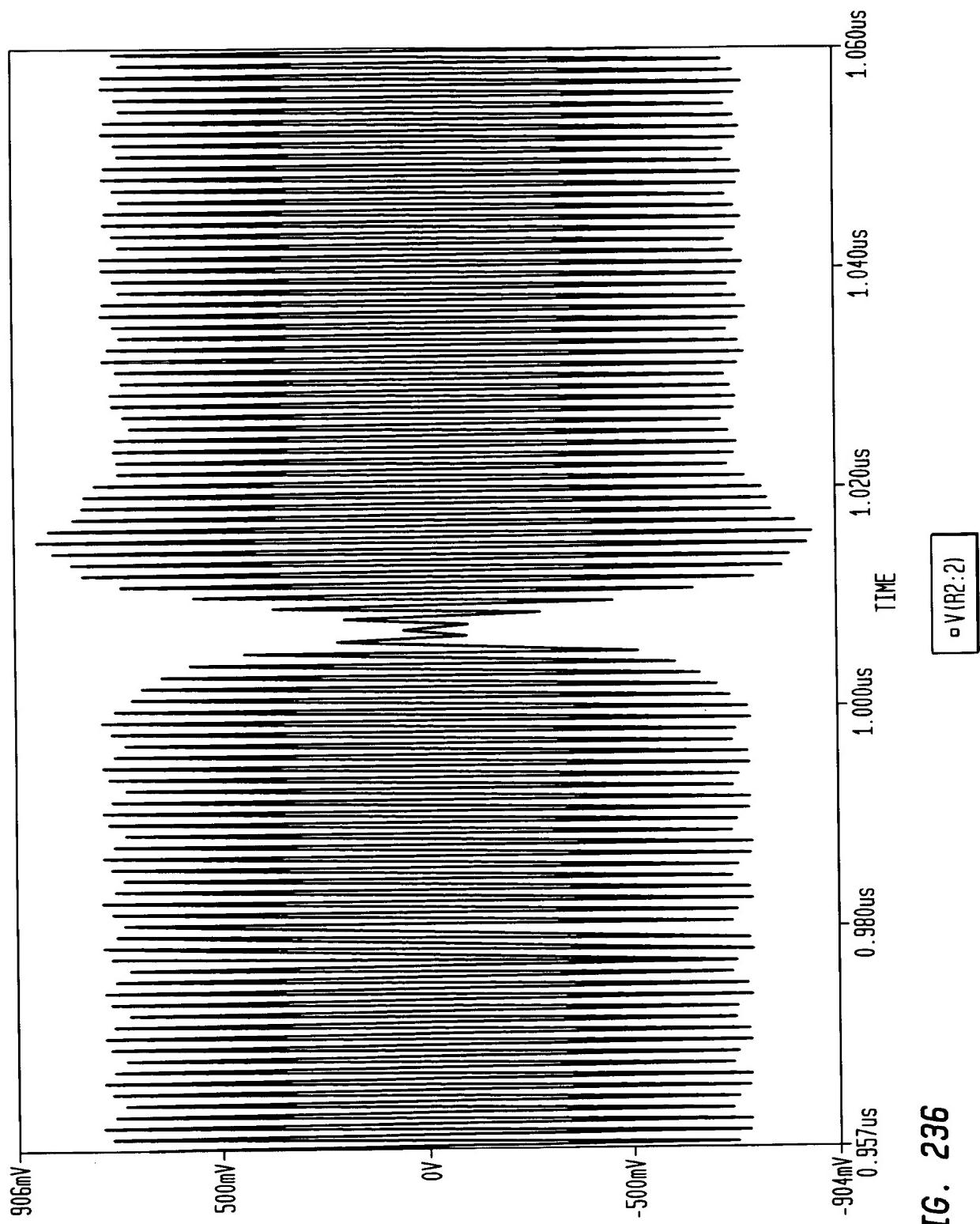


FIG. 236

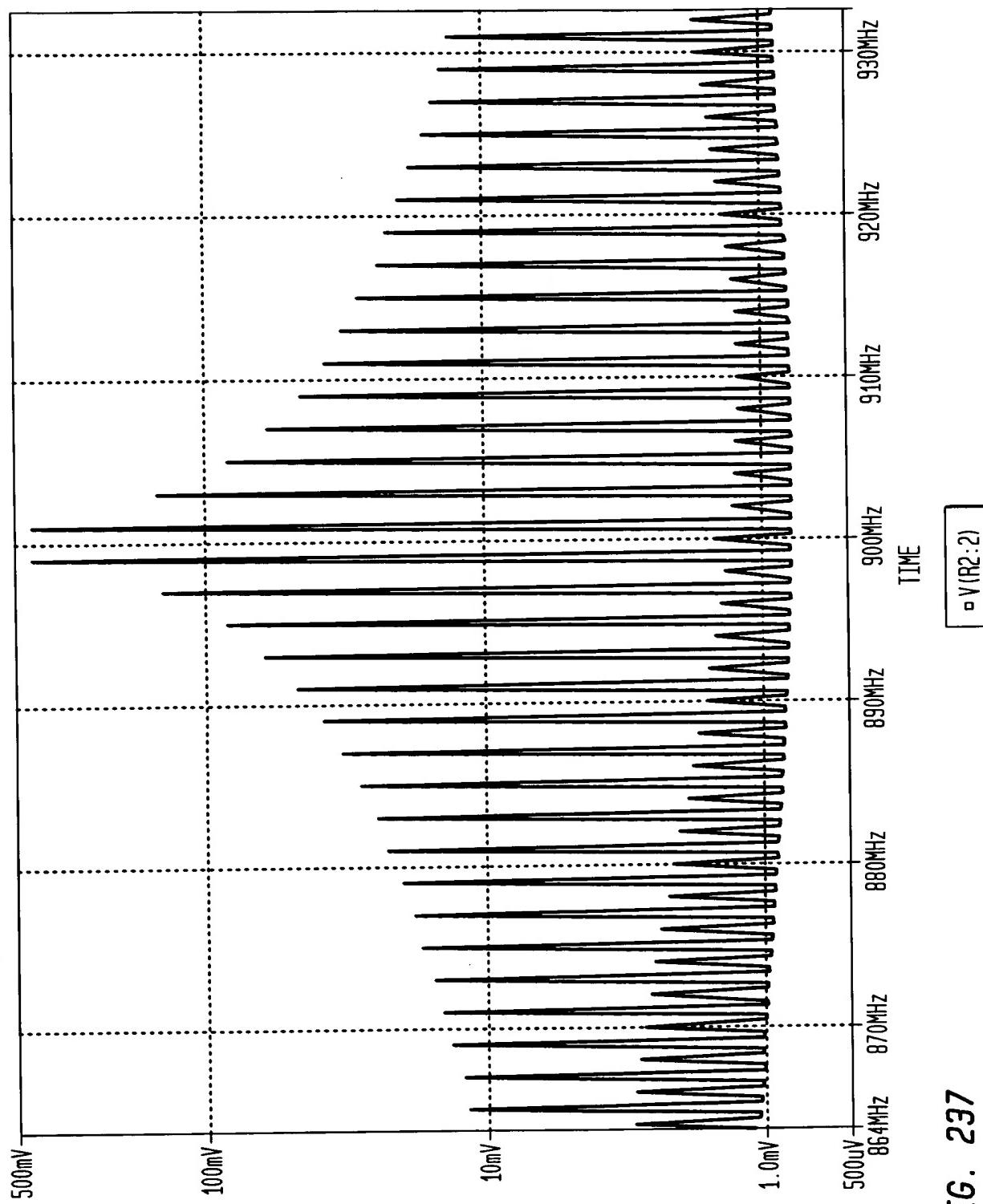


FIG. 237

o V(R2:2)

FIG. 238

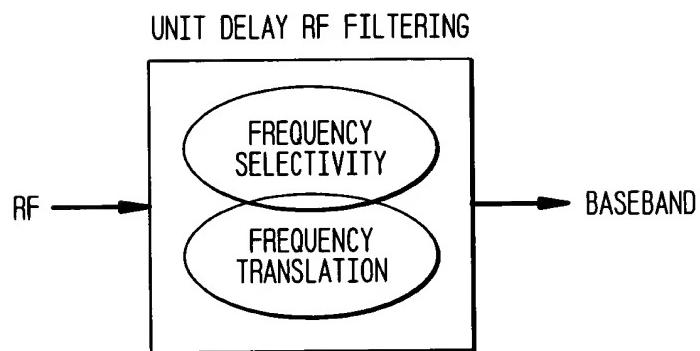


FIG. 239

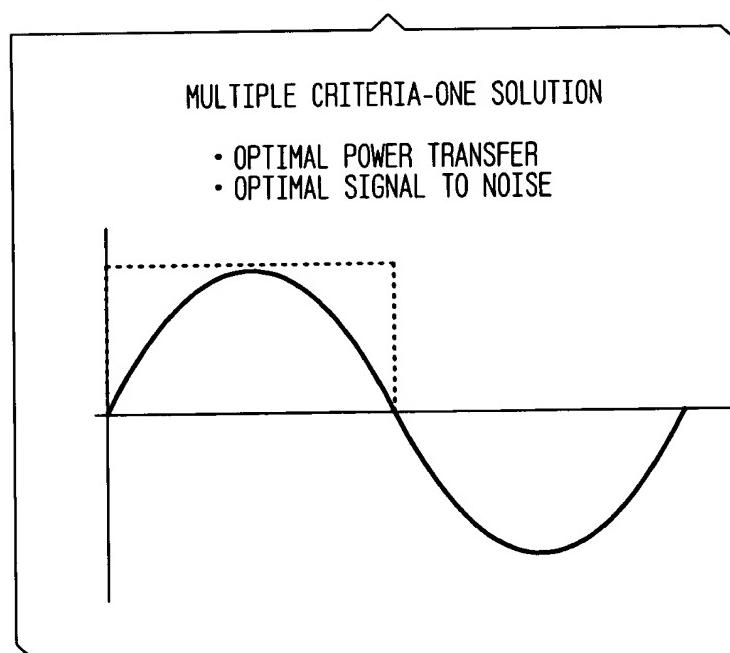


FIG. 240

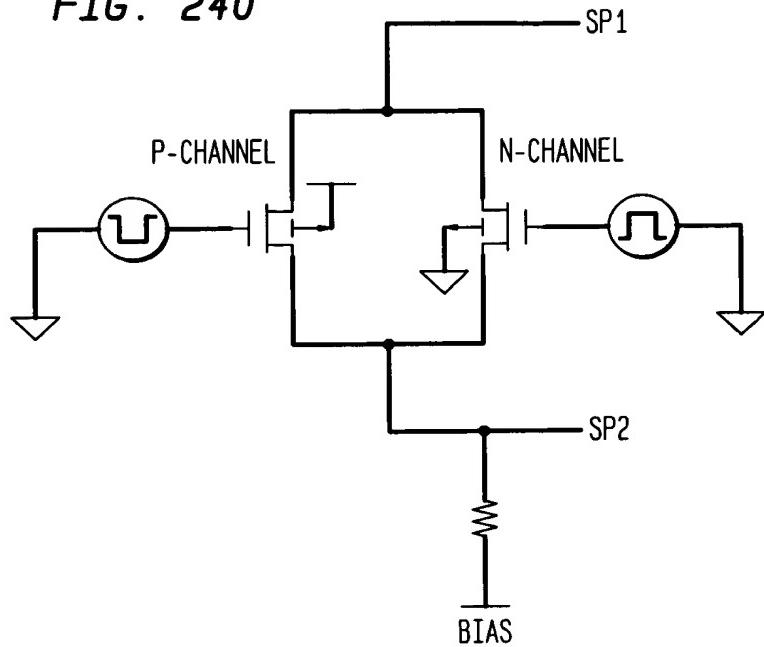
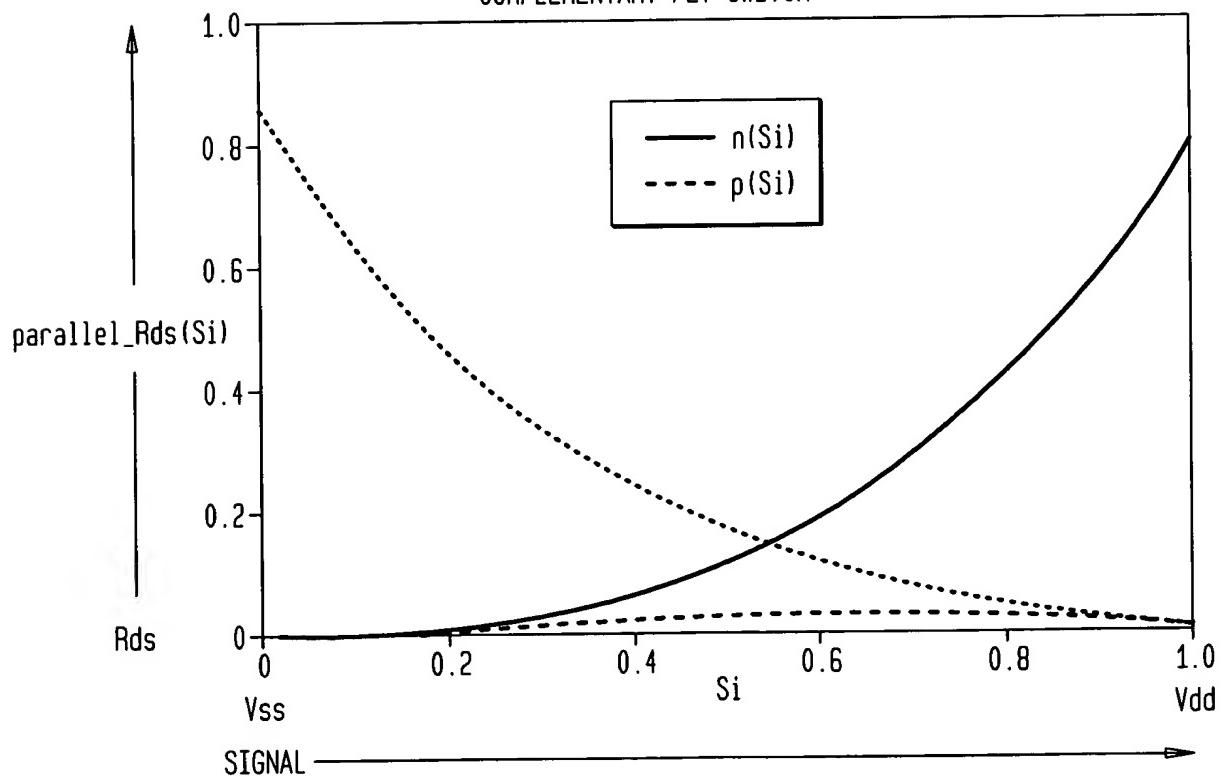
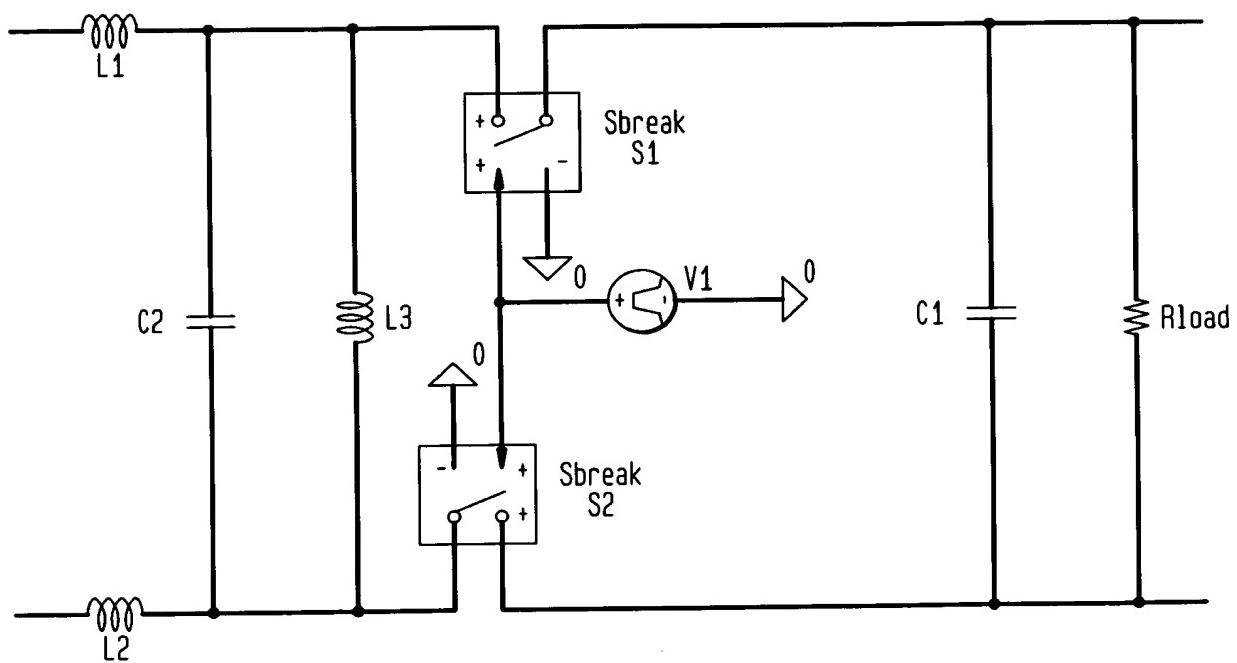


FIG. 241  
COMPLEMENTARY FET SWITCH



**FIG. 242**  
DIFFERENTIAL CONFIGURATION



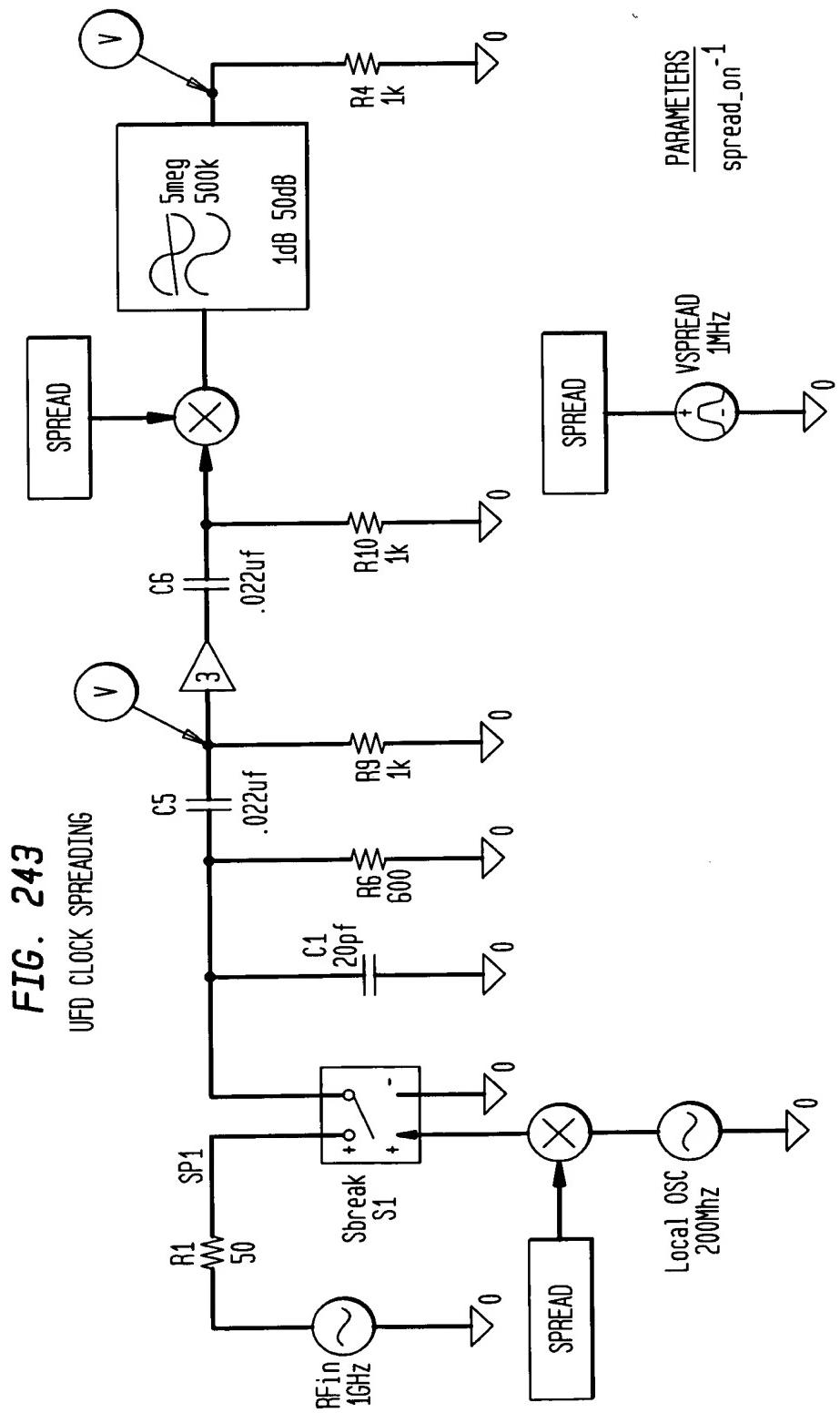


FIG. 244

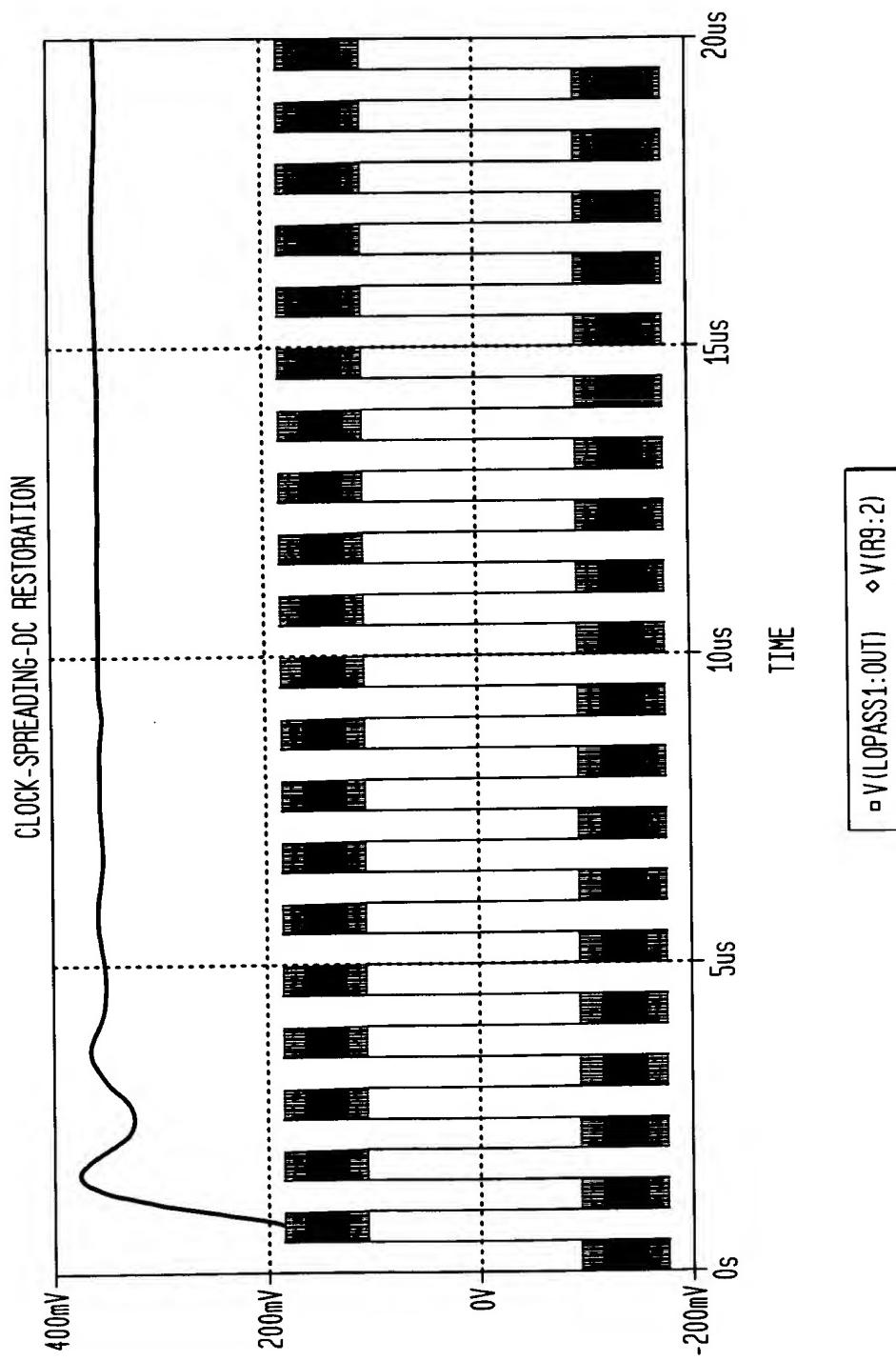
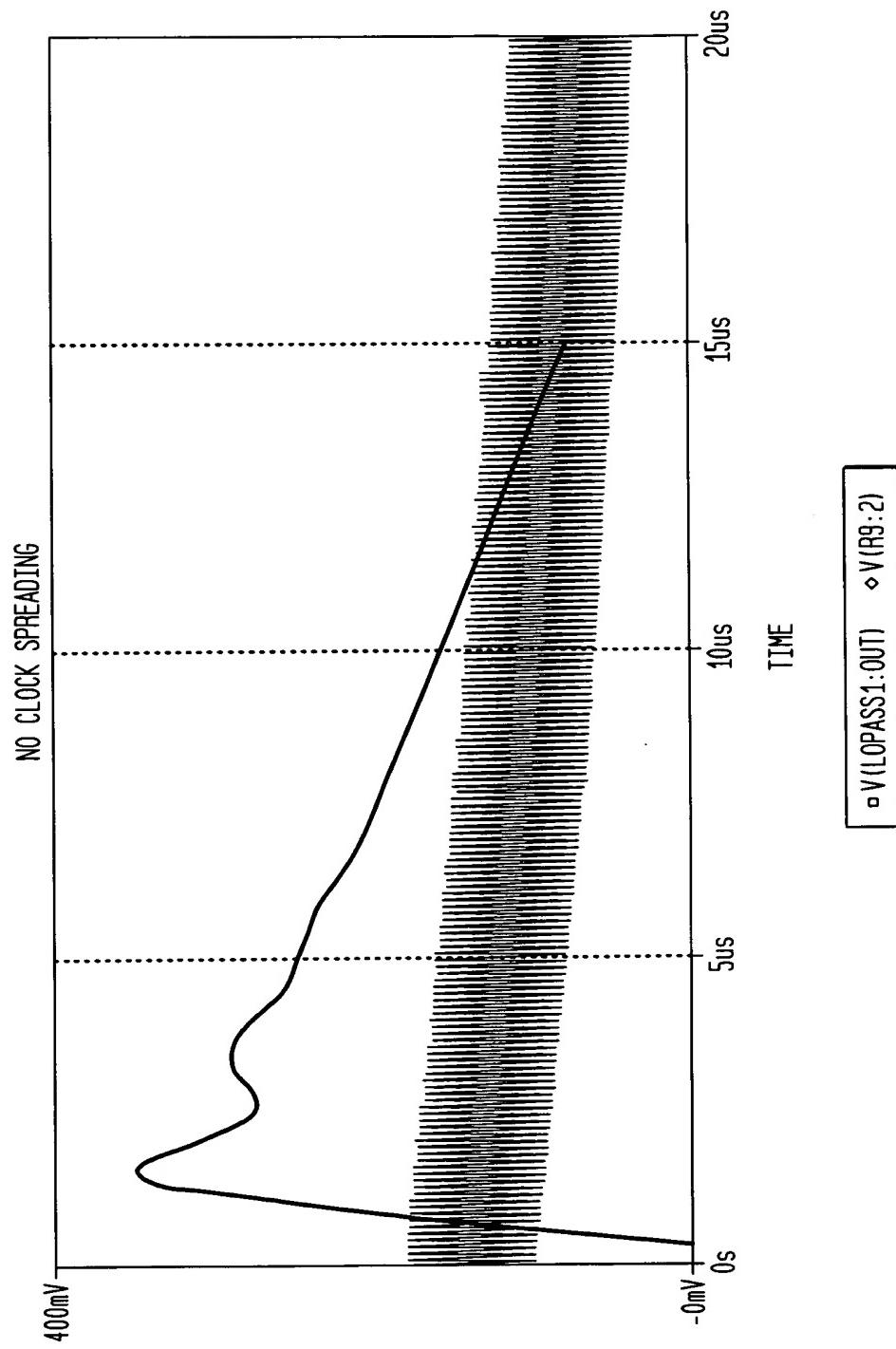
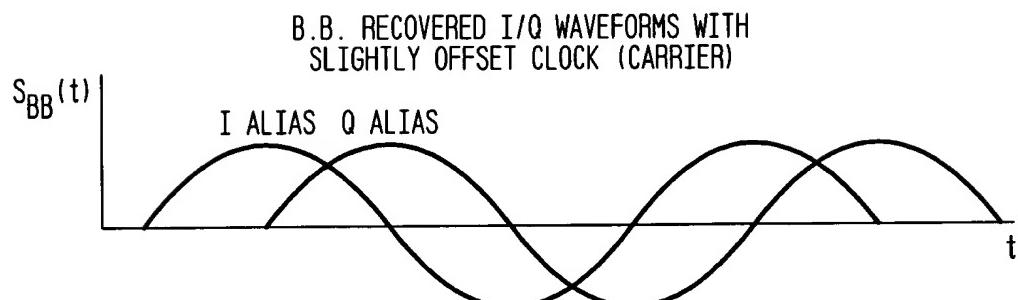


FIG. 245

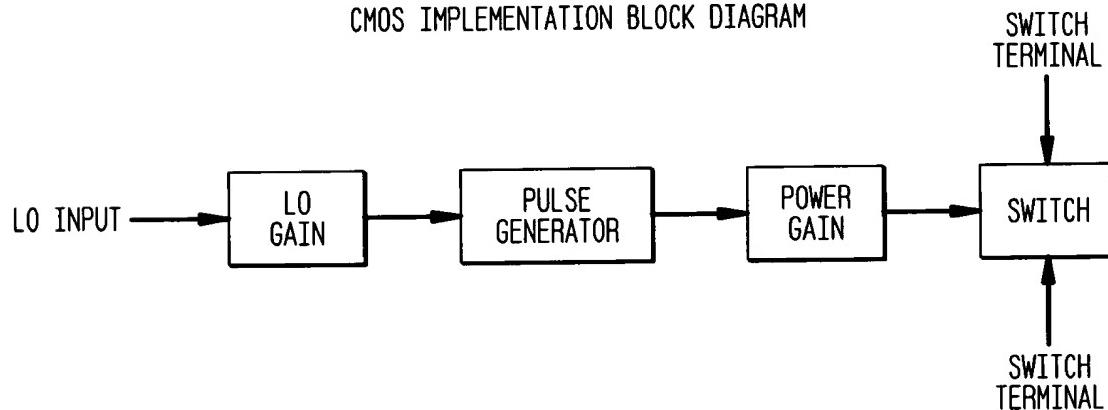


**FIG. 246**



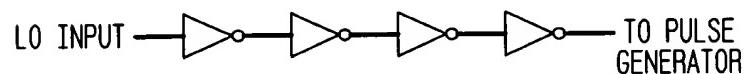
**FIG. 247**

CMOS IMPLEMENTATION BLOCK DIAGRAM



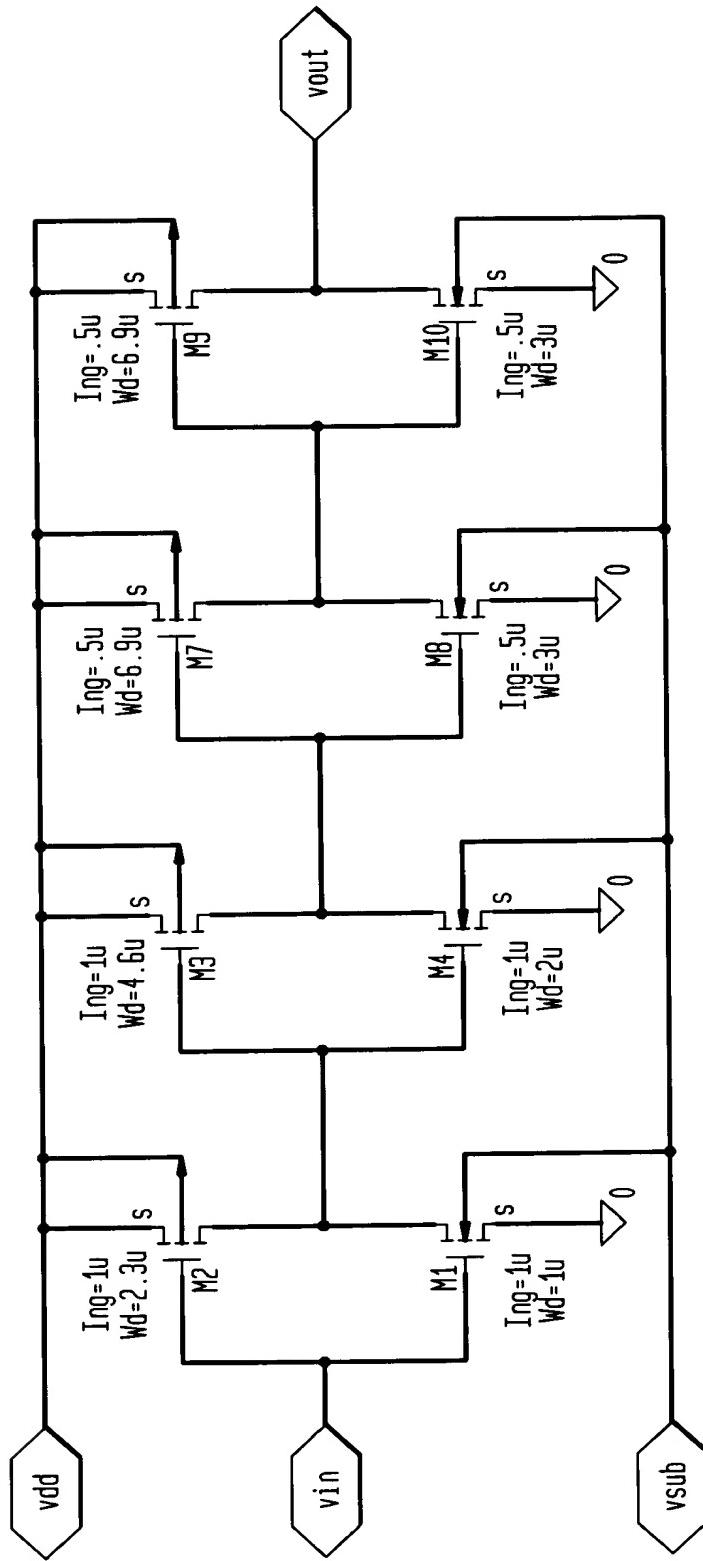
**FIG. 248**

LO GAIN BLOCK AT GATE LEVEL

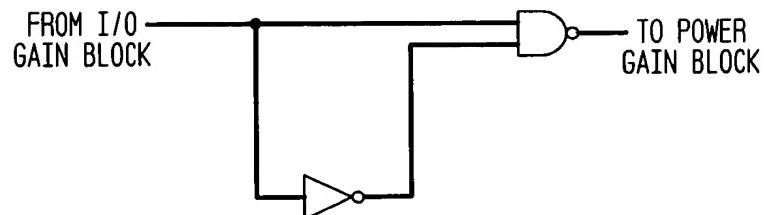


**FIG. 249**

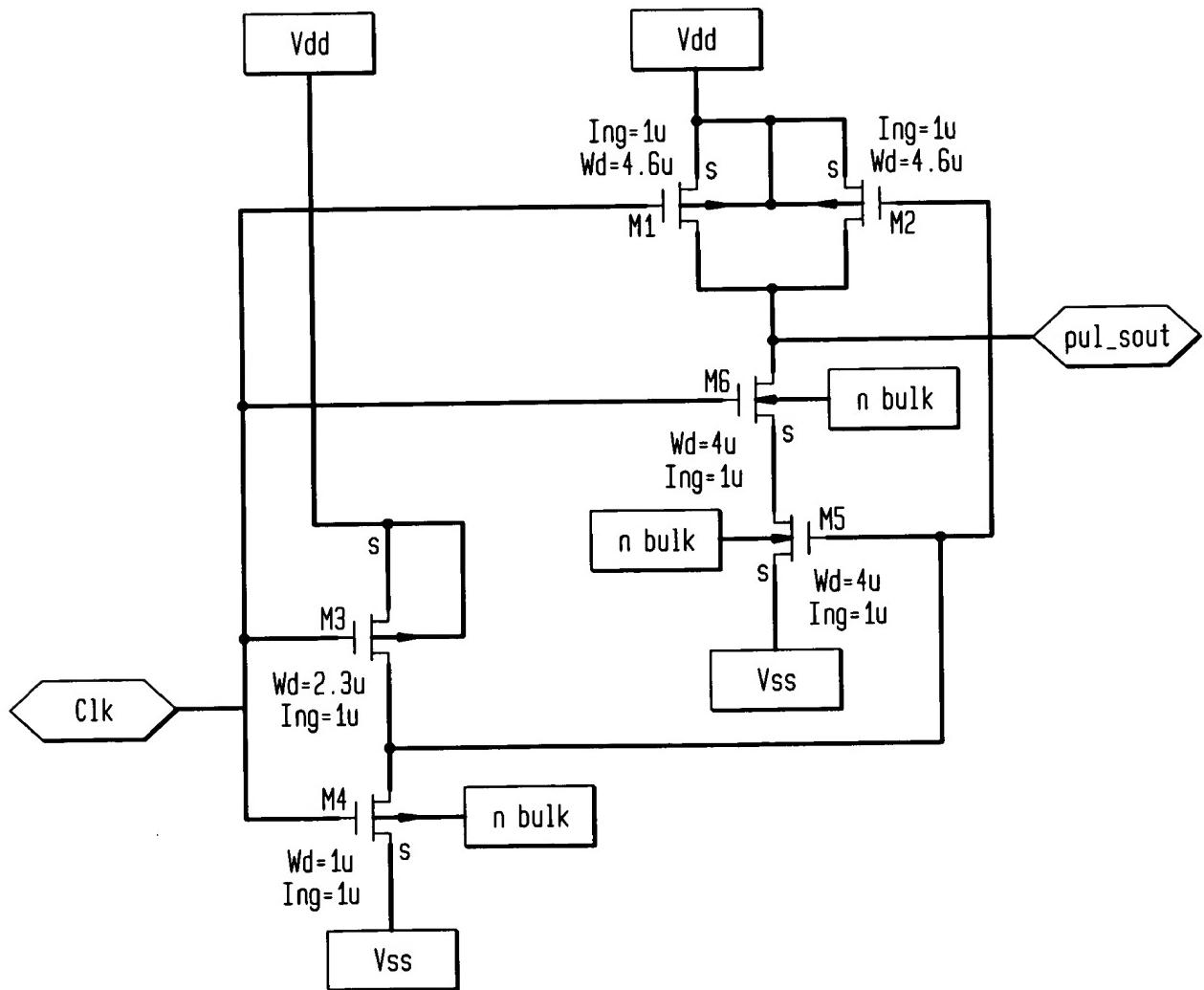
LO GAIN BLOCK AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL



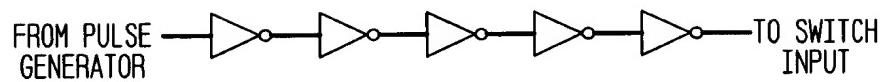
**FIG. 250**



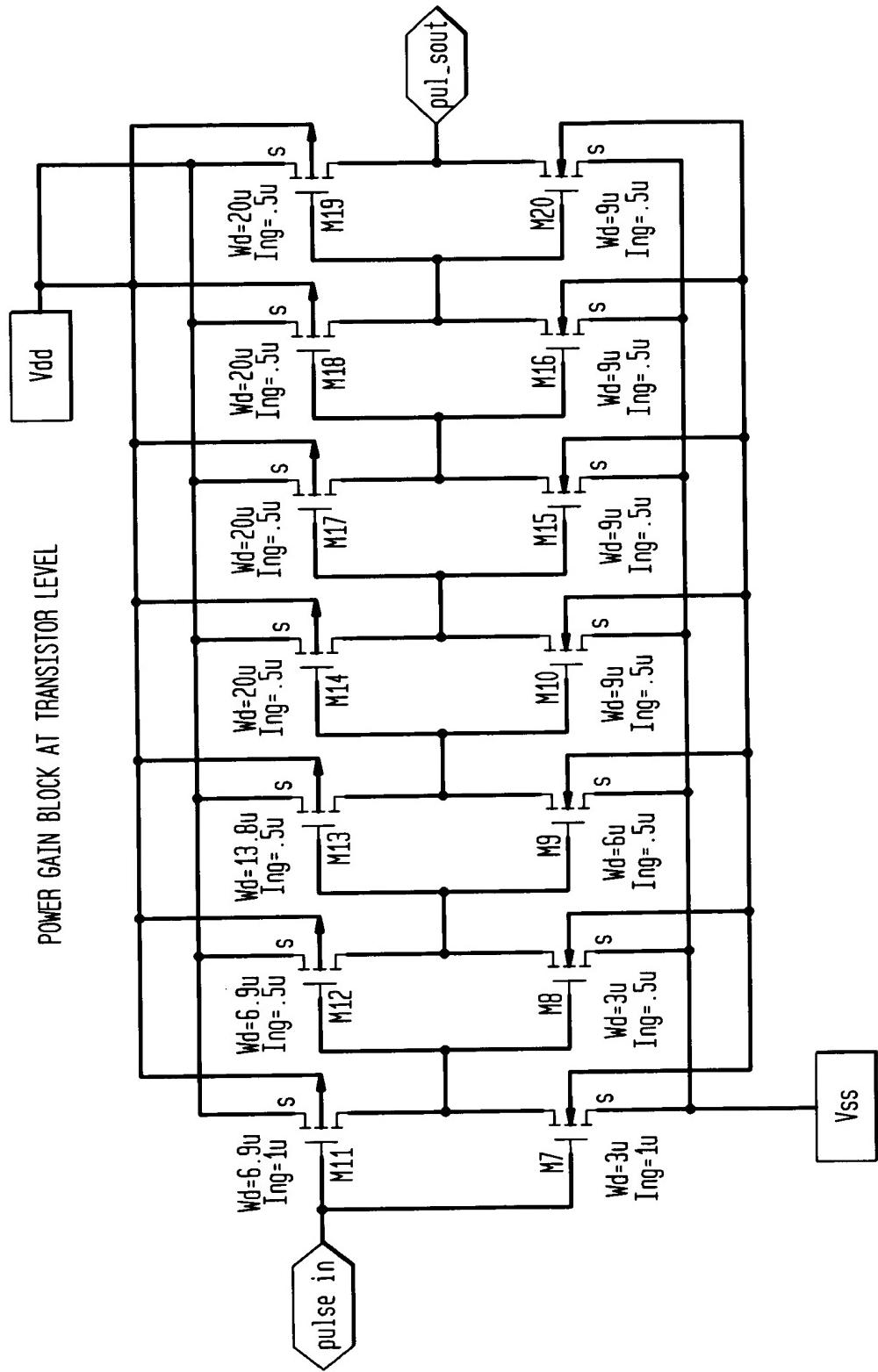
**FIG. 251**



**FIG. 252**  
POWER GAIN BLOCK AT GATE LEVEL



**FIG. 253**  
 POWER GAIN BLOCK AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL



**FIG. 254**

SWITCH AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL

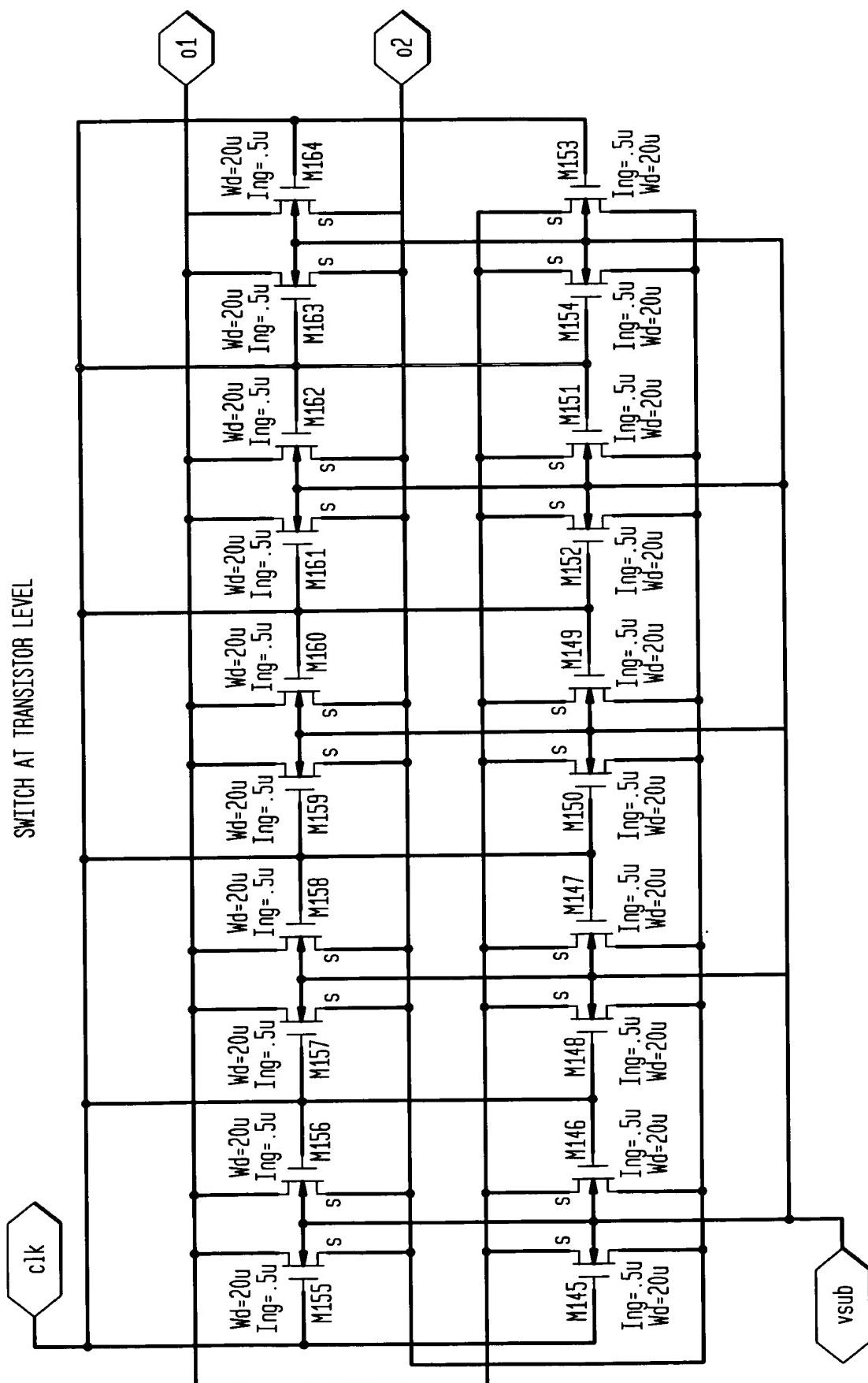
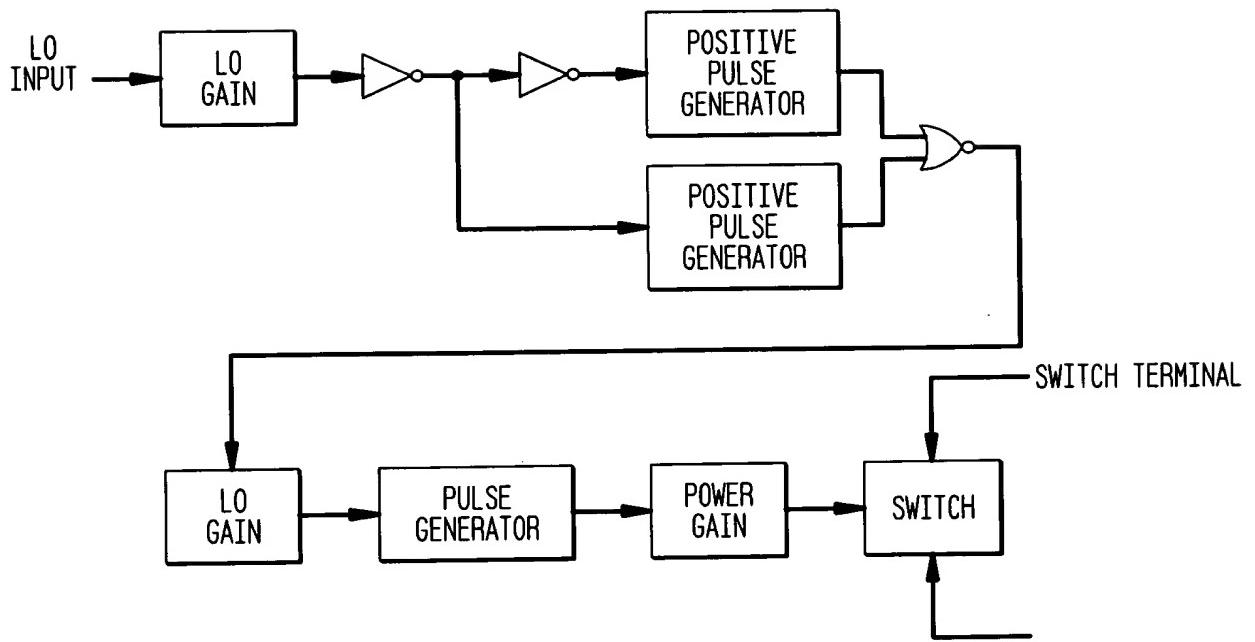
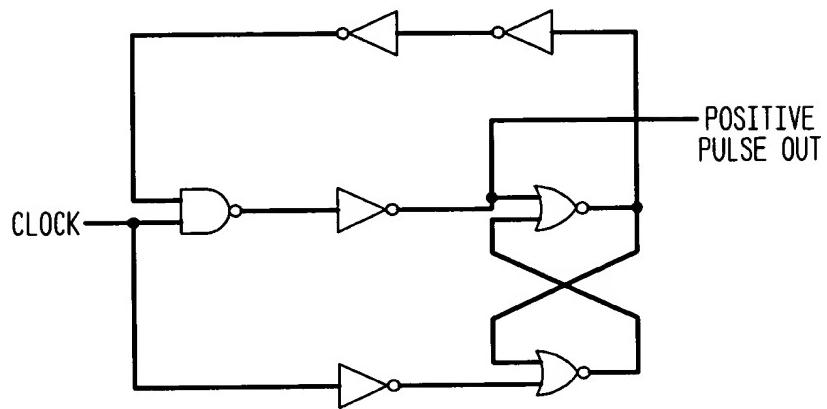


FIG. 255

CMOS "HOT CLOCK" BLOCK DIAGRAM



**FIG. 256**  
POSITIVE PULSE GENERATOR AT GATE LEVEL



**FIG. 257**

POSITIVE PULSER AT TRANSISTOR LEVEL

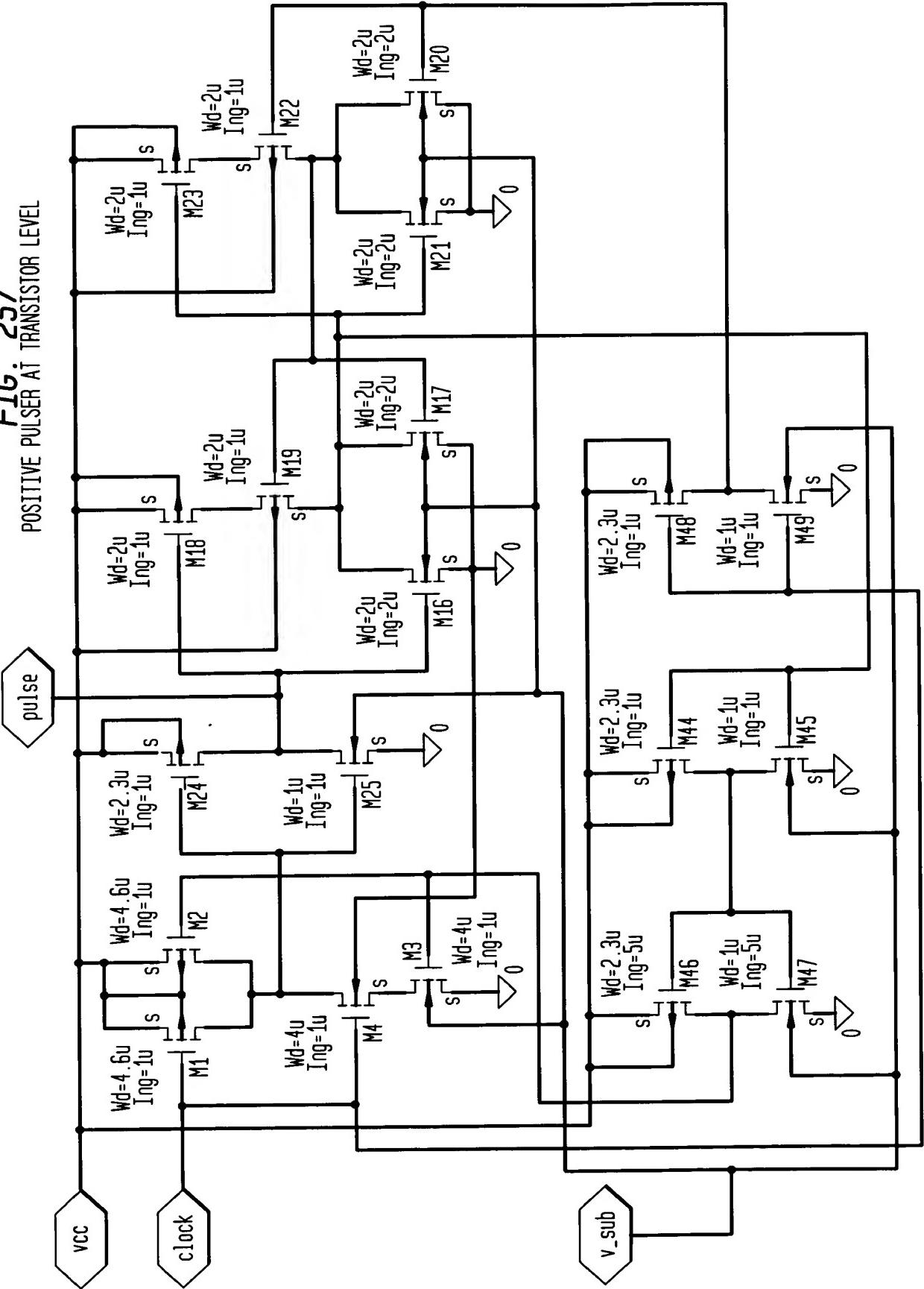
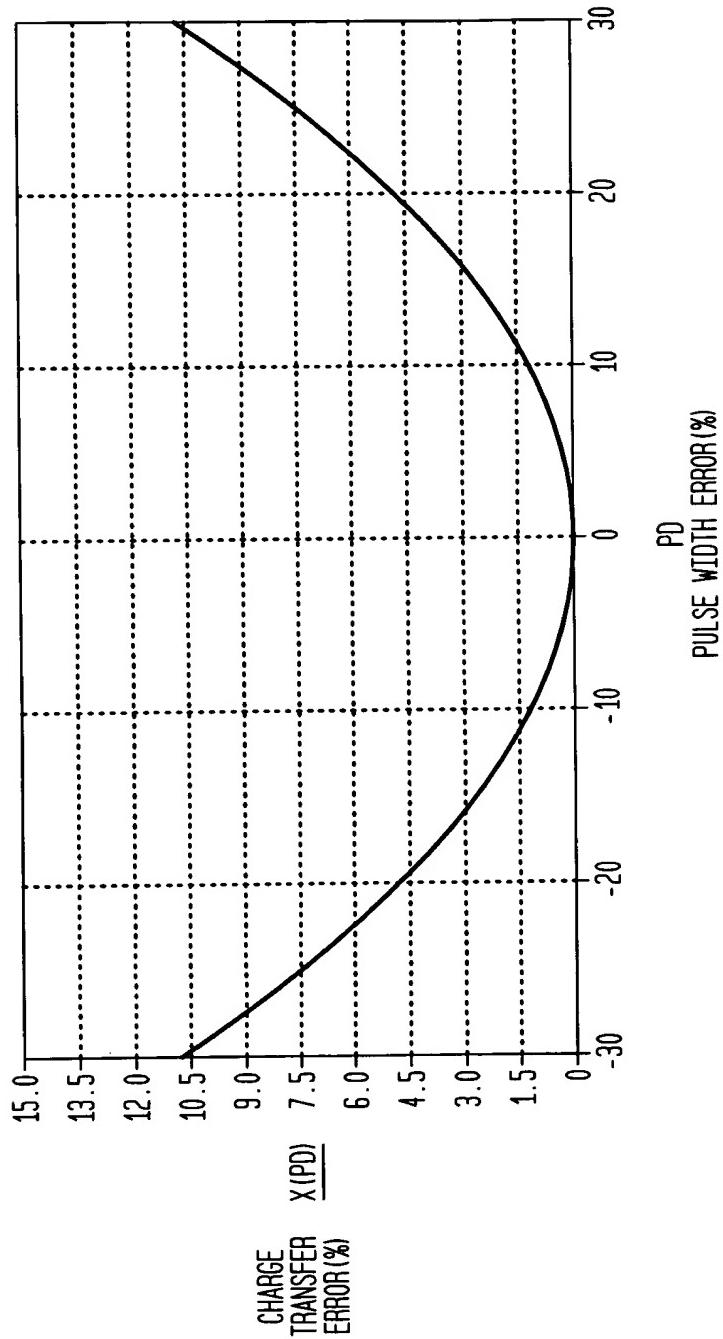
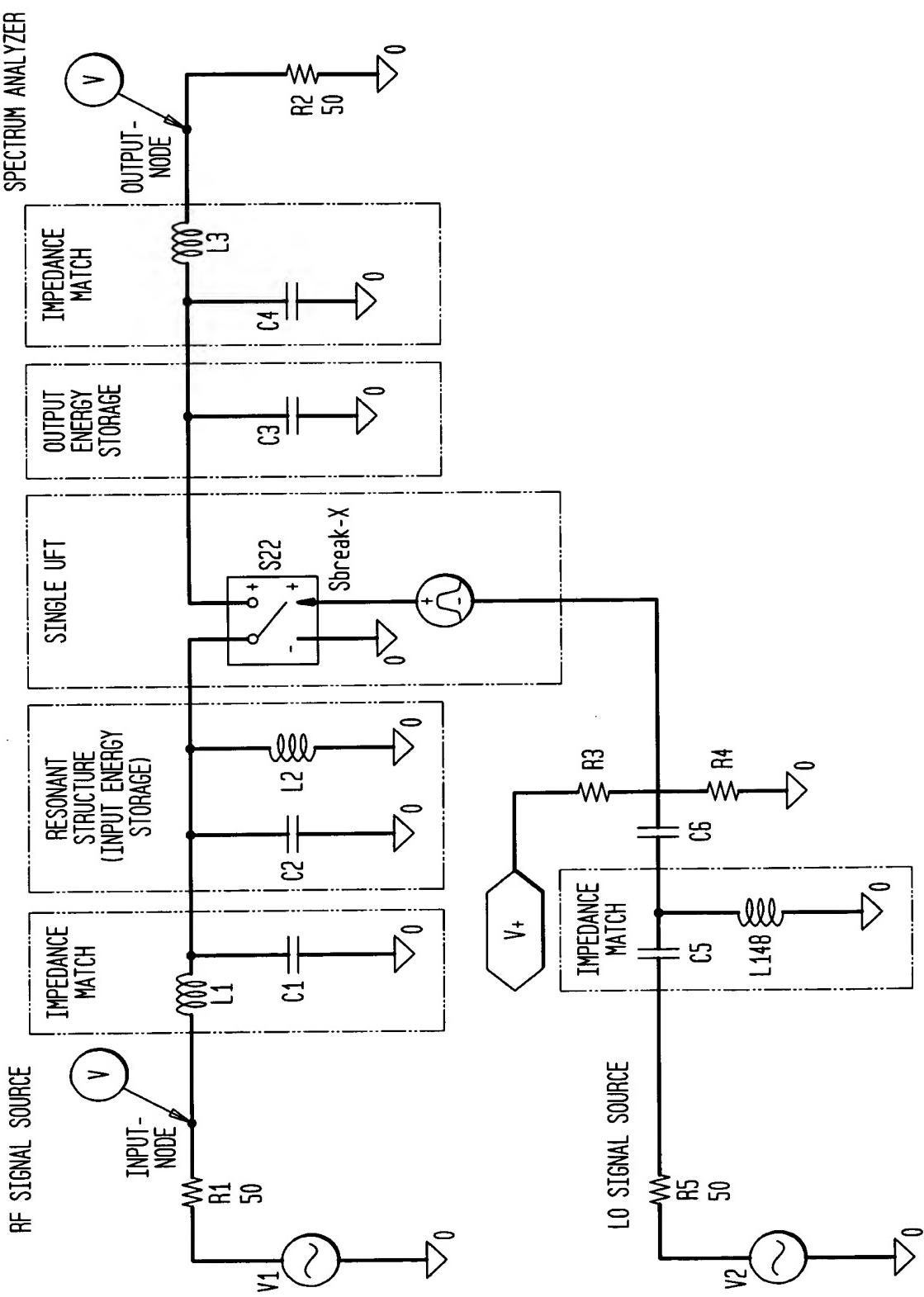


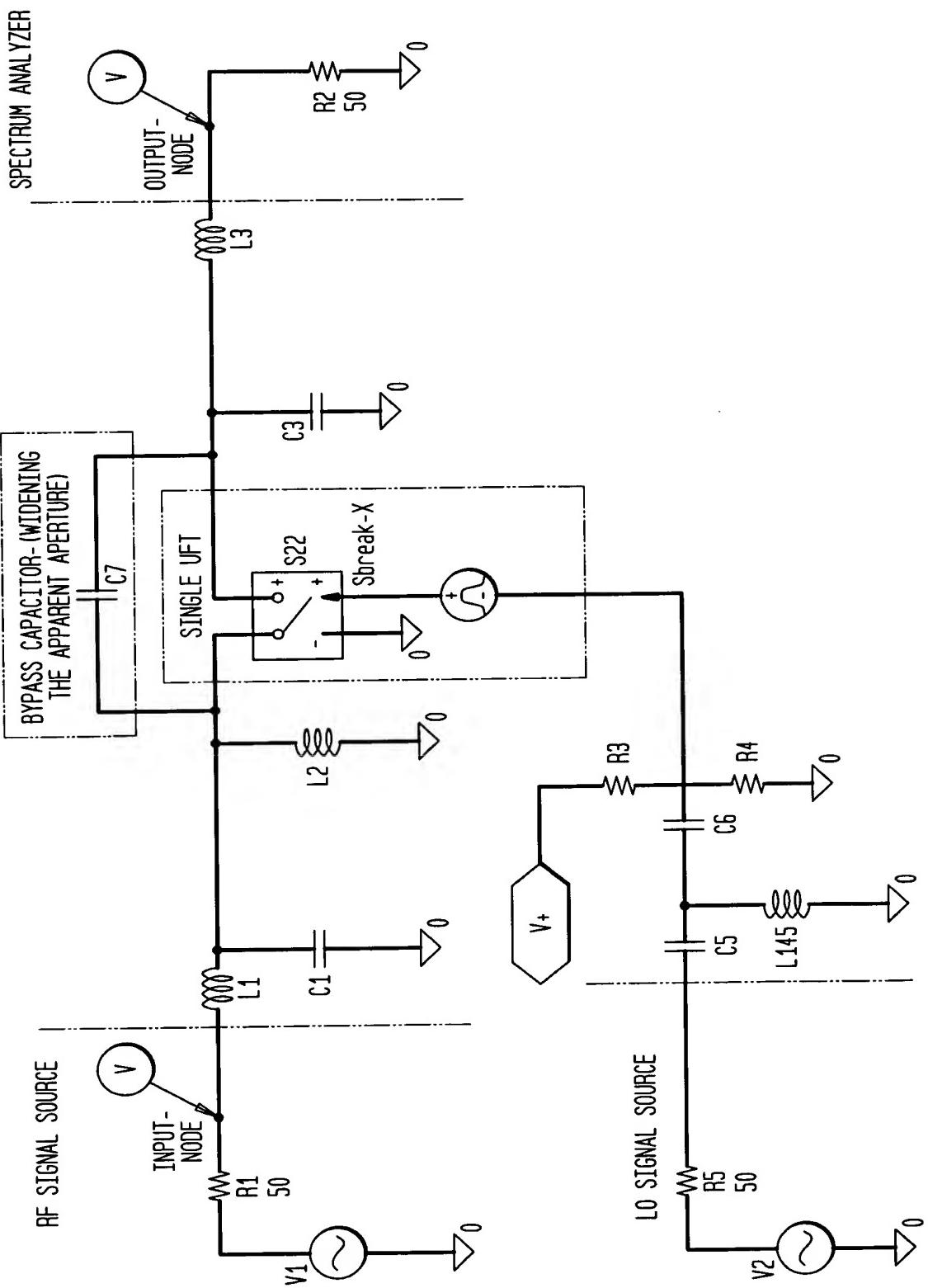
FIG. 258  
PULSE WIDTH ERROR EFFECT FOR 1/2 CYCLE



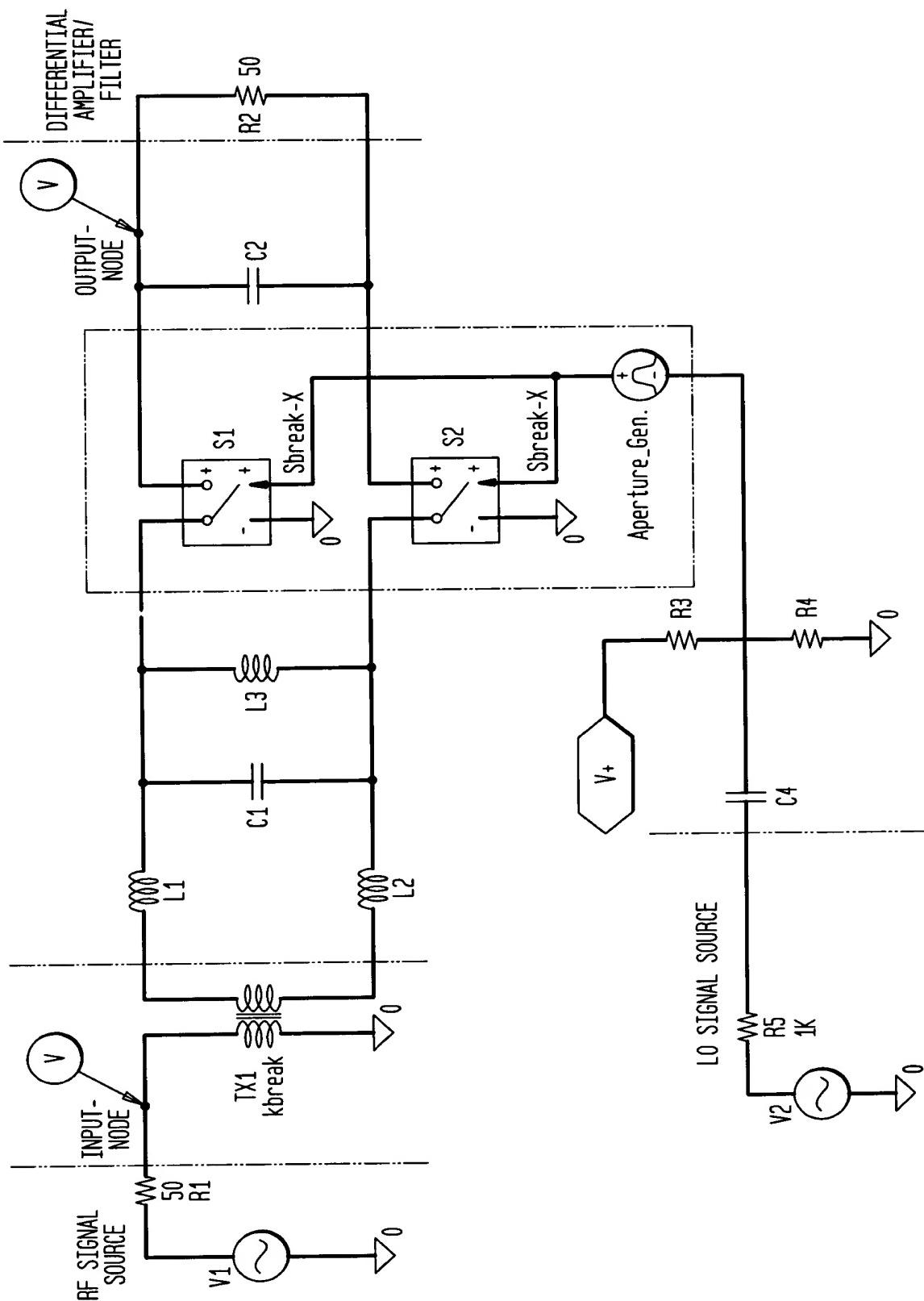
**FIG. 259**  
SINGLE-ENDED UFD MODULE



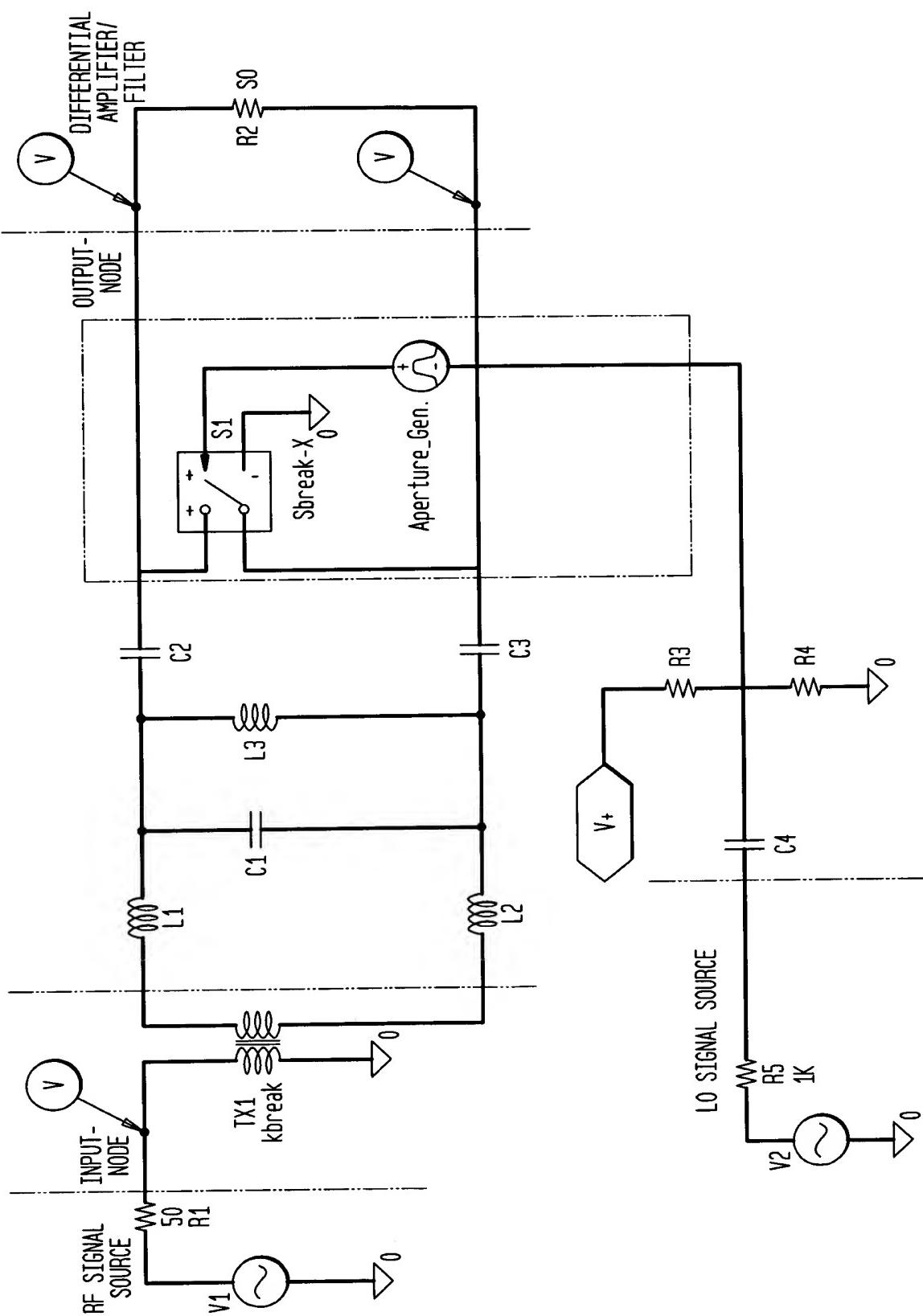
**FIG. 260**  
SINGLE-ENDED UFD MODULE



**FIG. 261**  
FULL DIFFERENTIAL



**FIG. 262**  
FULL DIFFERENTIAL



**FIG. 263**  
 SINGLE-ENDED, NEAR IDEAL SIMULATION

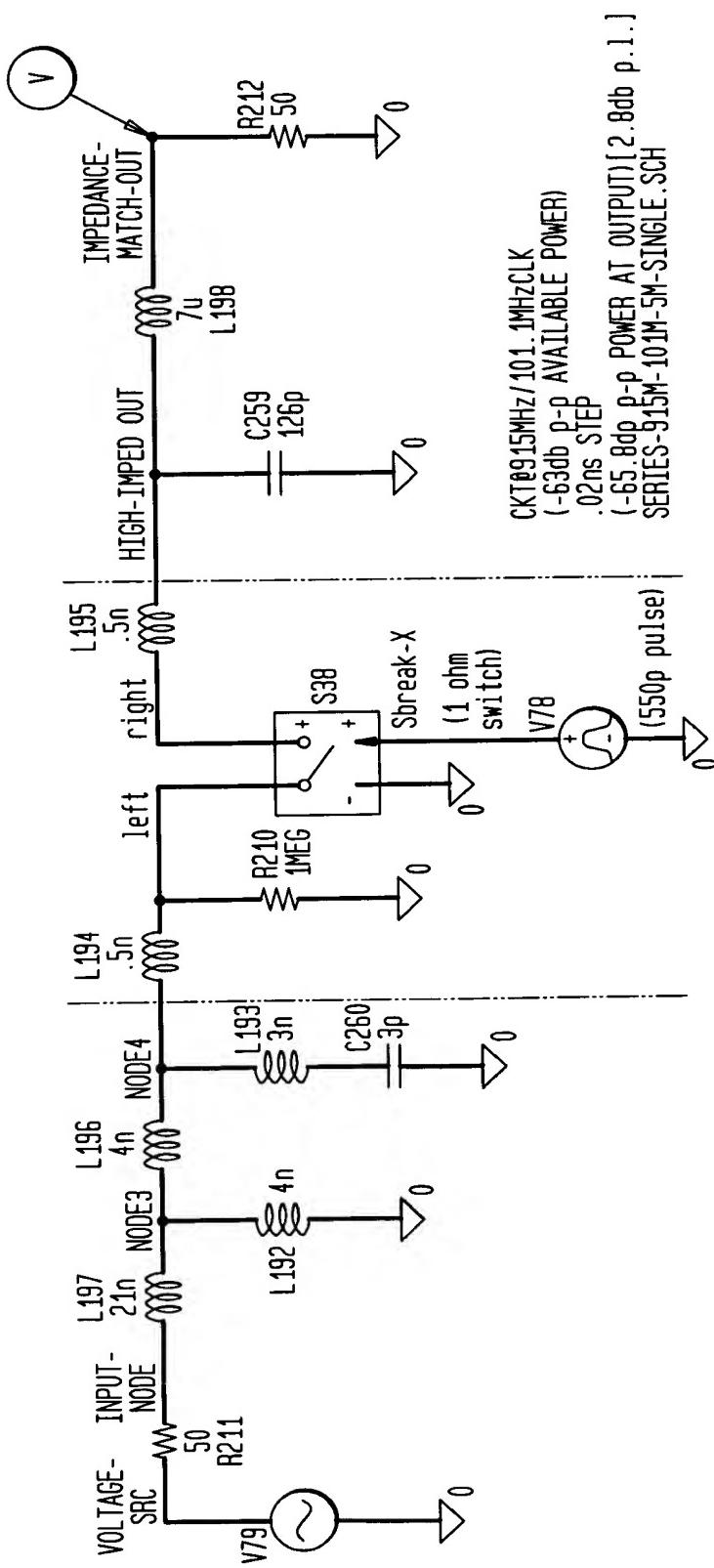


FIG. 264

LOSS IN SENSITIVITY VS. CLOCK PHASE DEVIATION FOR UFT

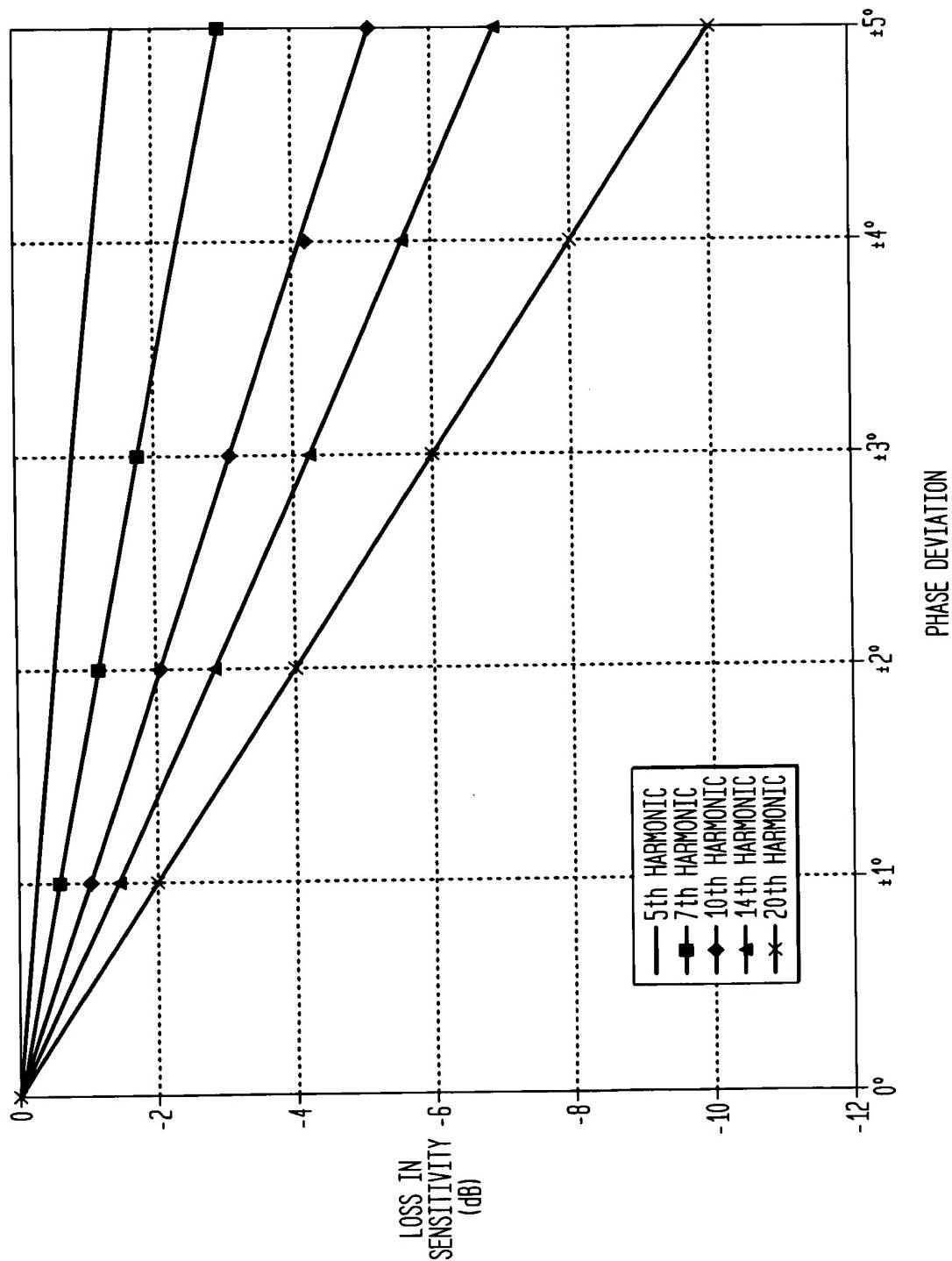
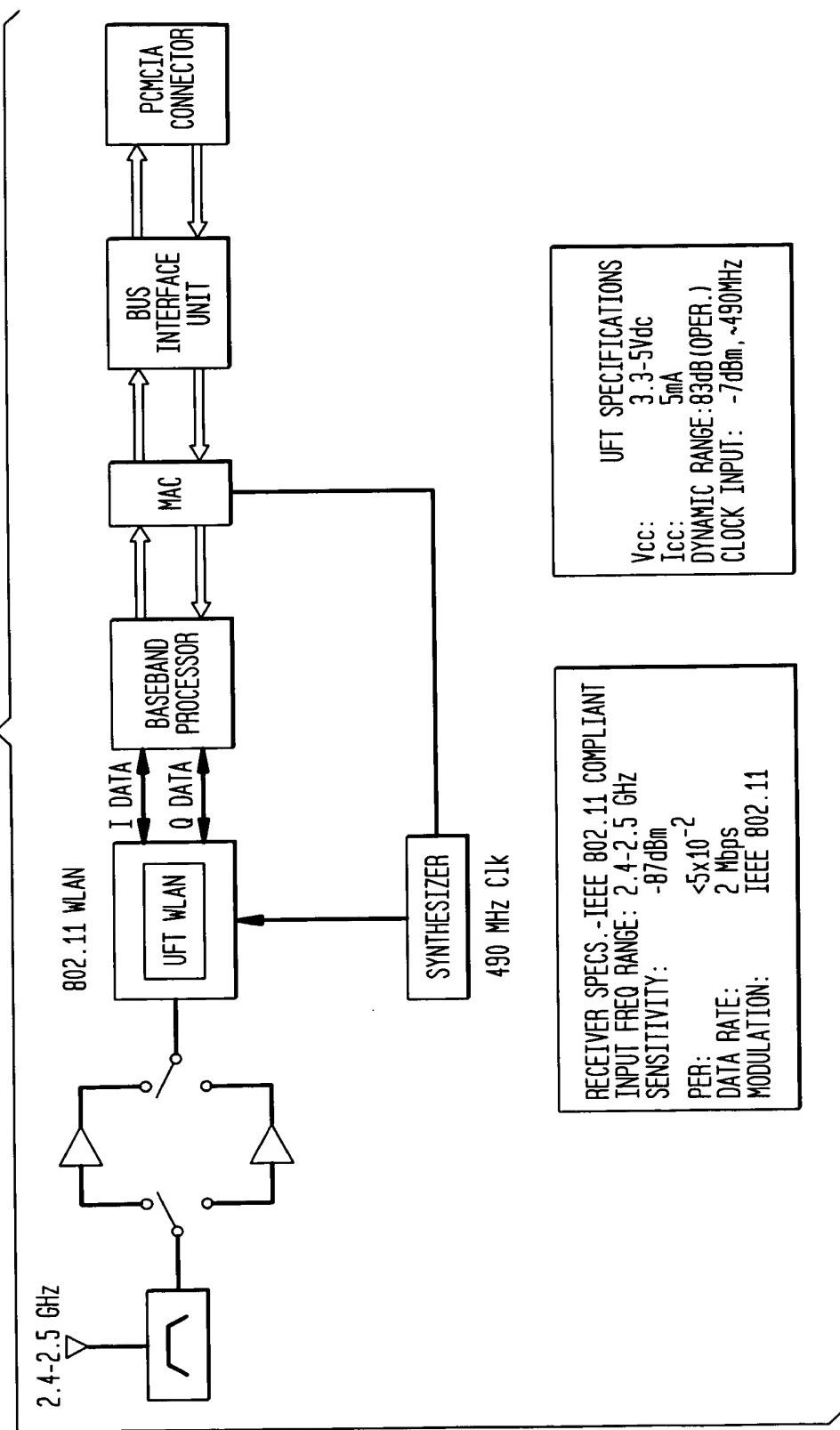
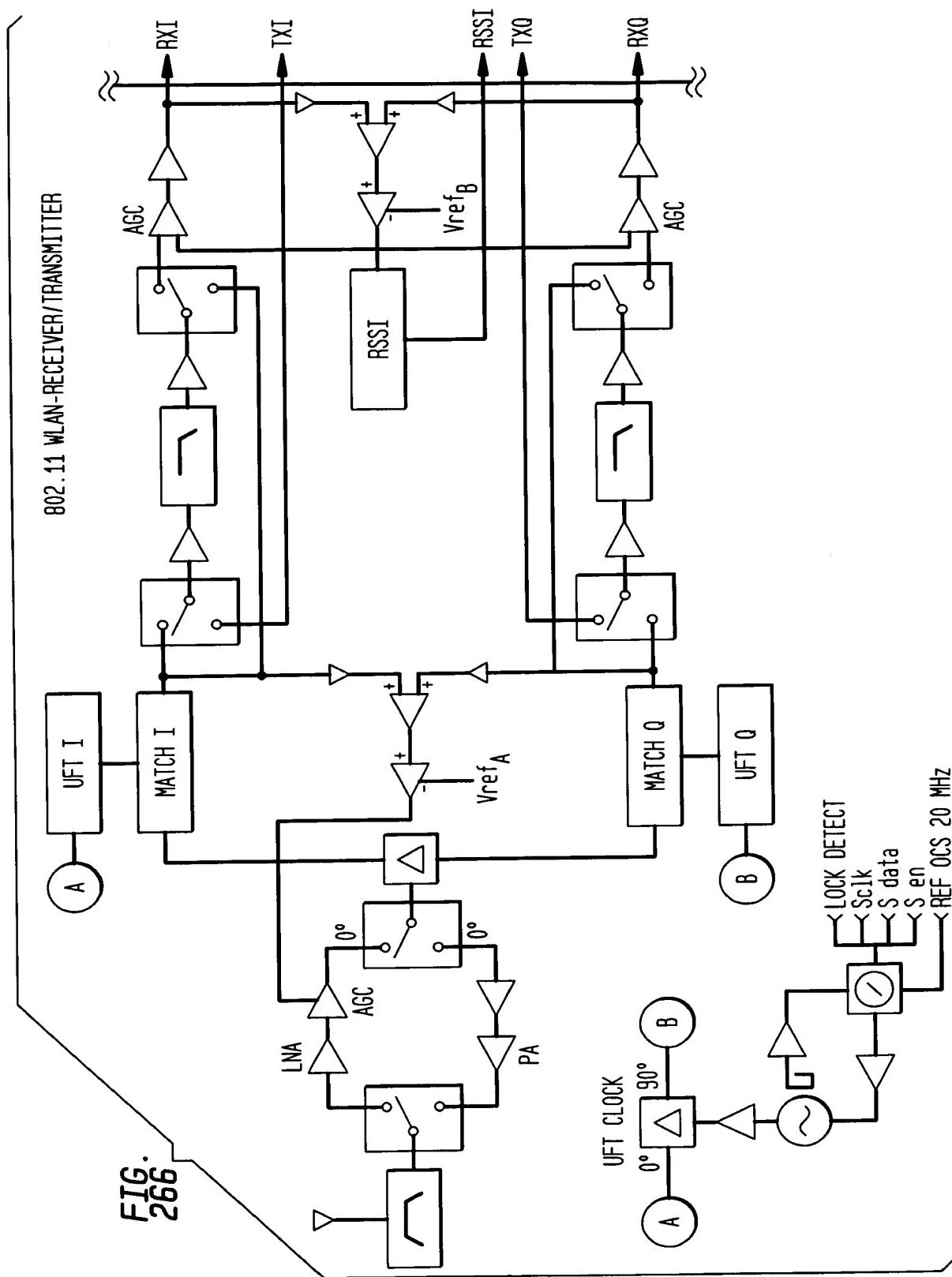


FIG. 265

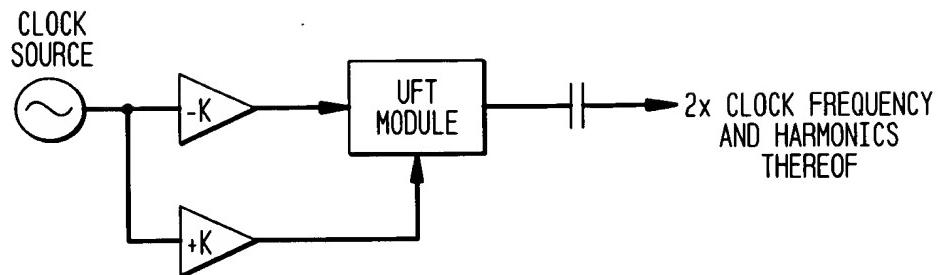




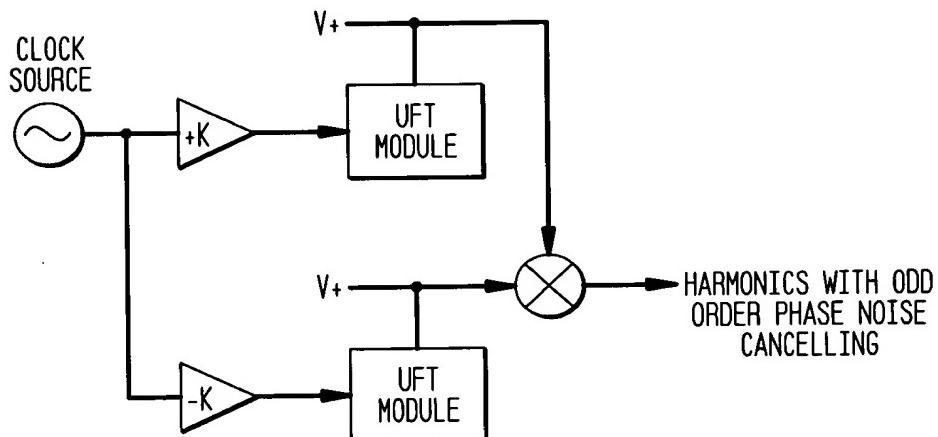
**FIG. 267**

PARAMETER	802.11 REQUIREMENT OR INDUSTRY PRACTICE	UFT MODULE BASED RX PERFORMANCE
OPERATING BAND	2.4-2.5 GHz	2.4-2.5 GHz
CHANNELS	2.402 TO 2.495 IN 1 MHz STEPS 2.412 TO 2.484 GHz IN 5 MHz STEPS	2.402 TO 2.495 IN 1 MHz STEPS 2.412 TO 2.484 GHz IN 5 MHz STEPS
MODULATION	BPSK, QPSK, (BARKER, CCK)	BPSK, QPSK
TX SPECTRAL MASK	FIRST SIDEBELOBE REJECT <-30, +15dBm SECOND SIDEBELOBE REJECT <-50, +15dBm	-35 dBc, -55dBc
EYE OPENING	Verr <.35 FOR 1000 COMPLEX SAMPLES	<.3
OPERATIONAL DYNAMIC RANGE	76 dB (DERIVED)	83 dB
MAX. INPUT, @ .8% PER	-4 dBm	-4 dBm
SENSITIVITY	-80 dBm @ <8% PER	-87 dBm @ <5% PER
ACQUISITION	802.11 DSS AND FH	802.11 DSS AND FH
IMAGE REJECTION	>80 dB	>80 dB
LO RERRADIATION	< -50 dBm	< -50 dBm
ADJACENT CHANNEL REJECTION	> 35 dB @ 30 MHz OFFSET PER <8%	> 35 dB @ 30 MHz OFFSET PER <5%
POWER	3.3.5V 1.5W (RX MODE)	3.3.5V, 700mW

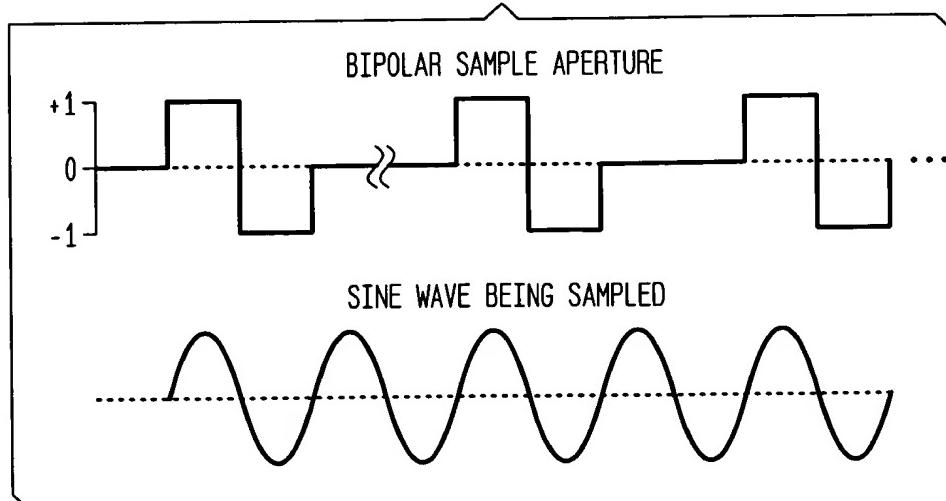
**FIG. 268**



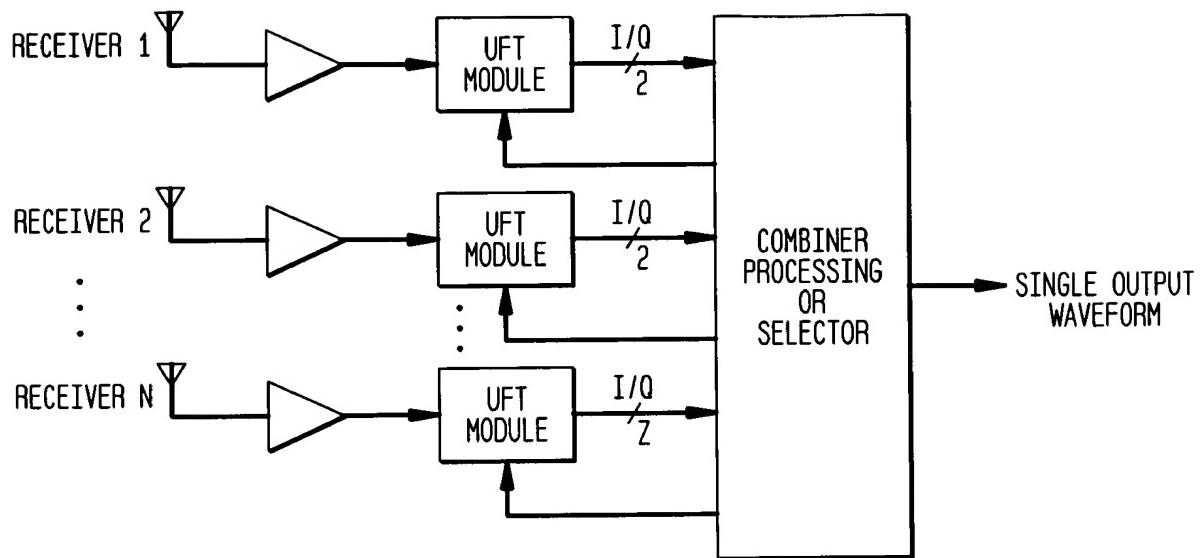
**FIG. 269**



**FIG. 270**



**FIG. 271**



**FIG. 272**

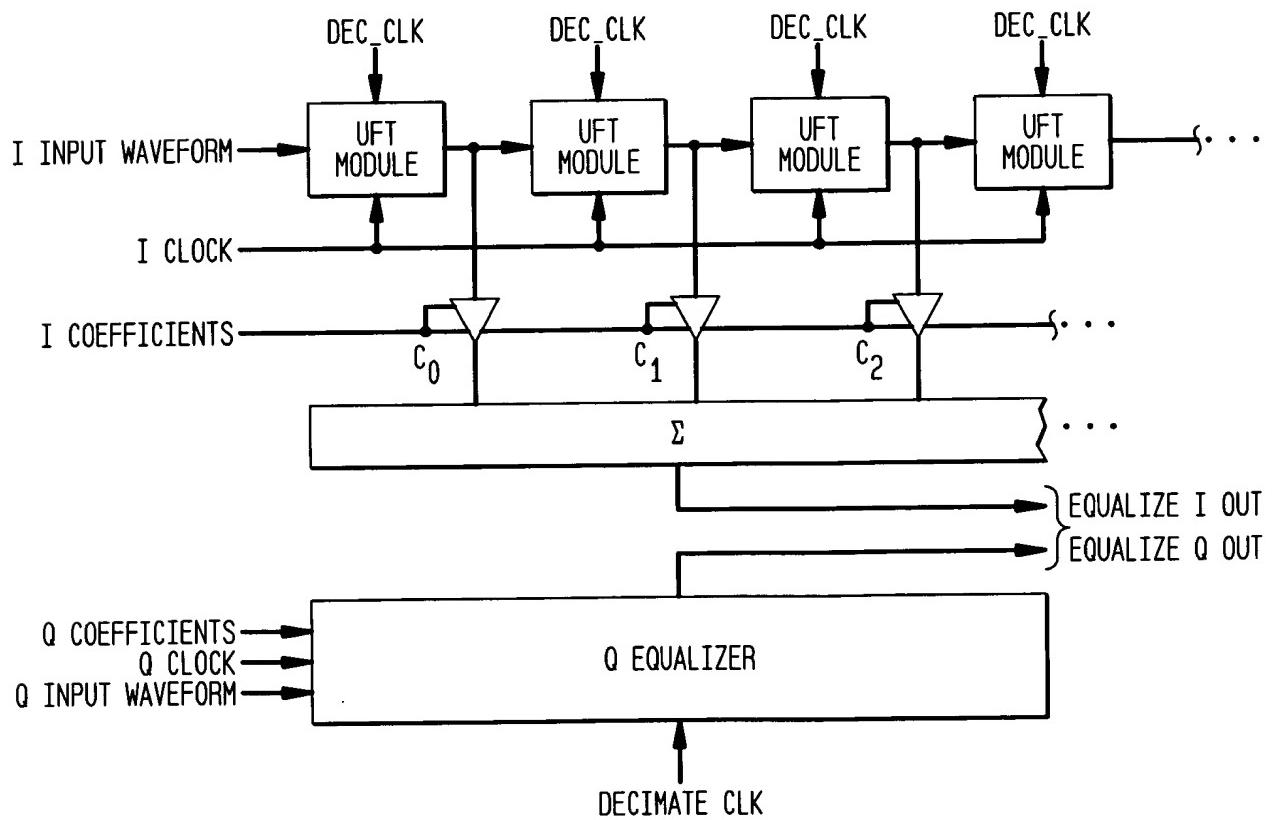


FIG. 273

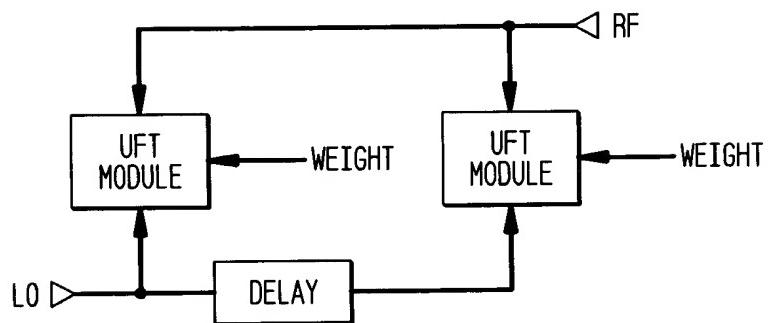


FIG. 274

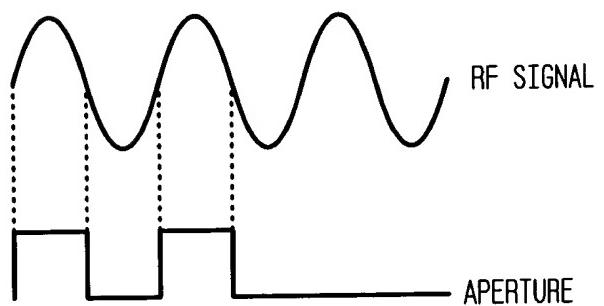


FIG. 275

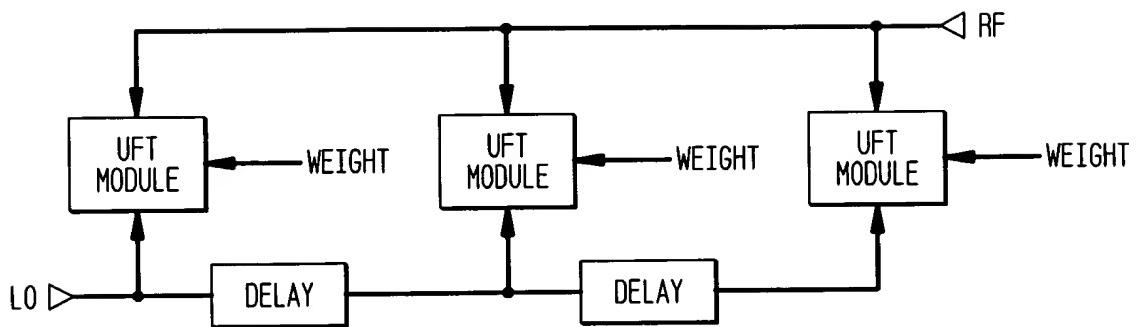


FIG. 276

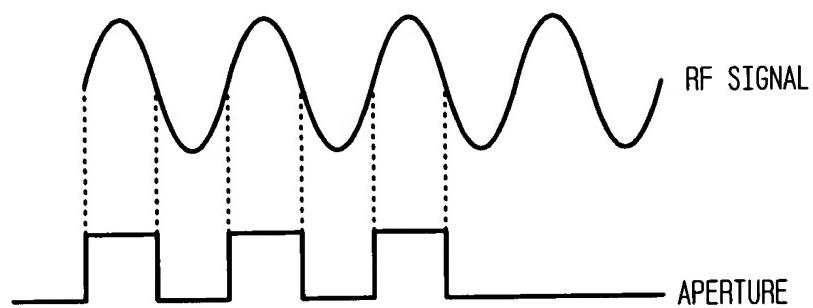


FIG. 277

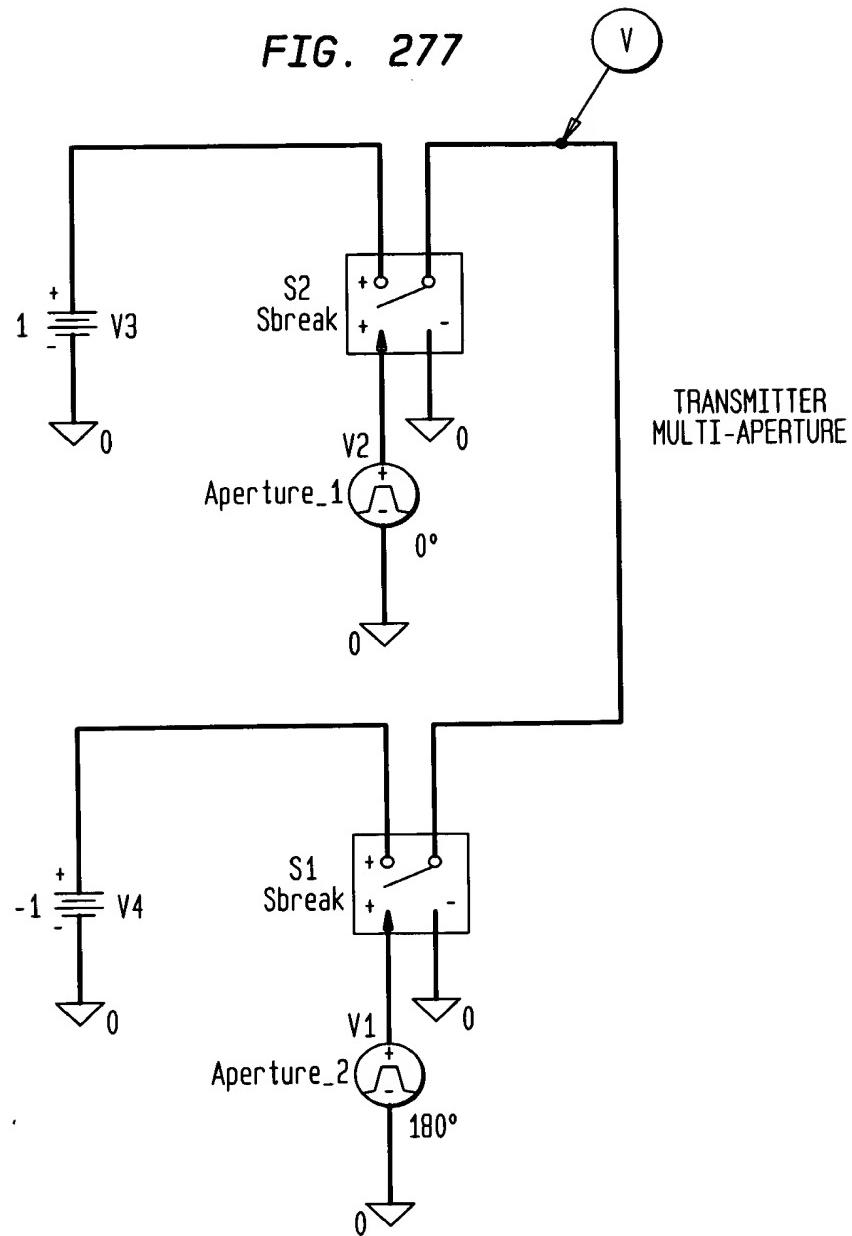


FIG. 278

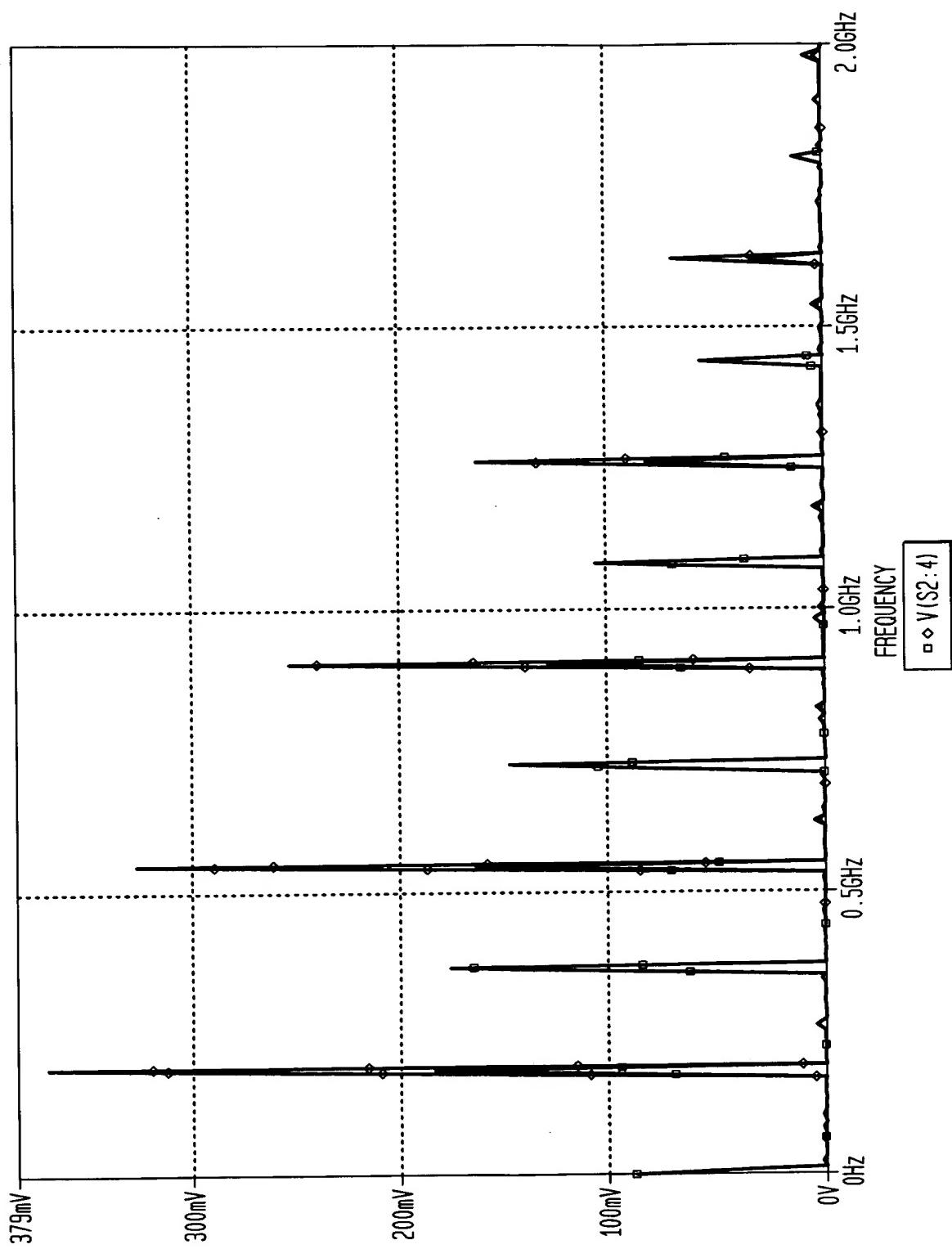


FIG. 279

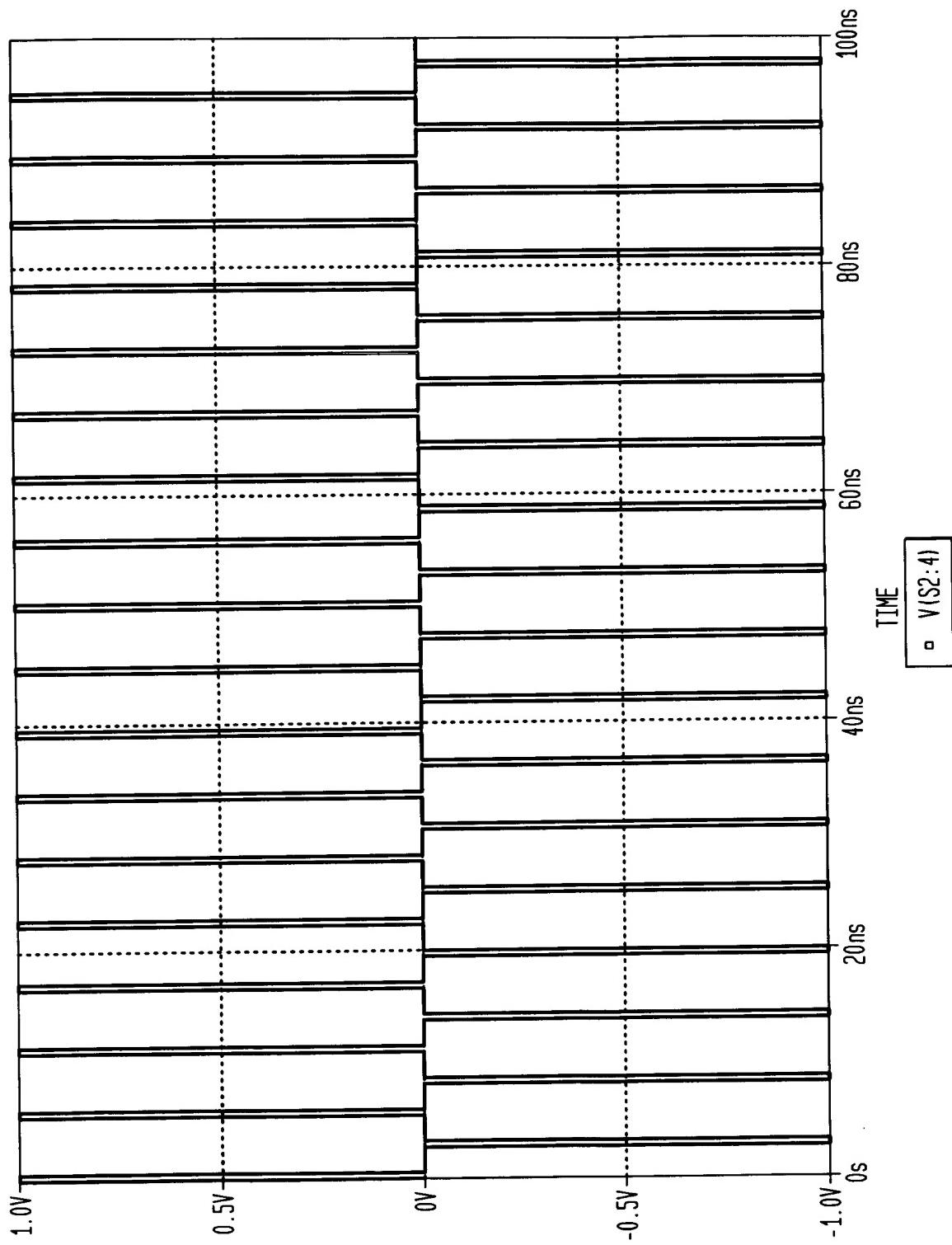
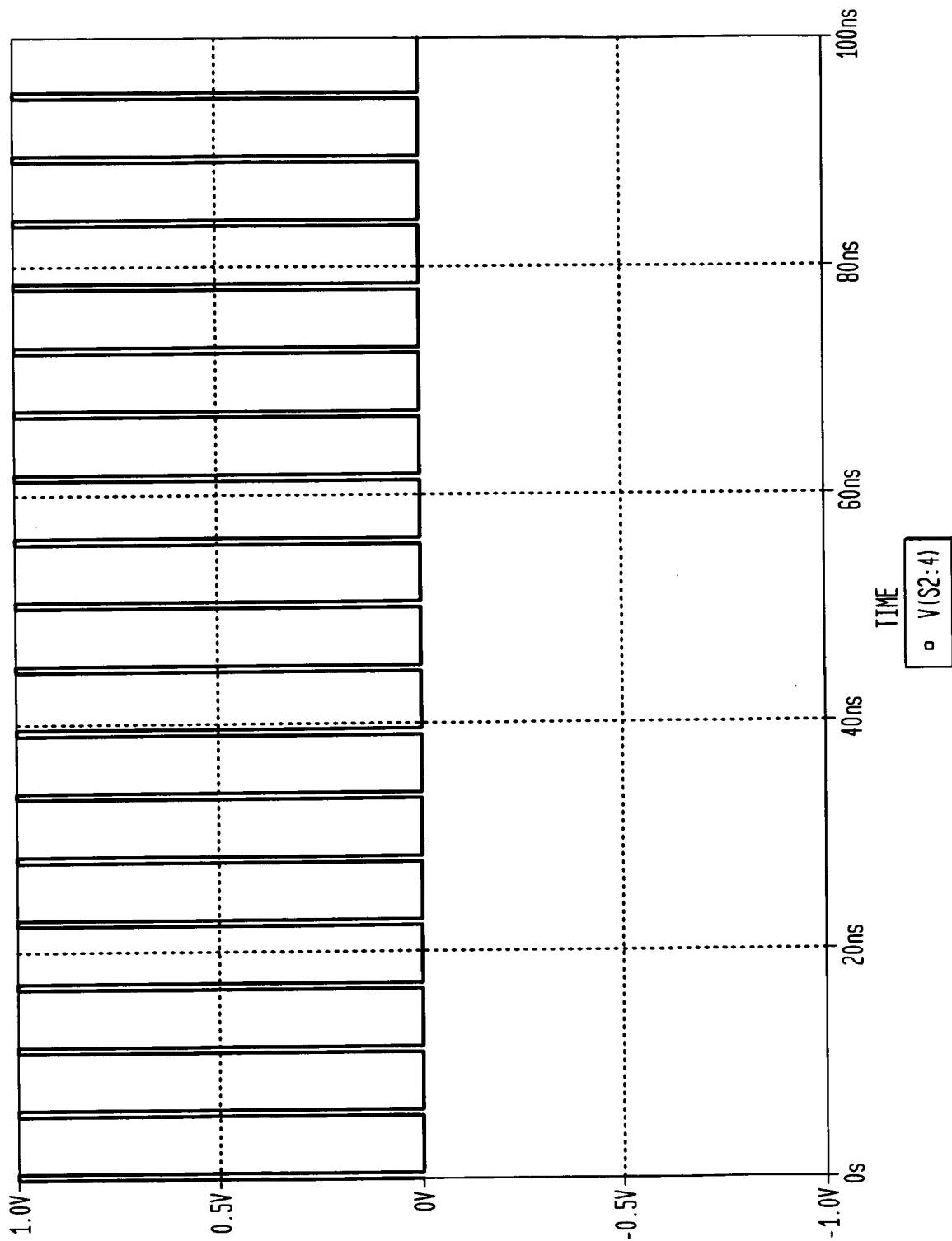


FIG. 280



**FIG. 281**  
MULTIPLE APERTURE RECEIVER IMPLEMENTATION

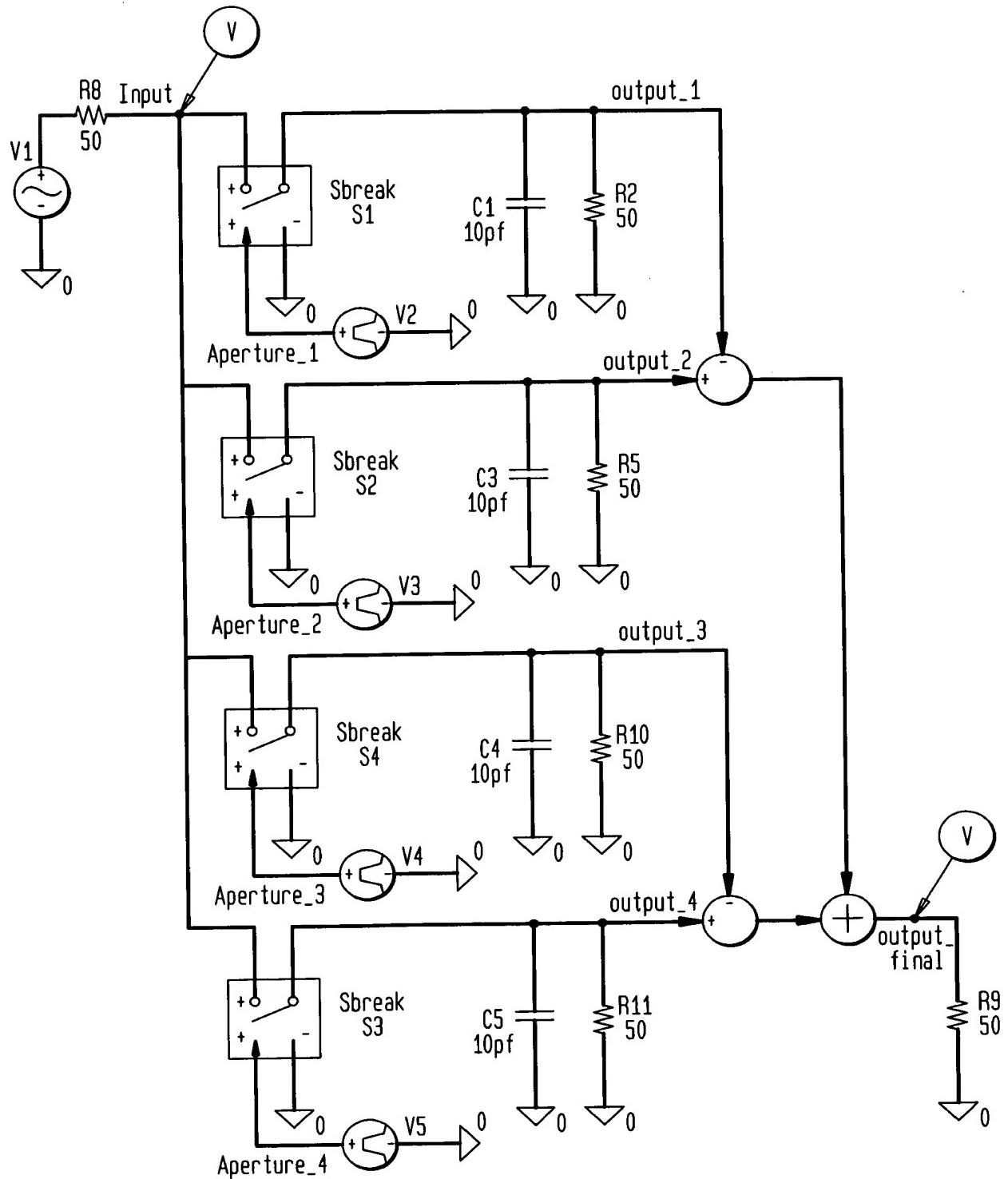
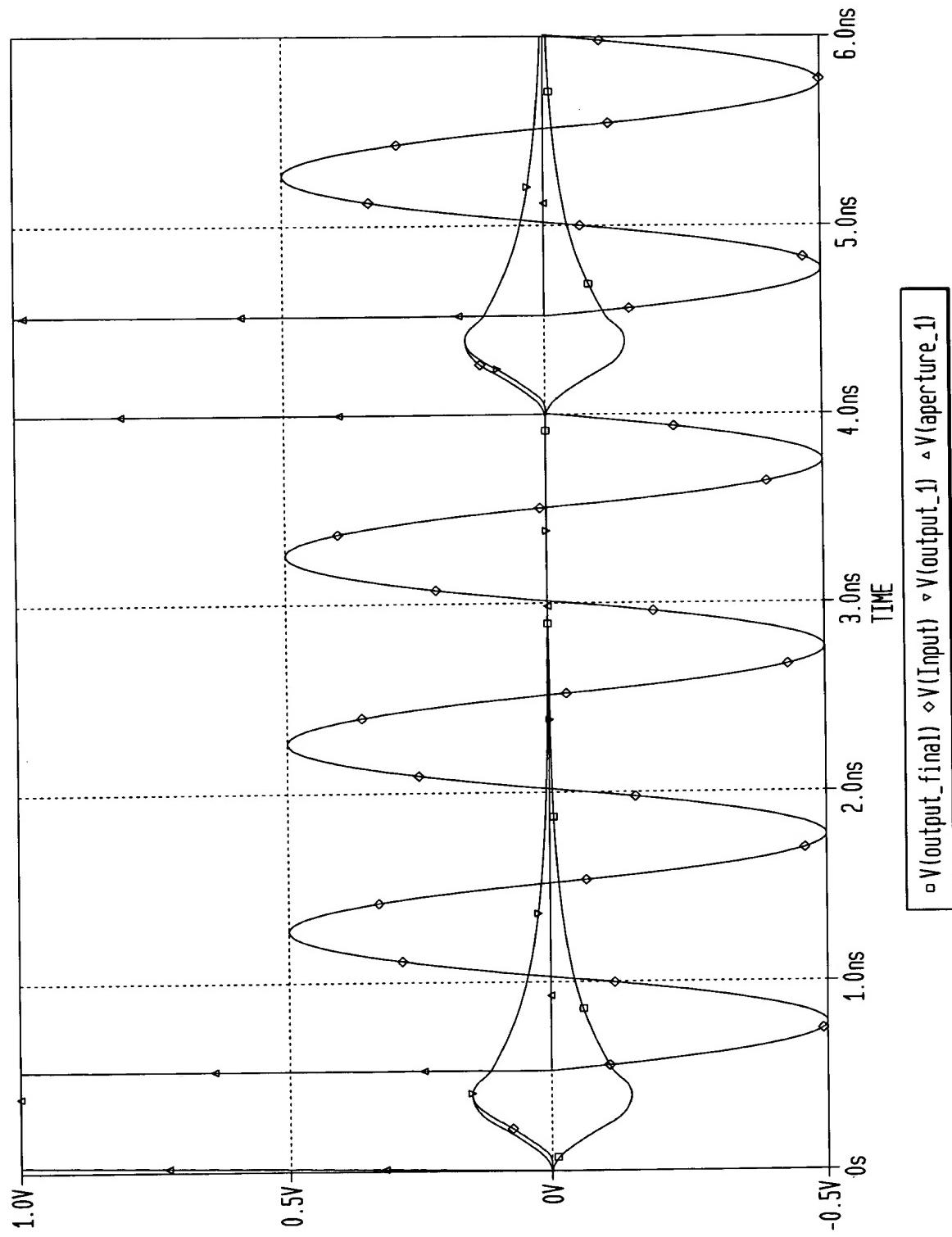
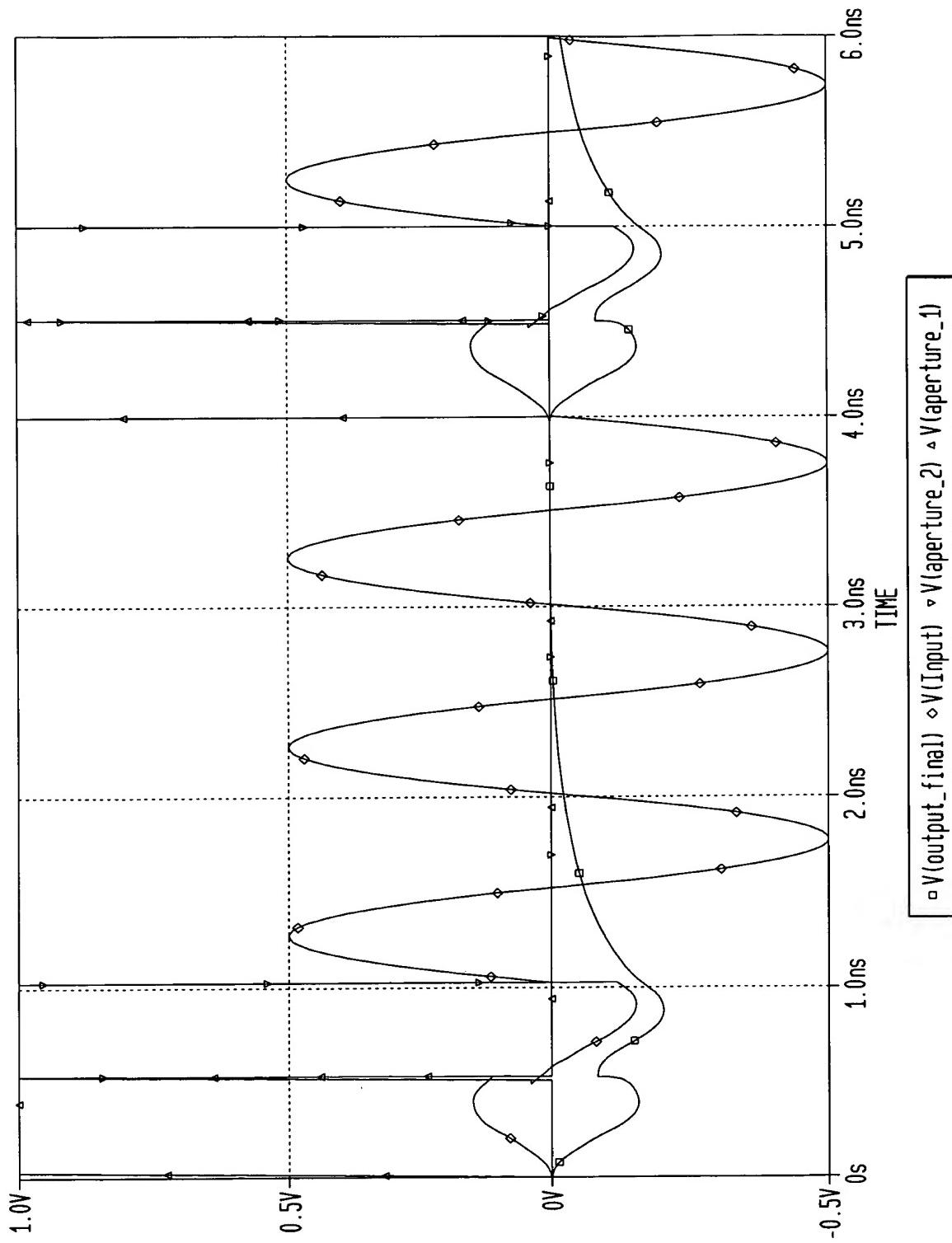


FIG. 282



**FIG. 283**



**FIG. 284**

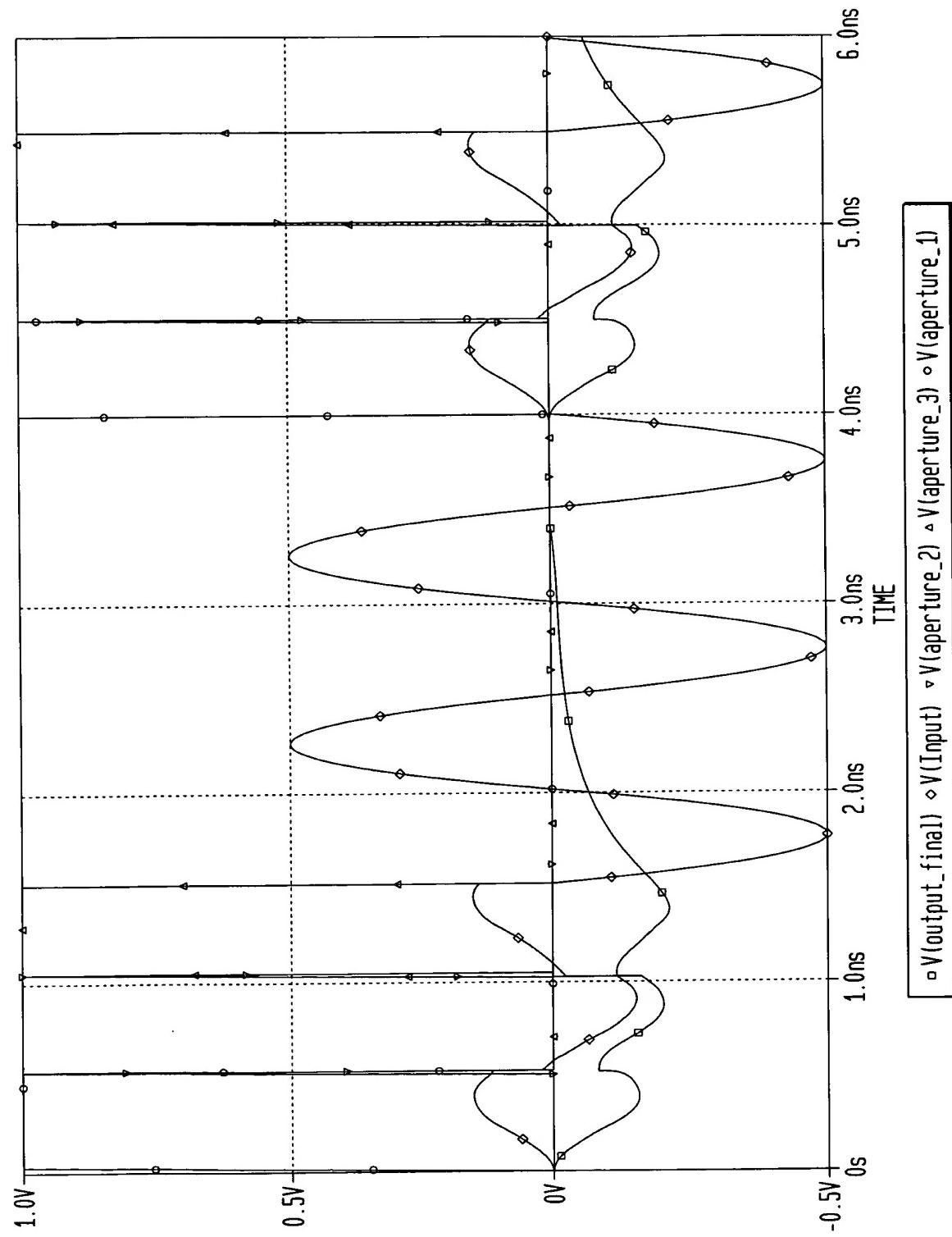


FIG. 285

